

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

First Regular Session, 97th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SIXTY-FIFTH DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 2013

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Speaker Jones in the Chair.

Prayer by Msgr. Robert A. Kurwicki, Chaplain.

They that wait upon the Lord shall renew their strength. (Isaiah 40:31)

Everlasting God, the representatives of the people of our state bow before You humbly praying for strength, for guidance, and for common sense from You. Make this a sacred moment in which we become aware of Your presence, a moment when strength is given, guidance provided, and common sense arises anew with us as we face a long day and many votes.

We need You, every hour we need You. We hurry too much, we eat too fast, we sleep too little, and then wonder why we are weary and worried and worn out. As we wait upon You, renew our strength, restore our spirits, reinvigorate our minds, that this day we may think good thoughts, make wise decisions, and do it all free from tension and filled with faith. Trusting in You, may we always love You.

And the House says, "Amen!"

The Pledge of Allegiance to the flag was recited.

The Speaker appointed the following to act as an Honorary Page for the Day, to serve without compensation: Cassidy Redd.

The Journal of the sixty-fourth day was approved as printed.

HOUSE COURTESY RESOLUTIONS OFFERED AND ISSUED

House Resolution No. 2980 through House Resolution No. 3032

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

SCS SB 240, relating to ratemaking for gas corporations, was taken up by Representative Funderburk.

SCS SB 240 was laid over.

SS SCS SB 114, relating to intoxicating liquor, was taken up by Representative Jones (50).

Representative Engler offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 114, Page 7, Section 316.150, Line 18, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"407.400. As used in sections 407.400 to 407.420:

(1) "Franchise" means a written or oral arrangement for a definite or indefinite period, in which a person grants to another person a license to use a trade name, trademark, servicemark, or related characteristic, and in which there is a community of interest in the marketing of goods or services at wholesale, retail, by lease, agreement, or otherwise[, including]; **"franchise" specifically includes, but is not limited to, a commercial relationship of definite duration or continuing indefinite duration, between a "wholesaler", such wholesaler being a person as defined in this section, licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 311 to sell at wholesale, intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 311.020, to retailers, duly licensed in this state, and a "supplier", being a person engaged in the business as a manufacturer, distiller, rectifier or out-of-state solicitor whose brands of intoxicating liquor are distributed through duly licensed wholesalers in this state, and wherein a wholesaler is granted the right to offer, sell, and distribute within this state or any designated area thereof such of the supplier's brands of intoxicating liquor, or all of them, as may be specified, with or without the grant of a license to use a trade name, trademark, service mark, or related characteristic, and whether or not there is a community of interest in the marketing of goods or services;** except that, the term "franchise" shall not apply to persons engaged in sales from warehouses or like places of storage, other than wholesalers as above described, leased departments of retail stores, places of original manufacture, nor shall the term "franchise" apply to a commercial relationship that does not contemplate the establishment or maintenance of a place of business within the state of Missouri. As used herein "place of business" means a fixed, geographical location at which goods, products or services are displayed or demonstrated for sale. **It is the general assembly's intent to make clear that this subdivision was correctly interpreted as set forth in the Missouri cases of High Life Sales Company v. Brown-Forman Corporation, 823 S.W.2d 493(Mo. 1992) and Brown-Forman Distillers Corp. v McHenry, 566 S.W.2d 194 (Mo. 1978), rather than in Missouri Beverage Company, Inc. v. Shelton Brothers, Inc., 796 F. Supp. 2d 988 (W.D. Mo. 2011), aff'd. 11-2456 (8th Cir. February 28, 2012). Further, the general assembly declares that this subdivision was not correctly interpreted in Missouri Beverage Company, Inc. v Shelton Brothers, Inc., 796 F. Supp 2d 988 (W.D. Mo. 2011), aff'd 11-2456 (8th Cir. February 28, 2012);**

(2) The term "goods" includes any personal property, real property, or any combination thereof;

(3) The term "other property" includes a franchise, license distributorship, or other similar right, privilege, or interest;

(4) The term "person" includes an individual, corporation, trust, estate, partnership, unincorporated association, or any other legal or commercial entity;

(5) The term "pyramid sales scheme" includes any plan or operation for the sale or distribution of goods, services or other property wherein a person for a consideration acquires the opportunity to receive a pecuniary benefit, which is not primarily contingent on the volume or quantity of goods, services, or other property sold or distributed or to be sold or distributed to persons for purposes of resale to consumers, and is based upon the inducement of additional persons, by himself or herself or others, regardless of number, to participate in the same plan or operation; and

(6) The term "sale or distribution" includes the acts of leasing, renting or consigning.

407.413. 1. If more than one franchise for the same brand or brands of intoxicating liquor is granted to different wholesalers in this state, it is a violation of sections 407.400 to 407.420 for any supplier to discriminate between the wholesalers with respect to any of the terms, provisions, and conditions of these franchises.

2. (1) Notwithstanding the terms, provisions and conditions of any franchise, no supplier shall unilaterally terminate or refuse to continue or change substantially the condition of any franchise with the wholesaler unless the supplier has first established good cause for such termination, noncontinuance or change.

(2) **This subsection does not apply to a "supplier", being a person engaged in the business as a manufacturer, distiller, rectifier, or out-of-state solicitor whose brands of intoxicating liquor are distributed through duly licensed wholesalers in this state who sells less than ten thousand cases of distilled spirits in the state, or who sells less than ten thousand cases of wine in the state, the volume thresholds being measured for the twelve months immediately preceding the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, provided such supplier of distilled spirits shall be obligated nevertheless, prior to the effective date of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, to pay to the wholesaler an amount equal to the fair market value of the distribution rights which will be lost or diminished by reason of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, including without limitation the actual laid in cost of any inventory on hand, and**

provided further that this exception shall only apply to a termination, noncontinuance, or change concerning distilled spirits that is less than the volume threshold set forth in this sentence. The exception in the preceding sentence shall not affect a supplier's obligation to satisfy the notice requirements set forth in section 407.405. For purposes of this subsection, "fair market value" shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the written agreement, if any, between the supplier and wholesaler, or if the written agreement between them does not specify how fair market value is determined, then for a supplier of distilled spirits that sells less than ten thousand cases of distilled spirits in the state in the twelve months immediately preceding the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination, noncompliance, or change, "fair market value" shall be determined by agreement of the supplier and wholesaler, but if the parties cannot so determine within thirty days after the notice, then the matter shall be submitted to mandatory arbitration before a panel of three neutral arbitrators conducted pursuant to chapter 435 or the Federal Arbitration Act if the latter so applies, with the parties to the arbitration each to bear their own attorneys' fees and costs of the arbitration.

3. Any wholesaler may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction against a supplier for violation of any of the provisions of this section and may recover damages sustained by such wholesaler together with the costs of the action and reasonable attorney's fees.

4. In any action brought by a wholesaler against a supplier for termination, noncontinuance or substantial change in violation of the provisions of this section, it is a complete defense for the supplier to prove that the termination, noncontinuance or change was done in good faith and for good cause.

5. As used in this section, "good faith" is the duty of each party to any franchise and all officers, employees or agents thereof to act in a fair and equitable manner towards each other, and "good cause" means the following:

(1) Failure by the wholesaler to comply substantially with the provisions of an agreement or understanding with the supplier, which provisions are both essential and reasonable;

(2) Use of bad faith or failure to observe reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing in the trade; or

(3) Revocation or suspension for more than thirty-one days of a beer wholesaler's federal basic permit or of any state or local license required of a beer wholesaler for the normal operation of its business.

6. As to brewers and beer wholesalers, the provisions of this section shall only apply to agreements entered into on or after August 28, 1998, and to agreements which are renewed or substantially amended on or after August 28, 1998. As used in the preceding sentence, "substantially amended" means a written amendment that materially alters the fundamental business relationship between brewer and wholesaler. "Substantially amended" does not include changes or amendments that are contemplated in writing by the parties to an agreement."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Haahr offered **House Amendment No. 1** to **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

to

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Amendment No. 1 to Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 114, Page 2, Line 41, by inserting after all of said line, the following:

"(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a small brewer may terminate or refuse to continue a franchise with any beer wholesaler without having good cause for termination after a three year period from the date of appointment provided the small brewer first pays compensation to the wholesaler for fair market value. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, for purposes of this subsection, the term "brewer" shall mean any person or entity engaged primarily in business as a brewer or manufacturer of beer, and the term "small brewer" shall mean a brewer with an annual volume of less than two hundred thousand barrels of malt beverage and whose case equivalent sales of twenty-four--twelve ounce units in the affected wholesaler's assigned geographic territory is less than .017 during the measuring period. "Case equivalent sales" means the product derived by dividing the number of cases of twenty-four—twelve ounce units of the brewer's malt beverage sold by the wholesaler during the measuring period by the total population in the wholesaler's assigned geographic territory. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "measuring period" shall mean the twelve month calendar period immediately before the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination or refusal to continue the franchise. Prior to the effective date of the termination or refusal to continue, the small brewer shall pay the wholesaler an amount equal to the fair market value of the distribution

rights which will be lost or diminished by reason of the termination or refusal to continue the franchise plus the actual laid in cost of any inventory on hand and any costs associated with storage of the product until removed by the brewer. For purposes of this subsection, "fair market value" shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the written agreement, if any, between the brewer and wholesaler, or if the written agreement between them does not specify how fair market value is determined, then "fair market value" shall be determined by agreement of the brewer and wholesaler. However, if the parties cannot so determine within thirty days after the notice of termination or refusal to continue the franchise, then the matter shall be submitted to mandatory arbitration before a panel of three neutral arbitrators conducted pursuant to chapter 435 or the Federal Arbitration Act, if the latter so applies, with the parties to the arbitration each to bear their own attorneys' fees and costs of the arbitration. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties after the dispute arises, the arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in the wholesaler's assigned territory. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "annual volume" shall mean: (1) the aggregate number of barrels of beer, under trademarks owned by that brewery and brewed, directly or indirectly, by or on behalf of the brewer during the measuring period, on a worldwide basis, plus (2) the aggregate number of barrels of beer brewed, during the measuring period, directly or indirectly, by or on behalf of any person or entity which, at any time during the measuring period, controlled, was controlled by or was under common control with the brewer, on a worldwide basis. Annual volume shall not include beer brewed under contract for any other brewer. There shall be no double counting of the same barrels of beer under clauses one and two of this subparagraph. Nothing contained in this subsection shall relieve a brewer from the obligation to satisfy the notice requirements set forth in section 407.405."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Haahr, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Cox offered **House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 1, as amended.**

*House Substitute Amendment No. 1
for
House Amendment No. 1*

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 114, Page 7, Section 316.150, Line 18, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"407.400. As used in sections 407.400 to 407.420:

(1) "Franchise" means a written or oral arrangement for a definite or indefinite period, in which a person grants to another person a license to use a trade name, trademark, service mark, or related characteristic, and in which there is a community of interest in the marketing of goods or services at wholesale, retail, by lease, agreement, or otherwise[, including]; **"franchise" specifically includes**, but **is** not limited to, a commercial relationship of definite duration or continuing indefinite duration, between a "wholesaler", such wholesaler being a person as defined in this section, licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 311 to sell at wholesale, intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 311.020, to retailers, duly licensed in this state, and a "supplier", being a person engaged in the business as a manufacturer, distiller, rectifier or out-of-state solicitor whose brands of intoxicating liquor are distributed through duly licensed wholesalers in this state, and wherein a wholesaler is granted the right to offer, sell, and distribute within this state or any designated area thereof such of the supplier's brands of intoxicating liquor, or all of them, as may be specified, **with or without the grant of a license to use a trade name, trademark, service mark, or related characteristic, and whether or not there is a community of interest in the marketing of goods or services**; except that, the term "franchise" shall not apply to persons engaged in sales from warehouses or like places of storage, other than wholesalers as above described, leased departments of retail stores, places of original manufacture, nor shall the term "franchise" apply to a commercial relationship that does not contemplate the establishment or maintenance of a place of business within the state of Missouri. As used herein "place of business" means a fixed, geographical location at which goods, products or services are displayed or demonstrated for sale;

(2) The term "goods" includes any personal property, real property, or any combination thereof;

(3) The term "other property" includes a franchise, license distributorship, or other similar right, privilege, or interest;

(4) The term "person" includes an individual, corporation, trust, estate, partnership, unincorporated association, or any other legal or commercial entity;

(5) The term "pyramid sales scheme" includes any plan or operation for the sale or distribution of goods, services or other property wherein a person for a consideration acquires the opportunity to receive a pecuniary benefit, which is not primarily contingent on the volume or quantity of goods, services, or other property sold or distributed or to be sold or distributed to persons for purposes of resale to consumers, and is based upon the inducement of additional persons, by himself or herself or others, regardless of number, to participate in the same plan or operation; and

(6) The term "sale or distribution" includes the acts of leasing, renting or consigning.

407.413. 1. If more than one franchise for the same brand or brands of intoxicating liquor is granted to different wholesalers in this state, it is a violation of sections 407.400 to 407.420 for any supplier to discriminate between the wholesalers with respect to any of the terms, provisions, and conditions of these franchises.

2. Notwithstanding the terms, provisions and conditions of any franchise, no supplier shall unilaterally terminate or refuse to continue or change substantially the condition of any franchise with the wholesaler unless the supplier has first established good cause for such termination, noncontinuance or change. **This subsection does not apply to a "supplier", being a person engaged in the business as a manufacturer, distiller, rectifier, or out-of-state solicitor whose brands of intoxicating liquor are distributed through duly licensed wholesalers in this state who sells less than two thousand five hundred cases of distilled spirits in the state, or who sells less than ten thousand cases of wine in the state, the volume thresholds being measured for the twelve months immediately preceding the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, provided such supplier shall be obligated nevertheless, prior to the effective date of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, to pay to the wholesaler an amount equal to the fair market value of the distribution rights which will be lost or diminished by reason of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, including without limitation the actual laid in cost of any inventory on hand, and provided further that this exception shall only apply to a termination, noncontinuance or change concerning the category of intoxicating liquor (namely, distilled spirits or wine) that is less than the volume threshold set forth in this sentence. The exception in the preceding sentence shall not affect a supplier's obligation to satisfy the notice requirements set forth in section 407.405. For purposes of this subsection, "fair market value" shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the written agreement, if any, between the supplier and wholesaler, or if the written agreement between them does not specify how fair market value is determined, then:**

(1) For a supplier of wine who sells less than one thousand cases of wine in the state in the twelve months immediately preceding the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, "fair market value" shall be equal to the actual laid in cost of any inventory on hand plus two times the gross profit earned by the wholesaler in the twelve month period preceding the notice or twelve times the monthly average gross profit for the period of time the wholesaler served as a distributor for the supplier's products if such time period is less than twelve months, and "gross profit" shall mean net revenue less costs of goods sold, as calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

(2) For a supplier of wine who sells at least one thousand cases but less than ten thousand cases of wine in the state in the twelve months immediately preceding the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination, noncontinuance, or change, and for a supplier of distilled spirits that sells less than two thousand five hundred cases of distilled spirits in the state in the twelve months immediately preceding the date on which the wholesaler receives notice of the termination, noncompliance, or change, "fair market value" shall be determined by agreement of the supplier and wholesaler, but if the parties cannot so determine within thirty days after the notice, then the matter shall be submitted to mandatory arbitration before a panel of three neutral arbitrators conducted pursuant to chapter 435 or the Federal Arbitration Act if the latter so applies, with the parties to the arbitration each to bear their own attorneys' fees and costs of the arbitration.

