FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILLS NOS. 116 & 316

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means and Fiscal Oversight, April 14, 2011, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.028, 32.087, 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 32.117, 32.120, 99.1205, 100.286, 100.297, 105.716, 135.010, 135.025, 135.030, 135.090, 135.313, 135.326, 135.327, 135.352, 135.460, 135.481, 135.484, 135.487, 135.490, 135.535, 135.550, 135.562, 135.575, 135.600, 135.630, 135.647, 135.679, 135.700, 135.802, 135.815, 135.825, 135.1150, 137.1018, 143.119, 144.030, 144.083, 168.071, 208.770, 253.545, 253.550, 253.557, 253.559, 348.430, 348.432, 348.434, 348.500, 348.505, 447.708, 620.495, and 660.055, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof sixty-three new sections relating to collection of state money, with a penalty provision and an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.028, 32.087, 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 32.117, 32.120, 2 99.1205, 100.286, 100.297, 105.716, 135.010, 135.025, 135.030, 135.090, 135.313, 135.326, 135.327, 135.352, 135.460, 135.481, 135.484, 135.487, 135.490, 135.535, 135.550, 135.562, 135.575, 135.600, 135.630, 135.647, 135.679, 135.700, 135.802, 135.815, 135.825, 135.1150, 137.1018, 143.119, 144.030, 144.083, 168.071, 208.770, 253.545, 253.550, 253.557, 253.559, 348.430, 348.432, 348.434, 348.500, 348.505, 447.708, 620.495, and 660.055, RSMo, are repealed and sixty-three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.028, 32.058, 32.087, 32.088, 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 32.117, 32.120, 32.383, 32.385, 32.410, 32.420, 32.430, 32.440, 32.450, 32.460, 99.1205, 100.286, 100.297, 105.716, 135.010, 135.025, 135.030, 135.090, 135.326, 135.327, 135.352, 135.460, 135.481, 135.484, 135.487, 135.490, 135.535, 135.550, 135.562, 135.575, 135.600, 135.630, 135.637,

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 13 135.679, 135.700, 135.802, 135.815, 135.825, 135.1150, 137.1018, 140.910,
- 14 144.030, 144.083, 168.071, 208.770, 253.545, 253.550, 253.557, 253.559, 348.430,
- 15 348.432, 348.434, 348.500, 447.708, 620.495, and 660.055, to read as follows:
 - 32.028. 1. There is hereby created a department of revenue in charge of
 - 2 a director appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
 - 3 senate. The department shall collect all taxes and fees and may collect, upon
 - referral by a state agency, debts owed to any state agency, payable to the
- 5 state as provided by law.
- 6 2. The powers, duties and functions of the department of revenue, chapter
- 32 and others, are transferred by type I transfer to the department of revenue.
- 8 All powers, duties and function of the collector of revenue are transferred to the
- 9 director of the department by type I transfer and the position of collector of
- 10 revenue is abolished.
- 11 3. The powers, duties and functions of the state tax commission, chapter
- 12 138 and others, are transferred by type III transfer to the department of revenue.
- 13 4. All of the powers, duties and functions of the state tax commission
- 14 relating to administration of the corporation franchise tax, chapter 152, and
- 15 others, are transferred by type I transfer to the department of revenue; provided,
- 16 however, that the provision of section 138.430 relating to appeals from decisions
- 17 of the director of revenue shall apply to these taxes.
- 18 5. All the powers, duties and functions of the highway reciprocity
- 19 commission, chapter 301, are transferred by type II transfer to the department
- 20 of revenue.
 - 32.058. For all years beginning after January 1, 2012
 - 2 notwithstanding the certified mail provisions contained in chapters 32,
 - 3 140, 142, 143, 144, 147, 148, 149, and 302, the director of revenue may
 - 4 choose to mail any document by first class mail.
 - 32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order
 - 2 in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law
 - B by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing
 - 4 entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail
 - 5 or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order
- 6 shall reflect the effective date thereof.
- 7 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective on the first day
- 8 of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of
- 9 adoption of the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection 18 of this section.

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- 3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.
- 4. The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 5. The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 6. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. The director shall retain one percent of the amount of any local sales or use tax collected for cost of collection. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.
 - 8. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations,

persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.

- 9. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.
- 10. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
 - 11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
 - 12. (1) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.
 - (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the residence of the purchaser and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business

amended.

- 82 from which the retailer's agent or employee works.
- (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as
- 13. Local sales taxes imposed pursuant to the local sales tax law on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.
 - 14. The director of revenue and any of his **or her** deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself **or herself** and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.
 - 15. The director of revenue shall annually report on his **or her** management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He **or she** shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.
 - 16. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him **or her** under the local sales tax law or in the

event a determination has been made against him or her for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

17. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

18. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax.

32.088. 1. Beginning January 1, 2012, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue stating no tax is due under chapters 142, 143, 144, 147, and 149, and that no fees are due under sections 260.262 or 260.273, shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license

6 required for conducting any business. The statement of no tax due 7 shall be dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission 8 for application or renewal of the city or county license.

9 2. Beginning January 1, 2012, in lieu of subsection 1 of this 10 section, the director may enter into an agreement with any state agency responsible for issuing any state license for conducting any business 11 requiring the agency to provide the director of revenue with the name 12 and Missouri tax identification number of each applicant for licensure 13 within one month of the date the application is filed or at least one 14month prior to the anticipated renewal of a licensee's license. If such 15 16 licensee is delinquent on any taxes under chapters 142, 143, 144, 147, and 149, or fees under sections 260.262 or 260.273, the director shall 17 then send notice to each such entity and licensee. In the case of such 18 19 delinquency or failure to file, the licensee's license shall be suspended within ninety days after notice of such delinquency or failure to file, 20 unless the director of revenue verifies that such delinquency or failure 21has been remedied or arrangements have been made to achieve such 2223remedy. The director of revenue shall, within ten business days of 24notification to the governmental entity issuing the license that the 25 delinquency has been remedied or arrangements have been made to 26 remedy such delinquency, send written notification to the licensee that the delinquency has been remedied. Tax liability paid in protest or 2728 reasonably founded disputes with such liability shall be considered 29 paid for the purposes of this section.

32.105. As used in sections 32.100 to 32.125, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Affordable housing assistance activities", money, real or personal 3 property, or professional services expended or devoted to the construction, or 4 rehabilitation of affordable housing units;
- 5 (2) "Affordable housing unit", a residential unit generally occupied by 6 persons and families with incomes at or below the levels described in this 7 subdivision and bearing a cost to the occupant no greater than thirty percent of 8 the maximum eligible household income for the affordable housing unit. In the 9 case of owner-occupied units, the cost to the occupant shall be considered the 10 amount of the gross monthly mortgage payment, including casualty insurance, 11 mortgage insurance, and taxes. In the case of rental units, the cost to the 12 occupant shall be considered the amount of the gross rent. The cost to the 13 occupant shall include the cost of any utilities, other than telephone. If any

utilities are paid directly by the occupant, the maximum cost that may be paid by the occupant is to be reduced by a utility allowance prescribed by the commission. For rental units, persons or families are eligible occupants of 16 17affordable housing units if the household combined, adjusted gross income as defined by the commission is equal to or less than the following percentages of 18 19 the median family income for the geographic area in which the residential unit 20 is located, or the median family income for the state of Missouri, whichever is larger; ("geographic area", as used in this subdivision, means the metropolitan 2122area or county designated as an area by the federal Department of Housing and 23Urban Development under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as 24amended, for purposes of determining fair market rental rates):

| 25 | | Percent of State or |
|----|-------------------|------------------------|
| 26 | | Geographic Area Family |
| 27 | Size of Household | Median Income |
| 28 | One Person | 35% |
| 29 | Two Persons | 40% |
| 30 | Three Persons | 45% |
| 31 | Four Persons | 50% |
| 32 | Five Persons | 54% |
| 33 | Six Persons | 58% |
| 34 | Seven Persons | 62% |
| 35 | Eight Persons | 66% |

For owner-occupied units, persons or families are eligible occupants of affordable housing units if the household combined, adjusted gross income as defined by the commission is equal to or less than the following percentages of the median family income for the geographic area in which the residential unit is located, or the median family income for the state of Missouri, whichever is larger:

| 41 | | Percent of State or |
|----|-------------------|------------------------|
| 42 | | Geographic Area Family |
| 43 | Size of Household | Median Income |
| 44 | One Person | 70% |
| 45 | Two Persons | 80% |
| 46 | Three Persons | 90% |
| 47 | Four Persons | 100% |
| 48 | Five Persons | 108% |
| 49 | Six Persons | 116% |

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50 Seven Persons 124%
51 Eight Persons 132%

- (3) ["Business firm", person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, including any charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under such chapter, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state;
- 63 (4)] "Commission", the Missouri housing development commission;
- [(5)] (4) "Community services", any type of counseling and advice, emergency assistance or medical care furnished to individuals or groups in the state of Missouri or transportation services at below-cost rates as provided in sections 208.250 to 208.275;
- [(6)] (5) "Crime prevention", any activity which aids in the reduction of crime in the state of Missouri;
- 70 [(7)] (6) "Defense industry contractor", a person, corporation or other 71entity which will be or has been negatively impacted as a result of its status as 72a prime contractor of the Department of Defense or as a second or third tier contractor. A "second tier contractor" means a person, corporation or other entity 73 which contracts to perform manufacturing, maintenance or repair services for a 74prime contractor of the Department of Defense, and a "third tier contractor" 7576 means a person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a prime contractor of the 77 78 Department of Defense;
- [(8)] (7) "Doing business", among other methods of doing business in the state of Missouri, a partner in a firm or a shareholder in an S corporation shall be deemed to be doing business in the state of Missouri if such firm or S corporation, as the case may be, is doing business in the state of Missouri;
- [(9)] (8) "Economic development", the acquisition, renovation, sequipolar improvement, or the furnishing or equipping of existing buildings and real estate in distressed or blighted areas of the state when such acquisition, renovation,

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improvement, or the furnishing or equipping of the business development projects 87 will result in the creation or retention of jobs within the state. Only 88 neighborhood organizations, as defined in subdivision [(13)] (12) of this section, 89 may apply to conduct economic development projects. Prior to the approval of an economic development project, the neighborhood organization shall enter into a 90 91 contractual agreement with the department of economic development. Credits 92 approved for economic development projects may not exceed six million dollars from within any one fiscal year's allocation. Neighborhood assistance program 93 94tax credits for economic development projects and affordable housing assistance as defined in section 32.111 may be transferred, sold or assigned by a notarized 95 endorsement thereof naming the transferee; 96

- [(10)] (9) "Education", any type of scholastic instruction or scholarship assistance to an individual who resides in the state of Missouri that enables the individual to prepare himself or herself for better opportunities or community awareness activities rendered by a statewide organization established for the purpose of archeological education and preservation;
- 102 [(11)] (10) "Homeless assistance pilot project", the program established 103 pursuant to section 32.117;
- [(12)] (11) "Job training", any type of instruction to an individual who resides in the state of Missouri that enables the individual to acquire vocational skills so that the individual can become employable or be able to seek a higher grade of employment;
- [(13)] (12) "Neighborhood organization", any organization performing community services or economic development activities in the state of Missouri and:
- 111 (a) Holding a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service of the United 112 States Department of the Treasury that the organization is exempt from income 113 taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- 114 (b) Incorporated in the state of Missouri as a not-for-profit corporation 115 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 355; or
- 116 (c) Designated as a community development corporation by the United 117 States government pursuant to the provisions of Title VII of the Economic 118 Opportunity Act of 1964;
- [(14)] (13) "Physical revitalization", furnishing financial assistance, labor, material, or technical advice to aid in the physical improvement or rehabilitation of any part or all of a neighborhood area;

- [(15)] (14) "S corporation", a corporation described in Section 1361(a)(1) of the United States Internal Revenue Code and not subject to the taxes imposed by section 143.071 by reason of section 143.471;
- 125 (15) "Taxpayer", an individual, a firm, a partner in a firm, sole 126 proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of a limited liability company, corporation as defined under sections 127 128 143.441 or 143.471, a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in 129 this state and subject to the state income tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or a 130 131 charitable organization, trust, or public or private foundation which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business 132 133 taxable income, if any, would be subject to state income tax imposed 134 under chapter 143;
- 135 (16) "Workfare renovation project", any project initiated pursuant to 136 sections 215.340 to 215.355.
- 32.110. Any [business firm] taxpayer which engages in the activities of providing physical revitalization, economic development, job training or education for individuals, community services, or crime prevention in the state of Missouri shall receive a tax credit as provided in section 32.115 if the director of the 4 department of economic development annually approves the proposal of the 5 [business firm] taxpayer; except that, no proposal shall be approved which does not have the endorsement of the agency of local government within the area in which the [business firm] taxpayer is engaging in such activities which has adopted an overall community or neighborhood development plan that the proposal is consistent with such plan. The proposal shall set forth the program 10 11 to be conducted, the neighborhood area to be served, why the program is needed, 12 the estimated amount to be contributed to the program and the plans for implementing the program. If, in the opinion of the director of the department 13 of economic development, a [business firm's] taxpayer's contribution can more 14 15 consistently with the purposes of sections 32.100 to 32.125 be made through 16 contributions to a neighborhood organization as defined in subdivision (13) of section 32.105, tax credits may be allowed as provided in section 32.115. The 17 director of the department of economic development is hereby authorized to 18 promulgate rules and regulations for establishing criteria for evaluating such 19 proposals by [business firms] taxpayers for approval or disapproval and for 20 21establishing priorities for approval or disapproval of such proposals by [business

- 22firms] taxpayers with the assistance and approval of the director of the 23 department of revenue. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed fourteen million 2425dollars in fiscal year 1999 and twenty-six million dollars in fiscal year 2000, and 26 any subsequent fiscal year, except as otherwise provided for proposals approved 27pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117. All tax credits authorized pursuant 28 to the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 may be used as a state match to secure additional federal funding. Tax credits provided under this section 29may be transferred, sold, or assigned. 30
 - 32.115. 1. The department of revenue shall grant a tax credit, to be 2 applied in the following order until used, against:
- 3 (1) The annual tax on gross premium receipts of insurance companies in 4 chapter 148;
- 5 (2) The tax on banks determined pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 6 2 of section 148.030;
- 7 (3) The tax on banks determined in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 8 section 148.030;
- 9 (4) The tax on other financial institutions in chapter 148;
- 10 (5) The corporation franchise tax in chapter 147;
- 11 (6) The state income tax in chapter 143; and
- 12 (7) The annual tax on gross receipts of express companies in chapter 153.
- 13 2. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.110:
- 14 (1) For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the total amount 1516 contributed during the taxable year by the [business firm] taxpayer or, in the case of a financial institution, where applicable, during the relevant income 17period in programs approved pursuant to section 32.110. For all taxable years 18 beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the amount of the tax credit 19 shall not exceed fifty percent of contributions made during the taxable 20year by the taxpayer or, in the case of a financial institution, where 21applicable, during the relevant income period in programs approved 2223pursuant to section 32.110, if such contributions are equal to or less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit for 24contributions equal to or less than one thousand dollars, for 25contributions in excess of one thousand dollars, a credit shall be 26 allowed in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of such excess;

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- 28 (2) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, for all taxable 29 years ending on or before December 31, 2011, a tax credit of up to seventy percent may be allowed for contributions to programs where activities fall within 30 31 the scope of special program priorities as defined with the approval of the governor in regulations promulgated by the director of the department of 3233 economic development. For all taxable years beginning on or after 34 January 1, 2012, except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, a tax credit of up to seventy percent may be allowed for contributions 35 to programs where activities fall within the scope of special program 36 37 priorities as defined with the approval of the governor in regulations promulgated by the director of the department of economic 38 39 development, if such contributions are equal to or less than one 40 thousand dollars. In addition to the seventy percent credit for 41 contributions equal to or less than one thousand dollars, for contributions in excess of one thousand dollars, a credit shall be 4243 allowed in an amount equal to fifty percent of such excess;
- 44 (3) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, for all
 45 taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, the tax credit
 46 allowed for contributions to programs located in any community shall be equal to
 47 seventy percent of the total amount contributed where such community is a city,
 48 town or village which has fifteen thousand or less inhabitants as of the last
 49 decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:
 - (a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical area;
 - (b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has only one city, town or village which has more than fifteen thousand inhabitants; or
 - (c) A standard metropolitan statistical area and a substantial number of persons in such county derive their income from agriculture. Such community may also be in an unincorporated area in such county as provided in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. Except in no case shall the total economic benefit of the combined federal and state tax savings to the taxpayer exceed the amount contributed by the taxpayer during the tax year;
 - (4) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the tax credit allowed for contributions to programs located in any community shall be equal to seventy percent of the total amount contributed if such amount is equal to or less than one thousand dollars and fifty percent

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- of any amount in excess of one thousand dollars where such community is a city, town, or village which has fifteen thousand or less inhabitants as of the last decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:
- 68 (a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical 69 area;
- 70 (b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has 71 only one city, town, or village which has more than fifteen thousand 72 inhabitants; or
 - (c) A standard metropolitan statistical area and a substantial number of persons in such county derive their income from agriculture. Such community may also be in an unincorporated area in such county as provided in subdivision (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this subsection. Except in no case shall the total economic benefit of the combined federal and state tax savings to the taxpayer exceed the amount contributed by the taxpayer during the tax year;
 - (5) Such tax credit allocation, equal to seventy percent of the total amount contributed, shall not exceed four million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and six million dollars in fiscal year 2000 and any subsequent fiscal year ending on or before June 30, 2011. When the maximum dollar limit on the seventy percent tax credit allocation is committed, the tax credit allocation for such programs shall then be equal to fifty percent credit of the total amount contributed. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, allocations of tax credits under subdivisions (2) and (4) of this subsection shall not exceed six million dollars. Regulations establishing special program priorities are to be promulgated during the first month of each fiscal year and at such times during the year as the public interest dictates. For tax credits issued on or before December 31, 2011, such credit shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars annually except as provided in subdivision [(5)] (6) of this subsection. For tax credits issued on or after January 1, 2012, there shall be no annual per contribution limit on tax credits. No tax credit shall be approved for any bank, bank and trust company, insurance company, trust company, national bank, savings association, or building and loan association for activities that are a part of its normal course of business. Any tax credit not used in the period the contribution was made may be carried over the next five succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been claimed. Except

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as otherwise provided for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117, in no event shall the total amount of all other tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 exceed thirty-two million dollars in any one fiscal year, of which six million shall be credits allowed pursuant to section 135.460. If six million dollars in credits are not approved, then the remaining credits may be used for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125;

[(5)] (6) The credit may exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually and shall not be limited if community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development, as defined by section 32.105, is rendered in an area defined by federal or state law as an impoverished, economically distressed, or blighted area or as a neighborhood experiencing problems endangering its existence as a viable and stable neighborhood, or if the community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development is limited to impoverished persons.

3. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111:

(1) For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount invested in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in distressed communities as defined in section 135.530 by a [business firm] taxpayer. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed forty percent of the total amount invested in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in distressed communities as defined in section 135.530 by a taxpayer. Whenever such investment is made in the form of an equity investment or a loan, as opposed to a donation alone, tax credits may be claimed only where the loan or equity investment is accompanied by a donation which is eligible for federal income tax charitable deduction, and where the total value of the tax credits herein plus the value of the federal income tax charitable deduction is less than or equal to the value of the donation. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. If the affordable housing units or market rate housing units in distressed communities for which a tax is claimed are within a larger structure, parts of which are not the subject of a tax credit claim, then expenditures applicable to the entire structure shall be reduced on a prorated basis in proportion to the ratio

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of the number of square feet devoted to the affordable housing units or market 136 137 rate housing units in distressed communities, for purposes of determining the amount of the tax credit. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs 138 139 approved pursuant to section 32.111 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1991, shall not exceed two million dollars, to be increased by no more than two million 140141 dollars each succeeding fiscal year, until the total tax credits that may be approved reaches ten million dollars in any fiscal year but before June 30, 1422011. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the total 143 amount of tax credits authorized for programs approved pursuant to 144145 section 32.111 shall not exceed eight million five hundred thousand 146 dollars;

- (2) For any year during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the owner of the affordable housing rental units for which a credit is being claimed shall certify to the commission that all tenants renting claimed units are income eligible for affordable housing units and that the rentals for each claimed unit are in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. The commission is authorized, in its discretion, to audit the records and accounts of the owner to verify such certification;
- (3) In the case of owner-occupied affordable housing units, the qualifying owner occupant shall, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, certify to the commission that the occupant is income eligible during the preceding two years, and at the time of the initial purchase contract, but not thereafter. The qualifying owner occupant shall further certify to the commission, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, that during the 159160 compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the cost of the affordable housing unit to the occupant for the claimed unit can reasonably be projected to be in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. Any succeeding owner occupant acquiring the affordable housing unit during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement shall make the same certification;
 - (4) If at any time during the compliance period the commission determines a project for which a proposal has been approved is not in compliance with the applicable provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 or rules promulgated therefor, the commission may within one hundred fifty days of notice to the owner either seek injunctive enforcement action against the owner, or seek legal damages against the owner representing the value of the tax credits, or foreclose on the

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- lien in the land use restriction agreement, selling the project at a public sale, and paying to the owner the proceeds of the sale, less the costs of the sale and less the value of all tax credits allowed herein. The commission shall remit to the director of revenue the portion of the legal damages collected or the sale proceeds representing the value of the tax credits. However, except in the event of intentional fraud by the taxpayer, the proposal's certificate of eligibility for tax credits shall not be revoked.
- 179 4. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.112, the amount of the 180 tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount contributed to a neighborhood organization by [business firms] taxpayers. Any tax credit not 181 182 used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. The 183 total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 184 185 32.112 shall not exceed one million dollars for each fiscal year ending on or before June 30, 2011. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 186 187 2011, the total amount of tax credits authorized for programs approved 188 pursuant to section 32.112 shall not exceed two million five hundred 189 thousand dollars.
- 5. The total amount of tax credits used for market rate housing in distressed communities pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed thirty percent of the total amount of all tax credits authorized pursuant to sections 32.111 and 32.112.
 - 6. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 32.117. 1. Any [business firm] taxpayer which engages in the activity of providing a homeless assistance project for low-income persons in the state of Missouri shall receive a tax credit as provided in section 32.115, if the division of community development within the department of economic development annually approves the proposal of the [business firm] taxpayer. The proposal shall only be approved if the project is located in a city with a population of four hundred thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county and which serves a mix of rural and urban counties.

- 9 2. For purposes of this section "low-income persons" shall mean families
- 10 or persons with incomes of fifty percent or less of median income adjusted for
- 11 family size as allowed by the Department of Housing and Urban Development
- 12 (HUD) under section 8.
- 3. The purpose of a homeless assistance project shall be to serve
- 14 low-income families or persons who are experiencing economic crisis caused by
- 15 one or more of the following:
- 16 (1) Loss of employment;
- 17 (2) Medical disability or emergency;
- 18 (3) Loss or delay of some form of public assistance benefits;
- 19 (4) Natural disaster;
- 20 (5) Substantial change in household composition;
- 21 (6) Victimization by criminal activity;
- 22 (7) Illegal action by a landlord;
- 23 (8) Displacement by government or private action; or
- 24 (9) Some other condition which constitutes a hardship.
- 25 4. The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the
- 26 value of the proposal benefits, which shall include one or more of the following
- 27 types of benefits to low-income persons in order to be eligible:
- 28 (1) Payment of rent or mortgage for not more than three months during
- 29 any twelve-month period;
- 30 (2) Payment to a landlord of a rent deposit or a security deposit for not
- 31 more than two months during any twelve-month period;
- 32 (3) Case management services which shall include support services such
- 33 as child care, education resource assistance, job resource assistance, counseling,
- 34 and resource and referral;
- 35 (4) Outreach services to low-income persons to prevent homelessness;
- 36 (5) Transitional housing facilities with support services.
- 37 5. The homeless assistance program shall give priority to the following
- 38 types of low-income families or individuals:
- 39 (1) Families with minor children who are in imminent danger of removal
- 40 from the family because of a lack of suitable housing accommodation;
- 41 (2) Single parent household;
- 42 (3) Other households with children;
- 43 (4) Households with a disabled household member or a household member
- 44 who is at least sixty-five years of age;

request.

- 45 (5) All other households.
- 6. The organization implementing a homeless assistance program pursuant to this section shall make annual reports identifying the goal of the program, the number of recipients served, the type of services rendered, and moneys expended to provide the program. The program report shall be submitted to the governor, speaker of the house of representatives and the president protem of the senate. These reports shall also be available to the general public upon
- 7. For each of the fiscal years beginning on July 1, 1991, and July 1, 1992, one million dollars in tax credits may be allowed to be used for the homeless assistance pilot project, pursuant to this section.
 - 32.120. The decision of the director of the department of economic development to approve or disapprove a proposal pursuant to section 32.110 shall be in writing, and if he approves the proposal, he shall state the maximum credit allowable to the [business firm] taxpayer. A copy of the decision of the director of the department of economic development shall be transmitted to the director of revenue and to the governor.
- 32.383. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, with respect to taxes administered by the department of revenue and imposed in chapters 143 and 144, an amnesty from the assessment or payment of all penalties, additions to tax, and interest shall apply with respect to unpaid taxes or taxes due and owing reported and paid in full from August 1, 2011, to October 31, 2011, regardless of whether previously assessed, except for penalties, additions to tax, and interest paid before August 1, 2011. The amnesty shall apply only to state tax liabilities due or due but unpaid on or 10 before December 31, 2010, and shall not extend to any taxpayer who at the time of payment is a party to any criminal investigations or to any 11 civil or criminal litigation that is pending in any court of the United 12States or this state for nonpayment, delinquency, or fraud in relation 13 to any state tax imposed by this state. 14
- 2. Upon written application by the taxpayer, on forms prescribed by the director of revenue, and upon compliance with the provisions of this section, the department of revenue shall not seek to collect any penalty, addition to tax, or interest that may be applicable. The department of revenue shall not seek civil or criminal prosecution for

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any taxpayer for the taxable period for which the amnesty has been granted, unless subsequent investigation or audit shows that the 22taxpayer engaged in fraudulent or criminal conduct in applying for 23amnesty.

