SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1975

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE CUNNINGHAM (145).

Read 1st time March 8, 2006 and copies ordered printed.

362.275, 362.445, and 408.555, to read as follows:

STEPHEN S. DAVIS, Chief Clerk

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ANACT

To repeal sections 361.711, 361.715, 362.275, 362.445, and 408.555, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 361.711, 361.715, 362.275, 362.445, and 408.555, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 361.711, 361.715,

361.711. Each application for a license shall be accompanied by a corporate surety bond in the principal sum of [twenty-five] **one hundred** thousand dollars. The bond shall be in form satisfactory to the director and shall be issued by a bonding company or insurance company authorized to do business in this state, to secure the faithful performance of the obligations of the applicant and the agents and subagents of the applicant with respect to the receipt,

transmission, and payment of money in connection with the sale or issuance of checks **and also**to pay the costs incurred by the division to remedy any breach of the obligations of the

applicant subject to the bond or to pay examination costs of the division owed and not paid

by the applicant. Upon license renewal, the required amount of bond shall be as follows:

(1) For all licensees selling payment instruments or stored value cards, five times the high outstanding balance from the previous year with a minimum of one hundred

12 thousand dollars and a maximum of one million dollars;

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(2) For all licensees receiving money for transmission, five times the greatest amount transmitted in a single day during the previous year with a minimum of one hundred thousand dollars and a maximum of one million dollars.

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17 If in the opinion of the director the bond shall at any time appear to be inadequate, insecure, exhausted, or otherwise doubtful, additional bond in form and with surety satisfactory to the 18 19 director shall be filed within fifteen days after notice of the requirement is given to the licensee 20 by the director. An applicant or licensee may, in lieu of filing any bond required under this 21 section, provide the director with an irrevocable letter of credit, as defined in section 400.5-103, RSMo, issued by any state or federal financial institution. Whenever in the director's 22 23 judgment it is necessary or expedient, the director may perform a special examination of 24 any person licensed under sections 361.700 to 361.727 with all authority under section 361.160 as though the licensee were a bank. The cost of such examination shall be paid by 25

- 361.715. 1. Upon the filing of the application, the filing of a certified audit, the [payments] payment of the investigation fee and the approval by the director of the necessary bond, the director shall cause, investigate, and determine whether the character, responsibility, and general fitness of the principals of the applicant or any affiliates are such as to command confidence and warrant belief that the business of the applicant will be conducted honestly and efficiently and that the applicant is in compliance with all other applicable state and federal laws. If satisfied, the director shall issue to the applicant a license pursuant to the provisions of sections 361.700 to 361.727. In processing a renewal license, the director shall require the same information and follow the same procedures described in this subsection.
- 2. Each licensee shall pay to the director [within five days after] **before** the issuance of the license, and annually thereafter on or before April fifteenth of each year, a license fee of one hundred dollars.
- 3. The director may assess a reasonable charge, not to exceed one hundred dollars, for any application to amend and reissue an existing license.

362.275. 1. The board of directors of every bank and trust company organized or doing business pursuant to this chapter shall hold a regular meeting at least once each month, or, upon application to and acceptance by the director of finance, at such other times, not less frequently than once each calendar quarter as the director of finance shall approve, which approval may be rescinded at any time. There shall be submitted to the meeting a list giving the aggregate of loans, discounts, acceptances and advances, including overdrafts, to each individual, partnership, corporation or person whose liability to the bank or trust company has been created, extended,

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renewed or increased since the cut-off date prior to the regular meeting by more than an amount to be determined by the board of directors, which minimum amount shall not exceed five percent of the bank's legal loan limit, except the minimum amount shall in no case be less than ten thousand dollars[, and]; a second list of the aggregate indebtedness of each borrower whose aggregate indebtedness exceeds five times such minimum amount, except the aggregate indebtedness shall in no case be less than fifty thousand dollars; [and] a third list showing all paper past due thirty days or more or alternatively, the third list shall report the total past due ratio for loans thirty days or more past due, nonaccrual loans divided by total loans, and a listing of past due loans in excess of the minimum amount to be determined by the board of directors, which minimum amount shall not exceed five percent of the bank's legal loan limit, except the minimum amount shall in no case be less than ten thousand dollars; and a fourth list showing the aggregate of the then existing indebtedness and liability to the bank or trust company of each of the directors, officers, and employees thereof. The information called for in the second, third, and fourth lists shall be submitted as of the date of the regular meeting or as of a reasonable date prior thereto. [If there is collateral to the indebtedness, it shall be described as of the date of the lists.] No bills payable shall be made, and no bills shall be rediscounted by the bank or trust company except with the consent or ratification of the board of directors; provided, however, that if the bank or trust company is a member of the federal reserve system, rediscounts may be made to it by the officers in accordance with its rules, a list of all rediscounts to be submitted to the next regular meeting of the board. The director of finance may require, by order, that the board of directors of a bank or trust company approve or disapprove every purchase or sale of securities and every discount, loan, acceptance, renewal or other advance including every overdraft over an amount to be specified in the director's order and may also require that the board of directors review, at each monthly meeting, a list of the aggregate indebtedness of each borrower whose aggregate indebtedness exceeds an amount to be specified in the director's order. The minutes of the meeting shall indicate the compliance with the requirements of this section. Furthermore, the debtor's identity on the information required in this subsection may be masked by code to conceal the actual debtor's identity only for information mailed to or otherwise provided directors who are not physically present at the board meeting. The code used shall be revealed to all directors at the beginning of each board meeting for which this procedure is used.