3. Any wholesaler may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction against a supplier for violation of any of the provisions of this section and may recover damages sustained by such wholesaler together with the costs of the action and reasonable attorney's fees.

4. In any action brought by a wholesaler against a supplier for termination, noncontinuance or substantial change in violation of the provisions of this section, it is a complete defense for the supplier to prove that the termination, noncontinuance or change was done in good faith and for good cause.

5. As used in this section, "good faith" is the duty of each party to any franchise and all officers, employees or agents thereof to act in a fair and equitable manner towards each other, and "good cause" means the following:

(1) Failure by the wholesaler to comply substantially with the provisions of an agreement or understanding with the supplier, which provisions are both essential and reasonable;

(2) Use of bad faith or failure to observe reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing in the trade; or

(3) Revocation or suspension for more than thirty-one days of a beer wholesaler's federal basic permit or of any state or local license required of a beer wholesaler for the normal operation of its business.

6. As to brewers and beer wholesalers, the provisions of this section shall only apply to agreements entered into on or after August 28, 1998, and to agreements which are renewed or substantially amended on or after August 28, 1998. As used in the preceding sentence, "substantially amended" means a written amendment that materially alters the fundamental business relationship between brewer and wholesaler. "Substantially amended" does not include changes or amendments that are contemplated in writing by the parties to an agreement.

7. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, a supplier and a wholesaler of intoxicating liquor may negate, modify, waive, or vary the rights granted in this chapter through a written agreement between the supplier and the wholesaler.

Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, a supplier and a wholesaler of intoxicating liquor may negate, modify, waive, or vary the rights granted in sections 407.400 to 407.420, through a written agreement between the supplier and the wholesaler. The provisions of this chapter shall apply only to agreements entered into between a supplier and a wholesaler on or after January 1, 2014, and to agreements which are renewed or substantially amended on or after January 1, 2014. As used in this section, the term "substantially amended" shall mean a written amendment that materially alters the fundamental business relationship between the supplier and the wholesaler, but shall not include changes or amendments that are contemplated by the parties prior to an agreement."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Roorda raised a point of order that **House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 1, as amended**, amends previously amended material.

The Chair ruled the point of order not well taken.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 107

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Cierpiot
Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford
Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin
Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hoskins
Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh
Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz
Schieber	Shull	Shumake	Solon	Sommer

Spencer	Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey
Walker	White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 051

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mims
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp
Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Webber
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Brown	Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Smith 120
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Representative Cox moved that **House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 1** be adopted.

Which motion was defeated by the following vote:

AYES: 050

Anders	Anderson	Bahr	Brattin	Burlison
Conway 104	Cox	Curtis	Curtman	Davis
Fitzpatrick	Frederick	Funderburk	Gosen	Guernsey
Haefner	Harris	Hicks	Hinson	Hubbard
Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Koenig	Korman	Lair	Lauer	Leara
Love	Marshall	Molendorp	Moon	Muntzel
Otto	Parkinson	Peters	Pogue	Remole
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Thomson	White	Wilson	Wright	Zerr

NOES: 108

Allen	Austin	Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry
Black	Brown	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Cookson	Cornejo
Crawford	Cross	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger
Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington	Elmer	Engler
English	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzwater	Flanigan
Fowler	Fraker	Frame	Franklin	Gannon
Grisamore	Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Higdon
Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hummel
Jones 50	Kirkton	Kolkmeyer	Kratky	LaFaver
Lant	Lynch	May	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McManus

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McNeil	Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Mims
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Morris	Neely
Neth	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Pace
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Rizzo	Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Runions	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull
Shumake	Smith 85	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Torpey	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb	Webber
Wieland	Wood	Mr Speaker		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Gardner	Gatschenberger	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Smith 120
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Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 105

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber
Shull	Shumake	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 051

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mims
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson

Rizzo	Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp
Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Webber
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 007

Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Molendorp	Ross
Smith 120	Zerr			

On motion of Representative Engler, **House Amendment No. 1, as amended**, was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 112

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Barnes	Bernskoetter
Berry	Black	Brown	Burns	Butler
Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Cookson
Cornejo	Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
Elmer	Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Grisamore
Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Higdon	Hoskins
Hough	Houghton	Hummel	Jones 50	Keeney
Kirkton	Kolkmeier	Kratky	LaFaver	Lant
Lynch	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Mims	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Morris	Neely	Neth	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo
Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions
Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull	Shumake
Smith 85	Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Walker
Walton Gray	Webb	Webber	Wieland	Wilson
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 047

Anders	Bahr	Brattin	Burlison	Conway 104
Cox	Curtis	Curtman	Fitzpatrick	Funderburk
Gosen	Guernsey	Haefner	Harris	Hicks
Hinson	Hodges	Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson
Justus	Kelley 127	Koenig	Korman	Lair
Lauer	Leara	Love	Marshall	McCaherty
Molendorp	Moon	Muntzel	Parkinson	Peters
Pogue	Remole	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Solon
Sommer	Spencer	Thomson	Torpey	White
Wood	Wright			

PRESENT: 000

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ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 004

Gardner Kelly 45 Lichtenegger Smith 120

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 108

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfausch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake	Solon
Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Thomson
Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland	Wilson
Wood	Zerr	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 051

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mims
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp
Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Webber
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 004

Gardner Kelly 45 Lichtenegger Smith 120

On motion of Representative Jones (50), **SS SCS SB 114, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 110

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Black	Brown	Burns	Butler
Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Cookson
Cornejo	Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
Elmer	Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Gannon	Grisamore	Haahr
Hampton	Hansen	Higdon	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hummel	Jones 50	Keeney	Kelley 127
Kirkton	Kolkmeier	Kratky	LaFaver	Lant
Lynch	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Mims	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Morris	Neely	Neth	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Pace	Pfautsch	Pierson
Pike	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Rhoads
Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Schieber	Schieffer
Schupp	Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Stream
Swan	Swearingen	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb
Webber	Wieland	Wilson	Zerr	Mr Speaker

NOES: 048

Bahr	Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Conway 104
Cox	Curtis	Curtman	Fitzpatrick	Funderburk
Gosen	Guernsey	Haefner	Harris	Hicks
Hinson	Hodges	Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson
Justus	Koenig	Korman	Lair	Lauer
Leara	Love	Marshall	McCaherty	Molendorp
Moon	Muntzel	Otto	Parkinson	Peters
Phillips	Pogue	Remole	Scharnhorst	Schatz
Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Thomson	Torpey
White	Wood	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Gardner	Gatschenberger	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Smith 120
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Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

The emergency clause was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 112

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brown	Burns
Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10
Cookson	Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger	Elmer
Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame	Franklin
Frederick	Gannon	Grisamore	Haahr	Hampton
Hansen	Higdon	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hummel	Hurst	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney
Kelley 127	Kirkton	Kolkmeyer	Kratky	Lant
Lynch	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Mims	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Morris	Neely	Neth	Newman
Nichols	Pace	Pfautsch	Pierson	Pike
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Runions	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp
Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Sommer	Stream
Swan	Swearingen	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb
Webber	White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 046

Bahr	Brattin	Burlison	Conway 104	Cornejo
Cox	Curtis	Curtman	Ellington	Funderburk
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Guernsey	Haefner	Harris
Hicks	Hinson	Hodges	Hubbard	Johnson
Koenig	Korman	LaFaver	Lair	Lauer
Leara	Love	Marshall	McCaherty	Molendorp
Moon	Muntzel	Norr	Otto	Parkinson
Peters	Phillips	Pogue	Remole	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Solon	Spencer	Thomson	Torpey
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Fitzpatrick	Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Smith 120
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BILLS IN CONFERENCE

CCR SS HCS HJR 11 & 7, as amended, relating to the right to farm, was taken up by Representative Smith (120).

Representative Barnes assumed the Chair.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 105

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford
Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin
Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hoskins
Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh
Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Pfausch	Phillips
Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber
Shull	Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 049

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo
Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85
Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Cierpiot	Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims
Parkinson	Sommer	Webber	Zerr	

On motion of Representative Smith (120), **CCR SS HCS HJR 11 & 7, as amended**, was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 132

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Brown	Burlison	Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104
Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger

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Dunn	Elmer	Engler	English	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeier
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mayfield	McCaherty
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Nichols	Parkinson	Peters	Pfausch
Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Runions	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber
Schieffer	Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 120
Solon	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	Webb	Webber
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 025

Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Colona	Curtis
Ellinger	Ellington	Englund	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McNeil
Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman
Norr	Otto	Pace	Schupp	Walton Gray

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 006

Gardner	Hicks	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims
Sommer				

On motion of Representative Smith (120), **CCS SS HCS HJR 11 & 7** was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 131

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Brown	Burlison	Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104
Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger
Dunn	Elmer	Engler	English	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeier
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara

Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mayfield	McCaherty
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Nichols	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Rizzo	Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Runions	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer
Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon
Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson
Torpey	Walker	Webb	Webber	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 026

Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Colona	Curtis
Ellinger	Ellington	Englund	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McNeil
Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Schupp
Walton Gray				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 006

Gardner	Gosen	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims
Sommer				

Representative Barnes declared the bill passed.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILL

HCS SB 51, relating to motor vehicles, was taken up by Representative Guernsey.

Representative Guernsey offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 21, Section 304.022, Line 68, by inserting after the word "purposes" the following:

"or any other purpose that the department of transportation determines by rule. The department may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this subsection. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void"; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 21 and 22, Section 304.153, by removing said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Page 23, Section 304.154, Line 37, by inserting after the word "classification" the following:

"or located any county of the first classification with more than one hundred one thousand but fewer than one hundred fifteen thousand inhabitants or located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty-three thousand but fewer than twenty-six thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand four hundred but fewer than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants as the county seat"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Guernsey, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Fraker offered **House Amendment No. 2.**

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 1, Section A, Line 11, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"136.055. 1. Any person who is selected or appointed by the state director of revenue as provided in subsection 2 of this section to act as an agent of the department of revenue, whose duties shall be the processing of motor vehicle title and registration transactions and the collection of sales and use taxes when required under sections 144.070 and 144.440, and who receives no salary from the department of revenue, shall be authorized to collect from the party requiring such services additional fees as compensation in full and for all services rendered on the following basis:

- (1) For each motor vehicle or trailer registration issued, renewed or transferred--~~[three]~~ **five** dollars [and fifty cents] and ~~[seven]~~ **ten** dollars for those licenses sold or biennially renewed pursuant to section 301.147;
- (2) For each application or transfer of title--~~[two dollars and fifty cents]~~ **five dollars**;
- (3) For each **address change or** instruction permit, nondriver license, chauffeur's, operator's or driver's license issued for a period of three years or less--~~[two]~~ **five** dollars [and fifty cents] and ~~[five]~~ **ten** dollars for licenses or instruction permits issued or renewed for a period exceeding three years;
- (4) For each notice of lien processed--~~[two]~~ **five** dollars [and fifty cents];
- (5) No notary fee or other fee or additional charge shall be paid or collected except for electronic [telephone] transmission reception--two dollars.

2. The director of revenue shall award fee office contracts under this section through a competitive bidding process. The competitive bidding process shall give priority to organizations and entities that are exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and political subdivisions, including but not limited to, municipalities, counties, and fire protection districts. The director of the department of revenue may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this subsection shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2009, shall be invalid and void.

3. All fees collected by a tax-exempt organization may be retained and used by the organization.

4. All fees charged shall not exceed those in this section. The fees imposed by this section shall be collected by all permanent offices and all full-time or temporary offices maintained by the department of revenue.

5. Any person acting as agent of the department of revenue for the sale and issuance of registrations, licenses, and other documents related to motor vehicles shall have an insurable interest in all license plates, licenses, tabs, forms and other documents held on behalf of the department.

6. The fees authorized by this section shall not be collected by motor vehicle dealers acting as agents of the department of revenue under section 32.095 or those motor vehicle dealers authorized to collect and remit sales tax under subsection 8 of section 144.070.

7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the state auditor may audit all records maintained and established by the fee office in the same manner as the auditor may audit any agency of the state, and the department shall ensure that this audit requirement is a necessary condition for the award of all fee office contracts. No confidential records shall be divulged in such a way to reveal personally identifiable information."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative McCaherty offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 2.

*House Amendment No. 1
to
House Amendment No. 2*

AMEND House Amendment No. 2 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 1, Line 4, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"34.040. 1. All purchases in excess of three thousand dollars shall be based on competitive bids, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

2. On any purchase where the estimated expenditure shall be twenty-five thousand dollars or over, except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, the commissioner of administration shall:

(1) Advertise for bids in at least two daily newspapers of general circulation in such places as are most likely to reach prospective bidders and may advertise in at least two weekly minority newspapers and may provide such information through an electronic medium available to the general public at least five days before bids for such purchases are to be opened. Other methods of advertisement, which may include minority business purchase councils, however, may be adopted by the commissioner of administration when such other methods are deemed more advantageous for the supplies to be purchased;

(2) Post a notice of the proposed purchase in his or her office; and

(3) Solicit bids by mail or other reasonable method generally available to the public from prospective suppliers. All bids for such supplies shall be mailed or delivered to the office of the commissioner of administration so as to reach such office before the time set for opening bids.

3. The contract shall be let to the lowest and best bidder. The commissioner of administration shall have the right to reject any or all bids and advertise for new bids, or purchase the required supplies on the open market if they can be so purchased at a better price. When bids received pursuant to this section are unreasonable or unacceptable as to terms and conditions, noncompetitive, or the low bid exceeds available funds and it is determined in writing by the commissioner of administration that time or other circumstances will not permit the delay required to resolicit competitive bids, a contract may be negotiated pursuant to this section, provided that each responsible bidder who submitted such bid under the original solicitation is notified of the determination and is given a reasonable opportunity to modify their bid and submit a best and final bid to the state. In cases where the bids received are noncompetitive or the low bid exceeds available funds, the negotiated price shall be lower than the lowest rejected bid of any responsible bidder under the original solicitation.