- 3. Amnesty shall be granted only to those taxpayers who have applied for amnesty within the period stated in this section, who have filed a tax return for each taxable period for which amnesty is requested, who have paid the entire balance due within sixty days of approval by the department of revenue, and who agree to comply with state tax laws for the next eight years from the date of the agreement. No taxpayer shall be entitled to a waiver of any penalty, addition to tax, or interest under this section unless full payment of the tax due is made in accordance with rules established by the director of revenue.
- 4. All taxpayers granted amnesty under this section shall comply with this state's tax laws for the eight years following the date of the amnesty agreement. If any such taxpayer fails to comply with all of 36 this state's tax laws at any time during the eight years following the date of the agreement, all penalties, additions to tax, and interest that were waived under the amnesty agreement shall become due and owing immediately.
 - 5. If a taxpayer elects to participate in the amnesty program established in this section as evidenced by full payment of the tax due as established by the director of revenue, that election shall constitute an express and absolute relinquishment of all administrative and judicial rights of appeal. No tax payment received under this section shall be eligible for refund or credit.
- 46 6. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to disallow the 47department of revenue to adjust a taxpayer's tax return as a result of any state or federal audit. 48
- 49 7. All tax payments received as a result of the amnesty program established in this section, other than revenues earmarked by the 50 Constitution of Missouri or this state's statutes, shall be deposited in 51the state general revenue fund. 52
- 53 8. The department may promulgate rules or issue administrative guidelines as are necessary to implement the provisions of this 54section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 55536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section

shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after July 1, 2011, shall be invalid and void.

32.385. 1. The director of revenue and the commissioner of administration may jointly enter into a reciprocal collection and offset of indebtedness agreement with the federal government, under which the State will offset from state tax refunds and from payments otherwise due to vendors and contractors providing goods or services to state departments, agencies, or other state agencies non-tax debt owed to the federal government; and the federal government will offset from federal payments to vendors, contractors, and taxpayers debt owed to the state of Missouri.

- 2. When used in this section, the following words, terms, and phrases are defined as set forth herein:
- 12 (1) "Federal official" means a unit or official of the federal 13 government charged with the collection of non-tax liabilities payable 14 to the federal government under 31 U.S.C. section 3716;
- 15 (2) "State agency" means any department, division, board, 16 commission, office, or other agency of the state of Missouri;
- 17 (3) "Non-tax liability due the state" means a liability certified to
 18 the director of revenue by a state agency and shall include, but shall
 19 not be limited to, fines, fees, penalties, and other non-tax assessments
 20 imposed by or payable to any state agency that is finally determined to
 21 be due and owing;
- (4) "Person" means an individual, partnership, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation, or any public authority, estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, and any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity whether appointed by a court or otherwise, and any combination of the foregoing;
- 28 (5) "Refund" means an amount described as a refund of tax under 29 the provisions of the state tax law that authorized its payment;
- 30 (6) "Vendor payment" means any payment, other than a refund,

- 31 made by the state to any person or entity, and shall include but shall
- 32 not be limited to any expense reimbursement to an employee of the
- 33 state; but shall not include a person's salary, wages, or pension;
- 34 (7) "Offset agreement" is the agreement authorized by this 35 section.
- 36 3. Under the offset agreement, a federal official may:
- 37 (1) Certify to the state of Missouri the existence of a person's 38 delinquent non-tax liability owed by the person to the federal 39 government;
- 40 (2) Request that the state of Missouri withhold any refund and 41 vendor payment to which the person is entitled;
- 42 (3) Certify and request the state of Missouri to withhold a refund 43 or vendor payment only if the laws of the United States:
- 44 (a) Allow the state of Missouri to enter into a reciprocal 45 agreement with the United States, under which the federal official 46 would be authorized to offset federal payments to collect delinquent tax 47 and non-tax debts owed to the state; and
- (b) Provide for the payment of the amount withheld to the state;
- 49 (4) Retain a portion of the proceeds of any collection setoff as 50 provided under the setoff agreement.
 - 4. Under the offset agreement, a certification by a federal official to the state of Missouri shall include:
- 53 (1) The full name of the person and any other names known to 54 be used by the person;
- 55 (2) The social security number or federal tax identification 56 number;
- 57 (3) The amount of the non-tax liability; and
- 58 (4) A statement that the debt is past due and legally enforceable 59 in the amount certified.
- 5. If a person for whom a certification is received from a federal official is due a refund of Missouri tax or a vendor payment, the agreement may provide that the state of Missouri shall:
- 63 (1) Withhold a refund or vendor payment that is due a person 64 whose name has been certified by a federal official;
- 65 (2) In accordance with the provisions of the offset agreement, 66 notify the person of the amount withheld in satisfaction of a liability 67 certified by a federal official;

- 68 (3) Pay to the federal official the lesser of:
- 69 (a) The entire refund or vendor payment; or
- 70 **(b)** The amount certified; and
- 71 (4) Pay any refund or vendor payment in excess of the certified 72 amount to the person.
- 73 6. Under the agreement, the director of revenue shall:
- 74 (1) Certify to a federal official the existence of a person's 75 delinquent tax or non-tax liability due the state owed by the person to 76 any state agency;
- 77 (2) Request that the federal official withhold any eligible vendor 78 payment to which the person is entitled; and
- 79 (3) Provide for the payment of the amount withheld to the state.
- 7. A certification by a state agency to the director of revenue and by the director of revenue to the federal official under the offset agreement shall include:
- 83 (1) The full name and address of the person and any other names 84 known to be used by the person;
- 85 (2) The social security number or tax identification number;
- 86 (3) The amount of the tax or non-tax liability;
- 87 (4) A statement that the debt is past due and legally enforceable 88 in the amount certified; and
- (5) Any other information required by federal statute or regulation applicable to the collection of the debt by offset of federal payments.
- 8. Any other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the director of revenue and the commissioner of administration shall have the authority to enter into reciprocal agreements with any other state which extends a like comity to this state to set off offset from state tax refunds and from payments otherwise due to vendors and contractors providing goods or services to state departments, agencies, or other state agencies non-tax debt for debts due the other state that extends a like comity to this state.
 - 32.410. As used in sections 32.410 to 32.460, the following terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Debt", an amount owed to the state directly or through a 4 state agency, on account of a fee, duty, lease, direct loan, loan insured 5 or guaranteed by the state, rent, service, sale of real or personal

- 6 property, overpayment, fine, assessment, penalty, restitution, damages,
- 7 interest, tax, bail bond, forfeiture, reimbursement, liability owed, an
- 8 assignment, recovery of costs incurred by the state, or any other source
- 9 of indebtedness to the state;
- 10 (2) "Debtor", an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an
- 11 unincorporated association, a limited liability company, a trust, an
- 12 estate, or any other public or private entity, including a state, local, or
- 13 federal government, or an Indian tribe, that is liable for a debt or
- 14 against whom there is a claim for a debt;
- 15 (3) "Department", the department of revenue;
- 16 (4) "State agency", any division, board, commission, office, or
- 17 other agency of the state of Missouri, including public community
- 18 college districts and any state or municipal court.
 - 32.420. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
 - contrary, all state agencies may refer to the department for collection
 - debts owed to them. The department may provide collection services
 - 4 on debts referred to the department by a state agency.
 - 5 2. A referring agency may refer the debt to the department for
 - 6 collection at any time after a debt becomes delinquent and uncontested
 - 7 and the debtor has no further administrative appeal of the amount of
 - 8 the debt. Methods and procedures for referral must follow internal
 - 9 guidelines prepared by the department.
- 10 3. The collection procedures and remedies under this chapter are
- 11 in addition to any other procedure or remedy available by law. If the
- 12 state agency's applicable state or federal law requires the use of a
- 13 particular remedy or procedure for the collection of a debt, that
- 14 particular remedy or procedure governs the collection of that debt to
- 15 the extent the procedure or remedy is inconsistent with this chapter.
- 16 4. The state agency shall send notice to the debtor by United
- 17 States regular mail at the debtor's last known address at least twenty
- 18 days before the debt is referred to the department. The notice shall
- 19 state the nature and amount of the debt, identify to whom the debt is
- 20 owed, and inform the debtor of the remedies available under this
- 21 chapter or the state agency's own procedures.
 - 32.430. 1. The department may establish policies and procedures
 - 2 to use the collection remedy afforded under section 143.902 in filing a
- 3 lien with the county recorder of deeds and the filing of a certificate of

- 4 lien with the circuit court. The department may also use collection 5 remedies afforded under any chapter for collection of any state debt 6 referred to the department. Debtors shall have all rights afforded 7 under sections 32.410 to 32.470 to notice and to challenge the 8 department's collection.
- 2. Venue for any suit filed in aid of collection of a state debt referred to the department shall be in Cole County. If a judgment or a lien was filed with a circuit clerk prior to the date the debt was referred to the department, the venue shall be the county in which the judgment or lien was filed.
- 3. The department is authorized to employ department staff and attorneys, and at the department's discretion, the attorney general and prosecuting attorneys and private collection agencies as authorized in sections 136.150 and 140.850 in seeking collection of debts referred to the department by a state agency.
 - 32.440. 1. The department shall add to the amount of debt referred to the department by a state agency the cost of collection which shall be ten percent of the total debt referred by the state agency. The department shall have the same authority to collect the cost of collection as the department has in collecting the debt referred by the state agency.
 - 2. The cost of collection may only be waived when:
- 8 (1) Within thirty days after the initial notice with the debtor by
 9 the department, the debtor establishes to the department reasonable
 10 cause for the failure to pay the debt prior to referral of the debt to the
 11 department, enters into an agreement satisfactory to the department
 12 to pay the debt in full, and fully abides by the terms of that agreement;
- (2) A good faith dispute as to the legitimacy or the amount of the debt exists, and payment is remitted or an agreement satisfactory to the department to pay the debt in full is entered into within thirty days after resolution of the dispute, and the debtor fully abides by the terms of that agreement; or
- 18 (3) Collection costs have been added by the state agency and are 19 included in the amount of the referred debt.
- 3. If the department collects an amount less than the total due, the payment is applied proportionally to collection costs and the underlying debt unless the department has waived this requirement for

- 23 certain categories of debt pursuant to the department's internal
- 24 guidelines. Collection costs collected by the department under this
- 25 section shall be deposited in the general revenue fund.
 - 32.450. The department may compromise state debt referred to the department in accordance with section 32.378.
- 32.460. 1. The department and the referring state agency shall follow all federal and state laws regarding the confidentiality of information and records regarding the debtor including the disclosure of the debtor's Social Security number, which state agencies, including the judiciary, are authorized to provide to the department in assistance of collection of the state debt referred. Each specific state agency's confidentiality laws shall apply to the employees of the state agency and to the department.
- 2. The department and the referring state agency are authorized to exchange such information as is necessary for the successful collection of the state debt referred in accordance with section 610.032. The judiciary is hereby authorized to exchange such information with the department as is necessary for the successful collection of the state debt referred.
 - 99.1205. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Distressed Areas Land Assemblage Tax Credit Act".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Acquisition costs", the purchase price for the eligible parcel, costs of environmental assessments, closing costs, real estate brokerage fees, reasonable demolition costs of vacant structures, and reasonable maintenance costs incurred to maintain an acquired eligible parcel for a period of five years after the
- 8 acquisition of such eligible parcel. Acquisition costs shall not include costs for
- 9 title insurance and survey, attorney's fees, relocation costs, fines, or bills from a
- 10 municipality;
- 11 (2) "Applicant", any person, firm, partnership, trust, limited liability 12 company, or corporation which has:
- 13 (a) Incurred, within an eligible project area, acquisition costs for the 14 acquisition of land sufficient to satisfy the requirements under subdivision (8) of
- 15 this subsection; and
- 16 (b) Been appointed or selected, pursuant to a redevelopment agreement 17 by a municipal authority, as a redeveloper or similar designation, under an

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18 economic incentive law, to redevelop an urban renewal area or a redevelopment 19 area that includes all of an eligible project area or whose redevelopment plan or redevelopment area, which encompasses all of an eligible project area, has been 20 21approved or adopted under an economic incentive law. In addition to being 22designated the redeveloper, the applicant shall have been designated to receive 23 economic incentives only after the municipal authority has considered the amount 24 of the tax credits in adopting such economic incentives as provided in subsection 258 of this section. The redevelopment agreement shall provide that:

- a. The funds generated through the use or sale of the tax credits issued under this section shall be used to redevelop the eligible project area;
- b. No more than seventy-five percent of the urban renewal area identified in the urban renewal plan or the redevelopment area identified in the redevelopment plan may be redeveloped by the applicant; and
- c. The remainder of the urban renewal area or the redevelopment area shall be redeveloped by co-redevelopers or redevelopers to whom the applicant has assigned its redevelopment rights and obligations under the urban renewal plan or the redevelopment plan;
 - (3) "Certificate", a tax credit certificate issued under this section;
- (4) "Condemnation proceedings", any action taken by, or on behalf of, an 36 applicant to initiate an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to use the 38 power of eminent domain to acquire a parcel within the eligible project area. Condemnation proceedings shall include any and all actions taken after the submission of a notice of intended acquisition to an owner of a parcel within the eligible project area by a municipal authority or any other person or entity under section 523.250;
 - (5) "Department", the Missouri department of economic development;
- (6) "Economic incentive laws", any provision of Missouri law pursuant to 44 which economic incentives are provided to redevelopers of a parcel or parcels to 45 redevelop the land, such as tax abatement or payments in lieu of taxes, or 46 redevelopment plans or redevelopment projects approved or adopted which 47 48 include the use of economic incentives to redevelop the land. Economic incentive 49 laws include, but are not limited to, the land clearance for redevelopment 50 authority law under sections 99.300 to 99.660, the real property tax increment allocation redevelopment act under sections 99.800 to 99.865, the Missouri 51 downtown and rural economic stimulus act under sections 99.915 to 99.1060, and 52the downtown revitalization preservation program under sections 99.1080 to 53

54 99.1092;

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- 55 (7) "Eligible parcel", a parcel:
- 56 (a) Which is located within an eligible project area;
- 57 (b) Which is to be redeveloped;
- 58 (c) On which the applicant has not commenced construction prior to 59 November 28, 2007;
- (d) Which has been acquired without the commencement of any condemnation proceedings with respect to such parcel brought by or on behalf of the applicant. Any parcel acquired by the applicant from a municipal authority shall not constitute an eligible parcel; and
- 64 (e) On which all outstanding taxes, fines, and bills levied by municipal 65 governments that were levied by the municipality during the time period that the 66 applicant held title to the eligible parcel have been paid in full;
 - (8) "Eligible project area", an area which shall have satisfied the following requirements:
- 69 (a) The eligible project area shall consist of at least seventy-five acres and
 70 may include parcels within its boundaries that do not constitute an eligible
 71 parcel;
- (b) At least eighty percent of the eligible project area shall be located within a Missouri qualified census tract area, as designated by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under 26 U.S.C. Section 42, or within a distressed community as that term is defined in section 135.530;
- 76 (c) The eligible parcels acquired by the applicant within the eligible 77 project area shall total at least fifty acres, which may consist of contiguous and 78 noncontiguous parcels;
- 79 (d) The average number of parcels per acre in an eligible project area 80 shall be four or more;
- 81 (e) Less than five percent of the acreage within the boundaries of the 82 eligible project area shall consist of owner-occupied residences which the 83 applicant has identified for acquisition under the urban renewal plan or the 84 redevelopment plan pursuant to which the applicant was appointed or selected 85 as the redeveloper or by which the person or entity was qualified as an applicant 86 under this section on the date of the approval or adoption of such plan;
- 87 (9) "Interest costs", interest, loan fees, and closing costs. Interest costs 88 shall not include attorney's fees;
- 89 (10) "Maintenance costs", costs of boarding up and securing vacant

- 90 structures, costs of removing trash, and costs of cutting grass and weeds;
- 91 (11) "Municipal authority", any city, town, village, county, public body 92 corporate and politic, political subdivision, or land trust of this state established 93 and authorized to own land within the state;
- 94 (12) "Municipality", any city, town, village, or county;
- 95 (13) "Parcel", a single lot or tract of land, and the improvements thereon, 96 owned by, or recorded as the property of, one or more persons or entities;
 - (14) "Redeveloped", the process of undertaking and carrying out a redevelopment plan or urban renewal plan pursuant to which the conditions which provided the basis for an eligible project area to be included in a redevelopment plan or urban renewal plan are to be reduced or eliminated by redevelopment or rehabilitation; and
 - agreement into which the applicant entered with a municipal authority and which is the agreement for the implementation of the urban renewal plan or redevelopment plan pursuant to which the applicant was appointed or selected as the redeveloper or by which the person or entity was qualified as an applicant under this section; and such appointment or selection shall have been approved by an ordinance of the governing body of the municipality, or municipalities, or in the case of any city not within a county, the board of aldermen, in which the eligible project area is located. The redevelopment agreement shall include a time line for redevelopment of the eligible project area. The redevelopment agreement shall state that the named developer shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 290.
- 3. Any applicant shall be entitled to a tax credit against the taxes imposed under chapters 143, 147, and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the acquisition costs, and one hundred percent of the interest costs incurred for a period of five years after the acquisition of an eligible parcel. No tax credits shall be issued under this section until after January 1, 2008. No new applicant shall be approved after August 28, 2011.
 - 4. If the amount of such tax credit exceeds the total tax liability for the year in which the applicant is entitled to receive a tax credit, the amount that exceeds the state tax liability may be carried forward for credit against the taxes imposed under chapters 143, 147, and 148 for the succeeding six years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first. The applicant shall not be entitled

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to a tax credit for taxes imposed under sections 143.191 to 143.265. Applicants 126 127 entitled to receive such tax credits may transfer, sell, or assign the tax credits. Tax credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed 128 129 as a partnership, or multiple owners of property shall be passed through to the partners, members, or owners respectively pro rata or pursuant to an executed 130 131 agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting an alternate 132 distribution method.

- 5. A purchaser, transferee, or assignee of the tax credits authorized under this section may use acquired tax credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed under chapters 143, 147, and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265. A seller, transferor, or assignor shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective date of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required by the department to administer and carry out the provisions of this section.
- 6. To claim tax credits authorized under this section, an applicant shall submit to the department an application for a certificate. An applicant shall identify the boundaries of the eligible project area in the application. The department shall verify that the applicant has submitted a valid application in the form and format required by the department. The department shall verify 146that the municipal authority held the requisite hearings and gave the requisite notices for such hearings in accordance with the applicable economic incentive 148 act, and municipal ordinances. On an annual basis, an applicant may file for the tax credit for the acquisition costs, and for the tax credit for the interest costs, 149 subject to the limitations of this section. If an applicant applying for the tax 150credit meets the criteria required under this section, the department shall issue a certificate in the appropriate amount. If an applicant receives a tax credit for 152maintenance costs as a part of the applicant's acquisition costs, the department shall post on its Internet website the amount and type of maintenance costs and 154a description of the redevelopment project for which the applicant received a tax 155credit within thirty days after the department issues the certificate to the applicant.
 - 7. The total aggregate amount of tax credits authorized under this section shall not exceed ninety-five million dollars. At no time shall the annual amount of the tax credits issued under this section exceed twenty million dollars. If the tax credits that are to be issued under this section exceed, in any year, the twenty

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162 million dollar limitation, the department shall either:

- 163 (1) Issue tax credits to the applicant in the amount of twenty million 164 dollars, if there is only one applicant entitled to receive tax credits in that year; 165 or
- 166 (2) Issue the tax credits on a pro rata basis to all applicants entitled to 167 receive tax credits in that year. Any amount of tax credits, which an applicant 168 is, or applicants are, entitled to receive on an annual basis and are not issued due 169 to the twenty million dollar limitation, shall be carried forward for the benefit of 170 the applicant or applicants to subsequent years. No tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized after August 28, 2013. Any tax credits which 171172 have been authorized on or before August 28, 2013, but not issued, may be issued, subject to the limitations provided under this subsection, until all such 173 authorized tax credits have been issued. 174
 - 8. Upon issuance of any tax credits pursuant to this section, the department shall report to the municipal authority the applicant's name and address, the parcel numbers of the eligible parcels for which the tax credits were issued, the itemized acquisition costs and interest costs for which tax credits were issued, and the total value of the tax credits issued. The municipal authority and the state shall not consider the amount of the tax credits as an applicant's cost, but shall include the tax credits in any sources and uses and cost benefit analysis reviewed or created for the purpose of awarding other economic incentives. The amount of the tax credits shall not be considered an applicant's cost in the evaluation of the amount of any award of any other economic incentives, but shall be considered in measuring the reasonableness of the rate of return to the applicant with respect to such award of other economic incentives. The municipal authority shall provide the report to any relevant commission, board, or entity responsible for the evaluation and recommendation or approval of other economic incentives to assist in the redevelopment of the eligible project area. Tax credits authorized under this section shall constitute redevelopment tax credits, as such term is defined under section 135.800, and shall be subject to all provisions applicable to redevelopment tax credits provided under sections 135.800 to 135.830.
 - 9. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of

chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

100.286. 1. Within the discretion of the board, the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund may be pledged to secure the payment of any bonds or notes issued by the board, or to secure the payment of any loan made by the board or a participating lender which loan:

- (1) Is requested to finance any project or export trade activity;
- 7 (2) Is requested by a borrower who is demonstrated to be financially 8 responsible;
- 9 (3) Can reasonably be expected to provide a benefit to the economy of this 10 state;
- (4) Is otherwise secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on real or personal property or other security satisfactory to the board; provided that loans to finance export trade activities may be secured by export accounts receivable or inventories of exportable goods satisfactory to the board;
- 15 (5) Does not exceed five million dollars;
- 16 (6) Does not have a term longer than five years if such loan is made to 17 finance export trade activities; and
- 18 (7) Is, when used to finance export trade activities, made to small or 19 medium size businesses or agricultural businesses, as may be defined by the 20 board.
- 2. The board shall prescribe standards for the evaluation of the financial condition, business history, and qualifications of each borrower and the terms and conditions of loans which may be secured, and may require each application to include a financial report and evaluation by an independent certified public accounting firm, in addition to such examination and evaluation as may be conducted by any participating lender.
- 3. Each application for a loan secured by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be reviewed in the first instance by any participating lender to whom the application was submitted. If satisfied that the standards prescribed by the board are met

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and that the loan is otherwise eligible to be secured by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund, the participating lender shall certify the same and forward the application for final approval to the board.

- 4. The securing of any loans by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be conditioned upon approval of the application by the board, and receipt of an annual reserve participation fee, as prescribed by the board, submitted by or on behalf of the borrower.
- 5. The securing of any loan by the export finance fund for export trade activities shall be conditioned upon the board's compliance with any applicable treaties and international agreements, such as the general agreement on tariffs and trade and the subsidies code, to which the United States is then a party.
- 44 6. For any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2011, any taxpayer, including any charitable organization that is exempt from federal 45 income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would 46 be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, may, subject to the 47 limitations provided under subsection 8 of this section, receive a tax credit 48 against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, excluding 49 50withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 51148, in the amount of fifty percent of any amount contributed in money or 52property by the taxpayer to the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure 53 development fund or the export finance fund during the taxpayer's tax year, provided, however, the total tax credits awarded in any calendar year beginning 54after January 1, 1994, shall not be the greater of ten million dollars or five 55 percent of the average growth in general revenue receipts in the preceding three 56 fiscal years. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, any 57 taxpayer, including any charitable organization that is exempt from 58 federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable 59 income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under 60 chapter 143, may, subject to the limitations provided under subsection 61 62 8 of this section, receive a tax credit against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed 63 64 by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148, in the 65 amount of thirty-five percent of any amount contributed in money or 66 property by the taxpayer to the development and reserve fund, the

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infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund during the taxpayer's tax year, provided, however, the total tax credits awarded 69 in any calendar year shall not be the greater of ten million dollars or five percent of the average growth in general revenue receipts in the 70preceding three fiscal years. This limit may be exceeded only upon joint 71agreement by the commissioner of administration, the director of the department of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such 7374action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri. If the board receives, as a contribution, real property, the contributor at such contributor's own expense shall have two independent appraisals conducted by 76appraisers certified by the Master Appraisal Institute. Both appraisals shall be 78 submitted to the board, and the tax credit certified by the board to the contributor shall be based upon the value of the lower of the two appraisals. The board shall not certify the tax credit until the property is deeded to the 80 board. Such credit shall not apply to reserve participation fees paid by borrowers under sections 100.250 to 100.297. The portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years.

- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 6 of this section under the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or otherwise transfer earned tax credits:
- 90 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; 91 and
- (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned credits. The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose of this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, excluding 96 withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be carried forward for up to five years, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten years following the tax years in which the contribution was made. The assignor shall enter into 100 a written agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of 101 the agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the board in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective day of the transfer and shall

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provide any information as may be required by the board to administer and carry out the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the amount received by the assignor of such tax credit shall be taxable as income of the assignor, and the excess of the par value of such credit over the amount paid by the assignee for such credit shall be taxable as income of the assignee.

