

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# HOUSE BILL NO. 630

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE TAYLOR.

0807H.021

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 571.030, 571.107, 571.215, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to firearms, with penalty provisions.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Sections 571.030, 571.107, 571.215, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, are  
2 repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 571.030, 571.107,  
3 571.215, 577.703, and 577.712, to read as follows:

571.030. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons~~[, except as~~  
2 ~~otherwise provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121,]~~ if he or she knowingly:

3 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm, a blackjack, or  
4 any other weapon readily capable of lethal use:

5 **(a) Into any public higher education institution or public elementary or secondary**  
6 **school facility without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution**  
7 **or a school official or the district school board, unless the person is a teacher or**  
8 **administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her**  
9 **school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within**  
10 **that district, in which case no consent is required;**

11 **(b) Onto any school bus or onto the premises of any function or activity sponsored**  
12 **or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board, except when the weapon is**  
13 **possessed by an adult to facilitate a school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event;**

14 **(c) Into any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent**  
15 **of the chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station;**

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

16           **(d) Into the facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution,**  
17 **prison, or jail;**

18           **(e) Into any courthouse solely occupied by the municipal, circuit, appellate, or**  
19 **supreme court, or any courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any**  
20 **such court, regardless of whether such court solely occupies the building in question. This**  
21 **paragraph shall also include, but not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other**  
22 **court offices, or any room or office wherein any of the courts or offices listed in this**  
23 **subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such courts**  
24 **or offices. Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1)**  
25 **of subsection 2 of this section while within their jurisdiction and on duty; those persons**  
26 **listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of this section; or such other persons**  
27 **who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court**  
28 **rule from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this**  
29 **paragraph;**

30           **(f) Into any meeting of the general assembly or a committee of the general**  
31 **assembly;**

32           **(g) Into any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of**  
33 **persons and property;**

34           **(h) Into any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law; or**

35           **(i) Onto any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being**  
36 **off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous**  
37 **place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in**  
38 **letters of not less than one inch [~~into any area where firearms are restricted under section~~**  
39 **~~571.107~~]; or**

40           (2) Sets a spring gun; or

41           (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, aircraft,  
42 or motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or structure used for the  
43 assembling of people; or

44           (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily capable of  
45 lethal use in an angry or threatening manner; or

46           (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her person,  
47 while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile weapon  
48 in either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless  
49 acting in self-defense; or

50           (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied schoolhouse,  
51 courthouse, or church building; or

52 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, on, along or  
53 across a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; or

54 (8) ~~Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church~~  
55 ~~or place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election~~  
56 ~~day, or into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state~~  
57 ~~government, or political subdivision thereof; or~~

58 ~~——(9)]~~ Discharges or shoots a firearm at or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section  
59 301.010, discharges or shoots a firearm at any person, or at any other motor vehicle, or at any  
60 building or habitable structure, unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense; or

61 ~~[(10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable~~  
62 ~~of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity~~  
63 ~~sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board; or~~

64 ~~——(11)]~~ (9) Possesses a firearm while also knowingly in possession of a controlled  
65 substance that is sufficient for a felony violation of section 579.015.

66 2. ~~[Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10)]~~ **Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), and (i) of**  
67 **subdivision (1)** of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the persons described in  
68 **subdivisions (1), (3), (6), and (7) of** this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are  
69 reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties  
70 except as otherwise provided in this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and ~~[(9)]~~ (8) of  
71 subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to or affect any of the following persons, when such  
72 uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official  
73 duties, except as otherwise provided in this subsection:

74 (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the training  
75 required by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030  
76 to 590.050 and who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal  
77 laws of the state or for violation of ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, whether  
78 such officers are on or off duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law  
79 enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in subsection  
80 12 of this section, and who carry the identification defined in subsection 13 of this section, or  
81 any person summoned by such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while  
82 actually engaged in assisting such officer;

83 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other  
84 institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;

85 (3) Members of the Armed Forces or National Guard while performing their official  
86 duty;

87 (4) Those persons vested by Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution of Missouri with  
88 the judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of the  
89 United States with the judicial power of the United States, the members of the federal judiciary;

90 (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or criminal;

91 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined under the  
92 federal flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921, regardless of whether such officers  
93 are on duty, or within the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;

94 (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and members of the  
95 board of probation and parole;

96 (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the requirements  
97 of the regulations established by the department of public safety under section 590.750;

98 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner;

99 (10) Any municipal or county prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney;  
100 circuit attorney or assistant circuit attorney; municipal, associate, or circuit judge; or any person  
101 appointed by a court to be a special prosecutor who has completed the firearms safety training  
102 course required under subsection 2 of section 571.111;

103 (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a  
104 full-time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued  
105 prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such  
106 uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official  
107 duties; and

108 (12) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department or fire  
109 protection district, any paid fire department or fire protection district member who is employed  
110 on a full-time basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28,  
111 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are  
112 necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties.

