FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

HOUSE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 421

91ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Taken up for Perfection March 13, 2001.

House Substitute for House Bill No. 421 ordered Perfected and printed, as amended

1100L.02P

TED WEDEL, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 537.053, RSMo 2000, relating to consumption of intoxicating beverage as proximate cause of injury in tort actions, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the same subject.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 537.053, RSMo 2000, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 537.053, to read as follows:

- 537.053. 1. Since the repeal of the Missouri Dram Shop Act in 1934 (Laws of 1933-34,
- 2 extra session, page 77), it has been and continues to be the policy of this state to follow the
- 3 common law of England, as declared in section 1.010, RSMo, to prohibit dram shop liability and
- to follow the common law rule that furnishing alcoholic beverages is not the proximate cause
- 5 of injuries inflicted by intoxicated persons.
- 6 2. The legislature hereby declares that this section shall be interpreted so that the
- 7 holdings in cases such as Carver v. Schafer, 647 S.W.2d 570 (Mo. App. 1983); Sampson v. W.
- 8 F. Enterprises, Inc., 611 S.W.2d 333 (Mo. App. 1980); and Nesbitt v. Westport Square, Ltd., 624
- 9 S.W.2d 519 (Mo. App. 1981) be abrogated in favor of prior judicial interpretation finding the
- 10 consumption of alcoholic beverages, rather than the furnishing of alcoholic beverages, to be the
- 11 proximate cause of injuries inflicted upon another by an intoxicated person.
- 3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, a cause of action may be brought
- 13 by or on behalf of any person who has suffered personal injury or death against any person

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- licensed to sell intoxicating liquor by the drink for consumption on the premises [who, pursuant
- 15 to section 311.310, RSMo, has been convicted, or has received a suspended imposition of the
- sentence arising from the conviction, of **if** the sale of **such** intoxicating liquor to a person under
- 17 the age of twenty-one years or an obviously intoxicated person [if the sale of such intoxicating
- 18 liquor] is the proximate cause of the personal injury or death sustained by such person. The sale
- 19 of such intoxicating liquor to a person under the age of 21 years or to an obviously
- 20 intoxicated person must be knowing and must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt.