

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# HOUSE BILL NO. 1544

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

4246L.03P

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

---

## AN ACT

To repeal section 288.062, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to unemployment compensation, with an emergency clause.

---

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Section 288.062, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 288.062, to read as follows:

288.062. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Extended benefit period" means a period which begins with the third week after a week for which there is a state "on" indicator, and ends with either of the following weeks, whichever occurs later:

(a) The third week after the first week for which there is a state "off" indicator; or

(b) The thirteenth consecutive week of such period; provided, that no extended benefit period may begin by reason of a state "on" indicator before the fourteenth week following the end of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state;

(2) There is a "state 'on' indicator" for this state for a week if the director determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States Secretary of Labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this law:

(a) Equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years; **and**

(b) Equaled or exceeded four percent for weeks beginning prior to or on September 25, 1982, or five percent for weeks beginning after September 25, 1982; except that, if the rate of insured unemployment as contemplated in this subdivision equals or exceeds five percent for

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

18 weeks beginning prior to or on September 25, 1982, or six percent for weeks beginning after  
19 September 25, 1982, the determination of an "on" indicator shall be made under this subdivision  
20 as if this subdivision did not contain the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision; [and]  
21 **or**

22 (c) With respect to weeks of unemployment beginning on or after February 1, 2009, and  
23 ending on or before [December 5, 2009] **the week ending four weeks prior to the last week**  
24 **of unemployment for which one hundred percent federal sharing is available under the**  
25 **provisions of Public Law 111-5, Section 2005(a) of the American Recovery and**  
26 **Reinvestment Act of 2009:**

27 a. The average rate of total unemployment in the state (seasonally adjusted), as  
28 determined by the United States Secretary of Labor, for the period consisting of the most recent  
29 three months for which data for all states are published before the close of such week equals or  
30 exceeds six and one-half percent; and

31 b. The average rate of total unemployment in the state (seasonally adjusted), as  
32 determined by the United States Secretary of Labor, for the three-month period referred to in  
33 subparagraph a. of this paragraph, equals or exceeds one hundred and ten percent of such average  
34 for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar  
35 years;

36 (3) There is a "state 'off' indicator" for this state for a week if the director determines, in  
37 accordance with the regulations of the United States Secretary of Labor, that for the period  
38 consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, the rate of insured  
39 unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this law:

40 (a) Was less than one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the  
41 corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years; or

42 (b) Was less than four percent (five percent for weeks beginning after September 25,  
43 1982); except, there shall not be an "off" indicator for any week in which an "on" indicator as  
44 contemplated in paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection exists;

45 (4) "Rate of insured unemployment", for the purposes of subdivisions (2) and (3) of this  
46 subsection, means the percentage derived by dividing:

47 (a) The average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular compensation in  
48 this state for weeks of unemployment with respect to the most recent thirteen-consecutive-week  
49 period, as determined by the director on the basis of his or her reports to the United States  
50 Secretary of Labor, by

51 (b) The average monthly employment covered under this law for the first four of the  
52 most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such thirteen-week period;

53 (5) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under this law or under  
54 any other state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen  
55 pursuant to 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85) other than extended benefits;

56 (6) "Extended benefits" means benefits (including benefits payable to federal civilian  
57 employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85) payable to an individual  
58 under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in his or her eligibility period;

59 (7) "Eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his  
60 or her benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period and, if his or her benefit year ends  
61 within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period;

62 (8) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment  
63 in his or her eligibility period:

64 (a) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him  
65 or her under this law or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and benefits  
66 payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85) in his or  
67 her current benefit year that includes such week; provided, that, for the purposes of this  
68 paragraph, an individual shall be deemed to have received all of the regular benefits that were  
69 available to him or her although as a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages or  
70 employment, or both, that were not considered in the original monetary determination in his or  
71 her benefit year, he may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits; or

72 (b) Has received, prior to such week, all the regular compensation available to him or  
73 her in his or her current benefit year that includes such week under the unemployment  
74 compensation law of the state in which he or she files a claim for extended compensation or the  
75 unemployment compensation law of any other state after a cancellation of some or all of his or  
76 her wage credits or the partial or total reduction of his or her right to regular compensation; or