- 8. Provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, no more than ten million dollars in tax credits provided under this section, may be authorized or approved annually. The limitation on tax credit authorization and approval provided under this subsection may be exceeded only upon mutual agreement, evidenced by a signed and properly notarized letter, by the commissioner of the office of administration, the director of the department of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri provided, however, that in no case shall more than twenty-five million dollars in tax credits be authorized or approved during such year. Taxpayers shall file, with the board, an application for tax credits authorized under this section on a form provided by the board. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the ability of the board to authorize tax credits for issuance for projects authorized or approved, by a vote of the board, on or before the thirtieth day following the effective date of this act, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

100.297. 1. The board may authorize a tax credit, as described in this section, to the owner of any revenue bonds or notes issued by the board pursuant to the provisions of sections 100.250 to 100.297, for infrastructure facilities as defined in subdivision (9) of section 100.255, if, prior to the issuance of such bonds or notes, the board determines that:

6 (1) The availability of such tax credit is a material inducement to the 7 undertaking of the project in the state of Missouri and to the sale of the bonds or 8 notes;

9 (2) The loan with respect to the project is adequately secured by a first deed of trust or mortgage or comparable lien, or other security satisfactory to the board.

12 2. Upon making the determinations specified in subsection 1 of this section, the board may declare that each owner of an issue of revenue bonds or 13 notes shall be entitled, in lieu of any other deduction with respect to such bonds or notes, to a tax credit against any tax otherwise due by such owner pursuant 15 16 to the provisions of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148, in the amount of one hundred 17 percent of the unpaid principal of and unpaid interest on such bonds or notes 18 held by such owner in the taxable year of such owner following the calendar year 19 of the default of the loan by the borrower with respect to the project. The 20 occurrence of a default shall be governed by documents authorizing the issuance 2122 of the bonds. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall be available to the original owners of the bonds or notes or any subsequent owner or owners 23thereof. Once an owner is entitled to a claim, any such tax credits shall be 24transferable as provided in subsection 7 of section 100.286. Notwithstanding any 2526 provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any portion of the tax credit to which any owner of a revenue bond or note is entitled pursuant to this section which 2728 exceeds the total income tax liability of such owner of a revenue bond or note 29 shall be carried forward and allowed as a credit against any future taxes imposed 30 on such owner within the next ten years pursuant to the provisions of chapter 31 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148. The eligibility of the owner of any revenue bond or note 32 issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 100.250 to 100.297 for the tax credit 33 provided by this section shall be expressly stated on the face of each such bond 34 or note. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall also be available 35 36 to any financial institution or guarantor which executes any credit facility as 37 security for bonds issued pursuant to this section to the same extent as if such 38 financial institution or guarantor was an owner of the bonds or notes, provided however, in such case the tax credits provided by this section shall be available 39 immediately following any default of the loan by the borrower with respect to the 41 project. In addition to reimbursing the financial institution or guarantor for 42claims relating to unpaid principal and interest, such claim may include payment of any unpaid fees imposed by such financial institution or guarantor for use of 43 the credit facility.

- 3. The aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds or notes outstanding 46 at any time with respect to which the tax credit provided in this section shall be 47 available shall not exceed fifty million dollars.
- 4. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 105.716. 1. Any investigation, defense, negotiation, or compromise of any claim covered by sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall be conducted by the attorney general; provided, that in the case of any claim against the department of conservation, the department of transportation or a public institution which awards baccalaureate degrees, or any officer or employee of such department or such institution, any investigation, defense, negotiation, or compromise of any claim covered by sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall be conducted by legal counsel provided by the respective entity against which the claim is made or which employs the person against whom the claim is made.
- In the case of any payment from the state legal expense fund based upon a claim or judgment against the department of conservation, the department of transportation or any officer or employee thereof, the department so affected shall immediately transfer to the state legal expense fund from the department funds a sum equal to the amount expended from the state legal expense fund on its behalf.
- 16 2. All persons and entities protected by the state legal expense fund shall cooperate with the attorneys conducting any investigation and preparing any 17 defense under the provisions of sections 105.711 to 105.726 by assisting such 18 attorneys in all respects, including the making of settlements, the securing and 19 giving of evidence, and the attending and obtaining witness to attend hearings 2021and trials. Funds in the state legal expense fund shall not be used to pay claims and judgments against those persons and entities who do not cooperate as 2223 required by this subsection.
- 3. The provisions of sections 105.711 to 105.726 notwithstanding, the attorney general may investigate, defend, negotiate, or compromise any claim covered by sections 105.711 to 105.726 against any public institution which awards baccalaureate degrees whose governing body has declared a state of

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- 29 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of section 105.711, funds 30 in the state legal expense fund may be expended prior to the payment of any 31 claim or any final judgment to pay costs of defense, including reasonable attorney's fees for retention of legal counsel, when the attorney general 3233 determines that a conflict exists or particular expertise is required, and also to pay for related legal expenses including medical examination fees, expert witness 34 fees, court reporter expenses, travel costs and ancillary legal expenses incurred 3536 prior to the payment of a claim or any final judgment.
- 37 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, 38 no funds shall be expended from the state legal expense fund for settlement of any liability claim except upon the production of a no tax 39 40 due statement from the department of revenue by the party making claim or having judgment under section 105.711, which shall be 41 satisfied from such fund. Payments of no less than ten thousand dollars 42from the fund for property damage claims shall not require a no tax due statement from the department. If the party is found by the director of revenue to owe a delinquent tax debt to the state of 45Missouri under the revenue laws of this state, any funds to be paid to 46 the party from the state legal expense fund shall be offset to satisfy 47such tax debt before payment is made to the party making claim or 48 having judgment. 49

135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the following words and terms mean:

(1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit under sections 135.010 to 135.030. If the persons are eligible to file a joint federal income tax return and reside at the same address at any time during the taxable year, then the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a combined Missouri income tax return or a combined claim return reporting their combined incomes and property taxes. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless the claimant or spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the calendar year and the claimant or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire year, or the claimant or spouse is a veteran of any branch of the armed forces of the United States or this state who became one hundred percent disabled as a result of such service, or the claimant or spouse is disabled as defined in subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides proof of such

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disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue 15 16 may require, or if the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the last day of the calendar year and such claimant received surviving spouse Social 17 18 Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as required by the director of revenue, that the claimant received surviving spouse 19 20 Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be claimed. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the claimant 2122 filed a valid claim for a credit under section 137.106 in the year following the year for which the property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement 23shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the 2425 eligibility of a surviving spouse for a property tax credit if a person of the age of sixty-five years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a 26 property tax credit dies before the last day of the calendar year. The residency 27requirement shall also be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of 28 determining the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met the 29 30 requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the 31 calendar year;

- (2) "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a property tax credit;
- (3) ["Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, 38 at arm's length, of a homestead during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for 39 health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the rental 40 agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement. If the 41 director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at 42arm's length, and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the 43 gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of rent. Gross rent shall be deemed 44 to be paid only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of 45 46 revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a return of information by a landlord 47 receiving rent, certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and shall, by regulation, provide a 48 method for certification by the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any 49 calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations authorized by this 50

- subdivision may require a landlord or a tenant or both to provide data relating to health and personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor a tenant may be required to provide data relating to utilities, furniture, home furnishings or appliances;
- (4)] "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned [or rented] by the 55 56 claimant and not to exceed five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a 57 58multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land upon which it is 59built. "Owned" includes a vendee in possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and includes 60 a claimant actually in possession if he was the immediate former owner of record, 61 if a lineal descendant is presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile home; 63
- [(5)] (4) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as defined in section 143.121 less two thousand dollars, or in the case of a homestead owned and occupied, for the entire year, by the claimant, less four thousand dollars as an exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same address, and increased, where necessary, to reflect the following:
- 69 (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans payments and
 70 benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled
 71 veteran or a spouse of a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled
 72 veteran. The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran shall not
 73 be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
- 74 (b) The total amount of all other public and private pensions and 75 annuities;
- 76 (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment benefits received 77 in cash, other than benefits received under this chapter;
- 78 (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred in a trade or 79 business;
- 80 (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States, any state, or any of 81 their subdivisions and instrumentalities;
- [(6)] (5) "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of special assessments, penalties, interest, and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the credit only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a

87 homestead is owned only partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is 88 that part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was actually paid by the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when 89 90 the tax roll is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. If a claimant owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rents it or a different 91 homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes 9293 levied on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, multiplied by 94 the percentage of twelve months that such property was owned and occupied as 95 the homestead of the claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property 96 97 taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties occupied by the claimant as a homestead for the year. If a homestead is an 98 99 integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling 100 building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes 101 102 of this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property covered by a single tax 103 statement of which the homestead is a part[;

104 (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty percent of the gross 105 rent paid by a claimant and spouse in the calendar year].

135.025. The property taxes accrued [and rent constituting property taxes accrued] on each return shall be totaled. This total, up to [seven hundred fifty dollars in rent constituting property taxes actually paid or] eleven hundred dollars in actual property tax paid, shall be used in determining the property tax credit. The director of revenue shall prescribe regulations providing for allocations where part of a claimant's homestead is rented to another or used for nondwelling purposes or where a homestead is owned [or rented] or used as a dwelling for part of a year.

135.030. 1. As used in this section:

- 2 (1) The term "maximum upper limit" shall, for each calendar year after
 3 December 31, 1997, but before calendar year 2008, be the sum of twenty-five
 4 thousand dollars. For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008,
 5 the maximum upper limit shall be the sum of twenty-seven thousand five
 6 hundred dollars. In the case of a homestead owned and occupied for the entire
 7 year by the claimant, the maximum upper limit shall be the sum of thirty
 8 thousand dollars;
 - (2) The term "minimum base" shall, for each calendar year after December

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limit

- 31, 1997, but before calendar year 2008, be the sum of thirteen thousand dollars. For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the minimum base shall be the sum of fourteen thousand three hundred dollars. 12
- 13 2. If the income on a return is equal to or less than the maximum upper limit for the calendar year for which the return is filed, the property tax credit 14shall be determined from a table of credits based upon the amount by which the total property tax described in section 135.025 exceeds the percent of income in 16 17the following list:
- If the income on the return is: The percent is: 18 Not over the minimum base 0 percent with credit 19 20 not to exceed \$1,100 21in actual property tax 22 [or rent equivalent] paid 23 [up to \$750] 24Over the minimum base but 1/16 percent accumulative not over the maximum upper per \$300 from 0 percent 25
- The director of revenue shall prescribe a table based upon the preceding 27 sentences. The property tax shall be in increments of twenty-five dollars and the 29income in increments of three hundred dollars. The credit shall be the amount 30 rounded to the nearest whole dollar computed on the basis of the property tax and income at the midpoints of each increment. As used in this subsection, the 31term "accumulative" means an increase by continuous or repeated application of 3233 the percent to the income increment at each three hundred dollar level.

to 4 percent.

- 3. Notwithstanding subsection 4 of section 32.057, the department of revenue or any duly authorized employee or agent shall determine whether any taxpayer filing a report or return with the department of revenue who has not applied for the credit allowed pursuant to section 135.020 may qualify for the credit, and shall notify any qualified claimant of the claimant's potential eligibility, where the department determines such potential eligibility exists.
- 4. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 135.010 to 135.030 shall be authorized 42on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not 43 be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 44ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.090. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned by the surviving spouse 3 and not exceeding five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for 4 use of the dwelling as a home. As used in this section, "homestead" shall not 5 include any dwelling which is occupied by more than two families;
- 6 (2) "Public safety officer", any firefighter, police officer, capitol police
 7 officer, parole officer, probation officer, correctional employee, water patrol officer,
 8 park ranger, conservation officer, commercial motor enforcement officer,
 9 emergency medical technician, first responder, or highway patrolman employed
 10 by the state of Missouri or a political subdivision thereof who is killed in the line
 11 of duty, unless the death was the result of the officer's own misconduct or abuse
 12 of alcohol or drugs;
- 13 (3) "Surviving spouse", a spouse, who has not remarried, of a public safety 14 officer.
- 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, a surviving 15 spouse shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, 16 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount 17 equal to the total amount of the property taxes on the surviving spouse's 18 homestead paid during the tax year for which the credit is claimed. A surviving 19 20 spouse may claim the credit authorized under this section for each tax year 21beginning the year of death of the public safety officer spouse until the tax year 22in which the surviving spouse remarries. No credit shall be allowed for the tax 23 year in which the surviving spouse remarries. If the amount allowable as a credit 24exceeds the income tax reduced by other credits, then the excess shall be 25considered an overpayment of the income tax.
- 3. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.
- 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.
 - 5. [Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

- 37 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall 38 automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2007, unless reauthorized by an 39 act of the general assembly; and
- 40 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this 41 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the 42 reauthorization of this section; and
- (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.] Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act, the provisions of the program authorized under this section are hereby reauthorized and shall automatically sunset on August 28, 2015.

135.326. As used in sections 135.325 to 135.339, the following terms shall 2 mean:

- 3 (1) "Business entity", person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a
 4 shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and
 5 subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or a
 6 corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the
 7 provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its
 8 gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes
 9 to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state under the
 10 provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on
 11 its gross receipts in this state pursuant to chapter 153;
- 12 (2) "Handicap", a mental, physical, or emotional impairment that 13 substantially limits one or more major life activities, whether the impairment is 14 congenital or acquired by accident, injury or disease, and where the impairment 15 is verified by medical findings;
- (3) "Nonrecurring adoption expenses", reasonable and necessary adoption fees, court costs, attorney fees, and other expenses which are directly related to the legal adoption of a special needs child and which are not incurred in violation of federal, state, or local law. Nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not include expenses incurred as a result of an international adoption;
- 21 (4) "Special needs child", a child for whom it has been determined by the 22 division of family services, or by a child-placing agency licensed by the state, or 23 by a court of competent jurisdiction to be a child:
- 24 (a) That cannot or should not be returned to the home of his or her 25 parents; and

- 26 (b) Who has a specific factor or condition such as ethnic background, age, 27 membership in a minority or sibling group, medical condition, or handicap 28 because of which it is reasonable to conclude that such child cannot be easily 29 placed with adoptive parents;
- 30 (5) "State tax liability", any liability incurred by a taxpayer under the 31 provisions of chapter 143, chapter 147, chapter 148, and chapter 153, exclusive 32 of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 33 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions.

135.327. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "CASA", an entity which receives funding from the court-appointed 3 special advocate fund established under section 476.777, including an association 4 based in this state, affiliated with a national association, organized to provide 5 support to entities receiving funding from the court-appointed special advocate 6 fund;
- 7 (2) "Child advocacy centers", the regional child assessment centers listed 8 in subsection 2 of section 210.001;
- 9 (3) "Contribution", amount of donation to qualified agency;
- 10 (4) "Crisis care center", entities contracted with this state which provide 11 temporary care for children whose age ranges from birth through seventeen years 12 of age whose parents or guardian are experiencing an unexpected and unstable 13 or serious condition that requires immediate action resulting in short-term care, 14 usually three to five continuous, uninterrupted days, for children who may be at 15 risk for child abuse, neglect, or in an emergency situation;
 - (5) "Department", the department of revenue;
- 17 (6) "Director", the director of the department of revenue;
- 18 (7) "Qualified agency", CASA, child advocacy centers, or a crisis care 19 center;
- 20 (8) "Tax liability", the tax due under chapter 143 other than taxes 21 withheld under sections 143.191 to 143.265;
- (9) "Taxpayer", an individual, a firm, a partner in a firm, sole proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of a limited liability company, corporation as defined under sections 143.441 or 143.471, a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in this state and subject to the state income tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or a charitable organization, trust, or public or private foundation which is

exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to state income tax imposed under chapter 143.

- 2. Any person residing in this state who legally adopts a special needs child on or after January 1, 1988, and before January 1, 2000, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child adopted that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143. Any business entity providing funds to an employee to enable that employee to legally adopt a special needs child shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child adopted that may be applied to taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability, except that only one ten thousand dollar credit is available for each special needs child that is adopted.
- 3. Any person residing in this state who proceeds in good faith with the adoption of a special needs child on or after January 1, 2000, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under chapter 143; provided, however, that beginning on or after July 1, 2004, two million dollars of the tax credits allowed shall be allocated for the adoption of special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated. Any business entity providing funds to an employee to enable that employee to proceed in good faith with the adoption of a special needs child shall be eligible to receive a tax credit of up to ten thousand dollars for nonrecurring adoption expenses for each child that may be applied to taxes due under such business entity's state tax liability, except that only one ten thousand dollar credit is available for each special needs child that is adopted.
- 4. Individuals and business entities may claim a tax credit for their total nonrecurring adoption expenses in each year that the expenses are incurred. A claim for fifty percent of the credit shall be allowed when the child is placed in the home. A claim for the remaining fifty percent shall be allowed when the adoption is final. The total of these tax credits shall not exceed the maximum limit of ten thousand dollars per child. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses in any one fiscal year prior to July 1, 2004, shall not exceed two million dollars. The cumulative amount of tax credits that may be claimed by taxpayers claiming the credit for nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not be more than

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four million dollars but may be increased by appropriation in any fiscal year 65 66 beginning on or after July 1, 2004; provided, however, that by December thirty-first following each July, if less than two million dollars in credits have 67 68 been issued for adoption of special needs children who are not residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated, the remaining 69 70 amount of the cap shall be available for the adoption of special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is 7172initiated. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2006, applications to 73claim the adoption tax credit for special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated shall be filed 74between July first and April fifteenth of each fiscal year. For all fiscal years 75beginning on or after July 1, 2006, applications to claim the adoption tax credit 76 for special needs children who are not residents or wards of residents of this state 77at the time the adoption is initiated shall be filed between July first and 78 December thirty-first of each fiscal year. 79

- 80 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any individual or business entity may assign, transfer or sell tax credits allowed in this section. Any sale of tax credits claimed pursuant to this section shall be at a 82 discount rate of seventy-five percent or greater of the amount sold. 83
 - 6. The director of revenue shall establish a procedure by which, for each fiscal year, the cumulative amount of tax credits authorized in this section is equally apportioned among all taxpayers within the two categories specified in subsection 3 of this section claiming the credit in that fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the director of revenue shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that taxpayers within each category can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal year.
- 7. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, but ending 92on or before December 31, 2011, a tax credit may be claimed in an amount 93 equal to up to fifty percent of a verified contribution to a qualified agency and 94 shall be named the children in crisis tax credit. For all tax years beginning 95 96 on or after January 1, 2012, taxpayers may claim a children in crisis tax 97 credit in an amount equal to up to fifty percent of verified 98 contributions made to qualified agencies which are equal to or less 99 than one thousand dollars. In addition to the up to fifty percent credit for contributions equal to or less than one thousand dollars provided 100

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under this subsection, to the extent a taxpayer contributes an amount 101 102 in excess of one thousand dollars to qualified agencies, such taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a credit equal to up to thirty-five percent of such excess. The minimum amount of any tax credit issued shall not be less 104than fifty dollars and shall be applied to taxes due under chapter 143, excluding 105 sections 143.191 to 143.265. A contribution verification shall be issued to the 106 taxpayer by the agency receiving the contribution. Such contribution verification 107shall include the taxpayer's name, Social Security number, amount of tax credit, 108 109 amount of contribution, the name and address of the agency receiving the credit, and the date the contribution was made. The tax credit provided under this 110 111 subsection shall be initially filed for the year in which the verified contribution 112 is made.

8. The cumulative amount of the tax credits redeemed shall not exceed the unclaimed portion of the resident adoption category allocation as described in this section. The director of revenue shall determine the unclaimed portion available. The amount available shall be equally divided among the three qualified agencies: CASA, child advocacy centers, or crisis care centers to be used towards tax credits issued. In the event tax credits claimed under one agency do not total the allocated amount for that agency, the unused portion for that agency will be made available to the remaining agencies equally. In the event the total amount of tax credits claimed for any one agency exceeds the amount available for that agency, the amount redeemed shall and will be apportioned equally to all eligible taxpayers claiming the credit under that agency. After all children in crisis tax credits have been claimed, any remaining unclaimed portion of the reserved allocation for adoptions of special needs children who are residents or wards of residents of this state shall then be made available for adoption tax credit claims of special needs children who are not residents or wards of residents of this state at the time the adoption is initiated.

9. Prior to December thirty-first of each year, the entities listed under the definition of qualified agency shall apply to the department of social services in order to verify their qualified agency status. Upon a determination that the agency is eligible to be a qualified agency, the department of social services shall provide a letter of eligibility to such agency. No later than February first of each year, the department of social services shall provide a list of qualified agencies to the department of revenue. All tax credit applications to claim the children in crisis tax credit shall be filed between July first and April fifteenth of each fiscal

- 137 year. A taxpayer shall apply for the children in crisis tax credit by attaching a 138 copy of the contribution verification provided by a qualified agency to such 139 taxpayer's income tax return.
- 140 10. The tax credits provided under this section shall be subject to the provisions of section 135.333.
- 11. (1) In the event a credit denial, due to lack of available funds, causes a balance-due notice to be generated by the department of revenue, or any other redeeming agency, the taxpayer will not be held liable for any penalty or interest, provided the balance is paid, or approved payment arrangements have been made, within sixty days from the notice of denial.
- 147 (2) In the event the balance is not paid within sixty days from the notice 148 of denial, the remaining balance shall be due and payable under the provisions 149 of chapter 143.
- 12. The director shall calculate the level of appropriation necessary to issue all tax credits for nonresident special needs adoptions applied for under this section and provide such calculation to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the director of the division of budget and planning in the office of administration by January thirty-first of each year.
- 156 13. The department may promulgate such rules or regulations as are 157 necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a 158 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 159 authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with 160 and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 161 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the 162 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 163 164 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 165 or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.
 - 14. [Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 167 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under subsections 7 to 168 12 of this section shall automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2006, 169 unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- 170 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this 171 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the 172 reauthorization of this section; and

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- 173 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.] Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act, the provisions of the program authorized under this section are hereby reauthorized and shall automatically sunset on August 28, 2015.
 - 135.352. 1. A taxpayer owning an interest in a qualified Missouri project shall, subject to the limitations provided under the provisions of [subsection 3] subsections 2, 5, and 9 of this section, be allowed a state tax credit, whether or not allowed a federal tax credit, to be termed the Missouri low-income housing tax credit, if the commission issues an eligibility statement for that project.
- 6 2. For qualified Missouri projects authorized on or before June 30, 2011, and placed in service after January 1, 1997, the Missouri low-income housing tax credit available to a project shall be such amount as the commission shall determine is necessary to ensure the feasibility of the project, up to an amount equal to the federal low-income housing tax credit for a qualified Missouri 10 project, for a federal tax period, and such amount shall be subtracted from the 11 12amount of state tax otherwise due for the same tax period. For qualified Missouri projects authorized on or after July 1, 2011, the Missouri 13 low-income housing tax credits available to a project shall be such 14amount as the commission shall determine is necessary to ensure the 15feasibility of the project, for a five-year tax period, and such amount 17 shall be subtracted from the amount of state tax otherwise due for the same tax period. No more than eighty million dollars in tax credits 18 provided under sections 135.350 to 135.363 shall be authorized in any 19 fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2011. 20
 - 3. For qualified Missouri projects authorized on or after July 1, 2011, the Missouri low-income housing tax credits approved by the commission under the eligibility statement issued pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall be claimed subject to the following requirements and restrictions:
 - (1) The full amount of the annual tax credits issued on the eligibility statement may be claimed in the calendar year in which the first low-income unit in the property is occupied by a qualified tenant;
- (2) The owner of the qualified Missouri project shall, within thirty calendar days of the end of the calendar year in which the first low-income unit is occupied by a qualified tenant, submit to the

32 commission a notification indicating:

- 33 (a) The number of low-income units in the project, or in each 34 building of a multi-building project, that were occupied by qualified 35 tenants as of the end of the calendar year in which the first low-income 36 unit was occupied by a qualified tenant; and
- 37 (b) The amount of tax credits that will be claimed for the project 38 for that tax year;
- 39 (3) If the Missouri qualified project has satisfied the 40 requirements necessary to claim the full amount of tax credits issued on the eligibility statement, but has not yet rented all of the low-income 41 units to qualified tenants on or before the end of the calendar year in 42which the first low-income unit was occupied by a qualified tenant, the 43 owner of the project shall submit a second notification to the 44 commission when all of the low-income units have been occupied by 45 qualified tenants. If some of the low-income units are not occupied by 46 qualified tenants by the end of the second calendar year after the year 47 in which the first low-income unit was occupied by a qualified tenant, 48 49 the amount of tax credits associated with those units which are not 50 occupied by qualified tenants shall be reduced from the tax credits 51 approved for that year and all future credit years until all of the low-52income units have been rented to qualified tenants.
- 53 4. To the extent the amount of tax credits allocated to a qualified 54Missouri project are reduced pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, the taxpayer claiming the tax credits with respect to such project shall 55 be required to file a notification pursuant to subsection 3 of this 56 section identifying the date on which each unit was leased and shall 57then be permitted to claim credits in the first year for only those units 58that were properly occupied and shall defer the credits previously 59 claimed to the calendar year in which such units were properly placed 60 in service and shall earn credits on such units over the succeeding five 61 62 years beginning with the calendar year the units were placed in 63 service.
- 5. No more than six million dollars in tax credits shall be authorized each fiscal year for projects financed through tax-exempt bond issuance. No tax credits shall be authorized after June 30, 2011, for projects financed through tax-exempt bond issuance.
 - [4.] 6. The Missouri low-income housing tax credit shall be taken against

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- the taxes and in the order specified pursuant to section 32.115. The credit 69 70 authorized by this section shall not be refundable. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a taxpayer's taxable year may be carried back to any of 7172the taxpayer's three prior taxable years or carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five subsequent taxable years. For projects authorized on or after 7374July 1, 2011, any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a 75taxpayer's taxable year may be carried back to any of the taxpayer's two previous taxable years or carried forward to any of the taxpayer's 76 five subsequent taxable years. 77
- 78 [5.] 7. All or any portion of Missouri tax credits issued in accordance with 79 the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.362 may be allocated to parties who are 80 eligible pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section. Beginning 81 January 1, 1995, for qualified projects which began on or after January 1, 1994, an owner of a qualified Missouri project shall certify to the director the amount 82 of credit allocated to each taxpayer. The owner of the project shall provide to the 83 director appropriate information so that the low-income housing tax credit can be 84 85 properly allocated.
 - [6.] 8. In the event that recapture of Missouri low-income housing tax credits is required pursuant to subsection 2 of section 135.355, any statement submitted to the director as provided in this section shall include the proportion of the state credit required to be recaptured, the identity of each taxpayer subject to the recapture and the amount of credit previously allocated to such taxpayer.
 - [7.] 9. A taxpayer that receives tax credits under the provisions of sections 253.545 to 253.559 shall be ineligible to receive tax credits under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.363 for the same project.
 - 10. The director of the department may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.
 - 11. Notwithstanding provisions of subsection 9 of this section to the contrary, the commission shall have sole authority to promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of subsection 3 of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.
 - 12. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax

105 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after 106 August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 107 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to 108 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 109 ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.460. 1. This section and sections 620.1100 and 620.1103 shall be known and may be cited as the "Youth Opportunities and Violence Prevention 3 Act".