2. For any issue in need of immediate action, the board of directors or the executive committee of the board as defined in section 362.253 may enter into a unanimous consent agreement as permitted by subsection 2 of section 351.340, RSMo. Such consent may be communicated by facsimile transmission or by other authenticated record, separately by each director, provided each consent is signed by the director and the bank has no indication such

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signature is not the director's valid consent. When the bank or trust company has received unanimous consent from the board or executive committee, the action voted on shall be considered approved.

362.445. 1. The term "process", when used in this section, shall include any writ, summons, petition, or order whereby any suit, action, or proceeding shall be commenced.

- 2. Any state or federally chartered bank, trust company, or thrift institution may be served with process according to the Missouri Rules of Civil Procedure describing service of process for corporations.
- 3. Any state or federally chartered bank, trust company, or thrift institution may appoint a Missouri service agent and register the appointment with the director of finance who will maintain a record of all such appointments for public reference.
- **4.** Whenever pursuant to [any provision] **express provisions** of this chapter, the director shall have been duly appointed attorney to receive service of process for any foreign corporation **or out-of-state bank or trust company**, he **or she** shall forthwith forward by mail, postage prepaid, a copy of every process served upon him **or her** directed to the president or secretary of such corporation, at its last known post-office address.
- [2.] **5.** For each copy of process the director of revenue shall collect the sum of [two] **ten** dollars, which shall be paid by the plaintiff or moving party at the time of such service, to be recovered by [him] **the plaintiff** as part of [his] **the plaintiff**'s taxable disbursement if he **or she** succeeds in his **or her** suit or proceeding.
- [3. The term "process", when used in this section, shall include any writ, summons, petition or order whereby any suit, action or proceeding shall be commenced.]
- 408.555. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, after a default consisting only of the borrower's failure to make a required payment, a lender, because of that default, may neither accelerate maturity of the unpaid balance nor take possession of or otherwise enforce a security interest until twenty days after a notice of the borrower's right to cure is given both to the borrower and to all cosigners on the credit transaction nor, with respect to an insurance premium loan, give notice of cancellation until thirteen days after a notice of the borrower's right to cure is given; notice shall not be given prior to default. Until expiration of the minimum applicable period after the notice is given, the borrower or cosigner may cure all defaults consisting of a failure to make the required payment by tendering the amount of all unpaid sums due at the time of the tender, without acceleration, plus any unpaid delinquency or deferral charges. Cure restores the borrower to his rights as though the default had not occurred.
 - 2. This section does not prohibit a borrower from voluntarily surrendering possession of property which is collateral and the lender from thereafter accelerating maturity of the loan and enforcing the note or loan and his security interest in the property at any time after default.

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15 If the lender has not already given the notice described in subsection 2 or 3 of section 408.554, 16 he shall upon voluntary surrender of the collateral notify the borrower either personally or by 17 mail at the borrower's last known address that he may owe additional money after the money 18 received from the sale of the collateral is deducted from the total amount owed.

- 3. No lender is bound by the provisions of subsection 1 of this section if default by the same borrower in connection with the same credit transaction with the same lender has occurred twice notwithstanding the cure of such defaults **or three times in the case of a second mortgage loan** except as provided in subsection 4 of this section.
- 4. Default by a borrower on a second mortgage loan may be cured by tendering the current obligation of the borrower at any time prior to the completion of the judicial or extrajudicial proceedings for foreclosure upon such real estate. For the purposes of this section, "current obligation of the debtor" means the aggregate of all installments scheduled to be due at the time of the tender, late charges otherwise permitted by law, and expenses of foreclosures actually incurred by the lender for initiating a bona fide foreclosure, notwithstanding any contractual provision for the acceleration of installment payments. A lender may take no steps to enforce a security interest in real property pursuant to a second mortgage loan until thirty days after notice of the borrower's right to cure is given; notice shall not be given prior to default. Cure restores the borrower's rights under the agreement as though the default had not occurred, [and any foreclosure in violation of this section is a class B misdemeanor] except that only three defaults are permitted. This section shall not affect the debtor's right otherwise to redeem such real property under any other provision of law.

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