77 (c) His or her benefit year having expired prior to such week, he or she has insufficient  
78 wages or employment, or both, on the basis of which he or she could establish in any state a new  
79 benefit year that would include such week, or having established a new benefit year that includes  
80 such week, he or she is precluded from receiving regular compensation by reason of a state law  
81 provision which meets the requirement of section 3304(a)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of  
82 1954; and

83 (d) a. Has no right to unemployment benefits or allowances, as the case may be, under  
84 the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, the Automotive  
85 Products Trade Act of 1965 and such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by  
86 the United States Secretary of Labor; and

87 b. Has not received and is not seeking unemployment benefits under the unemployment  
88 compensation law of Canada; but if he or she is seeking such benefits and the appropriate agency

89 finally determines that he or she is not entitled to benefits under such law he or she is considered  
90 an exhaustee;

91 (9) "State law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the  
92 United States Secretary of Labor under Section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

93 2. Except when the result would be inconsistent with the other provisions of this section,  
94 as provided in the regulations of the director, the provisions of this law which apply to claims  
95 for, or the payment of, regular benefits shall apply to claims for, and the payment of, extended  
96 benefits.

97 3. An individual shall be eligible to receive extended benefits with respect to any week  
98 of unemployment in his or her eligibility period only if the deputy finds that with respect to such  
99 week:

100 (1) He or she is an exhaustee as defined in subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of this section;

101 (2) He or she has satisfied the requirements of this law for the receipt of regular benefits  
102 that are applicable to individuals claiming extended benefits, including not being subject to a  
103 disqualification for the receipt of benefits; except that, in the case of a claim for benefits filed  
104 in another state, which is acting as an agent state under the Interstate Benefits Payment Plan as  
105 provided by regulation, which claim is based on benefit credits accumulated in this state,  
106 eligibility for extended benefits shall be limited to the first two compensable weeks unless there  
107 is an extended benefit period in effect in both this state and the agent state in which the claim  
108 was filed;

109 (3) The other provisions of this law notwithstanding, as to new extended benefit claims  
110 filed after September 25, 1982, an individual shall be eligible to receive extended benefits with  
111 respect to any week of unemployment in his or her eligibility period only if the deputy finds that  
112 the total wages in the base period of his or her benefit year equal at least one and one-half times  
113 the wages paid during that quarter of his or her base period in which his or her wages were  
114 highest.

115 4. A claimant shall not be eligible for extended benefits following any disqualification  
116 imposed under subsection 1 or 2 of section 288.050, unless subsequent to the effective date of  
117 the disqualification, the claimant has been employed during at least four weeks and has earned  
118 wages equal to at least four times his or her weekly benefit amount.

119 5. For the purposes of determining eligibility for extended benefits, the term "suitable  
120 work" means any work which is within such individual's capabilities except that, if the individual  
121 furnishes satisfactory evidence that the prospects for obtaining work in his or her customary  
122 occupation within a reasonably short period are good, the determination of what constitutes  
123 suitable work shall be made in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection  
124 1 of section 288.050. If a deputy finds that a person who is claiming extended benefits has

125 refused to accept or to apply for suitable work, as defined in this subsection, or has failed to  
126 actively engage in seeking work subsequent to the effective date of his or her claim for extended  
127 benefits, that person shall be ineligible for extended benefits for the period beginning with the  
128 first day of the week in which such refusal or failure occurred. That ineligibility shall remain in  
129 effect until the person has been employed for at least four weeks after the week in which the  
130 refusal or failure occurred and has earned wages equal to at least four times his or her weekly  
131 benefit amount.