4 2. As used in this section, the term "taxpayer" shall include an individual, a firm, a partner in a firm, sole proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of a limited liability 6 company, corporations as defined in section 143.441 or 143.471, a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in this state and subject to the state income tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, any charitable organization which is exempt 10 from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, 11 if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, and 1213 individuals, individual proprietorships and partnerships].

3. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, 14 a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit against the tax otherwise due pursuant 15 to chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, 16 chapter 147, chapter 148, or chapter 153 in an amount equal to thirty percent for 17 property contributions and fifty percent for monetary contributions of the amount 18 such taxpayer contributed to the programs described in subsection 5 of this 19 20 section, not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars per taxable year, per 21taxpayer; except as otherwise provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 5 of this 22section. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, for contributions made to programs described in subsection 5 of this 23 section, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit against the tax 24otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, excluding withholding tax 25imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, chapter 147, chapter 148, or 26chapter 153 in an amount equal to thirty percent of property 27contributions and fifty percent for monetary contributions equal to or 28 less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit 29 30 for monetary contributions equal to or less than one thousand dollars provided under this subsection, to the extent a taxpayer makes

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monetary contributions to programs described in subsection 5 of this 32 33 section in excess of one thousand dollars, such taxpayer shall be 34 allowed to claim a credit equal to thirty-five percent of such excess. The department of economic development shall prescribe the method for 35claiming the tax credits allowed in this section. No rule or portion of a rule 36 promulgated under the authority of this section shall become effective unless it 37 has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. All rulemaking 38 39 authority delegated prior to June 27, 1997, is of no force and effect and repealed; 40 however, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the 41 validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to June 27, 1997, if such rule complied 42 with the provisions of chapter 536. The provisions of this section and chapter 536 43 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 44 pursuant to chapter 536, including the ability to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule, are subsequently held 45 unconstitutional, then the purported grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 46 47 so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall be invalid and void.

- 4. The tax credits allowed by this section shall be claimed by the taxpayer to offset the taxes that become due in the taxpayer's tax period in which the contribution was made. Any tax credit not used in such tax period may be carried over the next five succeeding tax periods. Tax credits provided under this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned.
- 5. The tax credit allowed by this section may only be claimed for monetary or property contributions to public or private programs authorized to participate pursuant to this section by the department of economic development and may be claimed for the development, establishment, implementation, operation, and expansion of the following activities and programs:
- 58 (1) An adopt-a-school program. Components of the adopt-a-school program shall include donations for school activities, seminars, and functions; 60 school-business employment programs; and the donation of property and 61 equipment of the corporation to the school;
- 62 (2) Expansion of programs to encourage school dropouts to reenter and 63 complete high school or to complete a graduate equivalency degree program;
 - (3) Employment programs. Such programs shall initially, but not exclusively, target unemployed youth living in poverty and youth living in areas with a high incidence of crime;
 - (4) New or existing youth clubs or associations;

- (5) Employment/internship/apprenticeship programs in business or trades for persons less than twenty years of age, in which case the tax credit claimed pursuant to this section shall be equal to one-half of the amount paid to the intern or apprentice in that tax year, except that such credit shall not exceed ten thousand dollars per person;
- 73 (6) Mentor and role model programs;
- 74 (7) Drug and alcohol abuse prevention training programs for youth;
- 75 (8) Donation of property or equipment of the taxpayer to schools, including 76 schools which primarily educate children who have been expelled from other 77 schools, or donation of the same to municipalities, or not-for-profit corporations 78 or other not-for-profit organizations which offer programs dedicated to youth 79 violence prevention as authorized by the department;
 - (9) Not-for-profit, private or public youth activity centers;
- 81 (10) Nonviolent conflict resolution and mediation programs;
- 82 (11) Youth outreach and counseling programs.
- 6. Any program authorized in subsection 5 of this section shall, at least annually, submit a report to the department of economic development outlining the purpose and objectives of such program, the number of youth served, the specific activities provided pursuant to such program, the duration of such program and recorded youth attendance where applicable.
- 7. The department of economic development shall, at least annually submit a report to the Missouri general assembly listing the organizations participating, services offered and the number of youth served as the result of the implementation of this section.
- 92 8. The tax credit allowed by this section shall apply to all taxable years 93 beginning after December 31, 1995.
- 94 9. For the purposes of the credits described in this section, in the case of 95 a corporation described in section 143.471, partnership, limited liability company 96 described in section 347.015, cooperative, marketing enterprise, or partnership, 97 in computing Missouri's tax liability, such credits shall be allowed to the 98 following:
- 99 (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;
- 100 (2) The partners of the partnership;
- 101 (3) The members of the limited liability company; and
- 102 (4) Individual members of the cooperative or marketing enterprise. Such 103 credits shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and (2)

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of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the 104 105 taxpayer's tax period.

106 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after 107August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 108 109 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 110 111 ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.481. 1. (1) Any taxpayer who incurs eligible costs for a new residence 2 located in a distressed community or within a census block group as described in subdivision (10) of section 135.478, or for a multiple unit condominium described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, [shall] may, upon final approval, receive a tax credit equal to fifteen percent of such costs [against his or her tax liability]. The tax credit shall not exceed forty thousand dollars per new 7 residence in any ten-year period.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, a "multiple unit condominium" is one that is intended to be owner occupied, which is constructed on property subject to an industrial development contract as defined in section 100.310 and which lies 10 within an area with a city zoning classification of urban redevelopment district 11 established after January 1, 2000, and before December 31, 2001, and which is 12constructed in connection with the qualified rehabilitation of a structure more than ninety years old eligible for the historic structures rehabilitation tax credit described in sections 253.545 to 253.559, and is under way by January 1, 2000, and completed by January 1, 2002.
 - 2. Any taxpayer who incurs eligible costs for a new residence located within a census block as described in subdivision (6) of section 135.478 [shall] may, upon final approval, receive a tax credit equal to fifteen percent of such costs [against his or her tax liability]. The tax credit shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per new residence in any ten-year period.
- 3. Any taxpayer who is not performing substantial rehabilitation and who incurs eligible costs for rehabilitation of an eligible residence or a qualifying 24residence [shall] may, upon final approval, receive a tax credit equal to twenty-five percent of such costs [against his or her tax liability]. The minimum 2526eligible costs for rehabilitation of an eligible residence shall be ten thousand 27dollars. The minimum eligible costs for rehabilitation of a qualifying residence shall be five thousand dollars. The tax credit shall not exceed twenty-five 28

- 29 thousand dollars in any ten-year period.
- 4. Any taxpayer who incurs eligible costs for substantial rehabilitation of
- 31 a qualifying residence [shall] may, upon final approval, receive a tax credit
- 32 equal to thirty-five percent of such costs [against his or her tax liability]. The
- 33 minimum eligible costs for substantial rehabilitation of a qualifying residence
- 34 shall be ten thousand dollars. The tax credit shall not exceed seventy thousand
- 35 dollars in any ten-year period.
- 5. A taxpayer [shall] may be eligible to receive tax credits for new
- 37 construction or rehabilitation pursuant to only one subsection of this section.
- 38 6. No tax credit shall be issued pursuant to this section for any structure
- 39 which is in violation of any municipal or county property, maintenance or zoning
- 40 code.
- 7. No tax credit shall be issued pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487
- 42 for the construction or rehabilitation of rental property.
 - 135.484. 1. Beginning January 1, 2000, tax credits shall be allowed
- 2 pursuant to section 135.481 in an amount not to exceed sixteen million dollars
- 3 per year. Of this total amount of tax credits in any given year, eight million
- 4 dollars shall be set aside for projects in areas described in subdivision (6) of
- 5 section 135.478 and eight million dollars for projects in areas described in
- 6 subdivision (10) of section 135.478. The maximum tax credit for a project
 - consisting of multiple-unit qualifying residences in a distressed community shall
- 8 not exceed three million dollars.
- 9 2. Beginning January 1, 2012, tax credits shall be allowed
- 10 pursuant to section 135.481 in an amount not to exceed ten million
- 11 dollars per year and shall be available for projects described under
- 12 subdivisions (6) and (10) of section 135.478 based upon demand. The
- 13 maximum tax credit for a project consisting of multiple-unit qualifying
- 14 residences in a distress community shall not exceed three million
- 15 dollars.
- 16 3. Any amount of credit which exceeds the tax liability of a taxpayer for
- 17 the tax year in which the credit is first claimed may be carried back to any of the
- 18 taxpayer's three prior tax years and carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five
- 19 subsequent tax years. A certificate of tax credit issued to a taxpayer by the
- 20 department may be assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed. Whenever
- 21 a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a
- 22 notarized endorsement shall be filed with the department specifying the name

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23 and address of the new owner of the tax credit and the value of the credit.

24 [3.] 4. The tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 may not be claimed in addition to any other state tax credits, with the exception 2526of the historic structures rehabilitation tax credit authorized pursuant to sections 253.545 to 253.559, which insofar as sections 135.475 to 135.487 are concerned 2728may be claimed only in conjunction with the tax credit allowed pursuant to 29 subsection 4 of section 135.481. In order for a taxpayer eligible for the historic 30 structures rehabilitation tax credit to claim the tax credit allowed pursuant to 31 subsection 4 of section 135.481, the taxpayer must comply with the requirements of sections 253.545 to 253.559, and in such cases, the amount of the tax credit 3233 pursuant to subsection 4 of section 135.481 shall be limited to the lesser of twenty percent of the taxpayer's eligible costs or forty thousand dollars. 34

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 135.475 to 135.487 shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.487. 1. To obtain any credit allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487, a taxpayer shall submit to the department, for preliminary approval, an application for tax credit. A neighborhood association may submit an application on behalf of its homeowner members. The director shall review each application and may grant preliminary approval to those applications proposing projects that can be reasonably anticipated to 6 7 provide the greatest impact on the neighborhood in which the project is located. The director shall, upon final approval of an application and presentation of acceptable proof of substantial completion of construction, issue [the] a taxpayer with preliminary approval for a certificate of tax 10 11 credit. [The director shall issue all credits allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 in the order the applications are received.] In the case of a taxpayer 12other than an owner-occupant, the director shall not delay the issuance of a tax credit pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 until the sale of a residence at 14market rate for owner-occupancy. A taxpayer[, taxpayer] other than an 15owner-occupant who receives a certificate of tax credit pursuant to sections 16 135.475 to 135.487 shall, within thirty days of the date of the sale of a residence, 17furnish to the director satisfactory proof that such residence was sold at market

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rate for owner-occupancy. Any taxpayer who receives a certificate of tax credit pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 and who is an owner-20 occupant of a residence that is sold within five years of the date of 21substantial completion of construction shall repay the face amount of 2223 the tax credits received with respect to the residence, divided by the amount of time that the taxpayer occupied the residence following 2425substantial completion of construction. If the director reasonably determines that a residence was not in good faith intended for long-term owner 26 occupancy, the director make revoke any tax credits issued and seek recovery of 27any tax credits issued pursuant to section 620.017. 28

- 2. The department may cooperate with a municipality or a county in which a project is located to help identify the location of the project, the type and eligibility of the project, the estimated cost of the project and the completion date of the project.
- 33 3. The department may promulgate such rules or regulations or issue administrative guidelines as are necessary to administer the provisions of sections 135.475 to 135.487. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536.
- 4. The department shall conduct annually a comprehensive program evaluation illustrating where the tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 are being utilized, explaining the economic impact of such program and making recommendations on appropriate program modifications to ensure the program's success.

135.490. 1. In order to encourage and foster community improvement, an eligible small business, as defined in Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed a credit not to exceed five thousand dollars against the tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, not including sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of all eligible access expenditures exceeding the monetary cap provided by Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this section, "eligible access expenditures" means amounts paid or incurred by the taxpayer in order to comply with applicable access requirements provided by the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, as further defined in Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code and federal rulings interpreting Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code.

2. The tax credit allowed by this section shall be claimed by the taxpayer

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at the time such taxpayer files a return. Any amount of tax credit which exceeds the tax due shall be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, but shall not be refunded and shall not be transferable. 15

- 16 3. The director of the department of economic development and the director of the department of revenue shall jointly administer the tax credit 17authorized by this section. Both the director of the department of economic 19 development and the director of the department of revenue are authorized to 20promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this 21section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of 22this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536.
- 4. The provisions of this section shall become effective on January 1, 2000, 24 and shall apply to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999. 25
 - 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

135.535. 1. A corporation, limited liability corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship, which moves its operations from outside Missouri or outside a distressed community into a distressed community, or which commences operations in a distressed community on or after January 1, 1999, and in either 5 case has more than seventy-five percent of its employees at the facility in the distressed community, and which has fewer than one hundred employees for whom payroll taxes are paid, and which is a manufacturing, biomedical, medical devices, scientific research, animal research, computer software design or 9 development, computer programming, including Internet, web hosting, and other information technology, wireless or wired or other telecommunications or a 10 professional firm shall receive a forty percent credit against income taxes owed pursuant to chapter 143, 147 or 148, other than taxes withheld pursuant to 12sections 143.191 to 143.265, for each of the three years after such move, if 13 approved by the department of economic development, which shall issue a 14certificate of eligibility if the department determines that the taxpayer is eligible 16 for such credit. The maximum amount of credits per taxpayer set forth in this subsection shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each of 17

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the three years for which the credit is claimed. The department of economic 18 19 development, by means of rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, shall assign appropriate North American Industry 20 21Classification System numbers to the companies which are eligible for the tax credits provided for in this section. Such three-year credits shall be awarded only 2223one time to any company which moves its operations from outside of Missouri or outside of a distressed community into a distressed community or to a company 2425which commences operations within a distressed community. A taxpayer shall 26 file an application for certification of the tax credits for the first year in which credits are claimed and for each of the two succeeding taxable years for which 27credits are claimed. 28

- 2. Employees of such facilities physically working and earning wages for that work within a distressed community whose employers have been approved for tax credits pursuant to subsection 1 of this section by the department of economic development for whom payroll taxes are paid shall also be eligible to receive a tax credit against individual income tax, imposed pursuant to chapter 143, equal to one and one-half percent of their gross salary paid at such facility earned for each of the three years that the facility receives the tax credit provided by this section, so long as they were qualified employees of such entity. The employer shall calculate the amount of such credit and shall report the amount to the employee and the department of revenue.
- 39 3. A tax credit against income taxes owed pursuant to chapter 143, 147 40 or 148, other than the taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, in lieu of the credit against income taxes as provided in subsection 1 of this section, 41 may be taken by such an entity in a distressed community in an amount of forty 42percent of the amount of funds expended for computer equipment and its 43 maintenance, medical laboratories and equipment, research laboratory 44 equipment, manufacturing equipment, fiber optic equipment, high speed 45 telecommunications, wiring or software development expense up to a maximum 46 of seventy-five thousand dollars in tax credits for such equipment or expense per 47 48 year per entity and for each of three years after commencement in or moving 49 operations into a distressed community.
 - 4. A corporation, partnership or sole partnership, which has no more than one hundred employees for whom payroll taxes are paid, which is already located in a distressed community and which expends funds for such equipment pursuant to subsection 3 of this section in an amount exceeding its average of the prior two

years for such equipment, shall be eligible to receive a tax credit against income taxes owed pursuant to chapters 143, 147 and 148 in an amount equal to the lesser of seventy-five thousand dollars or twenty-five percent of the funds expended for such additional equipment per such entity. Tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection or subsection 1 of this section may be carried back to any of the three prior tax years and carried forward to any of the five tax years.

- 5. An existing corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship that is located within a distressed community and that relocates employees from another facility outside of the distressed community to its facility within the distressed community, and an existing business located within a distressed community that hires new employees for that facility may both be eligible for the tax credits allowed by subsections 1 and 3 of this section. To be eligible for such tax credits, such a business, during one of its tax years, shall employ within a distressed community at least twice as many employees as were employed at the beginning of that tax year. A business hiring employees shall have no more than one hundred employees before the addition of the new employees. This subsection shall only apply to a business which is a manufacturing, biomedical, medical devices, scientific research, animal research, computer software design or development, computer programming or telecommunications business, or a professional firm.
- 6. Tax credits shall be approved for applicants meeting the requirements of this section in the order that such applications are received. Certificates of tax credits issued in accordance with this section may be transferred, sold or assigned by notarized endorsement which names the transferree.
- 7. The tax credits allowed pursuant to subsections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of this section shall be for an amount of no more than ten million dollars for each year beginning in 1999. [To the extent there are available tax credits remaining under the ten million dollar cap provided in this section, up to one hundred thousand dollars in the remaining credits shall first be used for tax credits authorized under section 135.562.] The total maximum credit for all entities already located in distressed communities and claiming credits pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall be seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The department of economic development in approving taxpayers for the credit as provided for in subsection 6 of this section shall use information provided by the department of revenue regarding taxes paid in the previous year, or projected taxes for those entities newly established in the state, as the method of determining when this

- 90 maximum will be reached and shall maintain a record of the order of 91 approval. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over until the full credit has been allowed. 92
- 93 8. A Missouri employer relocating into a distressed community and having employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement at the facility from which 94 95 it is relocating shall not be eligible for the credits in subsection 1, 3, 4 or 5 of this section, and its employees shall not be eligible for the credit in subsection 2 of 96 97 this section if the relocation violates or terminates a collective bargaining 98 agreement covering employees at the facility, unless the affected collective bargaining unit concurs with the move. 99
- 100 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits allowed in this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed 101 in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions, and refund otherwise allowed 102 in sections 135.200, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same 103 104 business for the same tax period.

135.550. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds or other marketable securities, or real property; 3
- 4 (2) "Shelter for victims of domestic violence", a facility located in this state 5 which meets the definition of a shelter for victims of domestic violence pursuant to section 455.200 and which meets the requirements of section 455.220;
- 7 (3) "State tax liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, chapter 147, chapter 148, and chapter 153, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related 10 provisions, and in the case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by 11 such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143; 12
- (4) "Taxpayer", [a person] an individual, firm, a partner in a firm, sole 13 proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of 14 a limited liability company, corporation, as defined under section 143.441 15 or 143.471, or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in [the] this 16 17 state [of Missouri] and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, [or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax 19 imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, including anyl excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or any charitable 20 21organization trust, or public or private foundation which is exempt from

by the provisions of chapter 143].

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- federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, 2223 would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143[, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this 2425state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any 26political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an 27express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject to the state income tax imposed 28
- 30 2. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer 32contributed to a shelter for victims of domestic violence. For all taxable years 33 beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be allowed to 34claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an 35amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed 36 to shelters for victims of domestic violence for contributions equal to 38 or less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit allowed for contributions equal to or less than one thousand 39 dollars provided under this subsection, to the extent a taxpayer 40contributes an amount in excess of one thousand dollars to shelters for victims of domestic violence, such taxpayer shall be allowed to claim
- 44 3. For all tax credits issued on or before December 31, 2011, the amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's 45 state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed, and such 46 taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per taxable year. For all tax credits issued on or after January 1, 48 2012, the amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount 49 50of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the taxable year 51the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four succeeding 52taxable years until the full credit has been claimed. Tax credits provided under this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned. 54

a credit equal to thirty-five percent of such excess.

55 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit 56 unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a

58 shelter or shelters for victims of domestic violence in such taxpayer's taxable year 59 has a value of at least one hundred dollars.

- 5. The director of the department of social services shall determine, at least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as shelters for victims of domestic violence. The director of the department of social services may require of a facility seeking to be classified as a shelter for victims of domestic violence whatever information is reasonably necessary to make such a determination. The director of the department of social services shall classify a facility as a shelter for victims of domestic violence if such facility meets the definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
- 6. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a shelter for victims of domestic violence, and by which such taxpayer can then contribute to such shelter for victims of domestic violence and claim a tax credit. Shelters for victims of domestic violence shall be permitted to decline a contribution from a taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to shelters for victims of domestic violence in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars.
- 7. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined by the director of the department of social services, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned among all facilities classified as shelters for victims of domestic violence. If a shelter for victims of domestic violence fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time, the director of the department of social services may reapportion these unused tax credits to those shelters for victims of domestic violence that have used all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of their apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time. The director of the department of social services may establish more than one period of time and reapportion more than once during each fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the director of the department of social services shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal year.

- 94 8. This section shall become effective January 1, 2000, and shall apply to 95 all tax years after December 31, 1999.
- 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 135.562. 1. If any taxpayer with a federal adjusted gross income of thirty thousand dollars or less incurs costs for the purpose of making all or any portion of such taxpayer's principal dwelling accessible to an individual with a disability who permanently resides with the taxpayer, such taxpayer shall receive a tax credit against such taxpayer's Missouri income tax liability in an amount equal to the lesser of one hundred percent of such costs or two thousand five hundred dollars per taxpayer, per tax year.
- 8 2. Any taxpayer with a federal adjusted gross income greater than thirty 9 thousand dollars but less than sixty thousand dollars who incurs costs for the purpose of making all or any portion of such taxpayer's principal dwelling 10 accessible to an individual with a disability who permanently resides with the 11 12taxpayer shall receive a tax credit against such taxpayer's Missouri income tax liability in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such costs or two thousand five hundred dollars per taxpayer per tax year. No taxpayer shall be 1415 eligible to receive tax credits under this section in any tax year immediately 16 following a tax year in which such taxpayer received tax credits under the 17 provisions of this section.
- 3. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be refundable in an amount not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars per tax year.
- 20 4. Eligible costs for which the credit may be claimed include:
- 21 (1) Constructing entrance or exit ramps;
- 22 (2) Widening exterior or interior doorways;
- 23 (3) Widening hallways;
- 24 (4) Installing handrails or grab bars;
- 25 (5) Moving electrical outlets and switches;
- 26 (6) Installing stairway lifts;
- 27 (7) Installing or modifying fire alarms, smoke detectors, and other alerting
- 28 systems;

- 29 (8) Modifying hardware of doors; or
- 30 (9) Modifying bathrooms.
- 5. The tax credits allowed, including the maximum amount that may be
- 32 claimed, pursuant to this section shall be reduced by an amount sufficient to
- 33 offset any amount of such costs a taxpayer has already deducted from such
- 34 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or to the extent such taxpayer has
- 35 applied any other state or federal income tax credit to such costs.
- 6. A taxpayer shall claim a credit allowed by this section in the same
- 37 taxable year as the credit is issued, and at the time such taxpayer files his or her
- 38 Missouri income tax return; provided that such return is timely filed.
- 7. The department may, in consultation with the department of social
- 40 services, promulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary to administer the
- 41 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined
- 42 in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section
- 43 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the
- 44 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and
- 45 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- 46 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to
- 47 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 48 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 49 2007, shall be invalid and void.
- 50 8. The provisions of this section shall apply to all tax years beginning on
- 51 or after January 1, 2008.
- 52 9. [The provisions of this section shall expire December 31, 2013.
- 53 10.] In no event shall the aggregate amount of all tax credits allowed
- 54 pursuant to this section exceed one hundred thousand dollars in any given fiscal
- 55 year. The tax credits issued pursuant to this section shall be on a first-come,
- 56 first-served filing basis.
- 57 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax
- 58 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
- 59 August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be
- 60 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to
- 61 $\,$ issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's
- 62 ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 135.575. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 2 (1) "Missouri health care access fund", the fund created in section

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- 4 (2) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, 5 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265;
- 6 (3) "Taxpayer", [any] an individual, [subject to the tax imposed in chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265] a firm, 7 a partner in a firm, sole proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of a limited liability company, corporation as defined under sections 143.441 or 143.471, a shareholder in an S 10 corporation doing business in this state and subject to the state income 11 12tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or a charitable organization, trust, or public 13 14or private foundation which is exempt from federal income tax and 15 whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be 16 subject to state income tax imposed under chapter 143.
 - 2. The provisions of this section shall be subject to section 33.282. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit for donations in excess of one hundred dollars made to the Missouri health care access fund. The tax credit shall be subject to annual approval by the senate appropriations committee and the house budget committee. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, the tax credit amount shall be equal to one-half of the total donation made, but shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per taxpayer claiming the credit. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the tax credit amount shall be equal to fifty percent of donations made which are equal to or less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit allowed for donations equal to or less than one thousand dollars provided under this subsection, if a taxpayer makes contributions in excess of one thousand dollars, such taxpayer shall be allowed a credit in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of such excess. If the amount of the tax credit issued exceeds the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the tax year for which the credit is claimed, the difference shall not be refundable but may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's next four taxable years. [No tax credit] Tax credits granted under this section [shall] may be transferred, sold, or assigned. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be issued under this section in any one fiscal year shall not exceed one million dollars.
 - 3. The department of revenue may promulgate rules to implement the

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39 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined 40 in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 41 42provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general 43 44 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 45 46 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void. 47

- 4. [Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2007, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
- (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.] Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act, the provisions of the program authorized under this section are hereby reauthorized and shall automatically sunset on August 28, 2015.