113 3. Subdivisions (1)[,] **and (5)[, (8), and (10)]** of subsection 1 of this section do not apply  
114 when the actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state  
115 when ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible.  
116 Subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person nineteen years of age  
117 or older or eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces, or  
118 honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a concealable firearm  
119 in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is  
120 otherwise lawfully possessed[, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or  
121 projectile weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon  
122 premises over which the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous

123 journey peaceably through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does not  
124 apply if the firearm is otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while traversing school premises  
125 for the purposes of transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the  
126 purposes of facilitation of a school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event].

127 4. ~~[Subdivisions]~~ **Subdivision (1)**~~[(8), and (10)]~~ of subsection 1 of this section shall not  
128 apply to any person who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101  
129 to 571.121, **a valid lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections**  
130 **571.205 to 571.230**, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a  
131 valid permit or endorsement to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political  
132 subdivision of another state.

133 5. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), **and (8)**~~[(9), and (10)]~~ of subsection 1 of this  
134 section shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section  
135 563.031.

136 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not  
137 prohibit any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's  
138 property provided that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection shall  
139 only apply to the state as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property owned  
140 or leased by the state and the state employee is conducting activities within the scope of his or  
141 her employment. For the purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an employee of  
142 the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the government of the state of Missouri.

143 7. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate in  
144 school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other  
145 school-sponsored or club-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student does not carry  
146 a firearm or other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or  
147 onto the premises of any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials  
148 or the district school board.

149 8. A person who commits the ~~[crime]~~ **offense** of unlawful use of weapons under:

150 (1) Subdivision (2), (3), (4), or ~~[(11)]~~ **(9)** of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty  
151 of a class E felony;

152 (2) Subdivision (1), (6), **or (7)**~~[(8)]~~ of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of  
153 a class B misdemeanor, except when a concealed weapon is carried onto any private property  
154 whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one  
155 or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen  
156 inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch, in which case the ~~[penalties~~  
157 ~~of subsection 2 of section 571.107 shall apply]~~ **offense shall not be a criminal act but may**  
158 **subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person**

159 **refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued**  
160 **a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second**  
161 **citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined**  
162 **an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars. If a third citation for a similar violation is**  
163 **issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to**  
164 **exceed five hundred dollars;**

165 (3) Subdivision (5) [~~or (10)~~] of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class A  
166 misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class E felony if the firearm is loaded;

167 (4) Subdivision [~~(9)~~] (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony,  
168 except that if the violation of subdivision [~~(9)~~] (8) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury  
169 or death to another person, it is a class A felony.

170 9. Violations of subdivision [~~(9)~~] (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as  
171 follows:

172 (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term  
173 of imprisonment for a class B felony;

174 (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be  
175 sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the  
176 possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years;

177 (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person  
178 shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without  
179 the possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release;

180 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, a person shall  
181 be sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.

182 10. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the violation of  
183 subdivision [~~(9)~~] (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the same penalty as that  
184 prescribed by this section for violations by other persons.

185 11. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads guilty to or is  
186 found guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall receive a suspended  
187 imposition of sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence  
188 for any other firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.

189 12. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an individual who:

190 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace officer, other  
191 than for reasons of mental instability;

192 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the  
193 prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any  
194 violation of law, and had statutory powers of arrest;

195 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for an aggregate  
196 of fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, after completing any  
197 applicable probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as  
198 determined by such agency;

199 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency if such  
200 a plan is available;

201 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense of the  
202 individual, the standards for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry firearms;

203 (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or  
204 substance; and

205 (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.

206 13. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section is:

207 (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired  
208 from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one  
209 year before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise  
210 found by the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification  
211 for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or

212 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired  
213 from service as a peace officer; and

214 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates that  
215 the individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the  
216 concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the standards established  
217 by the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same  
218 type as the concealed firearm.

219 **14. Notwithstanding any provision of this section or any other law, the offense of**  
220 **unlawful use of weapons under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section shall not**  
221 **include possession of a firearm in a vehicle on any premise listed under paragraphs (a) to**  
222 **(i) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, except where prohibited by federal law,**  
223 **so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is**  
224 **in or on the listed premise.**

571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121,  
2 **a valid lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.205 to**  
3 **571.230**, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed  
4 carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall  
5 authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed  
6 firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit

7 issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, **valid lifetime or extended concealed carry**  
8 **permit issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230**, valid concealed carry endorsement issued  
9 prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or  
10 political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

11 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the  
12 chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station~~[- Possession of a firearm in a~~  
13 ~~vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the~~  
14 ~~firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;~~

15 ~~————(2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a~~  
16 ~~firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long~~  
17 ~~as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the~~  
18 ~~premises];~~

19 ~~[(3)] (2)~~ The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison  
20 or jail~~[- Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or~~  
21 ~~correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not~~  
22 ~~removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises];~~

23 ~~[(4)] (3)~~ Any courthouse solely occupied by the **municipal**, circuit, appellate, or supreme  
24 court, or any courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court  
25 whether or not such court solely occupies the building in question **without the consent of the**  
26 **presiding judge**. This subdivision shall also include, but not be limited to, any juvenile, family,  
27 drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the courts or offices listed in this  
28 subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such courts or  
29 offices~~[- and such other locations in such manner as may be specified by supreme court rule~~  
30 ~~pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection]. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those~~  
31 ~~persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction~~  
32 ~~and on duty, or those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section~~  
33 ~~571.030[- or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be~~  
34 ~~specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection] from carrying a~~  
35 ~~concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision[- Possession of a firearm~~  
36 ~~in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal~~  
37 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle~~  
38 ~~is on the premises;~~

39 ~~————(5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of~~  
40 ~~the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this~~  
41 ~~subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or~~  
42 ~~endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a~~

43 member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so  
44 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the  
45 premises. ~~Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a~~  
46 ~~full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution~~  
47 ~~of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155,~~  
48 ~~or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or~~  
49 ~~endorsement, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting~~  
50 ~~whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held~~  
51 ~~in the state capitol building;~~

52 ~~—— (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule,~~  
53 ~~administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by~~  
54 ~~permit or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that~~  
55 ~~unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is~~  
56 ~~prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted~~  
57 ~~area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private~~  
58 ~~persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled~~  
59 ~~by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The~~  
60 ~~statute, rule or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify~~  
61 ~~that persons violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building,~~  
62 ~~ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to~~  
63 ~~disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The~~  
64 ~~provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;~~

65 ~~—— (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the~~  
66 ~~premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner~~  
67 ~~or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said~~  
68 ~~establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant~~  
69 ~~open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives~~  
70 ~~at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food.~~  
71 ~~This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the~~  
72 ~~establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the~~  
73 ~~vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision~~  
74 ~~authorizes any individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to~~  
75 ~~possess any firearm while intoxicated];~~

76 ~~[(8)] (4) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons~~  
77 ~~and property]. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a~~

78 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the  
79 vehicle is on the premises];

80           ~~[(9)]~~ (5) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

81           ~~[(10)]~~ (6) Any ~~[higher education institution or]~~ **public** elementary or secondary school  
82 facility without the consent of ~~[the governing body of the higher education institution or]~~ a  
83 school official or the district school board, unless the person with the concealed carry  
84 endorsement or permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who  
85 has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a  
86 firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required~~[- Possession of a~~  
87 ~~firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or~~  
88 ~~secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed~~  
89 ~~from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;-~~

90           ~~———— (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the~~  
91 ~~manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a~~  
92 ~~family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;-~~

93           ~~———— (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of~~  
94 ~~the owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of~~  
95 ~~a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal~~  
96 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle~~  
97 ~~is on the premises;-~~

98           ~~———— (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the~~  
99 ~~premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not~~  
100 ~~removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;-~~

101           ~~———— (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister~~  
102 ~~or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place~~  
103 ~~of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal~~  
104 ~~offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle~~  
105 ~~is on the premises]; or~~