132 6. Extended benefits shall not be denied under subsection 5 of this section to any  
133 individual for any week by reason of a failure to accept an offer of or apply for suitable work if:

134 (1) The gross average weekly remuneration for such work does not exceed the  
135 individual's weekly benefit amount plus the amount of any supplemental unemployment benefits,  
136 as defined in section 501(c)(17)(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, payable to such individual for  
137 such week; or

138 (2) The position was not offered to such individual in writing or was not listed with the  
139 state employment service; or

140 (3) If the remuneration for the work offered is less than the minimum wage provided by  
141 Section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, without regard to any  
142 exemption or any applicable state or local minimum wage, whichever is the greater.

143 7. For the purposes of this section, an individual shall be considered as actively engaged  
144 in seeking work during any week with respect to which the individual has engaged in a  
145 systematic and sustained effort to obtain work as indicated by tangible evidence which the  
146 individual provides to the division.

147 8. Extended benefits shall not be denied for failure to apply for or to accept suitable work  
148 if such failure would not result in a denial of benefits under subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of  
149 section 288.050 to the extent that the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section  
150 288.050 are not inconsistent with the provisions of subsections 5 and 6 of this section.

151 9. The division shall refer any claimant entitled to extended benefits under this law to  
152 any suitable work which meets the criteria established in subsections 5 and 6 of this section.

153 10. Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, as to claims of  
154 extended benefits, subsections 4 to 9 of this section shall not apply to weeks of unemployment  
155 beginning after March 6, 1993, and before January 1, 1995. Entitlement to extended benefits  
156 for weeks beginning after March 6, 1993, and before January 1, 1995, shall be determined in  
157 accordance with provisions of this chapter not excluded by this subsection.

158 11. "Weekly extended benefit amount." The weekly extended benefit amount payable  
159 to an individual for a week of total unemployment in his or her eligibility period shall be an  
160 amount equal to the weekly benefit amount payable to him or her during his or her applicable

161 benefit year, reduced by a percentage equal to the percentage of the reduction in federal payments  
162 to states under Section 204 of the Federal State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of  
163 1970, in accord with any order issued under any law of the United States. Such weekly benefit  
164 amount, if not a multiple of one dollar, shall be reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount.

165 12. (1) "Total extended benefit amount." The total extended benefit amount payable to  
166 any eligible individual with respect to his or her applicable benefit year shall be the lesser of the  
167 following amounts:

168 (a) Fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits which were payable to him or her  
169 under this law in his or her applicable benefit year;

170 (b) Thirteen times his or her weekly benefit amount which was payable to him or her  
171 under this law for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year.

172 (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, during any fiscal year in which  
173 federal payments to states under Section 204 of the Federal State Extended Unemployment  
174 Compensation Act of 1970 are reduced under any order issued under any law of the United  
175 States, the total extended benefit amount payable to an individual with respect to his or her  
176 applicable benefit year shall be reduced by an amount equal to the aggregate of the reductions  
177 under subsection 11 of this section in the weekly amounts paid to the individual.

178 (3) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection, if the benefit year of any  
179 individual ends within an extended benefit period, the remaining balance of extended benefits  
180 that such individual would, but for this subdivision, be entitled to receive in that extended benefit  
181 period, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after the end of the benefit year, shall  
182 be reduced, but not below zero, by the product of the number of weeks for which the individual  
183 received trade readjustment allowances under the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, within that  
184 benefit year, multiplied by the individual's weekly benefit amount for extended benefits.

185 (4) (a) Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment period,  
186 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be applied by substituting:

187 a. Eighty percent for fifty percent in paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection;  
188 and

189 b. Twenty times for thirteen times in paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection.

190 (b) For purposes of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the term "high unemployment  
191 period" means any period during which an extended benefit period would be in effect if  
192 subparagraph a. of paragraph (c) of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section were applied  
193 by substituting eight percent for six and one-half percent.

194 13. (1) Whenever an extended benefit period is to become effective in this state as a  
195 result of a state "on" indicator, or an extended benefit period is to be terminated in this state as  
196 a result of a state "off" indicator, the director shall make an appropriate public announcement.

197           (2) Computations required by the provisions of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this  
198 section, shall be made by the director, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the United  
199 States Secretary of Labor.

          Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to help Missourians during economic  
2 hardship, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public  
3 health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the  
4 meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its  
5 passage and approval.

✓