135.600. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds or other marketable 3 securities, or real property;
- 4 (2) "Maternity home", a residential facility located in this state 5 established for the purpose of providing housing and assistance to pregnant 6 women who are carrying their pregnancies to term, and which is exempt from 7 income taxation under the United States Internal Revenue Code;
- 8 (3) "State tax liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability 9 incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143, chapter 147, 10 chapter 148, and chapter 153, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265, and related 12 provisions, and in the case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by 13 such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapter 143;
 - (4) "Taxpayer", [a person] an individual, firm, a partner in a firm, sole proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of

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a limited liability company, corporation as defined under sections 143.441 17 or 143.471, [or] a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in [the] this state [of Missouri] and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions 18 19 of chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or a [including any] charitable organization, trust, or public or 2021private foundation which is exempt from federal income tax and whose 22Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state 23income tax imposed under chapter 143, [or a corporation subject to the annual 24corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this 2526 state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an 27express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state 2829pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143]. 30

- 2. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a maternity home. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer contributed to maternity homes if such contributions are equal to or less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit allowed for contributions equal to or less than one thousand dollars provided under this subsection, if a taxpayer makes contributions in excess of one thousand dollars, such taxpayer shall be allowed a credit in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of such excess.
- 3. For tax credits issued on or before December 31, 2011, the amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed, and such taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand dollars per taxable year. For tax credits issued on or after January 1, 2012, the amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year that the credit is claimed. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the taxable year

the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four succeeding taxable years until the full credit has been claimed. Tax credits provided under this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned.

- 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a maternity home or homes in such taxpayer's taxable year has a value of at least one hundred dollars.
- 5. The director of the department of social services shall determine, at least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as maternity homes. The director of the department of social services may require of a facility seeking to be classified as a maternity home whatever information is reasonably necessary to make such a determination. The director of the department of social services shall classify a facility as a maternity home if such facility meets the definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
 - 6. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a maternity home, and by which such taxpayer can then contribute to such maternity home and claim a tax credit. Maternity homes shall be permitted to decline a contribution from a taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to maternity homes in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars.
 - 7. The director of the department of social services shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined by the director of the department of social services, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned among all facilities classified as maternity homes. If a maternity home fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time, the director of the department of social services may reapportion these unused tax credits to those maternity homes that have used all, or some percentage to be determined by the director of the department of social services, of their apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time. The director of the department of social services may establish more than one period of time and reapportion more than once during each fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the director of the department of social services shall establish

- 88 the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that
- 89 taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of
- 90 tax credits available for the fiscal year.
- 91 8. This section shall become effective January 1, 2000, and shall apply to
- 92 all tax years after December 31, 1999.
- 93 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax
- 94 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
- 95 August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be
- 96 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to
- 97 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's
- 98 ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 135.630. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 2 (1) "Contribution", a donation of cash, stock, bonds, or other marketable
- 3 securities, or real property;
- 4 (2) "Director", the director of the department of social services;
- 5 (3) "Pregnancy resource center", a nonresidential facility located in this
- 6 state:
- 7 (a) Established and operating primarily to provide assistance to women
- 8 with crisis pregnancies or unplanned pregnancies by offering pregnancy testing,
- 9 counseling, emotional and material support, and other similar services to
- 10 encourage and assist such women in carrying their pregnancies to term; and
- 11 (b) Where childbirths are not performed; and
- 12 (c) Which does not perform, induce, or refer for abortions and which does
- 13 not hold itself out as performing, inducing, or referring for abortions; and
- 14 (d) Which provides direct client services at the facility, as opposed to
- 15 merely providing counseling or referral services by telephone; and
- 16 (e) Which provides its services at no cost to its clients; and
- 17 (f) When providing medical services, such medical services must be
- 18 performed in accordance with Missouri statute; and
- 19 (g) Which is exempt from income taxation pursuant to the Internal
- 20 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- 21 (4) "State tax liability", in the case of a business taxpayer, any liability
- 22 incurred by such taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of chapters 143, 147, 148,
- 23 and 153, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions, and in the
- 24 case of an individual taxpayer, any liability incurred by such taxpayer pursuant
- 25 to the provisions of chapter 143, excluding sections 143.191 to 143.265 and

related provisions; 26

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- (5) "Taxpayer", [a person] an individual, firm, a partner in a firm, sole proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of 28 29 a limited liability company, corporation as defined under section 143.441 30 or 143.471, or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in [the] this state [of Missouri] and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions 32of chapter 143, [or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance company paying an 33 annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial 34 institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of 36 this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state pursuant to chapter 153, or an individual subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 38 143, or any excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 39 143.265, or a charitable organization, trust, or public or private foundation which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business 42 taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under 43 chapter 143.
- 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but ending 44 45on or before December 31, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed to claim a tax 46 credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability in an amount equal to fifty percent 47 of the amount such taxpayer contributed to a pregnancy resource center. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a taxpayer shall be 48 allowed to claim a tax credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability 49 in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount such taxpayer 50 contributed pregnancy resource centers for contributions equal to or 51 less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit 5253 allowed for contributions equal to or less than one thousand dollars provided under this subsection, if a taxpayer makes contributions in 54 55 excess of one thousand dollars, such taxpayer shall be allowed a credit in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of such excess. 56
- 3. For tax credits issued on or before December 31 2011, the 57 amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's 58 state tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, and such 59 taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit in excess of fifty thousand 60 dollars per taxable year. For tax credits issued on or after January 1,

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- 2012, the amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount 62 63 of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed. However, any tax credit that cannot be claimed in the 64taxable year the contribution was made may be carried over to the next four 65 succeeding taxable years until the full credit has been claimed. 66
- 67 4. Except for any excess credit which is carried over pursuant to 68 subsection 3 of this section, a taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim a tax credit unless the total amount of such taxpayer's contribution or contributions to a 69 70 pregnancy resource center or centers in such taxpayer's taxable year has a value 71of at least one hundred dollars.
 - 5. The director shall determine, at least annually, which facilities in this state may be classified as pregnancy resource centers. The director may require of a facility seeking to be classified as a pregnancy resource center whatever information which is reasonably necessary to make such a determination. The director shall classify a facility as a pregnancy resource center if such facility meets the definition set forth in subsection 1 of this section.
- 78 6. The director shall establish a procedure by which a taxpayer can determine if a facility has been classified as a pregnancy resource 7980 center. Pregnancy resource centers shall be permitted to decline a contribution from a taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by all the taxpayers contributing to pregnancy resource centers in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars. Tax credits shall be issued in the order contributions are received.
- 85 7. The director shall establish a procedure by which, from the beginning of the fiscal year until some point in time later in the fiscal year to be determined 86 by the director, the cumulative amount of tax credits are equally apportioned 87 among all facilities classified as pregnancy resource centers. If a pregnancy 88 resource center fails to use all, or some percentage to be determined by the 89 director, of its apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of time, 90 the director may reapportion these unused tax credits to those pregnancy 91 92resource centers that have used all, or some percentage to be determined by the director, of their apportioned tax credits during this predetermined period of 93 94time. The director may establish more than one period of time and reapportion 95more than once during each fiscal year. To the maximum extent possible, the director shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a 96 97 manner as to ensure that taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to

- 98 the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal year.
- 8. Each pregnancy resource center shall provide information to the
- 100 director concerning the identity of each taxpayer making a contribution to the
- 101 pregnancy resource center who is claiming a tax credit pursuant to this section
- 102 and the amount of the contribution. The director shall provide the information
- 103 to the director of revenue. The director shall be subject to the confidentiality and
- 104 penalty provisions of section 32.057 relating to the disclosure of tax information.
- 9. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any tax credits granted
- 106 under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed
- 107 without consent or approval. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for
- 108 purposes of this section, may sell, assign, exchange, or otherwise transfer earned
- 109 tax credits:
- (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits;
- 111 and
- 112 (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned
- 113 credits.
- 114 10. [Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- (1) Any new program authorized under this section shall automatically
- 116 sunset six years after August 28, 2006, unless reauthorized by an act of the
- 117 general assembly; and
- 118 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this
- 119 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the
- 120 reauthorization of this section; and
- 121 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year
- 122 immediately following the calendar year in which a program authorized under
- 123 this section is sunset.] Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset
- 124 act, the provisions of the program authorized under this section are
- 125 hereby reauthorized and shall automatically sunset on August 28, 2015.
 - 135.647. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
 - 2 (1) "Local food pantry", any food pantry that is:
 - 3 (a) Exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
 - 4 Code of 1986, as amended; and
 - 5 (b) Distributing emergency food supplies to Missouri low-income people
 - 6 who would otherwise not have access to food supplies in the area in which the
 - 7 taxpayer claiming the tax credit under this section resides;
 - 8 (2) "Taxpayer", an individual, a firm, a partner in a firm, sole

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proprietorship, partner in a limited or general partnership, member of a limited liability company, corporation as defined under section 143.441 or 143.471, [or] a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in this state and subject to the state income tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or a charitable organization, trust, or public or private foundation which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to state income tax imposed under chapter 143.

2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but ending on or before December 31, 2011, any taxpayer who donates cash or food, unless such food is donated after the food's expiration date, to any local food pantry shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the value of the donations made to the extent such amounts that have been subtracted from federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable income are added back in the determination of Missouri adjusted gross income or Missouri taxable income before the credit can be claimed. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, any taxpayer who donates cash or food, unless such food is donated after the food's expiration date, to any local food pantry shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the value of the donations made which are equal to or less than one thousand dollars. In addition to the fifty percent credit for donations equal to or less than one thousand dollars provided under this subsection, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit for donations in excess of one thousand dollars in an amount equal to thirty-five percent of such excess. Tax credits authorized under this section shall only be available to the extent the amounts donated that have been subtracted from federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable income are added back in the determination of Missouri adjusted gross income or Missouri taxable income before the credit can be claimed. Each taxpayer claiming a tax credit under this section shall file an affidavit with the income tax return verifying the amount of their contributions. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, the amount of the tax credit claimed

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shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the tax year 45 46 that the credit is claimed, and shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars per taxpayer claiming the credit. Any amount of credit that the taxpayer is 47 48 prohibited by this section from claiming in a tax year shall not be refundable, but may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's three subsequent taxable 49 50 years. [No tax credit granted] Tax credits granted under this section [shall] may be transferred, sold, or assigned. No taxpayer shall be eligible to receive a 51credit pursuant to this section if such taxpayer employs persons who are not 52 authorized to work in the United States under federal law. For all taxable 53 54years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the amount of the tax 55 credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the tax year that the credit is claimed, and shall not exceed 56 57 ten thousand dollars per taxpayer claiming the credit for donations of food. Any amount of credit that the taxpayer is prohibited by this 58 section from claiming in a tax year shall not be refundable, but may be 59 carried forward to any of the taxpayer's three subsequent taxable 60 61 years.

- 3. The cumulative amount of tax credits under this section which may be allocated to all taxpayers contributing to a local food pantry in any one fiscal year shall not exceed two million dollars. The director of revenue shall establish a procedure by which the cumulative amount of tax credits is apportioned among all taxpayers claiming the credit by April fifteenth of the fiscal year in which the tax credit is claimed. To the maximum extent possible, the director of revenue shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that taxpayers can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the fiscal year.
- 4. Any local food pantry may accept or reject any donation of food made under this section for any reason. For purposes of this section, any donations of food accepted by a local food pantry shall be valued at fair market value, or at wholesale value if the taxpayer making the donation of food is a retail grocery store, food broker, wholesaler, or restaurant.
- 5. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and

- 81 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- 82 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to
- 83 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 84 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 85 2007, shall be invalid and void.
- 6. [Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 87 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall 88 automatically sunset four years after August 28, 2007, unless reauthorized by an 89 act of the general assembly; and
- 90 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this 91 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the 92 reauthorization of this section; and
- 93 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year 94 immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under 95 this section is sunset.] Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset 96 act, the provisions of the program authorized under this section are 97 hereby reauthorized and shall automatically sunset on August 28, 2015.
- 135.679. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Qualified Beef Tax Credit Act".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Agricultural property", any real and personal property, including but 5 not limited to buildings, structures, improvements, equipment, and livestock, that
- 6 is used in or is to be used in this state by residents of this state for:
- 7 (a) The operation of a farm or ranch; and
- 8 (b) Grazing, feeding, or the care of livestock;
- 9 (2) "Authority", the agricultural and small business development 10 authority established in chapter 348;
- 11 (3) "Backgrounded", any additional weight at the time of the first 12 qualifying sale, before being finished, above the established baseline weight;
- 13 (4) "Baseline weight", the average weight in the immediate past three 14 years of all beef animals sold that are thirty months of age or younger, 15 categorized by sex. Baseline weight for qualified beef animals that are physically 16 out-of-state but whose ownership is retained by a resident of this state shall be 17 established by the average transfer weight in the immediate past three years of 18 all beef animals that are thirty months of age or younger and that are transferred 19 out-of-state but whose ownership is retained by a resident of this state,

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categorized by sex. The established baseline weight shall be effective for a period of three years. If the taxpayer is a qualifying beef animal producer with fewer than three years of production, the baseline weight shall be established by the available average weight in the immediate past year of all beef animals sold that are thirty months of age or younger, categorized by sex. If the qualifying beef animal producer has no previous production, the baseline weight shall be established by the authority;

- (5) "Finished", the period from backgrounded to harvest;
- (6) "Qualifying beef animal", any beef animal that is certified by the authority, that was born in this state after August 28, 2008, that was raised and backgrounded or finished in this state by the taxpayer, excluding any beef animal more than thirty months of age as verified by certified written birth records;
- (7) "Qualifying sale", the first time a qualifying beef animal is sold in this state after the qualifying beef animal is backgrounded, and a subsequent sale if the weight of the qualifying beef animal at the time of the subsequent sale is greater than the weight of the qualifying beef animal at the time of the first qualifying sale of such beef animal;
- 37 (8) "Tax credit", a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, 38 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or otherwise 39 due under chapter 147;
 - (9) "Taxpayer", any individual or entity who:
- 41 (a) Is subject to the tax imposed in chapter 143, excluding withholding tax 42 imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax imposed in chapter 147;
- 43 (b) In the case of an individual, is a resident of this state as verified by 44 a 911 address or in the absence of a 911 system, a physical address; and
 - (c) Owns or rents agricultural property and principal place of business is located in this state.
- 47 3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, [but ending on or before December 31, 2016,] a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit for the 48 first qualifying sale and for a subsequent qualifying sale of all qualifying beef 49 50 animals. The tax credit amount for the first qualifying sale shall be ten cents per 51 pound, shall be based on the backgrounded weight of all qualifying beef animals 52at the time of the first qualifying sale, and shall be calculated as follows: the 53 qualifying sale weight minus the baseline weight multiplied by ten cents, as long as the qualifying sale weight is equal to or greater than two hundred pounds 54 above the baseline weight. The tax credit amount for each subsequent qualifying

sale shall be ten cents per pound, shall be based on the backgrounded weight of all qualifying beef animals at the time of the subsequent qualifying sale, and shall be calculated as follows: the qualifying sale weight minus the baseline weight multiplied by ten cents, as long as the qualifying sale weight is equal to or greater than two hundred pounds above the baseline weight. The authority may waive no more than twenty-five percent of the two hundred pound weight gain requirement, but any such waiver shall be based on a disaster declaration issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

- 4. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which the credit is claimed. No tax credit claimed under this section shall be refundable. The tax credit shall be claimed in the taxable year in which the qualifying sale of the qualifying beef occurred, but any amount of credit that the taxpayer is prohibited by this section from claiming in a taxable year may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five subsequent taxable years and carried backward to any of the taxpayer's three previous taxable years. The amount of tax credits that may be issued to all eligible applicants claiming tax credits authorized in this section in a fiscal year shall not exceed three million dollars. Tax credits shall be issued on an as-received application basis until the fiscal year limit is reached. Any credits not issued in any fiscal year shall expire and shall not be issued in any subsequent years.
- 5. To claim the tax credit allowed under this section, the taxpayer shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit on a form provided by the authority and any application fee imposed by the authority. The application shall be filed with the authority at the end of each calendar year in which a qualified sale was made and for which a tax credit is claimed under this section. The application shall include any certified documentation and information required by the authority. All required information obtained by the authority shall be confidential and not disclosed except by court order, subpoena, or as otherwise provided by law. If the taxpayer and the qualified sale meet all criteria required by this section and approval is granted by the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credit certificates issued under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, and the new owner of the tax credit certificate shall have the same rights in the tax credit as the original taxpayer. Whenever a tax credit certificate is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed

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92 with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax 93 credit certificate or the value of the tax credit.

- 6. Any information provided under this section shall be confidential information, to be shared with no one except state and federal animal health officials, except as provided in subsection 5 of this section.
- 97 7. The authority may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this 98 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, 99 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 100 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, 101 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 102 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 103 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and 104 any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void. 105
 - 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 9. This section shall not be subject to the Missouri sunset act, sections 23.250 to 23.298.

135.700. 1. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a grape grower or wine producer shall be allowed a tax credit against the state tax liability incurred pursuant to chapter 143, exclusive of the provisions relating to 3 the withholding of tax as provided in sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the purchase price of all new equipment and materials used directly in the growing of grapes or the production of wine in the 6 state. Each grower or producer shall apply to the department of economic development and specify the total amount of such new equipment and materials purchased during the calendar year. The department of economic development 10 shall certify to the department of revenue the amount of such tax credit to which a grape grower or wine producer is entitled pursuant to this section. The 11 provisions of this section notwithstanding, a grower or producer may only apply 13 for and receive the credit authorized by this section for five tax periods. No more than two hundred thousand dollars in tax credits provided under

15 this section may be authorized annually.

- 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 135.802. 1. Beginning January 1, 2005, all applications for all tax credit
 programs shall include, in addition to any requirements provided by the enacting
 statutes of a particular credit program, the following information to be submitted
 to the department administering the tax credit:
- 5 (1) Name, address, and phone number of the applicant or applicants, and 6 the name, address, and phone number of a contact person or agent for the 7 applicant or applicants;
- 8 (2) Taxpayer type, whether individual, corporation, nonprofit or other, and 9 taxpayer identification number, if applicable;
 - (3) Standard industry code, if applicable;
- 11 (4) Program name and type of tax credit, including the identity of any 12 other state or federal program being utilized for the same activity or project; and
- 13 (5) Number of estimated jobs to be created, as a result of the tax credits, 14 if applicable, separated by construction, part-time permanent, and full-time 15 permanent.
- 2. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, an applicant for a community development tax credit shall also provide information detailing the title and location of the corresponding project, the estimated time period for completion of the project, and all geographic areas impacted by the project.
- 213. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, 22an applicant for a redevelopment tax credit shall also provide information 23detailing the location and legal description of the property, age of the structure, if applicable, whether the property is residential, commercial, or governmental, 2425and the projected project cost, labor cost, and projected date of completion. Where a redevelopment tax credit applicant is required to submit contemporaneously a 26 27federal application for a similar credit on the same underlying project, the submission of a copy of the federal application shall be sufficient to meet the 2829requirements of this subsection.

- 4. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, an applicant for a business recruitment tax credit shall also provide information detailing the category of business by size, the address of the business headquarters and all offices located within this state, the number of employees at the time of the application, the number of employees projected to increase as a result of the completion of the project, and the estimated project cost.
 - 5. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, an applicant for a training and educational tax credit shall also provide information detailing the name and address of the educational institution to be used, the average salary of workers to be served, the estimated project cost, and the number of employees and number of students to be served.
 - 6. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, an applicant for a housing tax credit also shall provide information detailing the address, legal description, and fair market value of the property, and the projected labor cost and projected completion date of the project. Where a housing tax credit applicant is required to submit contemporaneously a federal application for a similar credit on the same underlying project, the submission of a copy of the federal application shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this subsection. For the purposes of this subsection, "fair market value" means the value as of the purchase of the property or the most recent assessment, whichever is more recent.
 - 7. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, an applicant for an entrepreneurial tax credit shall also provide information detailing the amount of investment and the names of the project, fund, and research project.
 - 8. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, an applicant for an agricultural tax credit shall also provide information detailing the type of agricultural commodity, the amount of contribution, the type of equipment purchased, and the name and description of the facility.
- 9. In addition to the information required by subsection 1 of this section, 60 an applicant for an environmental tax credit shall also include information 61 detailing the type of equipment, if applicable, purchased and any environmental 62 impact statement, if required by state or federal law.
- 10. An administering agency may, by rule, require additional information to be submitted by an applicant. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created pursuant to the authority delegated in

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this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be void.

- 11. An administering agency may, by rule, require applicants to enter into contracts with the administering agency specifying standards of performance, program requirements, and penalties in the event of noncompliance.
- 12. Where the sole requirement for receiving a tax credit in the enabling legislation of any tax credit is an obligatory assessment upon a taxpayer or a monetary contribution to a particular group or entity, the application requirements provided in this section shall apply to the recipient of such assessment or contribution and shall not apply to the assessed nor the contributor.
- [12.] 13. It shall be the duty of each administering agency to provide information to every applicant, at some time prior to authorization of an applicant's tax credit application, wherein the requirements of this section, the annual reporting requirements of section 135.805, and the penalty provisions of section 135.810 are described in detail.

administering agency shall verify through the department of revenue that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use taxes, or interest or penalties on such taxes, and through the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes. Such delinquency shall not affect the authorization of the application for such tax credits, except that the amount of credits issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue or the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first of any year, and the application of tax credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all

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- available credits towards a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department, and that department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the applicant, subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law.
- 212. Any applicant of a tax credit program contained in the definition of the 22 term "all tax credit programs" who purposely and directly employs unauthorized 23aliens shall forfeit any tax credits issued to such applicant which have not been redeemed, and shall repay the amount of any tax credits redeemed by such 24applicant during the period of time such unauthorized alien was employed by the 25applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "unauthorized alien" shall mean 26 an alien who does not have the legal right or authorization under federal law to 27work in the United States, as defined under Section 8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3). 28
 - 3. Any administering agency may, by rule, provide for the recapture of tax credits for noncompliance with program requirements.
 - 135.825. 1. The administering agencies for all tax credit programs shall, in cooperation with the department of revenue, implement a system for tracking the amount of tax credits authorized, issued, and redeemed. Any such agency may promulgate rules for the implementation of this section.
- 5 2. The provisions of **subsection 1 of** this section shall not apply to any 6 credit that is issued and redeemed simultaneously.
 - 3. The committee on legislative research shall conduct a review of any tax credit program, in the manner provided under the provisions of sections 23.250 to 23.298, by September first of the calendar year prior to the year in which tax credit authorizations or issuances will be prohibited for such tax credit program.
- 12 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective 13 14 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and 15 16 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 17 18 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and 19 any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void.