4. The director of the department of revenue shall follow bidding procedures pursuant to this section and may promulgate rules necessary to establish such procedures. No points shall be awarded on a request for proposal for a contract license office to a bidder for a return-to-the-state provision offer.

5. All bids shall be based on standard specifications wherever such specifications have been approved by the commissioner of administration. The commissioner of administration shall make rules governing the delivery, inspection, storage and distribution of all supplies so purchased and governing the manner in which all claims for supplies delivered shall be submitted, examined, approved and paid. The commissioner shall determine the amount of bond or deposit and the character thereof which shall accompany bids or contracts.

[5] 6. The department of natural resources may, without the approval of the commissioner of administration required pursuant to this section, enter into contracts of up to five hundred thousand dollars to abate illegal waste tire sites pursuant to section 260.276 when the director of the department determines that urgent action is needed to protect public health, safety, natural resources or the environment. The department shall follow bidding procedures pursuant to this section and may promulgate rules necessary to establish such procedures. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter

536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.

[6] 7. The commissioner of administration and other agencies to which the state purchasing law applies shall not contract for goods or services with a vendor if the vendor or an affiliate of the vendor makes sales at retail of tangible personal property or for the purpose of storage, use, or consumption in this state but fails to collect and properly pay the tax as provided in chapter 144. For the purposes of this section, "affiliate of the vendor" shall mean any person or entity that is controlled by or is under common control with the vendor, whether through stock ownership or otherwise.

136.055. 1. Any person who is selected or appointed by the state director of revenue as"; and

Further amend said amendment, Page 2, Line 8, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

7. The department shall reimburse reasonable costs incurred associated with the transactions required in a contract license office.

8. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the state auditor may audit all"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McCaherty, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Fraker, **House Amendment No. 2, as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Hough offered **House Amendment No. 3.**

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 1, Section A, Line 11, by inserting after all of said section the following:

"32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.

2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection 18 of this section, **and shall be imposed on all transactions on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.**

3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.

4. The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

5. **(1)** The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon all [sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail] **transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed** to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, except those in which voters have previously approved a local use tax under section 144.757, shall have placed on the ballot

on or after the general election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 2016, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from vendors not located in Missouri. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the (local jurisdiction's name) discontinue applying and collecting the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from vendors not located in Missouri? Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue to provide for vital services for (local jurisdiction's name) and it will place Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

☐ YES

☐ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the voters on or before the general election in November 2016, the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from vendors not located in Missouri.

(4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from vendors not located in Missouri may, at any time, place a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

(5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2016, whenever the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for a proposal to be placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

(6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters of any jurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.

(7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from vendors located outside of Missouri is repealed, such repeal shall take effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from vendors located outside of Missouri is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing jurisdiction to hold an election, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2017.

6. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.

8. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.

9. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.

10. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.

12. (1) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors **required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri**, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.

(2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, **the sales tax upon the titling of all [sales of] motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be [deemed to be consummated] imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity** and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.

(3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended.

13. Local sales taxes [imposed pursuant to the local sales tax law] **shall not be imposed on the seller** [on the purchase and sale] of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors [shall not be collected and remitted by the seller,] **required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri**, but shall be collected **from the purchaser** by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.

14. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

15. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.

16. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the

local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

17. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

18. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax.

144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed **for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in paragraph (9) hereof,** upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:

(1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, [including but not limited to] **excluding** motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors **required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection (1) of section 144.020,** a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;

(2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and seating accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games and athletic events;

(3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;

(4) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations and upon the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services;

(5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for all sales of services for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;

(6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;

(7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

(8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property had previously purchased the property under the conditions of "sale at retail" or leased or rented the property and the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, renter or subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, rental or subrental receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as provided in this section and section 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, entertainment or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats or outboard motors shall

be taxed under the provisions of the sales tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible personal property which is exempt from the sales or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the lease or rental thereof.

(9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, of new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. This tax is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid according to the procedures in section 144.440.

2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax."

144.021. The purpose and intent of sections 144.010 to 144.510 is to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in the business, in this state, of selling tangible personal property and those services listed in section 144.020 **and for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. Except as otherwise provided,** the primary tax burden is placed upon the seller making the taxable sales of property or service and is levied at the rate provided for in section 144.020. Excluding **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020 and** sections 144.070, 144.440 and 144.450, the extent to which a seller is required to collect the tax from the purchaser of the taxable property or service is governed by section 144.285 and in no way affects sections 144.080 and 144.100, which require all sellers to report to the director of revenue their "gross receipts", defined herein to mean the aggregate amount of the sales price of all sales at retail, and remit tax at four percent of their gross receipts.

144.069. All sales **taxes associated with the titling** of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors **under the laws of Missouri** shall be [deemed to be consummated] **imposed** at the **rate in effect at the location of the** address of the owner thereof, and all **sales taxes associated with the titling of vehicles under** leases of over sixty-day duration of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors [subject to sales taxes under this chapter] shall be [deemed to be consummated] **imposed at the rate in effect,** unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and sales taxes have been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the **location of the** address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision shall be collected **and remitted** on such sales **from the purchaser or lessee** by the state department of revenue on that basis.

144.071. 1. In all cases where the purchaser of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor rescinds the sale of that motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor and receives a refund of the purchase price and returns the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor to the seller within sixty calendar days from the date of the sale, **any** [the sales or use] tax paid to the department of revenue shall be refunded to the purchaser upon proper application to the director of revenue.

2. In any rescission whereby a seller reacquires title to the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor sold by him and the reacquisition is within sixty calendar days from the date of the original sale, the person reacquiring the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor shall be entitled to a refund of any [sales or use] tax paid as a result of the reacquisition of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor, upon proper application to the director of revenue.

3. Any city or county [sales or use] tax refunds shall be deducted by the director of revenue from the next remittance made to that city or county.

4. Each claim for refund must be made within one year after payment of the tax on which the refund is claimed.

5. As used in this section, the term "boat" includes all motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

144.440. 1. [In addition to all other taxes now or hereafter levied and imposed upon every person for the privilege of using the highways or waterways of this state, there is hereby levied and imposed a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, which is paid or charged on new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri.

2.] At the time the owner of any [such] motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor makes application to the director of revenue for an official certificate of title and the registration of the same as otherwise provided by law, he shall present to the director of revenue evidence satisfactory to the director showing the purchase price paid by or charged to the applicant in the acquisition of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor, or that the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is not subject to the tax herein provided and, if the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard

motor is subject to the tax herein provided, the applicant shall pay or cause to be paid to the director of revenue the tax provided herein.

[3.] **2.** In the event that the purchase price is unknown or undisclosed, or that the evidence thereof is not satisfactory to the director of revenue, the same shall be fixed by appraisal by the director.

[4.] **3.** No certificate of title shall be issued for such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor unless the tax for the privilege of using the highways or waters of this state has been paid or the vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is registered under the provisions of subsection 5 of this section.

[5.] **4.** The owner of any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor which is to be used exclusively for rental or lease purposes may pay the tax due thereon required in section 144.020 at the time of registration or in lieu thereof may pay a [use] **sales tax** as provided in sections 144.010, 144.020, 144.070 and 144.440. A [use] **sales tax** shall be charged and paid on the amount charged for each rental or lease agreement while the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is domiciled in the state. If the owner elects to pay upon each rental or lease, he shall make an affidavit to that effect in such form as the director of revenue shall require and shall remit the tax due at such times as the director of revenue shall require.

[6.] **5.** In the event that any leasing company which rents or leases motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors elects to collect a [use] **sales tax**[,] all of its lease receipts would be subject to the [use] **sales tax**[,] regardless of whether or not the leasing company previously paid a sales tax when the vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor was originally purchased.

[7.] **6.** The provisions of this section, and the tax imposed by this section, shall not apply to manufactured homes.

144.450. In order to avoid double taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510, any person who purchases a motor vehicle, trailer, manufactured home, boat, or outboard motor in any other state and seeks to register or obtain a certificate of title for it in this state shall be credited with the amount of any sales tax or use tax shown to have been previously paid by him on the purchase price of such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor in such other state. The tax imposed by **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.440** shall not apply:

(1) [To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors on account of which the sales tax provided by sections 144.010 to 144.510 shall have been paid;

(2)] To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors brought into this state by a person moving any such vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor into Missouri from another state who shall have registered and in good faith regularly operated any such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor in such other state at least ninety days prior to the time it is registered in this state;

[(3)] **(2)** To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors acquired by registered dealers for resale;

[(4)] **(3)** To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors purchased, owned or used by any religious, charitable or eleemosynary institution for use in the conduct of regular religious, charitable or eleemosynary functions and activities;

[(5)] **(4)** To motor vehicles owned and used by religious organizations in transferring pupils to and from schools supported by such organization;

[(6)] **(5)** Where the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor has been acquired by the applicant for a certificate of title therefor by gift or under a will or by inheritance, and the tax hereby imposed has been paid by the donor or decedent;

[(7)] **(6)** To any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor owned or used by the state of Missouri or any other political subdivision thereof, or by an educational institution supported by public funds; or

[(8)] **(7)** To farm tractors.

144.455. The tax imposed by **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section [144.440] 144.020 on the titling of motor vehicles and trailers** is levied for the purpose of providing revenue to be used by this state to defray in whole or in part the cost of constructing, widening, reconstructing, maintaining, resurfacing and repairing the public highways, roads and streets of this state, and the cost and expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020 and sections 144.440 to 144.455**, and for no other purpose whatsoever, and all revenue collected or received by the director of revenue from the tax imposed by **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section [144.440] 144.020 on motor vehicles and trailers** shall be promptly deposited [in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway department fund] **as dictated by article IV, section 30(b) of the Constitution of Missouri.**

144.525. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount of any state and local sales [or use] taxes due on the purchase of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor required to be registered under the provisions of

sections 301.001 to 301.660 and sections 306.010 to 306.900 shall be computed on the rate of such taxes in effect on the date the purchaser submits application for a certificate of ownership to the director of revenue; except that, in the case of a sale at retail, of an outboard motor by a retail business which is not required to be registered under the provisions of section 301.251, the amount of state and local [sales and use] taxes due shall be computed on the rate of such taxes in effect as of the calendar date of the retail sale.

144.610. 1. A tax is imposed for the privilege of storing, using or consuming within this state any article of tangible personal property, **excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020**, purchased on or after the effective date of sections 144.600 to 144.745 in an amount equivalent to the percentage imposed on the sales price in the sales tax law in section 144.020. This tax does not apply with respect to the storage, use or consumption of any article of tangible personal property purchased, produced or manufactured outside this state until the transportation of the article has finally come to rest within this state or until the article has become commingled with the general mass of property of this state.

2. Every person storing, using or consuming in this state tangible personal property **subject to the tax in subsection 1** is liable for the tax imposed by this law, and the liability shall not be extinguished until the tax is paid to this state, but a receipt from a vendor authorized by the director of revenue under the rules and regulations that he prescribes to collect the tax, given to the purchaser in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650, relieves the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which receipt refers.

3. Because this section no longer imposes a Missouri use tax on the storage, use, or consumption of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, in that the state sales tax is now imposed on the titling of such property, the local sales tax, rather than the local use tax, applies.

144.613. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 144.655, at the time the owner of any new or used boat or boat motor which was acquired after December 31, 1979, in a transaction subject to [use] tax under [the Missouri use tax law] **this chapter** makes application to the director of revenue for the registration of the boat or boat motor, he shall present to the director of revenue evidence satisfactory to the director of revenue showing the purchase price, exclusive of any charge incident to the extension of credit, paid by or charged to the applicant in the acquisition of the boat or boat motor, or that no sales or use tax was incurred in its acquisition, and, if [sales or use] tax was incurred in its acquisition, that the same has been paid, or the applicant shall pay or cause to be paid to the director of revenue the [use] tax provided by [the Missouri use tax law] **this chapter** in addition to the registration fees now or hereafter required according to law, and the director of revenue shall not issue a registration for any new or used boat or boat motor subject to [use] tax [as provided in the Missouri use tax law] **in this chapter** until the tax levied for the use of the same under [sections 144.600 to 144.748] **this chapter** has been paid.

144.615. There are specifically exempted from the taxes levied in sections 144.600 to 144.745:

(1) Property, the storage, use or consumption of which this state is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the constitution or laws of the United States or of this state;

(2) Property, the gross receipts from the sale of which are required to be included in the measure of the tax imposed pursuant to the Missouri sales tax law;

(3) Tangible personal property, the sale or other transfer of which, if made in this state, would be exempt from or not subject to the Missouri sales tax pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 144.030;

(4) Motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors subject to the tax imposed by section [144.440] **144.020**;

(5) Tangible personal property which has been subjected to a tax by any other state in this respect to its sales or use; provided, if such tax is less than the tax imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.745, such property, if otherwise taxable, shall be subject to a tax equal to the difference between such tax and the tax imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.745;

(6) Tangible personal property held by processors, retailers, importers, manufacturers, wholesalers, or jobbers solely for resale in the regular course of business;

(7) Personal and household effects and farm machinery used while an individual was a bona fide resident of another state and who thereafter became a resident of this state, or tangible personal property brought into the state by a nonresident for his own storage, use or consumption while temporarily within the state."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 31, Section 307.400, Line 81, by inserting after all of said section the following:

"Section 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1.140 to the contrary, the provisions of sections 32.087 and 144.757, as amended by this act, shall be nonseverable, and if any provision is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall invalidate all of the remaining provisions of section 32.087 and 144.757, as amended by this act.

Section B. Because of the need to replace local revenues which became unexpectedly unavailable for local governments to provide for local law enforcement, fire protection, emergency personnel, and other vital services and due to the detrimental impact that lost local revenues has had on the domestic economy by placing Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats and trailers, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Hough, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Jones (50) offered **House Amendment No. 4.**

House Amendment No. 4

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 2, Section 301.301, Line 8, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"302.060. 1. The director shall not issue any license and shall immediately deny any driving privilege:

- (1) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person operates a motor vehicle in the transportation of persons or property as classified in section 302.015;
- (2) To any person who is under the age of sixteen years, except as hereinafter provided;
- (3) To any person whose license has been suspended, during such suspension, or to any person whose license has been revoked, until the expiration of one year after such license was revoked;
- (4) To any person who is an habitual drunkard or is addicted to the use of narcotic drugs;
- (5) To any person who has previously been adjudged to be incapacitated and who at the time of application has not been restored to partial capacity;
- (6) To any person who, when required by this law to take an examination, has failed to pass such examination;
- (7) To any person who has an unsatisfied judgment against such person, as defined in chapter 303, until such judgment has been satisfied or the financial responsibility of such person, as defined in section 303.120, has been established;
- (8) To any person whose application shows that the person has been convicted within one year prior to such application of violating the laws of this state relating to failure to stop after an accident and to disclose the person's identity or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's consent;
- (9) To any person who has been convicted more than twice of violating state law, or a county or municipal ordinance where the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, relating to driving while intoxicated; except that, after the expiration of ten years from the date of conviction of the last offense of violating such law or ordinance relating to driving while intoxicated, a person who was so convicted may petition the circuit court of the county in which such last conviction was rendered and the court shall review the person's habits and conduct since such conviction, including the results of a criminal history check as defined in section 302.010. If the court finds that the petitioner has not been convicted, pled guilty to or been found guilty of, and has no pending charges for any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs and has no other alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding ten years and that the petitioner's habits and conduct show such petitioner to no longer pose a threat to the public safety of this state, the court [may] **shall** order the director to issue a license to the petitioner if the petitioner is otherwise qualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540. No person may obtain a license pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision through court action more than one time;

(10) To any person who has pled guilty to or been convicted of the crime of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition, or to any person who has been convicted twice within a five-year period of violating state law, county or municipal ordinance of driving while intoxicated, or any other intoxication-related traffic offense as defined in section 577.023, except that, after the expiration of five years from the date of conviction of the last offense of violating such law or ordinance, a person who was so convicted may petition the circuit court of the county in which such last conviction was rendered and the court shall review the person's habits and conduct since such conviction, including the results of a criminal history check as defined in section 302.010. If the court finds that the petitioner has not been convicted, pled guilty to, or been found guilty of, and has no pending charges for any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs and has no other alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding five years, and that the petitioner's habits and conduct show such petitioner to no longer pose a threat to the public safety of this state, the court [may] **shall** order the director to issue a license to the petitioner if the petitioner is otherwise qualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540;

(11) To any person who is otherwise disqualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.780, chapter 303, or section 544.046;

(12) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person's parents or legal guardians file a certified document with the department of revenue stating that the director shall not issue such person a driver's license. Each document filed by the person's parents or legal guardians shall be made upon a form furnished by the director and shall include identifying information of the person for whom the parents or legal guardians are denying the driver's license. The document shall also contain identifying information of the person's parents or legal guardians. The document shall be certified by the parents or legal guardians to be true and correct. This provision shall not apply to any person who is legally emancipated. The parents or legal guardians may later file an additional document with the department of revenue which reinstates the person's ability to receive a driver's license.

2. Any person whose license is reinstated under the provisions of [subdivisions (9) and (10)] **subdivision (9) or (10)** of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of reinstatement. The ignition interlock device required for reinstatement under this subsection and for obtaining a limited driving privilege under paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (8) of subsection 3 of section 302.309 shall have photo identification technology and global positioning system features. The ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. If the monthly monitoring reports show that the ignition interlock device has registered any confirmed blood alcohol concentration readings above the alcohol setpoint established by the department of transportation or that the person has tampered with or circumvented the ignition interlock device, then the period for which the person must maintain the ignition interlock device following the date of reinstatement shall be extended for an additional six months. If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director, the license shall be suspended for the remainder of the six-month period or until proof as required by this section is filed with the director. Upon the completion of the six-month period, the license shall be shown as reinstated, if the person is otherwise eligible.

3. Any person who petitions the court for reinstatement of his or her license pursuant to subdivision (9) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall make application with the Missouri state highway patrol as provided in section 43.540, and shall submit two sets of fingerprints collected pursuant to standards as determined by the highway patrol. One set of fingerprints shall be used by the highway patrol to search the criminal history repository and the second set shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for searching the federal criminal history files. At the time of application, the applicant shall supply to the highway patrol the court name and case number for the court where he or she has filed his or her petition for reinstatement. The applicant shall pay the fee for the state criminal history check pursuant to section 43.530 and pay the appropriate fee determined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the federal criminal history record. The Missouri highway patrol, upon receipt of the results of the criminal history check, shall forward a copy of the results to the circuit court designated by the applicant and to the department. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 610.120, all records related to any criminal history check shall be accessible and available to the director and the court.

[302.060. 1. The director shall not issue any license and shall immediately deny any driving privilege:

(1) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person operates a motor vehicle in the transportation of persons or property as classified in section 302.015;

(2) To any person who is under the age of sixteen years, except as hereinafter provided;

(3) To any person whose license has been suspended, during such suspension, or to any person whose license has been revoked, until the expiration of one year after such license was revoked;

(4) To any person who is an habitual drunkard or is addicted to the use of narcotic drugs;

(5) To any person who has previously been adjudged to be incapacitated and who at the time of application has not been restored to partial capacity;

(6) To any person who, when required by this law to take an examination, has failed to pass such examination;

(7) To any person who has an unsatisfied judgment against such person, as defined in chapter 303, until such judgment has been satisfied or the financial responsibility of such person, as defined in section 303.120, has been established;

(8) To any person whose application shows that the person has been convicted within one year prior to such application of violating the laws of this state relating to failure to stop after an accident and to disclose the person's identity or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's consent;

(9) To any person who has been convicted more than twice of violating state law, or a county or municipal ordinance where the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, relating to driving while intoxicated; except that, after the expiration of ten years from the date of conviction of the last offense of violating such law or ordinance relating to driving while intoxicated, a person who was so convicted may petition the circuit court of the county in which such last conviction was rendered and the court shall review the person's habits and conduct since such conviction, including the results of a criminal history check as defined in section 302.010. If the court finds that the petitioner has not been convicted, pled guilty to or been found guilty of, and has no pending charges for any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs and has no other alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding ten years and that the petitioner's habits and conduct show such petitioner to no longer pose a threat to the public safety of this state, the court may order the director to issue a license to the petitioner if the petitioner is otherwise qualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540. No person may obtain a license pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision through court action more than one time;

(10) To any person who has pled guilty to or been convicted of the crime of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition, or to any person who has been convicted twice within a five-year period of violating state law, county or municipal ordinance of driving while intoxicated, or any other intoxication-related traffic offense as defined in section 577.023, except that, after the expiration of five years from the date of conviction of the last offense of violating such law or ordinance, a person who was so convicted may petition the circuit court of the county in which such last conviction was rendered and the court shall review the person's habits and conduct since such conviction, including the results of a criminal history check as defined in section 302.010. If the court finds that the petitioner has not been convicted, pled guilty to, or been found guilty of, and has no pending charges for any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs and has no other alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding five years, and that the petitioner's habits and conduct show such petitioner to no longer pose a threat to the public safety of this state, the court may order the director to issue a license to the petitioner if the petitioner is otherwise qualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540;

(11) To any person who is otherwise disqualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.780, chapter 303, or section 544.046;

(12) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person's parents or legal guardians file a certified document with the department of revenue stating that the director shall not issue such person a driver's license. Each document filed by the person's parents or legal guardians shall be made upon a form furnished by the director and shall include identifying information of the person for whom the parents or legal guardians are denying the driver's license. The document shall also contain identifying information of the person's parents or legal guardians. The document shall be certified by the parents or legal guardians to be true and correct. This provision shall not apply to any person who is legally emancipated. The parents or legal guardians may later file an additional document with the department of revenue which reinstates the person's ability to receive a driver's license.

2. Any person whose license is reinstated under the provisions of subdivisions (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of reinstatement. The ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director, the license shall be suspended for the remainder of the six-month period or until proof as required by this section is filed with the director. Upon the completion of the six-month period, the license shall be shown as reinstated, if the person is otherwise eligible.

3. Any person who petitions the court for reinstatement of his or her license pursuant to subdivision (9) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall make application with the Missouri state highway patrol as provided in section 43.540, and shall submit two sets of fingerprints collected pursuant to standards as determined by the highway patrol. One set of fingerprints shall be used by the highway patrol to search the criminal history repository and the second set shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for searching the federal criminal history files. At the time of application, the applicant shall supply to the highway patrol the court name and case number for the court where he or she has filed his or her petition for reinstatement. The applicant shall pay the fee for the state criminal history check pursuant to section 43.530 and pay the appropriate fee determined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the federal criminal history record. The Missouri highway patrol, upon receipt of the results of the criminal history check, shall forward a copy of the results to the circuit court designated by the applicant and to the department. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 610.120, all records related to any criminal history check shall be accessible and available to the director and the court.]"; and

"302.302. 1. The director of revenue shall put into effect a point system for the suspension and revocation of licenses. Points shall be assessed only after a conviction or forfeiture of collateral. The initial point value is as follows:

(1) Any moving violation of a state law or county or municipal or federal traffic ordinance or regulation not listed in this section, other than a violation of vehicle equipment provisions or a court-ordered supervision as provided in section 302.303. 2 points

(except any violation of municipal stop sign ordinance where no accident is involved. 1 point)

(2) Speeding

In violation of a state law. 3 points

In violation of a county or municipal ordinance. 2 points

(3) Leaving the scene of an accident in violation of section 577.060. 12 points

In violation of any county or municipal ordinance. 6 points

(4) Careless and imprudent driving in violation of subsection 4 of section 304.016. 4 points

In violation of a county or municipal ordinance. 2 points

(5) Operating without a valid license in violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of section 302.020:

(a) For the first conviction. 2 points

(b) For the second conviction. 4 points

(c) For the third conviction. 6 points

(6) Operating with a suspended or revoked license prior to restoration of operating privileges. . . . 12 points

(7) Obtaining a license by misrepresentation. 12 points

(8) For the first conviction of driving while in an intoxicated condition or under the influence of controlled substances or drugs. 8 points

(9) For the second or subsequent conviction of any of the following offenses however combined: driving while in an intoxicated condition, driving under the influence of controlled substances or drugs or driving with a blood alcohol content of eight-hundredths of one percent or more by weight. 12 points

(10) For the first conviction for driving with blood alcohol content eight-hundredths of one percent or more by weight

In violation of state law. 8 points

In violation of a county or municipal ordinance or federal law or regulation. 8 points

(11) Any felony involving the use of a motor vehicle. 12 points

(12) Knowingly permitting unlicensed operator to operate a motor vehicle. 4 points

- (13) For a conviction for failure to maintain financial responsibility pursuant to county or municipal ordinance or pursuant to section 303.025. 4 points
- (14) Endangerment of a highway worker in violation of section 304.585. 4 points
- (15) Aggravated endangerment of a highway worker in violation of section 304.585. 12 points
- (16) For a conviction of violating a municipal ordinance that prohibits tow truck operators from stopping at or proceeding to the scene of an accident unless they have been requested to stop or proceed to such scene by a party involved in such accident or by an officer of a public safety agency. 4 points

2. The director shall, as provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section, assess an operator points for a conviction pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of section 302.020, when the director issues such operator a license or permit pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.340.

3. An additional two points shall be assessed when personal injury or property damage results from any violation listed in subdivisions (1) to (13) of subsection 1 of this section and if found to be warranted and certified by the reporting court.

4. When any of the acts listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4) or (8) of subsection 1 of this section constitutes both a violation of a state law and a violation of a county or municipal ordinance, points may be assessed for either violation but not for both. Notwithstanding that an offense arising out of the same occurrence could be construed to be a violation of subdivisions (8), (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section, no person shall be tried or convicted for more than one offense pursuant to subdivisions (8), (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section for offenses arising out of the same occurrence.

5. The director of revenue shall put into effect a system for staying the assessment of points against an operator. The system shall provide that the satisfactory completion of a driver-improvement program or, in the case of violations committed while operating a motorcycle, a motorcycle-rider training course approved by the state highways and transportation commission, by an operator, when so ordered and verified by any court having jurisdiction over any law of this state or county or municipal ordinance, regulating motor vehicles, other than a violation committed in a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 302.700 or a violation committed by an individual who has been issued a commercial driver's license or is required to obtain a commercial driver's license in this state or any other state, shall be accepted by the director in lieu of the assessment of points for a violation pursuant to subdivision (1), (2) or (4) of subsection 1 of this section or pursuant to subsection 3 of this section. **The operator shall be given the option to complete the driver-improvement program through an online or in-person course.** A court using a centralized violation bureau established under section 476.385 may elect to have the bureau order and verify completion of a driver-improvement program or motorcycle-rider training course as prescribed by order of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, the driver-improvement program shall meet or exceed the standards of the National Safety Council's eight-hour "Defensive Driving Course" or, in the case of a violation which occurred during the operation of a motorcycle, the program shall meet the standards established by the state highways and transportation commission pursuant to sections 302.133 to 302.137. The completion of a driver-improvement program or a motorcycle-rider training course shall not be accepted in lieu of points more than one time in any thirty-six-month period and shall be completed within sixty days of the date of conviction in order to be accepted in lieu of the assessment of points. Every court having jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall, within fifteen days after completion of the driver-improvement program or motorcycle-rider training course by an operator, forward a record of the completion to the director, all other provisions of the law to the contrary notwithstanding. The director shall establish procedures for record keeping and the administration of this subsection."; and

"302.304. 1. The director shall notify by ordinary mail any operator of the point value charged against the operator's record when the record shows four or more points have been accumulated in a twelve-month period.

2. In an action to suspend or revoke a license or driving privilege under this section points shall be accumulated on the date of conviction. No case file of any conviction for a driving violation for which points may be assessed pursuant to section 302.302 may be closed until such time as a copy of the record of such conviction is forwarded to the department of revenue.

3. The director shall suspend the license and driving privileges of any person whose driving record shows the driver has accumulated eight points in eighteen months.

4. The license and driving privilege of any person whose license and driving privilege have been suspended under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 except those persons whose license and driving privilege have been suspended under the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, and is otherwise eligible, shall be reinstated as follows:

- (1) In the case of an initial suspension, thirty days after the effective date of the suspension;
- (2) In the case of a second suspension, sixty days after the effective date of the suspension;
- (3) In the case of the third and subsequent suspensions, ninety days after the effective date of the suspension.

Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, a suspension shall continue in effect for two years from its effective date.

5. The period of suspension of the driver's license and driving privilege of any person under the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or who has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall be thirty days, followed by a sixty-day period of restricted driving privilege as defined in section 302.010. Upon completion of such period of restricted driving privilege, upon compliance with other requirements of law and upon filing of proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, the license and driving privilege shall be reinstated. If a person, otherwise subject to the provisions of this subsection, files proof of installation with the department of revenue that any vehicle operated by such person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device, [then the] **there shall be no** period of suspension [shall be fifteen days, followed by a seventy-five day]. **However, in lieu of a suspension the person shall instead complete a ninety-day** period of restricted driving privilege. If the person fails to maintain such proof of the device with the director of revenue as required, the restricted driving privilege shall be terminated. Upon completion of such [seventy-five day] **ninety-day** period of restricted driving privilege, upon compliance with other requirements of law, and upon filing of proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, the license and driving privilege shall be reinstated. However, if the monthly monitoring reports during such [seventy-five day] **ninety-day** period indicate that the ignition interlock device has registered a **confirmed** blood alcohol concentration level above the alcohol setpoint established by the department of transportation or such reports indicate that the ignition interlock device has been tampered with or circumvented, then the license and driving privilege of such person shall not be reinstated until the person completes an additional [seventy-five day] **thirty-day** period of restricted driving privilege [without any such violations].

6. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, or, if applicable, if the person fails to maintain proof that any vehicle operated is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device installed pursuant to subsection 5 of this section, the person's driving privilege and license shall be resuspended.

7. The director shall revoke the license and driving privilege of any person when the person's driving record shows such person has accumulated twelve points in twelve months or eighteen points in twenty-four months or twenty-four points in thirty-six months. The revocation period of any person whose license and driving privilege have been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue in accordance with chapter 303 and is otherwise eligible, shall be terminated by a notice from the director of revenue after one year from the effective date of the revocation. Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, except as provided in subsection 2 of section 302.541, the revocation shall remain in effect for a period of two years from its effective date. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, the person's license and driving privilege shall be rerevoked. Any person whose license and driving privilege have been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 shall, upon receipt of the notice of termination of the revocation from the director, pass the complete driver examination and apply for a new license before again operating a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state.

8. If, prior to conviction for an offense that would require suspension or revocation of a person's license under the provisions of this section, the person's total points accumulated are reduced, pursuant to the provisions of section 302.306, below the number of points required for suspension or revocation pursuant to the provisions of this section, then the person's license shall not be suspended or revoked until the necessary points are again obtained and accumulated.

9. If any person shall neglect or refuse to surrender the person's license, as provided herein, the director shall direct the state highway patrol or any peace or police officer to secure possession thereof and return it to the director.

10. Upon the issuance of a reinstatement or termination notice after a suspension or revocation of any person's license and driving privilege under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540, the accumulated point value shall be reduced to four points, except that the points of any person serving as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States outside the limits of the United States during a period of suspension or revocation shall be reduced to zero upon the date of the reinstatement or termination of notice. It shall be the responsibility of such member of the Armed Forces to submit copies of official orders to the director of revenue to substantiate such overseas service. Any other provision of sections 302.010 to 302.540 to the contrary notwithstanding, the effective date of the four points remaining on the record upon reinstatement or termination shall be the date of the reinstatement or termination notice.

11. No credit toward reduction of points shall be given during periods of suspension or revocation or any period of driving under a limited driving privilege granted by a court or the director of revenue.

12. Any person or nonresident whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended or revoked under this or any other law shall, before having the license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle reinstated, pay to the director a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars which shall be in addition to all other fees provided by law.

13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if after two years from the effective date of any suspension or revocation issued under this chapter, the person or nonresident has not paid the reinstatement fee of twenty dollars, the director shall reinstate such license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state.

14. No person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked as a result of an assessment of points for a violation under subdivision (8), (9) or (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall have that license reinstated until such person has participated in and successfully completed a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010, or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health. Assignment recommendations, based upon the needs assessment as described in subdivision [(22)] (24) of section 302.010, shall be delivered in writing to the person with written notice that the person is entitled to have such assignment recommendations reviewed by the court if the person objects to the recommendations. The person may file a motion in the associate division of the circuit court of the county in which such assignment was given, on a printed form provided by the state courts administrator, to have the court hear and determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517. The motion shall name the person or entity making the needs assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall be served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. Upon hearing the motion, the court may modify or waive any assignment recommendation that the court determines to be unwarranted based upon a review of the needs assessment, the person's driving record, the circumstances surrounding the offense, and the likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future, except that the court may modify but may not waive the assignment to an education or rehabilitation program of a person determined to be a prior or persistent offender as defined in section 577.023 or of a person determined to have operated a motor vehicle with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight in such person's blood. Compliance with the court determination of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be necessary unless directed by the court.

15. The fees for the program authorized in subsection 14 of this section, or a portion thereof to be determined by the department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee in an amount to be determined by the department of mental health for the purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010 and section 577.001 or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health. The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health on or before the fifteenth day of each month the supplemental fee for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest shall be charged on any unpaid balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and drug abuse pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed the annual rate established pursuant to the provisions of section 32.065, plus three percentage points. The supplemental fees and any interest received by the department of mental health pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings fund which is created in section 630.053.

16. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall initiate appropriate action of the collection of said fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney fees and court costs against any delinquent program.

17. Any person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked as a result of an assessment of points for a [violation under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 302.302] **conviction for an intoxication-related traffic offense as defined under section 577.023, and who has a prior alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined under section 302.525**, shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of reinstatement of the license. The ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. If the monthly monitoring reports show that the ignition interlock device has registered any confirmed blood alcohol concentration readings above the alcohol setpoint established by the department of transportation or that

the person has tampered with or circumvented the ignition interlock device, then the period for which the person must maintain the ignition interlock device following the date of reinstatement shall be extended for an additional six months. If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director, the license shall be resuspended or revoked and the person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

[302.304. 1. The director shall notify by ordinary mail any operator of the point value charged against the operator's record when the record shows four or more points have been accumulated in a twelve-month period.

2. In an action to suspend or revoke a license or driving privilege under this section points shall be accumulated on the date of conviction. No case file of any conviction for a driving violation for which points may be assessed pursuant to section 302.302 may be closed until such time as a copy of the record of such conviction is forwarded to the department of revenue.

3. The director shall suspend the license and driving privileges of any person whose driving record shows the driver has accumulated eight points in eighteen months.

4. The license and driving privilege of any person whose license and driving privilege have been suspended under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 except those persons whose license and driving privilege have been suspended under the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, and is otherwise eligible, shall be reinstated as follows:

(1) In the case of an initial suspension, thirty days after the effective date of the suspension;

(2) In the case of a second suspension, sixty days after the effective date of the suspension;

(3) In the case of the third and subsequent suspensions, ninety days after the effective date of the suspension.

Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, a suspension shall continue in effect for two years from its effective date.

5. The period of suspension of the driver's license and driving privilege of any person under the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or who has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall be thirty days, followed by a sixty-day period of restricted driving privilege as defined in section 302.010. Upon completion of such period of restricted driving privilege, upon compliance with other requirements of law and upon filing of proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, the license and driving privilege shall be reinstated.

6. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, the person's driving privilege and license shall be resuspended.

7. The director shall revoke the license and driving privilege of any person when the person's driving record shows such person has accumulated twelve points in twelve months or eighteen points in twenty-four months or twenty-four points in thirty-six months. The revocation period of any person whose license and driving privilege have been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue in accordance with chapter 303 and is otherwise eligible, shall be terminated by a notice from the director of revenue after one year from the effective date of the revocation. Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, except as provided in subsection 2 of section 302.541, the revocation shall remain in effect for a period of two years from its effective date. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, the person's license and driving privilege shall be rerevoked. Any person whose license and driving privilege have been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 shall, upon receipt of the notice of termination of the revocation from the director, pass the complete driver examination and apply for a new license before again operating a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state.

8. If, prior to conviction for an offense that would require suspension or revocation of a person's license under the provisions of this section, the person's total points accumulated are reduced, pursuant to the provisions of section 302.306, below the number of points required for suspension or revocation pursuant to the provisions of this section, then the person's license shall not be suspended or revoked until the necessary points are again obtained and accumulated.

9. If any person shall neglect or refuse to surrender the person's license, as provided herein, the director shall direct the state highway patrol or any peace or police officer to secure possession thereof and return it to the director.

10. Upon the issuance of a reinstatement or termination notice after a suspension or revocation of any person's license and driving privilege under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540, the accumulated point value shall be reduced to four points, except that the points of any person serving as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States outside the limits of the United States during a period of suspension or revocation shall be reduced to zero upon the date of the reinstatement or termination of notice. It shall be the responsibility of such member of the Armed Forces to submit copies of official orders to the director of revenue to substantiate such overseas service. Any other provision of sections 302.010 to 302.540 to the contrary notwithstanding, the effective date of the four points remaining on the record upon reinstatement or termination shall be the date of the reinstatement or termination notice.

11. No credit toward reduction of points shall be given during periods of suspension or revocation or any period of driving under a limited driving privilege granted by a court or the director of revenue.

12. Any person or nonresident whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended or revoked under this or any other law shall, before having the license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle reinstated, pay to the director a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars which shall be in addition to all other fees provided by law.

13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if after two years from the effective date of any suspension or revocation issued under this chapter, the person or nonresident has not paid the reinstatement fee of twenty dollars, the director shall reinstate such license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state.

14. No person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked as a result of an assessment of points for a violation under subdivision (8), (9) or (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall have that license reinstated until such person has participated in and successfully completed a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010, or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health. Assignment recommendations, based upon the needs assessment as described in subdivision (22) of section 302.010, shall be delivered in writing to the person with written notice that the person is entitled to have such assignment recommendations reviewed by the court if the person objects to the recommendations. The person may file a motion in the associate division of the circuit court of the county in which such assignment was given, on a printed form provided by the state courts administrator, to have the court hear and determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517. The motion shall name the person or entity making the needs assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall be served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. Upon hearing the motion, the court may modify or waive any assignment recommendation that the court determines to be unwarranted based upon a review of the needs assessment, the person's driving record, the circumstances surrounding the offense, and the likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future, except that the court may modify but may not waive the assignment to an education or rehabilitation program of a person determined to be a prior or persistent offender as defined in section 577.023 or of a person determined to have operated a motor vehicle with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight in such person's blood. Compliance with the court determination of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be necessary unless directed by the court.

15. The fees for the program authorized in subsection 14 of this section, or a portion thereof to be determined by the department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee in an amount to be determined by the department of mental health for the purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010 and section 577.001 or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health. The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health on or before the fifteenth day of each month the supplemental fee for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest shall be charged on any

unpaid balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and drug abuse pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed the annual rate established pursuant to the provisions of section 32.065, plus three percentage points. The supplemental fees and any interest received by the department of mental health pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings fund which is created in section 630.053.

16. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall initiate appropriate action of the collection of said fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney fees and court costs against any delinquent program.

17. Any person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked as a result of an assessment of points for a violation under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of reinstatement of the license. The ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director, the license shall be resuspended or revoked and the person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.]"; and

"[302.309. 1. Whenever any license is suspended pursuant to sections 302.302 to 302.309, the director of revenue shall return the license to the operator immediately upon the termination of the period of suspension and upon compliance with the requirements of chapter 303.

2. Any operator whose license is revoked pursuant to these sections, upon the termination of the period of revocation, shall apply for a new license in the manner prescribed by law.

3. (1) All circuit courts, the director of revenue, or a commissioner operating under section 478.007 shall have jurisdiction to hear applications and make eligibility determinations granting limited driving privileges. Any application may be made in writing to the director of revenue and the person's reasons for requesting the limited driving privilege shall be made therein.

(2) When any court of record having jurisdiction or the director of revenue finds that an operator is required to operate a motor vehicle in connection with any of the following:

- (a) A business, occupation, or employment;
- (b) Seeking medical treatment for such operator;
- (c) Attending school or other institution of higher education;
- (d) Attending alcohol or drug treatment programs;
- (e) Seeking the required services of a certified ignition interlock device provider; or
- (f) Any other circumstance the court or director finds would create an undue hardship on the operator;

the court or director may grant such limited driving privilege as the circumstances of the case justify if the court or director finds undue hardship would result to the individual, and while so operating a motor vehicle within the restrictions and limitations of the limited driving privilege the driver shall not be guilty of operating a motor vehicle without a valid license.

(3) An operator may make application to the proper court in the county in which such operator resides or in the county in which is located the operator's principal place of business or employment. Any application for a limited driving privilege made to a circuit court shall name the director as a party defendant and shall be served upon the director prior to the grant of any limited privilege, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the applicant's driving record as certified by the director. Any applicant for a limited driving privilege shall have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303. Any application by a person who transports persons or property as classified in section 302.015 may be accompanied by proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303, but if proof of financial responsibility does not accompany the application, or if the applicant does not have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility, the court or the director has discretion to grant the limited driving

privilege to the person solely for the purpose of operating a vehicle whose owner has complied with chapter 303 for that vehicle, and the limited driving privilege must state such restriction. When operating such vehicle under such restriction the person shall carry proof that the owner has complied with chapter 303 for that vehicle.

(4) No limited driving privilege shall be issued to any person otherwise eligible under the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (6) of this subsection on a license revocation resulting from a conviction under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 302.302, or a license denial under paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (8) of this subsection, until the applicant has filed proof with the department of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of limited driving privilege.

(5) The court order or the director's grant of the limited or restricted driving privilege shall indicate the termination date of the privilege, which shall be not later than the end of the period of suspension or revocation. A copy of any court order shall be sent by the clerk of the court to the director, and a copy shall be given to the driver which shall be carried by the driver whenever such driver operates a motor vehicle. The director of revenue upon granting a limited driving privilege shall give a copy of the limited driving privilege to the applicant. The applicant shall carry a copy of the limited driving privilege while operating a motor vehicle. A conviction which results in the assessment of points pursuant to section 302.302, other than a violation of a municipal stop sign ordinance where no accident is involved, against a driver who is operating a vehicle pursuant to a limited driving privilege terminates the privilege, as of the date the points are assessed to the person's driving record. If the date of arrest is prior to the issuance of the limited driving privilege, the privilege shall not be terminated. Failure of the driver to maintain proof of financial responsibility, as required by chapter 303, or to maintain proof of installation of a functioning, certified ignition interlock device, as applicable, shall terminate the privilege. The director shall notify by ordinary mail the driver whose privilege is so terminated.

(6) Except as provided in subdivision (8) of this subsection, no person is eligible to receive a limited driving privilege who at the time of application for a limited driving privilege has previously been granted such a privilege within the immediately preceding five years, or whose license has been suspended or revoked for the following reasons:

(a) A conviction of violating the provisions of section 577.010 or 577.012, or any similar provision of any federal or state law, or a municipal or county law where the judge in such case was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to this chapter;

(b) A conviction of any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;

(c) Ineligibility for a license because of the provisions of subdivision (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) or (11) of section 302.060;

(d) Because of operating a motor vehicle under the influence of narcotic drugs, a controlled substance as defined in chapter 195, or having left the scene of an accident as provided in section 577.060;

(e) Due to a revocation for the first time for failure to submit to a chemical test pursuant to section 577.041 or due to a refusal to submit to a chemical test in any other state, if such person has not completed the first ninety days of such revocation;

(f) Violation more than once of the provisions of section 577.041 or a similar implied consent law of any other state; or

(g) Due to a suspension pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 and who has not completed the first thirty days of such suspension, provided the person is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege; or due to a revocation pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 if such person has not completed such revocation.

(7) No person who possesses a commercial driver's license shall receive a limited driving privilege issued for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle if such person's driving privilege is suspended, revoked, cancelled, denied, or disqualified. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the issuance of a limited driving privilege for the purpose of operating a noncommercial motor vehicle provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege.

(8) (a) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of ten years, as prescribed in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving privilege pursuant to this subsection if such person has served at least three years of such disqualification or revocation. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding three years and that the person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state. The court or the director shall review the results of a criminal history check prior to granting any limited privilege under this subdivision. If the court or the director finds that the petitioner has been convicted, pled guilty to, or been found guilty of, or has a pending charge for any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs, or has any other alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding three years, the court or the director shall not grant a limited driving privilege to the applicant.

(b) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege or convicted of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of five years because of two convictions of driving while intoxicated, as prescribed in subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving privilege pursuant to this subsection if such person has served at least two years of such disqualification or revocation. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding two years and that the person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state. The court or the director shall review the results of a criminal history check prior to granting any limited privilege under this subdivision. If the court or director finds that the petitioner has been convicted, pled guilty to, or been found guilty of, or has a pending charge for any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs, or has any other alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding two years, the court or the director shall not grant a limited driving privilege to the applicant. Any person who is denied a license permanently in this state because of an alcohol-related conviction subsequent to a restoration of such person's driving privileges pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 302.060 shall not be eligible for limited driving privilege pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.

(9) A DWI docket or court established under section 478.007 may grant a limited driving privilege to a participant in or graduate of the program who would otherwise be ineligible for such privilege under another provision of law. The DWI docket or court shall not grant a limited driving privilege to a participant during his or her initial forty-five days of participation.

4. Any person who has received notice of denial of a request of limited driving privilege by the director of revenue may make a request for a review of the director's determination in the circuit court of the county in which the person resides or the county in which is located the person's principal place of business or employment within thirty days of the date of mailing of the notice of denial. Such review shall be based upon the records of the department of revenue and other competent evidence and shall be limited to a review of whether the applicant was statutorily entitled to the limited driving privilege.

5. Any person who petitions a court or makes application with the director for a limited driving privilege pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (8) of subsection 3 of this section shall make application with the Missouri state highway patrol as provided in section 43.540 and shall submit two sets of fingerprints collected pursuant to standards as determined by the highway patrol. One set of fingerprints shall be used by the highway patrol to search the criminal history repository and the second set shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for searching the federal criminal history files. At the time of application, the applicant shall supply to the highway patrol the court name and case number for the court where he or she has filed his or her petition for limited driving privileges. The applicant shall pay the fee for the state criminal history record information pursuant to section 43.530 and pay the appropriate fee determined by the Federal Bureau of

Investigation for the federal criminal history record. The Missouri highway patrol, upon receipt of the results of the criminal history check, shall forward the results to the circuit court designated by the applicant and to the department. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 610.120, all records related to any criminal history check shall be accessible and available to the director and the court.

6. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.]

302.309. 1. Whenever any license is suspended pursuant to sections 302.302 to 302.309, the director of revenue shall return the license to the operator immediately upon the termination of the period of suspension and upon compliance with the requirements of chapter 303.

2. Any operator whose license is revoked pursuant to these sections, upon the termination of the period of revocation, shall apply for a new license in the manner prescribed by law.

3. (1) All circuit courts, the director of revenue, or a commissioner operating under section 478.007 shall have jurisdiction to hear applications and make eligibility determinations granting limited driving privileges, **except as provided under subdivision (8) of this subsection**. Any application may be made in writing to the director of revenue and the person's reasons for requesting the limited driving privilege shall be made therein.

(2) When any court of record having jurisdiction or the director of revenue finds that an operator is required to operate a motor vehicle in connection with any of the following:

- (a) A business, occupation, or employment;
- (b) Seeking medical treatment for such operator;
- (c) Attending school or other institution of higher education;
- (d) Attending alcohol or drug treatment programs;
- (e) Seeking the required services of a certified ignition interlock device provider; or
- (f) Any other circumstance the court or director finds would create an undue hardship on the operator[;] ,

the court or director may grant such limited driving privilege as the circumstances of the case justify if the court or director finds undue hardship would result to the individual, and while so operating a motor vehicle within the restrictions and limitations of the limited driving privilege the driver shall not be guilty of operating a motor vehicle without a valid license.

(3) An operator may make application to the proper court in the county in which such operator resides or in the county in which is located the operator's principal place of business or employment. Any application for a limited driving privilege made to a circuit court shall name the director as a party defendant and shall be served upon the director prior to the grant of any limited privilege, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the applicant's driving record as certified by the director. Any applicant for a limited driving privilege shall have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303. Any application by a person who transports persons or property as classified in section 302.015 may be accompanied by proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303, but if proof of financial responsibility does not accompany the application, or if the applicant does not have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility, the court or the director has discretion to grant the limited driving privilege to the person solely for the purpose of operating a vehicle whose owner has complied with chapter 303 for that vehicle, and the limited driving privilege must state such restriction. When operating such vehicle under such restriction the person shall carry proof that the owner has complied with chapter 303 for that vehicle.

(4) No limited driving privilege shall be issued to any person otherwise eligible under the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (6) of this subsection on a license revocation resulting from a conviction under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 302.302, or a license denial under paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (8) of this subsection, or a license revocation under paragraph (h) of subdivision (6) of this subsection, until the applicant has filed proof with the department of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of limited driving privilege. The ignition interlock device required for obtaining a limited driving privilege under paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (8) of this subsection shall have photo identification technology and global positioning system features.

(5) The court order or the director's grant of the limited or restricted driving privilege shall indicate the termination date of the privilege, which shall be not later than the end of the period of suspension or revocation. The court order or the director's grant of the limited or restricted driving privilege shall also indicate whether a functioning, certified ignition interlock device is required as a condition of operating a motor vehicle with the limited driving privilege. A copy of any court order shall be sent by the clerk of the court to the director, and a copy shall be given to the driver which shall be carried by the driver whenever such driver operates a motor vehicle. The director of revenue upon granting a limited driving privilege shall give a copy of the limited driving privilege to the applicant. The applicant shall carry a copy of the limited driving privilege while operating a motor vehicle. A conviction which results in the assessment of points pursuant to section 302.302, other than a violation of a municipal stop sign ordinance where no accident is involved, against a driver who is operating a vehicle pursuant to a limited driving privilege terminates the privilege, as of the date the points are assessed to the person's driving record. If the date of arrest is prior to the issuance of the limited driving privilege, the privilege shall not be terminated. Failure of the driver to maintain proof of financial responsibility, as required by chapter 303, or to maintain proof of installation of a functioning, certified ignition interlock device, as applicable, shall terminate the privilege. The director shall notify by ordinary mail the driver whose privilege is so terminated.

(6) Except as provided in subdivision (8) of this subsection, no person is eligible to receive a limited driving privilege [who] **whose license** at the time of application [for a limited driving privilege has previously been granted such a privilege within the immediately preceding five years, or whose license] has been suspended or revoked for the following reasons:

(a) A conviction of violating the provisions of section 577.010 or 577.012, or any similar provision of any federal or state law, or a municipal or county law where the judge in such case was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to this chapter;

(b) A conviction of any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;

(c) Ineligibility for a license because of the provisions of subdivision (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) or (11) of **subsection 1 of** section 302.060;

(d) Because of operating a motor vehicle under the influence of narcotic drugs, a controlled substance as defined in chapter 195, or having left the scene of an accident as provided in section 577.060;

(e) Due to a revocation for [the first time for] failure to submit to a chemical test pursuant to section 577.041 or due to a refusal to submit to a chemical test in any other state, [if] **unless** such person has [not] completed the first ninety days of such revocation[;

(f) Violation more than once of the provisions of section 577.041 or a similar implied consent law of any other state] **and files proof of installation with the department of revenue that any vehicle operated by such person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device, provided the person is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege;**

[(g)] **(f)** Due to a suspension pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 and who has not completed the first thirty days of such suspension, provided the person is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege; or

[(h)] **(g)** Due to a revocation pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 if such person has not completed the first forty-five days of such revocation, provided the person is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege.

(7) No person who possesses a commercial driver's license shall receive a limited driving privilege issued for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle if such person's driving privilege is suspended, revoked, cancelled, denied, or disqualified. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the issuance of a limited driving privilege for the purpose of operating a noncommercial motor vehicle provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege.

(8) (a) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of ten years, as prescribed in subdivision (9) of **subsection 1 of** section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving privilege pursuant to this subsection [if such person has served at least forty-five days of such disqualification or revocation]. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such [person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding forty-five days and that the] person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state. **A circuit court shall grant a limited driving privilege to any individual who otherwise is eligible to receive a limited driving privilege, has filed proof of installation of a certified ignition interlock device, and has had no alcohol-related enforcement contacts since the alcohol-related enforcement contact that resulted in the person's license denial.**

(b) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege or convicted of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of five years because of two convictions of driving while intoxicated, as prescribed in subdivision (10) of **subsection 1** of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving privilege pursuant to this subsection [if such person has served at least forty-five days of such disqualification or revocation]. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such [person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding forty-five days and that the] person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state. Any person who is denied a license permanently in this state because of an alcohol-related conviction subsequent to a restoration of such person's driving privileges pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 302.060 shall not be eligible for limited driving privilege pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision. **A circuit court shall grant a limited driving privilege to any individual who otherwise is eligible to receive a limited driving privilege, has filed proof of installation of a certified ignition interlock device, and has had no alcohol-related enforcement contacts since the alcohol-related enforcement contact that resulted in the person's license denial.**

(9) A DWI docket or court established under section 478.007 may grant a limited driving privilege to a participant in or graduate of the program who would otherwise be ineligible for such privilege under another provision of law. The DWI docket or court shall not grant a limited driving privilege to a participant during his or her initial forty-five days of participation.

4. Any person who has received notice of denial of a request of limited driving privilege by the director of revenue may make a request for a review of the director's determination in the circuit court of the county in which the person resides or the county in which is located the person's principal place of business or employment within thirty days of the date of mailing of the notice of denial. Such review shall be based upon the records of the department of revenue and other competent evidence and shall be limited to a review of whether the applicant was statutorily entitled to the limited driving privilege.

5. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 302.341, Line 46, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"302.525. 1. The license suspension or revocation shall become effective fifteen days after the subject person has received the notice of suspension or revocation as provided in section 302.520, or is deemed to have received the notice of suspension or revocation by mail as provided in section 302.515. If a request for a hearing is received by or postmarked to the department within that fifteen-day period, the effective date of the suspension or revocation shall be stayed until a final order is issued following the hearing; provided, that any delay in the hearing which is caused or requested by the subject person or counsel representing that person without good cause shown shall not result in a stay of the suspension or revocation during the period of delay.

2. The period of license suspension or revocation under this section shall be as follows:

(1) If the person's driving record shows no prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts during the immediately preceding five years, the period of suspension shall be thirty days after the effective date of suspension, followed by a sixty-day period of restricted driving privilege as defined in section 302.010 and issued by the director of revenue. The restricted driving privilege shall not be issued until he or she has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, and is otherwise eligible. The restricted driving privilege shall indicate whether a functioning, certified ignition interlock device is required as a condition of operating a motor vehicle. A copy of the restricted driving privilege shall be given to the person and such person shall carry a copy of the restricted driving privilege while operating a motor vehicle. In no case shall restricted driving privileges be issued pursuant to this section or section 302.535 until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension under this section. If a person otherwise subject to the provisions of this subdivision files proof of installation with the department of revenue that any vehicle [operated] **that he or she operates** is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device, [then the] **there shall be no** period of suspension [shall be fifteen days, followed by a seventy-five day]. **However, in**

lieu of a suspension the person shall instead complete a ninety-day period of restricted driving privilege. Upon completion of such [seventy-five day] **ninety-day** period of restricted driving privilege, [upon] compliance with other requirements of law, and [upon] filing of proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, the license and driving privilege shall be reinstated. However, if the monthly monitoring reports during such [seventy-five day] **ninety-day** period indicate that the ignition interlock device has registered a **confirmed** blood alcohol concentration level above the alcohol setpoint established by the department of transportation or such reports indicate that the ignition interlock device has been tampered with or circumvented, then the license and driving privilege of such person shall not be reinstated until the person completes an additional [seventy-five day] **thirty-day** period of restricted driving privilege [without any such violations]. If the person fails to maintain such proof of the device with the director of revenue as required, the restricted driving privilege shall be terminated;

(2) The period of revocation shall be one year if the person's driving record shows one or more prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts during the immediately preceding five years;

(3) In no case shall restricted driving privileges be issued under this section to any person whose driving record shows one or more prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension under this section and has filed proof with the department of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of the restricted driving privilege. If the person fails to maintain such proof the restricted driving privilege shall be terminated.

3. For purposes of this section, "alcohol-related enforcement contacts" shall include any suspension or revocation under sections 302.500 to 302.540, any suspension or revocation entered in this or any other state for a refusal to submit to chemical testing under an implied consent law, and any conviction in this or any other state for a violation which involves driving while intoxicated, driving while under the influence of drugs or alcohol, or driving a vehicle while having an unlawful alcohol concentration.