106           ~~[(15)]~~ (7) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits  
107 to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a  
108 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less  
109 than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business  
110 enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed  
111 carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit  
112 employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement  
113 from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises

114 are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the  
115 premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. [~~Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on~~  
116 ~~the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the~~  
117 ~~vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.] An employer may prohibit  
118 employees or other persons holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a  
119 concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer[;~~

120 ~~—— (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.~~  
121 ~~Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the~~  
122 ~~firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;~~

123 ~~—— (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the~~  
124 ~~premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from~~  
125 ~~the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises].~~

126 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to [~~(17)~~  
127 **(7)**] of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued  
128 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, **a valid lifetime or extended concealed carry permit**  
129 **issued under sections 571.205 to 571.230**, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to  
130 August 28, 2013, shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises  
131 or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer  
132 is summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred  
133 dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month  
134 period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her  
135 **concealed carry permit**, [~~and~~] **or**, if applicable, **his or her** endorsement to carry concealed  
136 firearms, shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation  
137 is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed  
138 five hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed carry permit, [~~and~~] **or**, if applicable, **his**  
139 **or her** endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry permit  
140 for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued pursuant  
141 to this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the concealed carry  
142 permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28,  
143 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of qualification  
144 for a concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff shall suspend or  
145 revoke the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed  
146 carry endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the department of revenue shall issue  
147 a notice of such suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to  
148 remove the concealed carry endorsement from the individual's driving record. The director of  
149 revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter

150 302 which does not contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the department of revenue  
151 shall be mailed to the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice  
152 is deemed received three days after mailing.

153 **3. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection 1 of this section or any other law,**  
154 **the provisions of this section shall not prohibit a person from carrying a concealed firearm**  
155 **in a vehicle on any premise listed under subdivisions (1) to (7) of subsection 1 of this**  
156 **section, except where prohibited by federal law, so long as the firearm is not removed from**  
157 **the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is in or on the listed premise.**

571.215. 1. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under  
2 sections 571.205 to 571.230 shall authorize the person in whose name the permit is issued to  
3 carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No  
4 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall authorize any person to carry  
5 concealed firearms into[~~-~~

6 ~~———(1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the~~  
7 ~~chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a~~  
8 ~~vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the~~  
9 ~~firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;~~

10 ~~———(2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a~~  
11 ~~firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long~~  
12 ~~as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;~~

13 ~~———(3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or~~  
14 ~~jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or~~  
15 ~~correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not~~  
16 ~~removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;~~

17 ~~———(4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any~~  
18 ~~courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any such court whether or not~~  
19 ~~such court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not~~  
20 ~~be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any~~  
21 ~~of the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within~~  
22 ~~the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be~~  
23 ~~specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this~~  
24 ~~subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section~~  
25 ~~571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, or those persons listed in subdivisions (2),~~  
26 ~~(4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law~~  
27 ~~enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision~~  
28 ~~(6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this~~

29 subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this  
30 subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle  
31 or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

32 ——— (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government, or any meeting of  
33 the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this  
34 subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended  
35 concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or  
36 she is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal  
37 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle  
38 is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly,  
39 a full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III,  
40 Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under  
41 section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid Missouri  
42 lifetime or extended concealed carry permit, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state  
43 capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or  
44 a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

45 ——— (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county, or municipality may by rule,  
46 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by  
47 permit holders in that portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of  
48 government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited  
49 or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The  
50 statute, rule, or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons,  
51 highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that  
52 unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute,  
53 rule, or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that  
54 persons violating the statute, rule, or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered  
55 to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary  
56 measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule, or ordinance. The provisions of this  
57 subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;

58 ——— (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the  
59 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner  
60 or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said  
61 establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant  
62 open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives  
63 at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food.  
64 This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the

65 establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the  
66 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision  
67 authorizes any individual who has been issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
68 permit to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

69 ———(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and  
70 property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a  
71 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the  
72 vehicle is on the premises;

73 ———(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

74 ———(10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without  
75 the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the  
76 district school board, unless the person with the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
77 permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been  
78 designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in  
79 a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a  
80 vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school  
81 facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or  
82 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

83 ———(11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the  
84 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a  
85 family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed  
86 carry permit;

87 ———(12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of  
88 the owner or manager under rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a  
89 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal  
90 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle  
91 is on the premises;