135.1150. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the

- 2 "Residential Treatment Agency Tax Credit Act".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Certificate", a tax credit certificate issued under this section;
- 5 (2) "Department", the Missouri department of social services;
- 6 (3) "Eligible donation", donations received from a taxpayer by an agency
- 7 that are used solely to provide direct care services to children who are residents
- 3 of this state. Eligible donations may include cash, publicly traded stocks and
- 9 bonds, and real estate that will be valued and documented according to rules
- 10 promulgated by the department of social services. For purposes of this section,
- 11 "direct care services" include but are not limited to increasing the quality of care
- 12 and service for children through improved employee compensation and training;
- 13 (4) "Qualified residential treatment agency" or "agency", a residential care
- 14 facility that is licensed under section 210.484, accredited by the Council on
- 15 Accreditation (COA), the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare
- 16 Organizations (JCAHO), or the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation
- 17 Facilities (CARF), and is under contract with the Missouri department of social
- 18 services to provide treatment services for children who are residents or wards of
- 19 residents of this state, and that receives eligible donations. Any agency that
- 20 operates more than one facility or at more than one location shall be eligible for
- 21 the tax credit under this section only for any eligible donation made to facilities
- 22 or locations of the agency which are licensed and accredited;
- 23 (5) "Taxpayer", [any of the following individuals or entities who make an
- 24 eligible donation to an agency:
- 25 (a) A person, firm, partner in a firm, corporation, or a shareholder in an
- 26 S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state
- 27 income tax imposed in chapter 143;
- 28 (b) A corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed
- 29 in chapter 147;
- 30 (c) An insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium
- 31 receipts in this state;
- 32 (d) Any other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri
- 33 or any political subdivision of this state under chapter 148;
- 34 (e) An individual subject to the state income tax imposed in chapter 143;
- 35 (f) Any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax
- 36 and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject
- 37 to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143] an individual, a firm, a

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partner in a firm, sole proprietorship, partner in a limited or general 38 39 partnership, member of a limited liability company, corporation as defined under section 143.441 or 143.471, a shareholder in an S 40 corporation doing business in this state and subject to the state income 41 tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by 42sections 143.191 to 143.265, or a charitable organization, trust, or public 43 or private foundation which is exempt from federal income tax and 44 whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be 45 subject to state income tax imposed under chapter 143. 46

- 3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, any taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the taxes otherwise due under chapter 147, 148, or 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount of an eligible donation, subject to the restrictions in this section. The amount of the tax credit claimed shall not exceed the amount of the taxpayer's state income tax liability in the tax year for which the credit is claimed. Any amount of credit that the taxpayer is prohibited by this section from claiming in a tax year shall not be refundable, but may be carried forward to any of the taxpayer's four subsequent taxable years.
- 4. To claim the credit authorized in this section, an agency may submit to the department an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on behalf of taxpayers. The department shall verify that the agency has submitted the following items accurately and completely:
 - (1) A valid application in the form and format required by the department;
- 61 (2) A statement attesting to the eligible donation received, which shall 62 include the name and taxpayer identification number of the individual making 63 the eligible donation, the amount of the eligible donation, and the date the 64 eligible donation was received by the agency; and
- (3) Payment from the agency equal to the value of the tax credit for which application is made. If the agency applying for the tax credit meets all criteria required by this subsection, the department shall issue a certificate in the appropriate amount.
- 5. An agency may apply for tax credits in an aggregate amount that does not exceed forty percent of the payments made by the department to the agency in the preceding twelve months.
- 6. Tax credits issued under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the

invalid and void.

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- same rights in the credit as the taxpayer. Whenever a certificate is assigned,
 transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed
- 76 with the department specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax
- 77 credit or the value of the credit.
- 78 7. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of 79 this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 80 81 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 82 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant 83 to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul 84 a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 85 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be 86
 - 8. [Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 89 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall 90 automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2006, unless reauthorized by an 91 act of the general assembly; and
 - (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
 - (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.] Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act, the provisions of the program authorized under this section are hereby reauthorized and shall automatically sunset on August 28, 2015.
 - 137.1018. 1. The commission shall ascertain the statewide average rate of property taxes levied the preceding year, based upon the total assessed valuation of the railroad and street railway companies and the total property taxes levied upon the railroad and street railway companies. It shall determine total property taxes levied from reports prescribed by the commission from the railroad and street railway companies. Total taxes levied shall not include revenues from the surtax on subclass three real property.
- 8 2. The commission shall report its determination of average property tax 9 rate for the preceding year, together with the taxable distributable assessed 0 valuation of each freight line company for the current year to the director no later

- 11 than October first of each year.
- 12 3. Taxes on property of such freight line companies shall be collected at
- 13 the state level by the director on behalf of the counties and other local public
- 14 taxing entities and shall be distributed in accordance with sections 137.1021 and
- 15 137.1024. The director shall tax such property based upon the distributable
- 16 assessed valuation attributable to Missouri of each freight line company, using
- 17 the average tax rate for the preceding year of the railroad and street railway
- 18 companies certified by the commission. Such tax shall be due and payable on or
- 19 before December thirty-first of the year levied and, if it becomes delinquent, shall
- 20 be subject to a penalty equal to that specified in section 140.100.
- 21 [4. (1) As used in this subsection, the following terms mean:
- 22 (a) "Eligible expenses", expenses incurred in this state to manufacture,
- 23 maintain, or improve a freight line company's qualified rolling stock;
- 24 (b) "Qualified rolling stock", any freight, stock, refrigerator, or other
- 25 railcars subject to the tax levied under this section.
- 26 (2) For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a freight
- 27 line company shall, subject to appropriation, be allowed a credit against the tax
- 28 levied under this section for the applicable tax year. The tax credit amount shall
- 29 be equal to the amount of eligible expenses incurred during the calendar year
- 30 immediately preceding the tax year for which the credit under this section is
- 31 claimed. The amount of the tax credit issued shall not exceed the freight line
- 32 company's liability for the tax levied under this section for the tax year for which
- 33 the credit is claimed.

- 34 (3) A freight line company may apply for the credit by submitting to the
- 35 commission an application in the form prescribed by the state tax commission.
- 36 (4) Subject to appropriation, the state shall reimburse, on an annual
- 37 basis, any political subdivision of this state for any decrease in revenue due to the
- 38 provisions of this subsection.
 - 5. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 40 (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall
- 41 automatically sunset six years after August 28, 2008, unless reauthorized by an
- 42 act of the general assembly; and
- 43 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this
- 44 section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the
- 45 reauthorization of this section; and
- 46 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year

immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under

this section is sunset.]

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140.910. 1. In addition to any other remedy provided by law for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state of Missouri, if the director has filed a certificate of lien in the circuit court as provided by section 143.902, 144.380, or 144.690, the director or his or her designee may issue an order directing any person to withhold and pay over to the department assets belonging to, due, or to become due the taxpayer. The director or his or her designee shall not issue the administrative garnishment if the taxpayer has entered into a written agreement with the department for an alternative payment arrangement and the taxpayer is in compliance with the agreement. 10

- 2. An order entered under this section shall be served on the person or other legal entity either by regular mail or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or may be issued through electronic means, and shall be binding on the employer or other payor two weeks after mailing or electronic issuance of such service. The person or other entity in possession of assets belonging to, due, or to become due the taxpayer may deduct an additional sum not to exceed six dollars per month as reimbursement for costs, except that the total amount withheld shall not exceed the limitations contained in the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 1673.
- 3. A copy of the order shall be mailed to the taxpayer at the 22taxpayer's last known address. The notice shall advise the taxpayer that the administrative garnishment has commenced and the procedures to contest such garnishment on the grounds that such 2425garnishment is improper due to a mistake of fact by requesting a hearing within thirty days from mailing or electronic issuance of the 26notice. At such a hearing the certified records of the department shall 27constitute prima facie evidence that the director's order is valid and 28enforceable. If a prima facie case is established, the obligor may only 2930 assert as a defense mistake as to the identity of the taxpayer, mistake as to payments made, or existence of an alternative payment agreement 31 for which no default has occurred. The taxpayer shall have the burden of proof on such issues. The taxpayer may obtain relief from the 33 garnishment by paying the amount owed. 34
 - 4. An employer or other payor shall withhold from the earnings

or other income of each taxpayer the amount specified in the order. The employer or other payor shall transmit the payments as directed in the order within ten business days of the date the earnings, money due, or other income was payable to the taxpayer. For purposes of this section, "business day" means a day that state offices are open for regular business. The employer or other payor shall, along with the amounts transmitted, provide the date the amount was withheld from the taxpayer.

- 5. An order issued under subsection 1 of this section shall be a continuing order and shall remain in effect and be binding upon any employer or other payor upon whom it is directed until a further order of the director. The director shall notify an employer or other payor upon whom such an order has been directed whenever the deficiency is paid in full.
- 6. If the order is served on a person other than an employer or other payor, it shall be a lien against any money belonging to the taxpayer that is in the possession of the person on the date of service. The person other than an employer or other payor shall pay over any assets within ten business days of the service date of the order. A financial institution ordered to surrender an account shall be entitled to collect its normally scheduled account activity surcharges to maintain the account during the period of time the account is garnished. For purposes of this section, the interest of the taxpayer in any joint financial accounts shall be presumed to be equal to all other joint owners.
- 7. An order issued under subsection 1 of this section shall have priority over any other legal process under state law against the same income or other asset, except that where the other legal process is an order issued under section 452.350, 454.505, or 454.507, the withholding for child support shall have priority.
- 8. No person who complies with an order entered under this section shall be liable to the taxpayer, or to any other person claiming rights derived from the taxpayer, for wrongful withholding. A person who fails or refuses to withhold or pay the amounts as ordered under this section shall be liable to the state in a sum equal to the value of the wages or property not surrendered, but not to exceed the amount of tax deficiency. The director is hereby authorized to bring an action

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in circuit court to determine the liability of a person for failure to withhold or pay the amounts as ordered. If a court finds that a violation has occurred, the court may fine the person in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars. The court may also enter a judgment against the person or other legal entity for the amounts to be withheld or paid, court costs, and reasonable attorney's surcharges.

- 9. The remedy provided by this section shall be available where the state or any of its political subdivisions is the employer or other payor of the taxpayer in the same manner and to the same extent as where the employer or other payor is a private party.
- 83 10. An employer shall not discharge, or refuse to hire or otherwise discipline, an employee as a result of an order to withhold 84 and pay over certain money authorized by this section. If any such 85 employee is discharged within thirty days of the date upon which an 86 87 order to withhold and pay over certain money is to take effect, there shall arise a rebuttable presumption that such discharge was a result 88 of such order. This presumption shall be overcome only by clear, 89 90 cogent and convincing evidence produced by the employer that the 91 employee was not terminated because of the order to withhold and pay 92over certain money. The director or his or her designee is hereby 93 authorized to bring an action in circuit court to determine whether the discharge constitutes a violation of this subsection. If the court finds 9495that a violation has occurred, the court may enter an order against the employer requiring reinstatement of the employee and may fine the 96employer in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars. Further, the 97 court may enter judgment against the employer for the back wages, 98 costs, attorney's surcharges, and for the amount of taxes that should 100 have been withheld and paid over during the period of time the employee was wrongfully discharged. 101
 - 11. If a taxpayer for whom an order to withhold has been issued under subsection 1 of this section terminates the taxpayer's employment, the employer shall, within ten days of the termination, notify the department of the termination, shall provide to the department the last known address of the taxpayer, if known to the employer, and shall provide to the department the name and address of the taxpayer's new employer, if known. The director or his or her designee may issue an order to the new employer as provided in

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110 subsection 1 of this section.

112 limited to, currency, any financial account or other liquid asset, and
113 any income or other periodic form of payment due to a taxpayer
114 regardless of source, including, but not limited to, wages, salaries,
115 commissions, bonuses, workers' compensation benefits, disability
116 benefits, payments pursuant to a pension or a retirement program, and
117 interest.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless 15 all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the 16 17 sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, 18 steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to 19 20 be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested 2122will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in 23processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310) which are 24to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or 2526orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to 2728be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

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- 29 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used 30 in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting 31 32from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for 33 34 final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and 35 36 firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by 37 blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately 38 39 for final use or consumption;
- 40 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly
 41 upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles,
 42 watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of
 43 persons or property;
 - (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a useable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;
- 63 (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies 64 solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and

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- 65 equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing 66 manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product 67 68 which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
- 69 (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the 70 manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government; 71
 - (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes;
- 73 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies 7475 used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general public; 76
- 77 (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture 78 transcriptions for public commercial display;
- (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered 79 80 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
- (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four 82 thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in 83 section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;
 - (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;
 - (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing,

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- 101 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of 102 less than one year;
- 103 (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased 104 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, 105 and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or 106 reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
- 107 (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased 108 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water 109 pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, 110 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and 111 devices;
 - (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
 - (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation;
 - (18) All sales of insulin and prosthetic or orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales of manual and powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales of scooters, reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, if

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137 dispensed pursuant to a lawful prescription;

- (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in 143 interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities:
 - (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;
 - (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which,

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when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of 173 174 livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted 175 176 pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production 177178 of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm 179 machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such other new 180 or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon, 181 and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing 182 crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for 183 producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is: 184

- (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
- 186 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 187 products; and
- 188 (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in 189 processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; 190
 - (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:
 - (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate 206 classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the

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occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;
- 232 (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse 233 if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total 234 gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross 235 income of the seller;
- 236 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 237 4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United 238 States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 239 536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
 - (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such

- 245 river;
- 246 (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to 247 sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the 248 functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
- (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
- 254 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, 255 producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of 256 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 257 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the 258 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- 259 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, 260 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 261 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing 262 plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection;
- 263 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of 264 pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or 265 poultry;
- 266 (33) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or 267 consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of 268 agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription 269 pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
- 270 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- 271 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of 272 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial 273 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 274 to 273.357;
- 275 (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another 276 state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for 277 purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes 278 of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document 279 evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases 280 pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor

making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

- (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or
- (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;
- (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;
- (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team;
- (40) Beginning January 1, 2009, but not after January 1, 2015, materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;

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317 (41) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any 318 shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of 319 business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business 320 from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for 321 redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event.

144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to procure a retail sales license at no cost to the licensee which shall be prominently 3 displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued when sales are discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person applying for a retail sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license who owes any tax under sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 9 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and penalties before the 10 department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. All 11 12 persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are required to collect the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making sales at 13 retail. Such license may, after ten days' notice, be revoked by the director of 15 revenue only in the event the licensee shall be in default for a period of sixty days 16 in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 143.191 to 17 143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event of 18 revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business account 19 including the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the director.

- 2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under [sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261] section 32.088 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business [where goods are sold at retail]. The date of issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the local license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall render the occupational license or the state license null and void.
- 3. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify

- 32 the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the
- 33 former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person
- 34 has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person
- 35 is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and
- 36 may prohibit further sales at retail by such person.
- 37 4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning
- 38 January 1, 2009, and until December 31, 2011, the possession of a statement
- 39 from the department of revenue stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to
- 40 143.265 or sections 144.010 to 144.510 shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance
- 41 or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license required
- 42 for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no
- 43 tax due shall be dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission
- 44 for application or renewal of the city or county license.
- 5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only
- 46 apply to the sale price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice
- 47 discounts or other pricing discounts or mechanisms negotiated between
- 48 manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.
 - 168.071. 1. The state board of education may refuse to issue or renew a
- 2 certificate, or may, upon hearing, discipline the holder of a certificate of license
- 3 to teach for the following causes:
- 4 (1) A certificate holder or applicant for a certificate has pleaded to or been
- 5 found guilty of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude under the laws of this
- 6 state, any other state, of the United States, or any other country, whether or not
- 7 sentence is imposed;
- 8 (2) The certification was obtained through use of fraud, deception,
- 9 misrepresentation or bribery;
- 10 (3) There is evidence of incompetence, immorality, or neglect of duty by
- 11 the certificate holder;

- 12 (4) A certificate holder has been subject to disciplinary action relating to
- 13 certification issued by another state, territory, federal agency, or country upon
- 14 grounds for which discipline is authorized in this section; [or]
- 15 (5) If charges are filed by the local board of education, based upon the
- 16 annulling of a written contract with the local board of education, for reasons other
- 17 than election to the general assembly, without the consent of the majority of the
- 18 members of the board that is a party to the contract; or
 - (6) Beginning, January 1, 2012, the government entity issuing a

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valid certificate of license to teach in Missouri under section 168.011, shall at least one time each year provide the name and Social Security number of each certificate holder or applicant for certificate of a license to teach in Missouri to the director of revenue. The director of revenue shall at least one time each year check the status of each certificate holder or applicant for certificate of a license to teach in Missouri against a database developed by the director to determine if all state income tax returns have been filed and all state income taxes owed have been paid. If such certificate holder or applicant for certificate of a license to teach in Missouri is delinquent on any state 29taxes, or has failed to file state income tax returns in the last three years, the director shall then send notice to the certificate holder or applicant for certificate of a license to teach in Missouri and the 3233 department of elementary and secondary education. In the case of such delinquency or failure to file, the certificate holder's license shall be suspended within ninety days after notice of such delinquency or failure to file, and the applicant for certificate's license shall not be 36 issued unless the director of revenue verifies that such delinquency or failure has been remedied or arrangements have been made to achieve such remedy. The director of revenue shall, within ten business days 40 of notification to the government entity issuing the certificate of license to teach, that the delinquency has been remedied or arrangements have been made to remedy such delinquency, and send written notification to the certificate holder or applicant for certificate that the delinquency has been remedied. Tax liability paid in protest or reasonably founded disputes with such liability shall be considered paid for the purposes of this section.

- 2. A public school district may file charges seeking the discipline of a holder of a certificate of license to teach based upon any cause or combination of causes outlined in subsection 1 of this section, including annulment of a written contract. Charges shall be in writing, specify the basis for the charges, and be signed by the chief administrative officer of the district, or by the president of the board of education as authorized by a majority of the board of education. The board of education may also petition the office of the attorney general to file charges on behalf of the school district for any cause other than annulment of contract, with acceptance of the petition at the discretion of the attorney general.
 - 3. The department of elementary and secondary education may file

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- charges seeking the discipline of a holder of a certificate of license to teach based 57 58 upon any cause or combination of causes outlined in subsection 1 of this section, other than annulment of contract. Charges shall be in writing, specify the basis 59 60 for the charges, and be signed by legal counsel representing the department of elementary and secondary education. 61
- 62 4. If the underlying conduct or actions which are the basis for charges 63 filed pursuant to this section are also the subject of a pending criminal charge 64 against the person holding such certificate, the certificate holder may request, in 65 writing, a delayed hearing on advice of counsel under the fifth amendment of the Constitution of the United States. Based upon such a request, no hearing shall 66 67 be held until after a trial has been completed on this criminal charge.
- 5. The certificate holder shall be given not less than thirty days' notice of 69 any hearing held pursuant to this section.
 - 6. Other provisions of this section notwithstanding, the certificate of license to teach shall be revoked or, in the case of an applicant, a certificate shall not be issued, if the certificate holder or applicant has pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of any of the following offenses established pursuant to Missouri law or offenses of a similar nature established under the laws of any other state or of the United States, or any other country, whether or not the sentence is imposed:
- 77 (1) Any dangerous felony as defined in section 556.061 or murder in the 78 first degree;
- (2) Any of the following sexual offenses: rape; statutory rape in the first degree; statutory rape in the second degree; sexual assault; forcible sodomy; statutory sodomy in the first degree; statutory sodomy in the second degree; child 82 molestation in the first degree; child molestation in the second degree; deviate sexual assault; sexual misconduct involving a child; sexual misconduct in the first degree; sexual abuse; enticement of a child; or attempting to entice a child;
 - (3) Any of the following offenses against the family and related offenses: incest; abandonment of child in the first degree; abandonment of child in the second degree; endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree; abuse of a child; child used in a sexual performance; promoting sexual performance by a child; or trafficking in children; and
- 90 (4) Any of the following offenses involving child pornography and related offenses: promoting obscenity in the first degree; promoting obscenity in the 91 second degree when the penalty is enhanced to a class D felony; promoting child 92

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- pornography in the first degree; promoting child pornography in the second degree; possession of child pornography in the first degree; possession of child pornography in the second degree; furnishing child pornography to a minor; furnishing pornographic materials to minors; or coercing acceptance of obscene material.
- 7. When a certificate holder pleads guilty or is found guilty of any offense that would authorize the state board of education to seek discipline against that holder's certificate of license to teach, the local board of education or the department of elementary and secondary education shall immediately provide written notice to the state board of education and the attorney general regarding the plea of guilty or finding of guilty.
 - 8. The certificate holder whose certificate was revoked pursuant to subsection 6 of this section may appeal such revocation to the state board of education. Notice of this appeal must be received by the commissioner of education within ninety days of notice of revocation pursuant to this subsection. Failure of the certificate holder to notify the commissioner of the intent to appeal waives all rights to appeal the revocation. Upon notice of the certificate holder's intent to appeal, an appeal hearing shall be held by a hearing officer designated by the commissioner of education, with the final decision made by the state board of education, based upon the record of that hearing. The certificate holder shall be given not less than thirty days' notice of the hearing, and an opportunity to be heard by the hearing officer, together with witnesses.
 - 9. In the case of any certificate holder who has surrendered or failed to renew his or her certificate of license to teach, the state board of education may refuse to issue or renew, or may suspend or revoke, such certificate for any of the reasons contained in this section.
- 10. In those cases where the charges filed pursuant to this section are based upon an allegation of misconduct involving a minor child, the hearing officer may accept into the record the sworn testimony of the minor child relating to the misconduct received in any court or administrative hearing.
- 123 11. Hearings, appeals or other matters involving certificate holders, 124 licensees or applicants pursuant to this section may be informally resolved by 125 consent agreement or agreed settlement or voluntary surrender of the certificate 126 of license pursuant to the rules promulgated by the state board of education.
- 12. The final decision of the state board of education is subject to judicial review pursuant to sections 536.100 to 536.140.

13. A certificate of license to teach to an individual who has been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed, shall be issued only upon motion of the state board of education adopted by a unanimous affirmative vote of those members present and voting.

208.770. 1. Moneys deposited in or withdrawn pursuant to subsection 1 of section 208.760 from a family development account by an account holder are exempted from taxation pursuant to chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, and chapter 147, 148 or 153 provided, however, that any money withdrawn for an unapproved use should be subject to tax as required by law.

- 7 2. Interest earned by a family development account is exempted from 8 taxation pursuant to chapter 143.
- 3. Any funds in a family development account, including accrued interest,
 shall be disregarded when determining eligibility to receive, or the amount of, any
 public assistance or benefits.
- 12 4. A program contributor shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 13 143.265, and chapter 147, 148 or 153, pursuant to sections 208.750 to 14 208.775. For all taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011, 15 16 contributions up to fifty thousand dollars per program contributor are eligible for 17 the tax credit which shall not exceed fifty percent of the contribution 18 amount. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, program contributors shall be eligible for the tax credit which shall not 19 20 exceed fifty percent of the amount of contributions made, if such contributions are equal to or less than one thousand dollars. In 21addition to the fifty percent credit allowed for contributions equal to 22or less than one thousand dollars provided under this subsection, 23 program contributors that make contributions in excess of one 24thousand dollars, shall be eligible for a credit equal to thirty-five 25 26 percent of such excess. Tax credits provided under this section may be transferred, sold, or assigned. 27
- 5. The department of economic development shall verify all tax credit claims by contributors. The administrator of the community-based organization, with the cooperation of the participating financial institutions, shall submit the names of contributors and the total amount each contributor contributes to a family development account reserve fund for the calendar year. The director shall

- 33 determine the date by which such information shall be submitted to the
- 34 department by the local administrator. The department shall submit verification
- 35 of qualified tax credits pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775 to the department
- 36 of revenue.
- 37 6. For all fiscal years ending on or before June 30, 2010, the total tax
- 38 credits authorized pursuant to sections 208.750 to 208.775 shall not exceed four
- 39 million dollars in any fiscal year. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July
- 40 1, 2010, the total tax credits authorized under sections 208.750 to 208.775 shall
- 41 not exceed three hundred thousand dollars in any fiscal year.
- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax
- 43 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
- 44 August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be
- 45 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to
- 46 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's
- 47 ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 253.545. As used in sections 253.545 to 253.559, the following terms
- 2 mean, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Applicant", a taxpayer applying for tax credits provided
- 4 under sections 253.545 to 253.559, or any bank, financial institution, or
- 5 political subdivision acquiring such taxpayer's interest by deed or
- 6 foreclosure;
- 7 (2) "Certified historic structure", a property located in Missouri and listed
- 8 individually on the National Register of Historic Places;
- 9 [(2)] (3) "Deed in lieu of foreclosure or voluntary conveyance", a transfer
- 10 of title from a borrower to the lender to satisfy the mortgage debt and avoid
- 11 foreclosure;
- 12 [(3)] (4) "Eligible property", property located in Missouri and offered or
- 13 used for residential or business purposes;
- 14 [(4)] (5) "Leasehold interest", a lease in an eligible property for a term
- 15 of not less than thirty years;
- 16 [(5)] (6) "Principal", a managing partner, general partner, or president
- 17 of a taxpayer;
- [(6)] (7) "Structure in a certified historic district", a structure located in
- 19 Missouri which is certified by the department of natural resources as contributing
- 20 to the historic significance of a certified historic district listed on the National
- 21 Register of Historic Places, or a local district that has been certified by the

- 22 United States Department of the Interior;
- [(7)] (8) "Taxpayer", any person, firm, partnership, trust, estate, limited liability company, or corporation.