4. Where a license is suspended or revoked under this section and the person is also convicted on charges arising out of the same occurrence for a violation of section 577.010 or 577.012 or for a violation of any county or municipal ordinance prohibiting driving while intoxicated or alcohol-related traffic offense, both the suspension or revocation under this section and any other suspension or revocation arising from such convictions shall be imposed, but the period of suspension or revocation under sections 302.500 to 302.540 shall be credited against any other suspension or revocation arising from such convictions, and the total period of suspension or revocation shall not exceed the longer of the two suspension or revocation periods.

5. Any person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle revoked under this section or suspended under this section with one or more prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts showing on their driver record shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by that person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of reinstatement. The ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. If the monthly monitoring reports show that the ignition interlock device has registered any confirmed blood alcohol concentration readings above the alcohol setpoint established by the department of transportation or that the person has tampered with or circumvented the ignition interlock device, then the period for which the person must maintain the ignition interlock device following the date of reinstatement shall be extended for an additional six months. If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director, the license shall be resuspended or revoked, as applicable.

[302.525. 1. The license suspension or revocation shall become effective fifteen days after the subject person has received the notice of suspension or revocation as provided in section 302.520, or is deemed to have received the notice of suspension or revocation by mail as provided in section 302.515. If a request for a hearing is received by or postmarked to the department within that fifteen-day period, the effective date of the suspension or revocation shall be stayed until a final order is issued following the hearing; provided, that any delay in the hearing which is caused or requested by the subject person or counsel representing that person without good cause shown shall not result in a stay of the suspension or revocation during the period of delay.

2. The period of license suspension or revocation under this section shall be as follows:

(1) If the person's driving record shows no prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts during the immediately preceding five years, the period of suspension shall be thirty days after the effective date of suspension, followed by a sixty-day period of restricted driving privilege as defined in section 302.010 and issued by the director of revenue. The restricted driving privilege shall not be issued until he or she has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, and is otherwise eligible. In no case shall restricted driving privileges be issued pursuant

to this section or section 302.535 until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension under this section;

(2) The period of revocation shall be one year if the person's driving record shows one or more prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts during the immediately preceding five years;

(3) In no case shall restricted driving privileges be issued under this section to any person whose driving record shows one or more prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension under this section and has filed proof with the department of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of the restricted driving privilege. If the person fails to maintain such proof the restricted driving privilege shall be terminated.

3. For purposes of this section, "alcohol-related enforcement contacts" shall include any suspension or revocation under sections 302.500 to 302.540, any suspension or revocation entered in this or any other state for a refusal to submit to chemical testing under an implied consent law, and any conviction in this or any other state for a violation which involves driving while intoxicated, driving while under the influence of drugs or alcohol, or driving a vehicle while having an unlawful alcohol concentration.

4. Where a license is suspended or revoked under this section and the person is also convicted on charges arising out of the same occurrence for a violation of section 577.010 or 577.012 or for a violation of any county or municipal ordinance prohibiting driving while intoxicated or alcohol-related traffic offense, both the suspension or revocation under this section and any other suspension or revocation arising from such convictions shall be imposed, but the period of suspension or revocation under sections 302.500 to 302.540 shall be credited against any other suspension or revocation arising from such convictions, and the total period of suspension or revocation shall not exceed the longer of the two suspension or revocation periods.

5. Any person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle revoked under this section or suspended under this section with one or more prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts showing on their driver record shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by that person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of reinstatement. The ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director, the license shall be resuspended or revoked, as applicable.]; and

Further amend said bill, Page 31, Section 307.400, Line 81, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"476.385. 1. The judges of the supreme court may appoint a committee consisting of at least seven associate circuit judges, who shall meet en banc and establish and maintain a schedule of fines to be paid for violations of sections 210.104, 577.070, and 577.073, and chapters 252, 301, 302, 304, 306, 307 and 390, with such fines increasing in proportion to the severity of the violation. The associate circuit judges of each county may meet en banc and adopt the schedule of fines and participation in the centralized bureau pursuant to this section. Notice of such adoption and participation shall be given in the manner provided by supreme court rule. Upon order of the supreme court, the associate circuit judges of each county may meet en banc and establish and maintain a schedule of fines to be paid for violations of municipal ordinances for cities, towns and villages electing to have violations of its municipal ordinances heard by associate circuit judges, pursuant to section 479.040; and for traffic court divisions established pursuant to section 479.500. The schedule of fines adopted for violations of municipal ordinances may be modified from time to time as the associate circuit judges of each county en banc deem advisable. No fine established pursuant to this subsection may exceed the maximum amount specified by statute or ordinance for such violation.

2. In no event shall any schedule of fines adopted pursuant to this section include offenses involving the following:

- (1) Any violation resulting in personal injury or property damage to another person;
- (2) Operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated or under the influence of intoxicants or drugs;
- (3) Operating a vehicle with a counterfeited, altered, suspended or revoked license;
- (4) Fleeing or attempting to elude an officer.

3. There shall be a centralized bureau to be established by supreme court rule in order to accept pleas of not guilty or guilty and payments of fines and court costs for violations of the laws and ordinances described in subsection

1 of this section, made pursuant to a schedule of fines established pursuant to this section. The centralized bureau shall collect, with any plea of guilty and payment of a fine, all court costs which would have been collected by the court of the jurisdiction from which the violation originated.

4. If a person elects not to contest the alleged violation, the person shall send payment in the amount of the fine and any court costs established for the violation to the centralized bureau. Such payment shall be payable to the central violations bureau, shall be made by mail or in any other manner established by the centralized bureau, and shall constitute a plea of guilty, waiver of trial and a conviction for purposes of section 302.302, and for purposes of imposing any collateral consequence of a criminal conviction provided by law. By paying the fine and costs, the person also consents to attendance **either online or in person** at any driver-improvement program or motorcycle-rider training course ordered by the court and consents to verification of such attendance as directed by the bureau. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the prosecutor shall not be required to sign any information, ticket or indictment if disposition is made pursuant to this subsection. In the event that any payment is made pursuant to this section by credit card or similar method, the centralized bureau may charge an additional fee in order to reflect any transaction cost, surcharge or fee imposed on the recipient of the credit card payment by the credit card company.

5. If a person elects to plead not guilty, such person shall send the plea of not guilty to the centralized bureau. The bureau shall send such plea and request for trial to the prosecutor having original jurisdiction over the offense. Any trial shall be conducted at the location designated by the court. The clerk of the court in which the case is to be heard shall notify in writing such person of the date certain for the disposition of such charges. The prosecutor shall not be required to sign any information, ticket or indictment until the commencement of any proceeding by the prosecutor with respect to the notice of violation.

6. In courts adopting a schedule of fines pursuant to this section, any person receiving a notice of violation pursuant to this section shall also receive written notification of the following:

(1) The fine and court costs established pursuant to this section for the violation or information regarding how the person may obtain the amount of the fine and court costs for the violation;

(2) That the person must respond to the notice of violation by paying the prescribed fine and court costs, or pleading not guilty and appearing at trial, and that other legal penalties prescribed by law may attach for failure to appear and dispose of the violation. The supreme court may modify the suggested forms for uniform complaint and summons for use in courts adopting the procedures provided by this section, in order to accommodate such required written notifications.

7. Any moneys received in payment of fines and court costs pursuant to this section shall not be considered to be state funds, but shall be held in trust by the centralized bureau for benefit of those persons or entities entitled to receive such funds pursuant to this subsection. All amounts paid to the centralized bureau shall be maintained by the centralized bureau, invested in the manner required of the state treasurer for state funds by sections 30.240, 30.250, 30.260 and 30.270, and disbursed as provided by the constitution and laws of this state. Any interest earned on such fund shall be payable to the director of the department of revenue for deposit into a revolving fund to be established pursuant to this subsection. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the revolving fund, and shall make disbursements, as allowed by lawful appropriations, only to the judicial branch of state government for goods and services related to the administration of the judicial system.

8. Any person who receives a notice of violation subject to this section who fails to dispose of such violation as provided by this section shall be guilty of failure to appear provided by section 544.665; and may be subject to suspension of driving privileges in the manner provided by section 302.341. The centralized bureau shall notify the appropriate prosecutor of any person who fails to either pay the prescribed fine and court costs, or plead not guilty and request a trial within the time allotted by this section, for purposes of application of section 544.665. The centralized bureau shall also notify the department of revenue of any failure to appear subject to section 302.341, and the department shall thereupon suspend the license of the driver in the manner provided by section 302.341, as if notified by the court.

9. In addition to the remedies provided by subsection 8 of this section, the centralized bureau and the courts may use the remedies provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020 for the collection of court costs payable to courts, in order to collect fines and court costs for violations subject to this section."; and

"577.041. 1. If a person under arrest, or who has been stopped pursuant to subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 1 of section 577.020, refuses upon the request of the officer to submit to any test allowed pursuant to section 577.020, then evidence of the refusal shall be admissible in a proceeding pursuant to section 565.024, 565.060, or 565.082, or section 577.010 or 577.012. The request of the officer shall include the reasons of the officer for requesting the person to submit to a test and also shall inform the person that evidence of refusal to take the test may be used against such person and that the person's license shall be immediately revoked upon refusal to take the test. If a person when requested to submit to any test allowed pursuant to section 577.020 requests to speak to an attorney, the person shall be

granted twenty minutes in which to attempt to contact an attorney. If upon the completion of the twenty-minute period the person continues to refuse to submit to any test, it shall be deemed a refusal. In this event, the officer shall, on behalf of the director of revenue, serve the notice of license revocation personally upon the person and shall take possession of any license to operate a motor vehicle issued by this state which is held by that person. The officer shall issue a temporary permit, on behalf of the director of revenue, which is valid for fifteen days and shall also give the person a notice of such person's right to file a petition for review to contest the license revocation.

2. The officer shall make a certified report under penalties of perjury for making a false statement to a public official. The report shall be forwarded to the director of revenue and shall include the following:

(1) That the officer has:

(a) Reasonable grounds to believe that the arrested person was driving a motor vehicle while in an intoxicated or drugged condition; or

(b) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped, being under the age of twenty-one years, was driving a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or more by weight; or

(c) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped, being under the age of twenty-one years, was committing a violation of the traffic laws of the state, or political subdivision of the state, and such officer has reasonable grounds to believe, after making such stop, that the person had a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or greater;

(2) That the person refused to submit to a chemical test;

(3) Whether the officer secured the license to operate a motor vehicle of the person;

(4) Whether the officer issued a fifteen-day temporary permit;

(5) Copies of the notice of revocation, the fifteen-day temporary permit and the notice of the right to file a petition for review, which notices and permit may be combined in one document; and

(6) Any license to operate a motor vehicle which the officer has taken into possession.

3. Upon receipt of the officer's report, the director shall revoke the license of the person refusing to take the test for a period of one year; or if the person is a nonresident, such person's operating permit or privilege shall be revoked for one year; or if the person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this state, an order shall be issued denying the person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of one year.

4. If a person's license has been revoked because of the person's refusal to submit to a chemical test, such person may petition for a hearing before a circuit division or associate division of the court in the county in which the arrest or stop occurred. The person may request such court to issue an order staying the revocation until such time as the petition for review can be heard. If the court, in its discretion, grants such stay, it shall enter the order upon a form prescribed by the director of revenue and shall send a copy of such order to the director. Such order shall serve as proof of the privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state and the director shall maintain possession of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle until termination of any revocation pursuant to this section. Upon the person's request the clerk of the court shall notify the prosecuting attorney of the county and the prosecutor shall appear at the hearing on behalf of the director of revenue. At the hearing the court shall determine only:

(1) Whether or not the person was arrested or stopped;

(2) Whether or not the officer had:

(a) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person was driving a motor vehicle while in an intoxicated or drugged condition; or

(b) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped, being under the age of twenty-one years, was driving a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or more by weight; or

(c) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped, being under the age of twenty-one years, was committing a violation of the traffic laws of the state, or political subdivision of the state, and such officer had reasonable grounds to believe, after making such stop, that the person had a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or greater; and

(3) Whether or not the person refused to submit to the test.

5. If the court determines any issue not to be in the affirmative, the court shall order the director to reinstate the license or permit to drive.

6. Requests for review as provided in this section shall go to the head of the docket of the court wherein filed.

7. No person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked pursuant to the provisions of this section shall have that license reinstated until such person has participated in and successfully completed a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 577.001, or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health or the court. Assignment recommendations, based upon the needs assessment as described in subdivision [(23)] (24) of section 302.010, shall be delivered in writing to the person with written notice that the person is entitled to have such assignment recommendations reviewed by the court if the person objects to the

recommendations. The person may file a motion in the associate division of the circuit court of the county in which such assignment was given, on a printed form provided by the state courts administrator, to have the court hear and determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517. The motion shall name the person or entity making the needs assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall be served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. Upon hearing the motion, the court may modify or waive any assignment recommendation that the court determines to be unwarranted based upon a review of the needs assessment, the person's driving record, the circumstances surrounding the offense, and the likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future, except that the court may modify but may not waive the assignment to an education or rehabilitation program of a person determined to be a prior or persistent offender as defined in section 577.023, or of a person determined to have operated a motor vehicle with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight in such person's blood. Compliance with the court determination of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be necessary unless directed by the court.

8. The fees for the substance abuse traffic offender program, or a portion thereof to be determined by the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee to be determined by the department of mental health for the purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010 and section 577.001. The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health on or before the fifteenth day of each month the supplemental fee for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest shall be charged on any unpaid balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and drug abuse pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed the annual rates established pursuant to the provisions of section 32.065, plus three percentage points. The supplemental fees and any interest received by the department of mental health pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings fund which is created in section 630.053.

9. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall initiate appropriate action of the collection of said fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney fees and court costs against any delinquent program.

10. Any person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle revoked [more than once for violation of the provisions of this section] **under this section and who has a prior alcohol-related enforcement contact, as defined in section 302.525**, shall be required to file proof with the director of revenue that any motor vehicle operated by the person is equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock device as a required condition of license reinstatement. Such ignition interlock device shall further be required to be maintained on all motor vehicles operated by the person for a period of not less than six months immediately following the date of reinstatement. **If the monthly monitoring reports show that the ignition interlock device has registered any confirmed blood alcohol concentration readings above the alcohol setpoint established by the department of transportation or that the person has tampered with or circumvented the ignition interlock device, then the period for which the person must maintain the ignition interlock device following the date of reinstatement shall be extended for an additional six months.** If the person fails to maintain such proof with the director as required by this section, the license shall be rerevoked and the person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

11. The revocation period of any person whose license and driving privilege has been revoked under this section and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue in accordance with chapter 303 and is otherwise eligible, shall be terminated by a notice from the director of revenue after one year from the effective date of the revocation. Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, the revocation shall remain in effect for a period of two years from its effective date. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, the person's license and driving privilege shall be rerevoked and the person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor."; and

"Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to ensure the safety of the citizens of this state, the repeal and reenactment of section 302.309 of this act, and the repeal of section 302.309 of this act, is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 302.309 of this act, and the repeal of

section 302.309 of this act, shall be in full force and effect July 1, 2013, or upon its passage and approval, whichever later occurs.