92 ———(13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
93 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
94 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

95 ———(14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister  
96 or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place  
97 of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal  
98 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle  
99 is on the premises;

100 ~~———— (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to~~  
101 ~~concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a~~  
102 ~~minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less~~  
103 ~~than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business~~  
104 ~~enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a Missouri~~  
105 ~~lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the premises~~  
106 ~~and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a Missouri lifetime or~~  
107 ~~extended concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the~~  
108 ~~employer. If the building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the business~~  
109 ~~enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited.~~  
110 ~~Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the~~  
111 ~~firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An~~  
112 ~~employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended~~  
113 ~~concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;~~  
114 ~~———— (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.~~  
115 ~~Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the~~  
116 ~~firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;~~  
117 ~~———— (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the~~  
118 ~~premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from~~  
119 ~~the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.] any location listed under~~  
120 **subdivisions (1) to (7) of subsection 1 of section 571.107.**

121         2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to ~~[(17)]~~  
122 **(7)** of subsection 1 of ~~[this section]~~ **section 571.107** by any individual who holds a Missouri  
123 lifetime or extended concealed carry permit shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person  
124 to denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the  
125 premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount  
126 not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation  
127 occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two  
128 hundred dollars and his or her permit to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period  
129 of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation,  
130 such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her  
131 Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit revoked and such person shall not be  
132 eligible for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit or a concealed carry permit  
133 issued under sections 571.101 to 571.121 for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges  
134 arising from a citation issued under this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county

135 which issued the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit. The sheriff shall suspend  
136 or revoke the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit.

577.703. 1. A person commits the offense of bus hijacking if he or she seizes or  
2 exercises control, by force or violence or threat of force or violence, of any bus. The offense of  
3 bus hijacking is a class B felony.

4 2. The offense of "assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking" is defined as an  
5 intimidation, threat, assault or battery toward any driver, attendant or guard of a bus so as to  
6 interfere with the performance of duties by such person. Assault to commit bus hijacking is a  
7 class D felony.

8 3. Any person, who, in the commission of such intimidation, threat, assault or battery  
9 with the intent to commit bus hijacking, employs a dangerous or deadly weapon or other means  
10 capable of inflicting serious bodily injury shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a class A felony.

11 ~~[4. Any passenger who boards a bus with a dangerous or deadly weapon or other means~~  
12 ~~capable of inflicting serious bodily injury concealed upon his or her person or effects is guilty~~  
13 ~~of the felony of "possession and concealment of a dangerous or deadly weapon" upon a bus.~~  
14 ~~Possession and concealment of a dangerous and deadly weapon by a passenger upon a bus is a~~  
15 ~~class D felony. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to duly elected or appointed law~~  
16 ~~enforcement officers or commercial security personnel who are in possession of weapons used~~  
17 ~~within the course and scope of their employment, nor shall the provisions of this subsection~~  
18 ~~apply to persons who are in possession of weapons or other means of inflicting serious bodily~~  
19 ~~injury with the consent of the owner of such bus, his or her agent, or the lessee or bailee of such~~  
20 ~~bus.]~~

577.712. 1. In order to provide for the safety, comfort, and well-being of passengers and  
2 others having a bona fide business interest in any terminal, a bus transportation company may  
3 refuse admission to terminals to any person not having bona fide business within the terminal.  
4 Any such refusal shall not be inconsistent or contrary to state or federal laws, regulations  
5 pursuant thereto, or to any ordinance of the political subdivision in which such terminal is  
6 located. A duly authorized company representative may ask any person in a terminal or on the  
7 premises of a terminal to identify himself or herself and state his or her business. Failure to  
8 comply with such request or failure to state an acceptable business purpose shall be grounds for  
9 the company representative to request that such person leave the terminal. Refusal to comply  
10 with such request shall constitute disorderly conduct. Disorderly conduct shall be a class C  
11 misdemeanor.

12 2. It is unlawful for any person to carry ~~[a deadly or dangerous weapon or]~~ any  
13 explosives or hazardous material into a terminal or aboard a bus. Possession of ~~[a deadly or~~  
14 ~~dangerous weapon,]~~ an explosive or hazardous material shall be a class D felony. Upon the

15 discovery of any such item or material, the company may obtain possession and retain custody  
16 of such ~~[item or]~~ material until it is transferred to the custody of law enforcement officers.

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