253.550. 1. Any taxpayer incurring and paying costs and expenses for the rehabilitation of eligible property, which is a certified historic structure or structure in a certified historic district, may, subject to the provisions of this section and section 253.559, receive a credit against the taxes imposed pursuant 5 to chapters 143 and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, on such taxpayer in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the total costs and expenses of rehabilitation incurred and paid [after January 1, 1998,] prior to issuance of 7 tax credits which shall include, but not be limited to, qualified rehabilitation expenditures as defined under section 47(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code 10 of 1986, as amended, and the related regulations thereunder, provided the rehabilitation costs associated with rehabilitation and the expenses exceed fifty 11 percent of the total basis in the property and were incurred and paid prior 12 to the issuance of tax credits, and the rehabilitation meets standards 13 consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department 14 of the Interior for rehabilitation as determined by the state historic preservation 15 officer of the Missouri department of natural resources. 16

- 17 2. During the period beginning on January 1, 2010, but ending on or after 18 June 30, 2010, the department of economic development shall not approve 19 applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 20 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed seventy million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall be rescinded under the provisions 21of section 253.559. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2010, but 22ending on or before June 30, 2011, the department of economic development 23shall not approve applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 243 and 8 of section 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred forty 25 million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall 26 27 be rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559. The limitations provided 28under this subsection shall not apply to applications approved under the 29 provisions of subsection 3 of section 253.559 for projects to receive less than two 30 hundred seventy-five thousand dollars in tax credits.
- 3. For all applications for tax credits approved on or after January 1, 2010, **but before June 30, 2011,** no more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars in tax credits may be issued for eligible costs and expenses incurred in the

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- rehabilitation of an eligible property which is a nonincome producing 35 single-family, owner-occupied residential property and is either a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district. 36
- 37 4. The limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the provisions of subsections 2 and 3 of this section shall not apply to: 38
- 39 (1) Any application submitted by a taxpayer, which has received approval 40 from the department prior to January 1, 2010; or
- 41 (2) Any taxpayer applying for tax credits, provided under this section, 42 which, on or before January 1, 2010, has filed an application with the department evidencing that such taxpayer: 43
- (a) Has incurred costs and expenses for an eligible property which exceed 44 the lesser of five percent of the total project costs or one million dollars and 45 received an approved Part I from the Secretary of the United States Department 46 47 of Interior; or
- 48 (b) Has received certification, by the state historic preservation officer, that the rehabilitation plan meets the standards consistent with the standards 49 of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior, and the 50 rehabilitation costs and expenses associated with such rehabilitation shall exceed 51fifty percent of the total basis in the property. 52
- 5. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the department of economic development shall not approve applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 5556 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed seventy-five million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall be rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559.
 - 6. For all applications for tax credits approved on or after July 1, 2011, no more than fifty thousand dollars in tax credits may be issued for eligible costs and expenses incurred in the rehabilitation of an eligible property which is a nonincome producing single-family, owner-occupied residential property and is either a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district. For purposes of this subsection, "eligible property" shall not include any property with a purchase price in excess of one hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- 7. In lieu of the limitations on tax credit authorization provided 67 68 under the provisions of subsections 5 and 6 of this section, the limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the provisions

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70 of subsections 2 and 3 of this section shall apply to:

- 71 (1) Any application submitted by a taxpayer, which has received 72approval from the department prior to July 1, 2011;
- 73 (2) Any application for a project which will be funded, at least 74partially, through the issuance of tax exempt bonds and is authorized to receive federal low-income housing tax credits; 75
- (3) Any applicant for tax credits provided under this section, 76 which, on or before July 1, 2011, has filed an application with the 77 78 department evidencing that such taxpayer:
- 79 (a) Has incurred costs and expenses for an eligible property which exceed the lesser of fifteen percent of the total project costs or 80 three million dollars and received an approved Part I from the Secretary of the United States Department of Interior; or 82
 - (b) Has received certification, by the state historic preservation officer, that the rehabilitation plan meets the standards consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior, and the rehabilitation costs and expenses associated with such rehabilitation would, upon completion, be expected to exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the property.

253.557. 1. If the amount of such credit exceeds the total tax liability for the year in which the rehabilitated property is placed in service, the amount that exceeds the state tax liability may be carried back to any of the three preceding years and carried forward for credit against the taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 143 and chapter 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265 for the 5 succeeding ten years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first. For all tax credits authorized under the provisions of sections 253.545 to 253.559 on or after July 1, 2011, if the total amount of such credit exceeds the total tax liability for the year in which the rehabilitated 10 property is placed in service, the amount that exceeds the state tax liability may be carried back to the preceding year and carried forward 11 for credit against the taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 143 and chapter 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265 for the succeeding 13 five years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs 14first. Not-for-profit entities, including but not limited to corporations organized 15 as not-for-profit corporations pursuant to chapter 355 shall be ineligible for the 16 17 tax credits authorized under sections 253.545 [through 253.561] to 253.559. Any taxpayer that receives tax credits under the provisions of sections 18

- 19 135.350 to 135.363 or sections 135.475 to 135.487 shall be ineligible for the tax credits authorized under sections 253.545 to 253.559 for the same project. Taxpayers eligible for such tax credits may transfer, sell or assign the credits. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership or multiple owners of property shall be passed through to the partners, members or owners respectively pro rata or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members or owners documenting an alternate distribution method.
- 27 2. The assignee of the tax credits, hereinafter the assignee for purposes 28 of this subsection, may use acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent 29of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed pursuant to chapter 143 and chapter 148, 30 except for sections 143.191 to 143.265. The assignor shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department of economic development in writing within thirty 31 32calendar days following the effective date of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required by the department of economic development to 33 34 administer and carry out the provisions of this section.
- 253.559. 1. To obtain approval for tax credits allowed under sections 253.545 to 253.559, a taxpayer shall submit an application for tax credits to the 3 department of economic development. Each application for approval, including 4 any applications received for supplemental allocations of tax credits as provided 5 under subsection 8 of this section, shall be prioritized for review and approval, in the order of the date on which the application was postmarked, with the oldest 7 postmarked date receiving priority. Applications postmarked on the same day 8 shall go through a lottery process to determine the order in which such 9 applications shall be reviewed.
- 2. Each application shall be reviewed by the department of economic development for approval. In order to receive approval, an application, other than applications submitted under the provisions of subsection 8 of this section, shall include:
- (1) Proof of ownership or site control. Proof of ownership shall include evidence that the taxpayer is the fee simple owner of the eligible property, such as a warranty deed or a closing statement. Proof of site control may be evidenced by a leasehold interest or an option to acquire such an interest. If the taxpayer is in the process of acquiring fee simple ownership, proof of site control shall include an executed sales contract or an executed option to purchase the eligible property;

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- 21 (2) Floor plans of the existing structure, architectural plans, and, where 22 applicable, plans of the proposed alterations to the structure, as well as proposed 23 additions;
- 24 (3) The estimated cost of rehabilitation, the anticipated total costs of the 25 project, the actual basis of the property, as shown by proof of actual acquisition 26 costs, the anticipated total labor costs, the estimated project start date, and the 27 estimated project completion date;
 - (4) Proof that the property is an eligible property and a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district; and
- 30 (5) Any other information which the department of economic development may reasonably require to review the project for approval. Only the property for 31 which a property address is provided in the application shall be reviewed for 3233 approval. Once selected for review, a taxpayer shall not be permitted to request the review of another property for approval in the place of the property contained 34 in such application. Any disapproved application shall be removed from the 35 review process. If an application is removed from the review process, the 36 department of economic development shall notify the taxpayer in writing of the 37 decision to remove such application. Disapproved applications shall lose priority 38 in the review process. A disapproved application, which is removed from the 39 40 review process, may be resubmitted, but shall be deemed to be a new submission 41 for purposes of the priority procedures described in this section.
 - 3. If the department of economic development deems the application sufficient, the taxpayer shall be notified in writing of the approval for an amount of tax credits equal to the amount provided under section 253.550 less any amount of tax credits previously approved. Such approvals shall be granted to applications in the order of priority established under this section and shall require full compliance thereafter with all other requirements of law as a condition to any claim for such credits.
- 49 4. Following approval of an application, the identity of the taxpayer 50 contained in such application shall not be modified except:
- 51 (1) The taxpayer may add partners, members, or shareholders as part of 52 the ownership structure, so long as the principal remains the same, provided 53 however, that subsequent to the commencement of renovation and the 54 expenditure of at least ten percent of the proposed rehabilitation budget, removal 55 of the principal for failure to perform duties and the appointment of a new 56 principal thereafter shall not constitute a change of the principal; or

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- 57 (2) Where the ownership of the project is changed due to a foreclosure, 58 deed in lieu of a foreclosure or voluntary conveyance, or a transfer in 59 bankruptcy. **Upon any such change in ownership, the taxpayer contained** 60 **in such application shall notify the department of such change.**
 - 5. In the event that the department of economic development grants approval for tax credits equal to the **applicable** total amount available under subsection 2 **or** 5 of section 253.550, or sufficient that when totaled with all other approvals, the **applicable** amount available under subsection 2 **or** 5 of section 253.550 is exhausted, all taxpayers with applications then awaiting approval or thereafter submitted for approval shall be notified by the department of economic development that no additional approvals shall be granted during the fiscal year and shall be notified of the priority given to such taxpayer's application then awaiting approval. Such applications shall be kept on file by the department of economic development and shall be considered for approval for tax credits in the order established in this section in the event that additional credits become available due to the rescission of approvals or when a new fiscal year's allocation of credits becomes available for approval.
 - 6. All taxpayers with applications receiving approval on or after the effective date of this act shall commence rehabilitation within two years of the date of issuance of the letter from the department of economic development granting the approval for tax credits. "Commencement of rehabilitation" shall mean that as of the date in which actual physical work, contemplated by the architectural plans submitted with the application, has begun, the taxpayer has incurred no less than ten percent of the estimated costs of rehabilitation provided in the application. Taxpayers with approval of a project shall submit evidence of compliance with the provisions of this subsection. If the department of economic development determines that a taxpayer has failed to comply with the requirements provided under this section, the approval for the amount of tax credits for such taxpayer shall be rescinded and such amount of tax credits shall then be included in the applicable total amount of tax credits, provided under subsection 2 or 5 of section 253.550, from which approvals may be granted. Any taxpayer whose approval shall be subject to rescission shall be notified of such from the department of economic development and, upon receipt of such notice, may submit a new application for the project.
- 91 7. To claim the credit authorized under sections 253.550 to 253.559, a 92 taxpayer with approval shall apply for final approval and issuance of tax credits

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93 from the department of economic development which, in consultation with the 94 department of natural resources, shall determine the final amount of eligible rehabilitation costs and expenses and whether the completed rehabilitation meets 95 96 the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior for rehabilitation as determined by the state historic preservation officer of the 97 98 Missouri department of natural resources. For financial institutions credits 99 authorized pursuant to sections 253.550 to 253.561 shall be deemed to be economic development credits for purposes of section 148.064. The approval of 100 101 all applications and the issuing of certificates of eligible credits to taxpayers shall 102 be performed by the department of economic development. The department of 103 economic development shall inform a taxpayer of final approval by letter and shall issue, to the taxpayer, tax credit certificates. The taxpayer shall attach the 104 105 certificate to all Missouri income tax returns on which the credit is claimed.

- 8. Except as expressly provided in this subsection, tax credit certificates shall be issued in the final year that costs and expenses of rehabilitation of the project are incurred, or within the twelve-month period immediately following the conclusion of such rehabilitation. In the event the amount of eligible rehabilitation costs and expenses incurred by a taxpayer would result in the issuance of an amount of tax credits in excess of the amount provided under such taxpayer's approval granted under subsection 3 of this section, such taxpayer may apply to the department for issuance of tax credits in an amount equal to such excess. Applications for issuance of tax credits in excess of the amount provided under a taxpayer's application shall be made on a form prescribed by the department. Such applications shall be subject to all provisions regarding priority provided under subsection 1 of this section.
- 9. The department of economic development shall determine, on an annual basis, the overall economic impact to the state from the rehabilitation of eligible property.
- 121 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax 122 credits provided under sections 253.545 to 253.559 shall be authorized 123 on or after August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not 124 be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to 125 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 126 ability to redeem such tax credits.

348.430. 1. The tax credit created in this section shall be known as the "Agricultural Product Utilization Contributor Tax Credit".

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- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Authority", the agriculture and small business development authority 5 as provided in this chapter;
- 6 (2) "Contributor", an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, limited liability company, entity or person that contributes cash funds to the authority; 7
- 8 (3) "Development facility", a facility, located within a rural area, 9 producing either a good derived from an agricultural commodity or using a 10 process to produce a good derived from an agricultural product;
- (4) "Eligible new generation cooperative", a nonprofit cooperative 11 12 association formed pursuant to chapter 274, or incorporated pursuant to chapter 13 357, for the purpose of operating within this state a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility; 14
- (5) "Eligible new generation processing entity", a partnership, corporation, 15 16 cooperative, or limited liability company organized or incorporated pursuant to the laws of this state consisting of not less than twelve members, approved by the 17 authority, for the purpose of owning or operating within this state a development 18 facility or a renewable fuel production facility in which producer members: 19
- 20 (a) Hold a majority of the governance or voting rights of the entity and any governing committee; 21
 - (b) Control the hiring and firing of management; and
- 23 (c) Deliver agricultural commodities or products to the entity for 24processing, unless processing is required by multiple entities;
 - (6) "Renewable fuel production facility", a facility, located within a rural area, producing an energy source which is derived from a renewable, domestically grown, organic compound capable of powering machinery, including an engine or power plant, and any by-product derived from such energy source;
 - (7) "Rural area", a county in Missouri with a population less than seventy-five thousand or that does not contain an individual city with a population greater than fifty thousand according to the most recent federal decennial census.
- 33 3. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a contributor who contributes funds to the authority may receive a credit against the tax or 34 estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, other than taxes 36 withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, chapter 148 chapter 147, in an 37 amount of up to one hundred percent of such contribution. Tax credits claimed 38 in a taxable year may be done so on a quarterly basis and applied to the

estimated quarterly tax pursuant to this subsection. If a quarterly tax credit claim or series of claims contributes to causing an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, such overpayment shall not be refunded but shall be applied to the next taxable year. The awarding of such credit shall be at the approval of the authority, based on the least amount of credits necessary to provide incentive for the contributions. A contributor that receives tax credits for a contribution to the authority shall receive no other consideration or compensation for such contribution, other than a federal tax deduction, if applicable, and goodwill.

- 4. A contributor shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on a form provided by the authority. If the contributor meets all criteria prescribed by this section and the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be claimed in the taxable year in which the contributor contributes funds to the authority. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, tax credits allowed pursuant to this section may be carried back to any of the contributor's three prior tax years and may be carried forward to any of the contributor's five subsequent taxable years. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be assigned, transferred or sold and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in the credit as the contributor. Whenever a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit.
- 5. The funds derived from contributions in this section shall be used for financial assistance or technical assistance for the purposes provided in section 348.407 to rural agricultural business concepts as approved by the authority. The authority may provide or facilitate loans, equity investments, or guaranteed loans for rural agricultural business concepts, but limited to two million dollars per project or the net state economic impact, whichever is less. Loans, equity investments or guaranteed loans may only be provided to feasible projects, and for an amount that is the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the authority. The authority may structure the loans, equity investments or guaranteed loans in a way that facilitates the project, but also provides for a compensatory return on investment or loan payment to the authority, based on the risk of the project.
 - 6. In any given year, at least ten percent of the funds granted to rural

- 75 agricultural business concepts shall be awarded to grant requests of twenty-five
- 76 thousand dollars or less. No single rural agricultural business concept shall
- 77 receive more than two hundred thousand dollars in grant awards from the
- 78 authority. Agricultural businesses owned by minority members or women shall
- 79 be given consideration in the allocation of funds.
- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax
- 81 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
- 82 August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be
- 83 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to
- 84 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's
- 85 ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 348.432. 1. The tax credit created in this section shall be known as the
 - 2 "New Generation Cooperative Incentive Tax Credit".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Authority", the agriculture and small business development authority
- 5 as provided in this chapter;
- 6 (2) "Development facility", a facility, located within a rural area,
- 7 producing either a good derived from an agricultural commodity or using a
- 8 process to produce a good derived from an agricultural product;
- 9 (3) "Eligible new generation cooperative", a nonprofit cooperative
- 10 association formed pursuant to chapter 274 or incorporated pursuant to chapter
- 11 357 for the purpose of operating within this state a development facility or a
- 12 renewable fuel production facility and approved by the authority;
- 13 (4) "Eligible new generation processing entity", a partnership, corporation,
- 14 cooperative, or limited liability company organized or incorporated pursuant to
- 15 the laws of this state consisting of not less than twelve members, approved by the
- 16 authority, for the purpose of owning or operating within this state a development
- 17 facility or a renewable fuel production facility in which producer members:
- 18 (a) Hold a majority of the governance or voting rights of the entity and
- 19 any governing committee;
- 20 (b) Control the hiring and firing of management; and
- 21 (c) Deliver agricultural commodities or products to the entity for
- 22 processing, unless processing is required by multiple entities;
- 23 (5) "Employee-qualified capital project", an eligible new generation
- 24 cooperative with capital costs greater than fifteen million dollars which will
- 25 employ at least sixty employees;

- 26 (6) "Large capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with capital costs greater than one million dollars;
- (7) "Producer member", a person, partnership, corporation, trust or limited liability company whose main purpose is agricultural production that invests cash funds to an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity;
 - (8) "Renewable fuel production facility", a facility, **located within a** rural area, producing an energy source which is derived from a renewable, domestically grown, organic compound capable of powering machinery, including an engine or power plant, and any by-product derived from such energy source;
 - (9) "Rural area", a county in Missouri with a population less than seventy-five thousand or that does not contain an individual city with a population greater than fifty thousand according to the most recent federal decennial census;
 - (10) "Small capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with capital costs of no more than one million dollars.
 - 3. Beginning tax year 1999, and ending December 31, 2002, any producer member who invests cash funds in an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265 or chapter 148, chapter 147, in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such producer member's investment or fifteen thousand dollars.
 - 4. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, any producer member who invests cash funds in an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, chapter 147 or chapter 148, in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such producer member's investment or fifteen thousand dollars. Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be done so on a quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. If a quarterly tax credit claim or series of claims contributes to causing an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, such overpayment shall not be refunded but shall be applied to the next taxable year.
- 5. A producer member shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on a form provided by the authority. If the

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producer member meets all criteria prescribed by this section and is approved by 62 63 the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be carried back to any 64 65 of the producer member's three prior taxable years and carried forward to any of the producer member's five subsequent taxable years regardless of the type of tax 66 liability to which such credits are applied as authorized pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be assigned, 68 69 transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed and the new owner of the tax credit shall 70 have the same rights in the credit as the producer member. Whenever a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a 7172 notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit. 73

- 6. Ten percent of the tax credits authorized pursuant to this section initially shall be offered in any fiscal year to small capital projects. If any portion of the ten percent of tax credits offered to small capital costs projects is unused in any calendar year, then the unused portion of tax credits may be offered to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects. If the authority receives more applications for tax credits for small capital projects than tax credits are authorized therefor, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of tax credits authorized for small capital projects.
- 7. Ninety percent of the tax credits authorized pursuant to this section initially shall be offered in any fiscal year to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects. If any portion of the ninety percent of tax credits offered to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital costs projects is unused in any fiscal year, then the unused portion of tax credits may be offered to small capital projects. The maximum tax credit allowed per employee-qualified capital project is three million dollars and the maximum tax credit allowed per large capital project is one million five hundred thousand dollars. If the authority approves the maximum tax credit allowed for any employee-qualified capital project or any large capital project, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of such maximum tax credit. In addition, if the authority receives more tax credit applications for employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects than the amount of tax credits authorized therefor, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of tax credits authorized for employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects.

- 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
 - 348.434. 1. The aggregate of tax credits issued per fiscal year pursuant 2 to sections 348.430 and 348.432 shall not exceed six million dollars.
 - 2. Upon July 2, 1999, and ending June 30, 2000, tax credits shall be issued pursuant to section 348.430, except that, the authority shall allocate no more than three million dollars to fund section 348.432 in fiscal year 2000. Beginning in fiscal year 2001 and each subsequent year, tax credits shall be issued pursuant to section 348.432.
- 3. Beginning the first day of May of each fiscal year [following mplementation of section 348.432] ending on or before June 30, 2011, the authority may determine the extent of tax credits, pursuant to section 348.432, that will be utilized in each fiscal year. If the authority determines that:
- 12 (1) Less than six million dollars for a fiscal year is to be utilized in tax 13 credits pursuant to section 348.432; and
- 14 (2) The assets available to the authority, pursuant to section 348.430, do 15 not exceed twelve million dollars; then, the authority may offer the remaining 16 authorized tax credits be issued pursuant to section 348.430.
- 4. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the authority shall allocate tax credits for authorization under the provisions of sections 348.430 and 348.432 in a manner sufficient to provide the greatest state benefit while providing the least amount of tax credits necessary.
- 348.500. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Family 2 Farms Act".
- 3 [2. As used in this section, "small farmer" means a farmer who is a 4 Missouri resident and who has less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars in 5 gross sales per year.
- 3. The agricultural and small business development authority shall establish a family farm breeding livestock loan program for small farmers for the purchase of beef cattle, dairy cattle, sheep and goats, and swine only.
- 9 4. To participate in the loan program, a small farmer shall first obtain

- 10 approval for a family farm livestock loan from a lender as defined in section
- 11 348.015. Each small farmer shall be eligible for only one family farm livestock
- 12 loan per family and for only one type of livestock.
- 13 5. The maximum amount of the family farm livestock loan for each type
- 14 of livestock shall be as follows:
- 15 (1) Seventy-five thousand dollars for beef cattle;
- 16 (2) Seventy-five thousand dollars for dairy cattle;
- 17 (3) Thirty-five thousand dollars for swine; and
- 18 (4) Thirty thousand dollars for sheep and goats.
- 6. Eligible borrowers under the program:
- 20 (1) Shall use the proceeds of the family farm loan to acquire breeding
- 21 livestock;
- 22 (2) Shall not finance more than ninety percent of the anticipated cost of
- 23 the purchase of such livestock through the family farm livestock loan; and
- 24 (3) Shall not be charged interest by the lender, as defined in section
- 25 348.015, for the first year of the qualified family farm livestock loan.
- 26 7. Upon approval of the family farm livestock loan by a lender under
- 27 subsection 4 of this section, the loan shall be submitted for approval by the
- 28 agricultural and small business development authority. The authority shall
- 29 promulgate rules establishing eligibility under this section, taking into
- 30 consideration:
- 31 (1) The eligible borrower's ability to repay the family farm livestock loan;
- 32 (2) The general economic conditions of the area in which the farm is
- 33 located;
- 34 (3) The prospect of a financial return for the small farmer for the type of
- 35 livestock for which the family farm livestock loan is sought; and
- 36 (4) Such other factors as the authority may establish.
- 8. For eligible borrowers participating in the program, the authority shall
- 38 be responsible for reviewing the purchase price of any livestock to be purchased
- 39 by an eligible borrower under the program to determine whether the price to be
- 40 paid is appropriate for the type of livestock purchased. The authority may impose
- 41 a one-time loan review fee of one percent which shall be collected by the lender
- 42 at the time of the loan and paid to the authority.
- 43 9. Nothing in this section shall preclude a small farmer from participating
- 44 in any other agricultural program.
- 45 10. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section

invalid and void.]

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- 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be
 - 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 55 (1) "Authority", the Missouri agricultural and small business 56 development authority;
- 57 (2) "Breeding livestock", beef, dairy cattle, swine, sheep and 58 goats;
- 59 (3) "Eligible purchase", the lesser of the purchase price of 60 breeding livestock paid by a small farmer or:
- 61 (a) Seventy-five thousand dollars for beef cattle;
- 62 (b) Seventy-five thousand dollars for dairy cattle;
- 63 (c) Thirty-five thousand dollars for swine; and
 - (d) Thirty thousand dollars for sheep and goats;
- 65 (4) "Small farmer", a farmer who is a Missouri resident and who 66 has less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars in gross sales per year;
 - (5) "State tax liability", any state tax liability incurred by a taxpayer under the provisions of chapters 143, 147, and 148, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions.
- 3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, a 71 small farmer shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to seven 72percent of an eligible purchase. The tax credit shall be evidenced by 73 a tax credit certificate issued by the agricultural and small business 74development authority and may be used to satisfy the state tax liability 76 of the owner of such certificate that becomes due in the tax year in which the eligible purchase is made. No small farmer may receive a tax 7778credit under this section unless such person presents a tax credit certificate to the department of revenue for payment of such state tax 79 liability. The total amount of all tax credits that may be issued to small 80 farmers claiming tax credits authorized in this section in a fiscal year shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars.

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- 83 4. The agricultural and small business development authority 84 shall be responsible for the administration and issuance of the certificate of tax credits authorized by this section. The authority shall issue a certificate of tax credit at the request of any small farmer. Each 86 request shall include a true copy of the receipt for the eligible 87 purchase, the name of the small farmer who is to receive a certificate 88 of tax credit, the type of state tax liability against which the tax credit 89 is to be used, and the amount of the certificate of tax credit to be issued 90 to the small farmer based on the eligible purchase. 91
 - 5. The Missouri department of revenue shall accept a certificate of tax credit in lieu of other payment in such amount as is equal to the lesser of the amount of the tax or the remaining unused amount of the credit as indicated on the certificate of tax credit, and shall indicate on the certificate of tax credit the amount of tax thereby paid and the date of such payment.
- 98 6. The following provisions shall apply to tax credits authorized 99 under this section:
- 100 (1) Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be claimed on a 101 quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax of the small 102 farmer;
 - (2) Any amount of tax credit which exceeds the tax due, including any estimated quarterly taxes paid by the small farmer under subdivision (1) of this subsection which results in an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, shall not be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to exceed a total of three years;
- 108 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a small 109 farmer may assign, transfer, or sell tax credits authorized under this section, with the new owner of the tax credit receiving the same rights 110 in the tax credit as the small farmer. For any tax credits assigned, 111 transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall 112be filed by the small farmer with the authority specifying the name and 113address of the new owner of the tax credit and the value of such tax 114 credit. 115
- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to

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120 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's 121 ability to redeem such tax credits.

447.708. 1. For eligible projects, the director of the department of economic development, with notice to the directors of the departments of natural 2 resources and revenue, and subject to the other provisions of sections 447.700 to 3 447.718, may not create a new enterprise zone but may decide that a prospective operator of a facility being remedied and renovated pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718 may receive the tax credits and exemptions pursuant to sections 6 135.100 to 135.150 and sections 135.200 to 135.257. The tax credits allowed 7 pursuant to this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax 10 otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the 11 department shall not authorize tax credits and exemptions pursuant to 12 13 this subsection after June 30, 2011. For purposes of this subsection:

- (1) For receipt of the ad valorem tax abatement pursuant to section 135.215, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs. The city, or county if the eligible project is not located in a city, must provide ad valorem tax abatement of at least fifty percent for a period not less than ten years and not more than twenty-five years;
- 20 (2) For receipt of the income tax exemption pursuant to section 135.220 and tax credit for new or expanded business facilities pursuant to sections 2122135.100 to 135.150, and 135.225, the eligible project must create at least ten new 23 jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof. For purposes of sections 447.700 to 447.718, the tax credits 24described in section 135.225 are modified as follows: the tax credit shall be four 25 hundred dollars per employee per year, an additional four hundred dollars per 26 year for each employee exceeding the minimum employment thresholds of ten and 27 twenty-five jobs for new and existing businesses, respectively, an additional four 2829 hundred dollars per year for each person who is a person difficult to employ as 30 defined by section 135.240, and investment tax credits at the same amounts and 31 levels as provided in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 135.225;
- 32 (3) For eligibility to receive the income tax refund pursuant to section 33 135.245, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses 34 which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof, and

otherwise comply with the provisions of section 135.245 for application and use of the refund and the eligibility requirements of this section;

- 37 (4) The eligible project operates in compliance with applicable 38 environmental laws and regulations, including permitting and registration 39 requirements, of this state as well as the federal and local requirements;
- 40 (5) The eligible project operator shall file such reports as may be required 41 by the director of economic development or the director's designee;
 - (6) The taxpayer may claim the state tax credits authorized by this subsection and the state income exemption for a period not in excess of ten consecutive tax years. For the purpose of this section, "taxpayer" means an individual proprietorship, partnership or corporation described in section 143.441 or 143.471 who operates an eligible project. The director shall determine the number of years the taxpayer may claim the state tax credits and the state income exemption based on the projected net state economic benefits attributed to the eligible project;
 - (7) For the purpose of meeting the new job requirement prescribed in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be required that at least ten new jobs be created and maintained during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned, in the case of an eligible project that does not replace a similar facility in Missouri. "New job" means a person who was not previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer within the twelve-month period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by that taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned. For the purposes of this section, related taxpayer has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (9) of section 135.100;
 - (8) For the purpose of meeting the existing job retention requirement, if the eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, it shall be required that at least twenty-five existing jobs be retained at, and in connection with the eligible project, on a full-time basis during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned. "Retained job" means a person who was previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer, at a facility similar to the eligible project that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, within the tax period

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- immediately preceding the time the person was employed by the taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned;
 - (9) In the case where an eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, the owner and operator of the eligible project shall provide the director with a written statement explaining the reason for discontinuing operations at the closed facility. The statement shall include a comparison of the activities performed at the closed facility prior to the date the facility ceased operating, to the activities performed at the eligible project, and a detailed account describing the need and rationale for relocating to the eligible project. If the director finds the relocation to the eligible project significantly impaired the economic stability of the area in which the closed facility was located, and that such move was detrimental to the overall economic development efforts of the state, the director may deny the taxpayer's request to claim tax benefits;
- 88 (10) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose of this section, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of 89 90 existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment used at the 91 eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing by twelve, in 92the case of jobs, the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible 93 project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full 94 calendar month of the tax year. If the eligible project is in operation for less than 95 the entire tax year, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number 96 of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment created at the 97 eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing the sum of 98 99 the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new 100 qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion 101 102 of the tax year during which the eligible project was in operation, by the number 103 of full calendar months during such period;
- 104 (11) For the purpose of this section, "new qualified investment" means 105 new business facility investment as defined and as determined in subdivision (7) 106 of section 135.100 which is used at and in connection with the eligible

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project. "New qualified investment" shall not include small tools, supplies and inventory. "Small tools" means tools that are portable and can be hand held.

- 2. The determination of the director of economic development pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall not affect requirements for the prospective purchaser to obtain the approval of the granting of real property tax abatement by the municipal or county government where the eligible project is located.
- 3. (1) The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may, [in addition to the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section, grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to one hundred percent of the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, labor, [professional engineering, consulting and architectural fees,] permitting fees and expenses, demolition, asbestos abatement, and direct utility charges for performing the voluntary remediation activities for the preexisting hazardous substance contamination and releases, including, but not limited to, the costs of performing operation and maintenance of the remediation equipment at the property beyond the year in which the systems and equipment are built and installed at the eligible project and the costs of performing the voluntary remediation activities over a period not in excess of four tax years following the taxpayer's tax year in which the system and equipment were first put into use at the eligible project, provided the remediation activities are the subject of a plan submitted to, and approved by, the director of natural resources pursuant to sections 260.565 to 260.575. The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may also grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to twenty-five percent of the costs of professional engineering, consulting, and architectural fees. The tax credit may also include up to one hundred percent of the costs of demolition that are not directly part of the remediation activities, provided that the demolition is on the property where the voluntary remediation activities are occurring, the demolition is necessary to accomplish the planned use of the facility where the remediation activities are occurring, and the demolition is part of a redevelopment plan approved by the municipal or county government and the department of economic development. The demolition may occur on an adjacent property if the project is located in a municipality which has a population less than twenty thousand and the above conditions are otherwise met. The adjacent property shall independently qualify as abandoned or underutilized. The amount

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of the credit available for demolition not associated with remediation cannot exceed the total amount of credits approved for remediation including demolition required for remediation.

- 146 (2) The amount of remediation tax credits issued shall be limited to the 147 least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the 148 director of the department of economic development.
- 149 (3) The director may, with the approval of the director of natural 150 resources, extend the tax credits allowed for performing voluntary remediation 151 maintenance activities, in increments of three-year periods, not to exceed five consecutive three-year periods. The tax credits allowed in this subsection shall 152153 be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 154 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. The remediation tax credit 155 156 may be taken in the same tax year in which the tax credits are received or may 157 be taken over a period not to exceed twenty years.
 - (4) The project facility shall be projected to create at least ten new jobs or at least twenty-five retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic development, to be eligible for tax credits pursuant to this section.
- 162 (5) No more than seventy-five percent of earned remediation tax credits 163 may be issued when the remediation costs were paid, and the remaining 164 percentage may be issued when the department of natural resources issues a 165 letter of completion letter or covenant not to sue following completion of the voluntary remediation activities. It shall not include any costs associated with 166 ongoing operational environmental compliance of the facility or remediation costs 167 168 arising out of spills, leaks, or other releases arising out of the ongoing business 169 operations of the facility. In the event the department of natural resources issues 170 a letter of completion for a portion of a property, an impacted media such as soil 171 or groundwater, or for a site or a portion of a site improvement, a prorated 172 amount of the remaining percentage may be released based on the percentage of 173 the total site receiving a letter of completion.
- 4. In the exercise of the sound discretion of the director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, the tax credits and exemptions described in this section may be terminated, suspended or revoked, if the eligible project fails to continue to meet the conditions set forth in this section, including creating or retaining the jobs required under

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179 subsection 3 of this section. In making such a determination, the director 180 shall consider the severity of the condition violation, actions taken to correct the violation, the frequency of any condition violations and whether the actions 181 182exhibit a pattern of conduct by the eligible facility owner and operator. The director shall also consider changes in general economic conditions and the 183184 recommendation of the director of the department of natural resources, or his or her designee, concerning the severity, scope, nature, frequency and extent of any 185 186 violations of the environmental compliance conditions. The taxpayer or person 187claiming the tax credits or exemptions may appeal the decision regarding termination, suspension or revocation of any tax credit or exemption in 188 189 accordance with the procedures outlined in subsections 4 to 6 of section 135.250. The director of the department of economic development shall notify the 190 directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue of the termination, 191 192 suspension or revocation of any tax credits as determined in this section or pursuant to the provisions of section 447.716. 193

- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits, exemptions or refund otherwise allowed in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.215, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same facility for the same tax period.
- 200 6. The total amount of the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this 201 section may not exceed the greater of:
- 202 (1) That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project; 203 or
- 204 (2) One hundred percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility does not replace a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior 205to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, and 206 207further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the 208 eligible project in Missouri; fifty percent of the total business' income tax if the 209 eligible facility replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior 210to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the credits are earned, and 211further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the 212eligible project in Missouri; or twenty-five percent of the total business income if the taxpayer operates, in addition to the eligible facility, any other facilities in 213Missouri. In no case shall a taxpayer operating more than one eligible project in 214

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Missouri be allowed to offset more than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's business income in any tax period. That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project as referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for which the credits allowed in sections 135.110 and 135.225 and subsection 3 of this section, may apply, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in subdivision (6) of section 135.100. That portion of the taxpayer's franchise tax attributed to the eligible project for which the remediation tax credit may offset, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of subdivision (6) of section 135.100.

- 7. Taxpayers claiming the state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use. Otherwise, the taxpayer's right to claim such state tax benefits shall be forfeited. Unused business facility and enterprise zone tax credits shall not be carried forward but shall be initially claimed for the tax period during which the eligible project was first capable of being used, and during any applicable subsequent tax periods.
- 8. Taxpayers claiming the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use, or during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the voluntary remediation activities were performed.
- 9. The recipient of remediation tax credits, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignor, may assign, sell or transfer, in whole or in part, the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section to any other person, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignee. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address and the assignee's tax period and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. The number of tax periods during which the assignee may subsequently claim the tax credits shall not exceed twenty tax periods, less the number of tax periods the assignor previously claimed the credits before the transfer occurred.
 - 10. In the case where an operator and assignor of an eligible project has

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been certified to claim state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, and sells or otherwise transfers title of the eligible project to another taxpayer or assignee who continues the same or substantially similar operations at the eligible project, the director shall allow the assignee to claim the credits for a period of time to be determined by the director; except that, the total number of tax periods the tax credits may be earned by the assignor and the assignee shall not exceed ten. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount of tax credits to be transferred.

- 11. For the purpose of the state tax benefits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471 or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such state benefits shall be allowed to the following:
 - (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;
- 267 (2) The partners of the partnership. The credit provided in this 268 subsection shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and 269 (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of 270 the taxpayer's tax period.
 - 12. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the total amount of tax credits authorized under the provisions of sections 447.700 to 447.718 shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars. No more than five million dollars in tax credits authorized under the provisions of sections 447.700 to 447.718 shall be authorized in any fiscal year for projects which receive benefits under the provisions of section 99.1205. Taxpayers receiving tax credits provided under sections 447.700 to 447.718 shall not simultaneously receive any other state benefit unless the department of economic development determines that such project shall result in a positive fiscal benefit to the state. If within six years of the date the project investment is made by the taxpayer, the department determines that the project has not resulted in a positive fiscal benefit to the state, the department shall recapture the amount of tax credits issued which exceed the state benefit.
- 285 13. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax credits provided under sections 447.700 to 447.718 shall be authorized

on or after August 28, 2014. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2014, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

620.495. 1. This section shall be known as the "Small Business 2 Incubators Act".

- 2. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,4 the following words and phrases shall mean:
- 5 (1) "Department", the department of economic development;
- 6 (2) "Incubator", a program in which small units of space may be leased by
 7 a tenant and in which management maintains or provides access to business
 8 development services for use by tenants or a program without infrastructure in
 9 which participants avail themselves of business development services to assist in
 10 the growth of their start-up small businesses;
- 11 (3) "Local sponsor" or "sponsor", an organization which enters into a 12 written agreement with the department to establish, operate and administer a 13 small business incubator program or to provide funding to an organization which 14 operates such a program;
- 15 (4) "Participant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or 16 corporation operating a business for profit through which the owner avails 17 himself or herself of business development services in an incubator program;
- 18 (5) "Tenant", a sole proprietorship, business partnership or corporation 19 operating a business for profit and leasing or otherwise occupying space in an 20 incubator.
- 3. There is hereby established under the direction of the department a loan, loan guarantee and grant program for the establishment, operation and administration of small business incubators, to be known as the "Small Business Incubator Program". A local sponsor may submit an application to the department to obtain a loan, loan guarantee or grant to establish an incubator. Each application shall:
- 27 (1) Demonstrate that a program exists that can be transformed into an 28 incubator at a specified cost;
- 29 (2) Demonstrate the ability to directly provide or arrange for the provision 30 of business development services for tenants and participants of the 31 incubator. These services shall include, but need not be limited to, financial 32 consulting assistance, management and marketing assistance, business education,

- 33 and physical services;
- 34 (3) Demonstrate a potential for sustained use of the incubator program by 35 eligible tenants and participants, through a market study or other means;
- 36 (4) Demonstrate the ability to manage and operate the incubator program;
- 37 (5) Include such other information as the department may require through 38 its guidelines.
- 39 4. The department shall review and accept applications based on the 40 following criteria:
- 41 (1) Ability of the local sponsor to carry out the provisions of this section;
- 42 (2) Economic impact of the incubator on the community;
- 43 (3) Conformance with areawide and local economic development plans, if 44 such exist;
- 45 (4) Location of the incubator, in order to encourage geographic 46 distribution of incubators across the state.
- 5. Loans, loan guarantees and grants shall be administered in the following manner:
- (1) Loans awarded or guaranteed and grants awarded shall be used only for the acquisition and leasing of land and existing buildings, the rehabilitation of buildings or other facilities, construction of new facilities, the purchase of equipment and furnishings which are necessary for the creation and operation of the incubator, and business development services including, but not limited to, business management advising and business education;
- 55 (2) Loans, loan guarantees and grants may not exceed fifty percent of total 66 eligible project costs;
- 57 (3) Payment of interest and principal on loans may be deferred at the 58 discretion of the department; and
- 59 (4) Loans and grants shall only be available upon receipt of 60 matching private funds.
- 6. A local sponsor, or the organization receiving assistance through the local sponsor, shall have the following responsibilities and duties in establishing and operating an incubator with assistance from the small business incubator program:
- 65 (1) Secure title on a facility for the program or a lease of a facility for the 66 program;
- 67 (2) Manage the physical development of the incubator program, including 68 the provision of common conference or meeting space;

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- 69 (3) Furnish and equip the program to provide business services to the 70 tenants and participants;
 - (4) Market the program and secure eligible tenants and participants;
- 72 (5) Provide financial consulting, marketing and management assistance 73 services or arrange for the provision of these services for tenants and participants 74 of the incubator, including assistance in accessing private financial markets;
 - (6) Set rental and service fees;
- 76 (7) Encourage the sharing of ideas between tenants and participants and otherwise aid the tenants and participants in an innovative manner while they are within the incubator;
- (8) Establish policies and criteria for the acceptance of tenants and participants into the incubator and for the termination of occupancy of tenants so as to maximize the opportunity to succeed for the greatest number of tenants, consistent with those specified in this section.
 - 7. The department:
- 84 (1) May adopt such rules, statements of policy, procedures, forms and 85 guidelines as may be necessary for the implementation of this section;
- 86 (2) May make loans, loan guarantees and grants to local sponsors for 87 incubators;
- 88 (3) Shall ensure that local sponsors receiving loans, loan guarantees or 89 grants meet the conditions of this section;
 - (4) Shall receive and evaluate annual reports from local sponsors. Such annual reports shall include, but need not be limited to, a financial statement for the incubator, evidence that all tenants and participants in the program are eligible under the terms of this section, and a list of companies in the incubator.
 - 8. The department of economic development is also hereby authorized to review any previous loans made under this program and, where appropriate in the department's judgment, convert such loans to grant status.
- 97 9. On or before January first of each year, the department shall provide 98 a report to the governor, the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the 99 secretary of the senate which shall include, but need not be limited to:
- 100 (1) The number of applications for incubators submitted to the 101 department;
- 102 (2) The number of applications for incubators approved by the 103 department;
- 104 (3) The number of incubators created through the small business

105 incubator program;

- 106 (4) The number of tenants and participants engaged in each incubator;
- 107 (5) The number of jobs provided by each incubator and tenants and 108 participant of each incubator;
 - (6) The occupancy rate of each incubator;
- 110 (7) The number of firms still operating in the state after leaving 111 incubators and the number of jobs they have provided.
- 112 10. There is hereby established in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Missouri Small Business Incubators Fund", which shall consist of 113 all moneys which may be appropriated to it by the general assembly, and also any 114 gifts, contributions, grants or bequests received from federal, private or other 115 sources. Moneys for loans, loan guarantees and grants under the small business 116 incubator program may be obtained from appropriations made by the general 117assembly from the Missouri small business incubators fund. Any moneys 118 remaining in the Missouri small business incubators fund at the end of any fiscal 119 year shall not lapse to the general revenue fund, as provided in section 33.080, 120 121 but shall remain in the Missouri small business incubators fund.
- 122 11. For any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, a taxpayer, including any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax 123 124and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject 125to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, shall be entitled to a tax 126 credit against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, or 127 chapter 147, or chapter 148, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in the amount of fifty percent of any amount contributed by 128 the taxpayer to the Missouri small business incubators fund during the taxpayer's 129tax year or any contribution by the taxpayer to a local sponsor after the local 130 sponsor's application has been accepted and approved by the department. The 131 tax credit allowed by this subsection shall be claimed by the taxpayer at the time 132he files his return and shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed 133 by chapter 143, or chapter 147, or chapter 148, after all other credits provided by 134law have been applied. That portion of earned tax credits which exceeds the 135136 taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years. The aggregate 137 of all tax credits authorized under this section shall not exceed five hundred 138 thousand dollars in any taxable year. Notwithstanding provisions of law to the contrary, no tax credits authorized under the provision of this 139 140 section shall be authorized on or after the effective date of this

- act. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits authorized prior to the effective date of this act, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.
- 12. Notwithstanding any provision of Missouri law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 11 of this section under the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or otherwise transfer earned tax credits:
- 151 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; 152 and
- 153 (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned credits. The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the 154 155 purpose of this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, or 156 157 chapter 147, or chapter 148 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be carried 158 forward for up to five years. The assignor shall enter into a written agreement 159 with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of the agreement and 160 161 shall perfect such transfer by notifying the department of economic development 162 in writing within thirty calendar days following the effective day of the transfer 163 and shall provide any information as may be required by the department of 164 economic development to administer and carry out the provisions of this section. The director of the department of economic development shall prescribe 165 the method for submitting applications for claiming the tax credit allowed under 166 167 subsection 11 of this section and shall, if the application is approved, certify to the director of revenue that the taxpayer claiming the credit has satisfied all the 168 169 requirements specified in this section and is eligible to claim the credit.
 - 660.055. 1. Any registered caregiver who meets the requirements of this section shall be eligible for a shared care tax credit in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars to defray the cost of caring for an elderly person. In order to be eligible for a shared care tax credit, a registered caregiver shall:
 - (1) Care for an elderly person, age sixty or older, who:
 - 6 (a) Is physically or mentally incapable of living alone, as determined and 7 certified by his or her physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334, or by the

- 8 division of aging staff when an assessment has been completed for the purpose
- 9 of qualification for other services; and
- 10 (b) Requires assistance with activities of daily living to the extent that
- 11 without care and oversight at home would require placement in a facility licensed
- 12 pursuant to chapter 198; and
- 13 (c) Under no circumstances, is able or allowed to operate a motor vehicle;
- 14 and
- 15 (d) Does not receive funding or services through Medicaid or social
- 16 services block grant funding;
- 17 (2) Live in the same residence to give protective oversight for the elderly
- 18 person meeting the requirements described in subdivision (1) of this subsection
- 19 for an aggregate of more than six months per tax year;
- 20 (3) Not receive monetary compensation for providing care for the elderly
- 21 person meeting the requirements described in subdivision (1) of this subsection;
- 22 and
- 23 (4) File the original completed and signed physician certification for
- 24 shared care tax credit form or the original completed and signed division of aging
- 25 certification for shared care tax credit form provided for in subsection 2 of section
- 26 660.054 along with such caregiver's Missouri individual income tax return to the
- 27 department of revenue.
- 28 2. The tax credit allowed by this section shall apply to any year beginning
- 29 after December 31, 1999.
- 30 3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,
- 31 that is created under the authority delegated in sections 660.050 to 660.057 shall
- 32 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of
- 33 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. All rulemaking authority
- 34 delegated prior to August 28, 1999, is of no force and effect and
- 35 repealed. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the
- 36 validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully complied
- 37 with all applicable provisions of law. This section and chapter 536 are
- 38 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant
- 39 to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul
- 40 a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- 41 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be
- 42 invalid and void.
- 43 4. Any person who knowingly falsifies any document required for the

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shared care tax credit shall be subject to the same penalties for falsifying other 44 45 tax documents as provided in chapter 143.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no tax 46 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after 47August 28, 2015. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 48 construed to limit or in any way impair the department's ability to 49 issue tax credits authorized prior to August 28, 2015, or a taxpayer's 50 ability to redeem such tax credits.

> [135.313. 1. Any person, firm or corporation who engages in the business of producing charcoal or charcoal products in the state of Missouri shall be eligible for a tax credit on income taxes otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, except sections 143.191 to 143.261, as an incentive to implement safe and efficient environmental controls. The tax credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the purchase price of the best available control technology equipment connected with the production of charcoal in the state of Missouri or, if the taxpayer manufactures such equipment, fifty percent of the manufacturing cost of the equipment, to and including the year the equipment is put into service. The credit may be claimed for a period of eight years beginning with the 1998 calendar year and is to be a tax credit against the tax otherwise due.

- 2. Any amount of credit which exceeds the tax due shall not be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to exceed seven years.
- 3. The charcoal producer may elect to assign to a third party the approved tax credit. Certification of assignment and other appropriate forms must be filed with the Missouri department of revenue and the department of economic development.
- 4. When applying for a tax credit, the charcoal producer specified in subsection 1 of this section shall make application for the credit to the division of environmental quality of the department of natural resources. The application shall identify the specific best available control technology equipment and the purchase price, or manufacturing cost of such equipment. The

director of the department of natural resources is authorized to require permits to construct prior to the installation of best available control technology equipment and other information which he or she deems appropriate.

5. The director of the department of natural resources in conjunction with the department of economic development shall certify to the department of revenue that the best available control technology equipment meets the requirements to obtain a tax credit as specified in this section.]

[143.119. 1. A self-employed taxpayer, as such term is used in the federal internal revenue code, who is otherwise ineligible for the federal income tax health insurance deduction under Section 162 of the federal internal revenue code shall be entitled to a credit against the tax otherwise due under this chapter, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to the portion of such taxpayer's federal tax liability incurred due to such taxpayer's inclusion of such payments in federal adjusted gross income. The tax credits authorized under this section shall be nontransferable. To the extent tax credit issued under this section exceeds a taxpayer's state income tax liability, such excess shall be considered an overpayment of tax and shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

2. The director of the department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.]

[348.505. 1. As used in this section, "state tax liability",

 any state tax liability incurred by a taxpayer under the provisions of chapters 143, 147, and 148, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions.

- 2. Any eligible lender under the family farm livestock loan program under section 348.500 shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to one hundred percent of the amount of interest waived by the lender under section 348.500 on a qualifying loan for the first year of the loan only. The tax credit shall be evidenced by a tax credit certificate issued by the agricultural and small business development authority and may be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of such certificate that becomes due in the tax year in which the interest on a qualified loan is waived by the lender under section 348.500. No lender may receive a tax credit under this section unless such person presents a tax credit certificate to the department of revenue for payment of such state tax liability. The amount of the tax credits that may be issued to all eligible lenders claiming tax credits authorized in this section in a fiscal year shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars.
- 3. The agricultural and small business development authority shall be responsible for the administration and issuance of the certificate of tax credits authorized by this section. The authority shall issue a certificate of tax credit at the request of any lender. Each request shall include a true copy of the loan documents, the name of the lender who is to receive a certificate of tax credit, the type of state tax liability against which the tax credit is to be used, and the amount of the certificate of tax credit to be issued to the lender based on the interest waived by the lender under section 348.500 on the loan for the first year.
- 4. The Missouri department of revenue shall accept a certificate of tax credit in lieu of other payment in such amount as is equal to the lesser of the amount of the tax or the remaining unused amount of the credit as indicated on the certificate of tax credit, and shall indicate on the certificate of tax credit the amount of tax thereby paid and the date of such payment.
 - 5. The following provisions shall apply to tax credits

38 authorized under this section:

- (1) Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be claimed on a quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax of the lender;
- (2) Any amount of tax credit which exceeds the tax due, including any estimated quarterly taxes paid by the lender under subdivision (1) of this subsection which results in an overpayment of taxes for a taxable year, shall not be refunded but may be carried over to any subsequent taxable year, not to exceed a total of three years for which a tax credit may be taken for a qualified family farm livestock loan;
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a lender may assign, transfer or sell tax credits authorized under this section, with the new owner of the tax credit receiving the same rights in the tax credit as the lender. For any tax credits assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed by the lender with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit and the value of such tax credit; and
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, any commercial bank may use tax credits created under this section as provided in section 148.064 and receive a net tax credit against taxes actually paid in the amount of the first year's interest on loans made under this section. If such first year tax credits reduce taxes due as provided in section 148.064 to zero, the remaining tax credits may be carried over as otherwise provided in this section and utilized as provided in section 148.064 in subsequent years.]

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to secure adequate state revenue, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.