Section C. The repeal and reenactment of sections 302.060, 302.302, 302.304, 302.525, 476.385, and 577.041, and the repeal of sections 302.060, 302.304, and 302.525 of this act shall become effective on March 3, 2014."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Jones (50), **House Amendment No. 4** was adopted.

Representative Brattin offered **House Amendment No. 5**.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 31, Section 307.400, Line 81, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the license of a trailer, as defined in section 301.010, shall be permanent until the owner of the trailer sells, trades, or disposes of the trailer. After the initial registration and licensing of the trailer, no annual registration shall be required and no annual fee shall be charged."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Brattin, **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Franklin offered **House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 1, Section A, Line 11, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"301.140. 1. Upon the transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle or trailer, the certificate of registration and the right to use the number plates shall expire and the number plates shall be removed by the owner at the time of the transfer of possession, and it shall be unlawful for any person other than the person to whom such number plates were originally issued to have the same in his or her possession whether in use or not, unless such possession is solely for charitable purposes; except that the buyer of a motor vehicle or trailer who trades in a motor vehicle or trailer may attach the license plates from the traded-in motor vehicle or trailer to the newly purchased motor vehicle or trailer. The operation of a motor vehicle with such transferred plates shall be lawful for no more than thirty days. As used in this subsection, the term "trade-in motor vehicle or trailer" shall include any single motor vehicle or trailer sold by the buyer of the newly purchased vehicle or trailer, as long as the license plates for the trade-in motor vehicle or trailer are still valid.

2. In the case of a transfer of ownership the original owner may register another motor vehicle under the same number, upon the payment of a fee of two dollars, if the motor vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that originally registered. When such motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion for the difference in fees. When such vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

3. License plates may be transferred from a motor vehicle which will no longer be operated to a newly purchased motor vehicle by the owner of such vehicles. The owner shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars if the newly purchased vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle)

seating capacity, not in excess of that of the vehicle which will no longer be operated. When the newly purchased motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, the applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion of the difference in fees. When the newly purchased vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, the applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

4. The director of the department of revenue shall have authority to produce or allow others to produce a weather resistant, nontearing temporary permit authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle or trailer by a buyer for not more than thirty days from the date of purchase. The temporary permit authorized under this section may be purchased by the purchaser of a motor vehicle or trailer from the central office of the department of revenue or from an authorized agent of the department of revenue upon proof of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer and upon proof of financial responsibility, or from a motor vehicle dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer, or from a motor vehicle dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has registered and is awaiting receipt of registration plates. The director of the department of revenue or a producer authorized by the director of the department of revenue may make temporary permits available to registered dealers in this state, authorized agents of the department of revenue or the department of revenue. The price paid by a motor vehicle dealer, an authorized agent of the department of revenue or the department of revenue for a temporary permit shall not exceed five dollars for each permit. The director of the department of revenue shall direct motor vehicle dealers and authorized agents to obtain temporary permits from an authorized producer. Amounts received by the director of the department of revenue for temporary permits shall constitute state revenue; however, amounts received by an authorized producer other than the director of the department of revenue shall not constitute state revenue and any amounts received by motor vehicle dealers or authorized agents for temporary permits purchased from a producer other than the director of the department of revenue shall not constitute state revenue. In no event shall revenues from the general revenue fund or any other state fund be utilized to compensate motor vehicle dealers or other producers for their role in producing temporary permits as authorized under this section. Amounts that do not constitute state revenue under this section shall also not constitute fees for registration or certificates of title to be collected by the director of the department of revenue under section 301.190. No motor vehicle dealer, authorized agent or the department of revenue shall charge more than five dollars for each permit issued. The permit shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer, or from the date of sale of the motor vehicle or trailer by a motor vehicle dealer for which the purchaser obtains a permit as set out above. No permit shall be issued for a vehicle under this section unless the buyer shows proof of financial responsibility. Each temporary permit issued shall be securely fastened to the back or rear of the motor vehicle in a manner and place on the motor vehicle consistent with registration plates so that all parts and qualities of the temporary permit thereof shall be plainly and clearly visible, reasonably clean and are not impaired in any way.

5. The permit shall be issued on a form prescribed by the director of the department of revenue and issued only for the applicant's temporary operation of the motor vehicle or trailer purchased to enable the applicant to temporarily operate the motor vehicle while proper title and registration plates are being obtained, or while awaiting receipt of registration plates, and shall be displayed on no other motor vehicle. Temporary permits issued pursuant to this section shall not be transferable or renewable and shall not be valid upon issuance of proper registration plates for the motor vehicle or trailer. The director of the department of revenue shall determine the size, material, design, numbering configuration, construction, and color of the permit. The director of the department of revenue, at his or her discretion, shall have the authority to reissue, and thereby extend the use of, a temporary permit previously and legally issued for a motor vehicle or trailer while proper title and registration are being obtained.

6. Every motor vehicle dealer that issues temporary permits shall keep, for inspection by proper officers, an accurate record of each permit issued by recording the permit number, the motor vehicle dealer's number, buyer's name and address, the motor vehicle's year, make, and manufacturer's vehicle identification number, and the permit's date of issuance and expiration date. Upon the issuance of a temporary permit by either the central office of the department of revenue, a motor vehicle dealer or an authorized agent of the department of revenue, the director of the department of revenue shall make the information associated with the issued temporary permit immediately available to the law enforcement community of the state of Missouri.

7. Upon the transfer of ownership of any currently registered motor vehicle wherein the owner cannot transfer the license plates due to a change of motor vehicle category, the owner may surrender the license plates issued to the motor vehicle and receive credit for any unused portion of the original registration fee against the registration fee of another motor vehicle. Such credit shall be granted based upon the date the license plates are surrendered. No refunds shall be made on the unused portion of any license plates surrendered for such credit.

8. The provisions of subsections 4, 5, and 6 of this section shall expire July 1, 2019.

9. An additional temporary license plate produced in a manner and of materials determined by the director to be the most cost-effective means of production with a configuration that matches an existing or newly issued plate may be purchased by a motor vehicle owner to be placed in the interior of the vehicle's rear window such that the driver's view out of the rear window is not obstructed and the plate configuration is clearly visible from the outside of the vehicle to serve as the visible plate when a bicycle rack or other item obstructs the view of the actual plate. Such temporary plate is only authorized for use when the matching actual plate is affixed to the vehicle in the manner prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.130. The fee charged for the temporary plate shall be equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit issued under subsection 4 of this section. Replacement temporary plates authorized in this subsection may be issued as needed upon the payment of a fee equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit under subsection 4 of this section. The newly produced third plate may only be used on the vehicle with the matching plate, and the additional plate shall be clearly recognizable as a third plate and only used for the purpose specified in this subsection.

10. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 301.127, the director may issue a temporary permit to an individual who possesses a salvage motor vehicle which requires an inspection under subsection 9 of section 301.190. The operation of a salvage motor vehicle for which the permit has been issued shall be limited to the most direct route from the residence, maintenance, or storage facility of the individual in possession of such motor vehicle to the nearest authorized inspection facility and return to the originating location. Notwithstanding any other requirements for the issuance of a temporary permit under this section, an individual obtaining a temporary permit for the purpose of operating a motor vehicle to and from an examination facility as prescribed in this subsection shall also purchase the required motor vehicle examination form which is required to be completed for an examination under subsection 9 of section 301.190 and provide satisfactory evidence that such vehicle has passed a motor vehicle safety inspection for such vehicle as required in section 307.350.

11. The director of the department of revenue may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2012, shall be invalid and void.

[11.] 12. The repeal and reenactment of this section shall become effective on the date the department of revenue or a producer authorized by the director of the department of revenue begins producing temporary permits described in subsection 4 of such section, or on July 1, 2013, whichever occurs first. If the director of revenue or a producer authorized by the director of the department of revenue begins producing temporary permits prior to July 1, 2013, the director of the department of revenue shall notify the revisor of statutes of such fact.

[301.140. 1. Upon the transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle or trailer, the certificate of registration and the right to use the number plates shall expire and the number plates shall be removed by the owner at the time of the transfer of possession, and it shall be unlawful for any person other than the person to whom such number plates were originally issued to have the same in his or her possession whether in use or not, unless such possession is solely for charitable purposes; except that the buyer of a motor vehicle or trailer who trades in a motor vehicle or trailer may attach the license plates from the traded-in motor vehicle or trailer to the newly purchased motor vehicle or trailer. The operation of a motor vehicle with such transferred plates shall be lawful for no more than thirty days. As used in this subsection, the term "trade-in motor vehicle or trailer" shall include any single motor vehicle or trailer sold by the buyer of the newly purchased vehicle or trailer, as long as the license plates for the trade-in motor vehicle or trailer are still valid.

2. In the case of a transfer of ownership the original owner may register another motor vehicle under the same number, upon the payment of a fee of two dollars, if the motor vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that originally registered. When such motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion for the difference in fees. When such vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

3. License plates may be transferred from a motor vehicle which will no longer be operated to a newly purchased motor vehicle by the owner of such vehicles. The owner shall pay a transfer fee

of two dollars if the newly purchased vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that of the vehicle which will no longer be operated. When the newly purchased motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, the applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion of the difference in fees. When the newly purchased vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, the applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

4. Upon the sale of a motor vehicle or trailer by a dealer, a buyer who has made application for registration, by mail or otherwise, may operate the same for a period of thirty days after taking possession thereof, if during such period the motor vehicle or trailer shall have attached thereto, in the manner required by section 301.130, number plates issued to the dealer. Upon application and presentation of proof of financial responsibility as required under subsection 5 of this section and satisfactory evidence that the buyer has applied for registration, a dealer may furnish such number plates to the buyer for such temporary use. In such event, the dealer shall require the buyer to deposit the sum of ten dollars and fifty cents to be returned to the buyer upon return of the number plates as a guarantee that said buyer will return to the dealer such number plates within thirty days. The director shall issue a temporary permit authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle or trailer by a buyer for not more than thirty days of the date of purchase.

5. The temporary permit shall be made available by the director of revenue and may be purchased from the department of revenue upon proof of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer and upon proof of financial responsibility, or from a dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer. The director shall make temporary permits available to registered dealers in this state or authorized agents of the department of revenue in sets of ten permits. The fee for the temporary permit shall be seven dollars and fifty cents for each permit or plate issued. No dealer or authorized agent shall charge more than seven dollars and fifty cents for each permit issued. The permit shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer, or from the date of sale of the motor vehicle or trailer by a dealer for which the purchaser obtains a permit as set out above. No permit shall be issued for a vehicle under this section unless the buyer shows proof of financial responsibility.

6. The permit shall be issued on a form prescribed by the director and issued only for the applicant's use in the operation of the motor vehicle or trailer purchased to enable the applicant to legally operate the vehicle while proper title and registration plate are being obtained, and shall be displayed on no other vehicle. Temporary permits issued pursuant to this section shall not be transferable or renewable and shall not be valid upon issuance of proper registration plates for the motor vehicle or trailer. The director shall determine the size and numbering configuration, construction, and color of the permit.

7. The dealer or authorized agent shall insert the date of issuance and expiration date, year, make, and manufacturer's number of vehicle on the permit when issued to the buyer. The dealer shall also insert such dealer's number on the permit. Every dealer that issues a temporary permit shall keep, for inspection of proper officers, a correct record of each permit issued by recording the permit or plate number, buyer's name and address, year, make, manufacturer's vehicle identification number on which the permit is to be used, and the date of issuance.

8. Upon the transfer of ownership of any currently registered motor vehicle wherein the owner cannot transfer the license plates due to a change of vehicle category, the owner may surrender the license plates issued to the motor vehicle and receive credit for any unused portion of the original registration fee against the registration fee of another motor vehicle. Such credit shall be granted based upon the date the license plates are surrendered. No refunds shall be made on the unused portion of any license plates surrendered for such credit.

9. An additional temporary license plate produced in a manner and of materials determined by the director to be the most cost-effective means of production with a configuration that matches an existing or newly issued plate may be purchased by a motor vehicle owner to be placed in the interior of the vehicle's rear window such that the driver's view out of the rear window is not obstructed and the plate configuration is clearly visible from the outside of the vehicle to serve as the visible plate when a bicycle rack or other item obstructs the view of the actual plate. Such temporary

plate is only authorized for use when the matching actual plate is affixed to the vehicle in the manner prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.130. The fee charged for the temporary plate shall be equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit issued under subsection 5 of this section. Replacement temporary plates authorized in this subsection may be issued as needed upon the payment of a fee equal to the fee charged for a temporary permit under subsection 5 of this section. The newly produced third plate may only be used on the vehicle with the matching plate, and the additional plate shall be clearly recognizable as a third plate and only used for the purpose specified in this subsection.

10. The director may promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2012, shall be invalid and void.]"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Franklin, **House Amendment No. 6** was adopted.

Representative Kolkmeier offered **House Amendment No. 7**.

House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 1, Section A, Line 11, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"64.196. **1.** After August 28, 2001, any county seeking to adopt a building code in a manner set forth in section 64.180 shall, in creating or amending such code, adopt a current, calendar year 1999 or later edition, nationally recognized building code, as amended.

2. No county building ordinance adopted under this section shall conflict with liquefied petroleum gas installations regulations established under section 323.020."; and

"135.710. **1.** As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Alternative fuels", any motor fuel at least seventy percent of the volume of which consists of one or more of the following:

- (a) Ethanol;
- (b) Natural gas;
- (c) Compressed natural gas, **or CNG**;
- (d) Liquefied natural gas, **or LNG**;
- (e) Liquefied petroleum gas, **LP gas, propane, or autogas**;
- (f) Any mixture of biodiesel and diesel fuel, without regard to any use of kerosene;
- (g) Hydrogen;

(2) "Department", the department of natural resources;

(3) "Eligible applicant", a business entity that is the owner of a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property **or makes more than twenty-five qualified conversions in a one-year period**;

(4) **"Motor vehicle", any automobile, truck, truck-tractor, or any motor bus or self propelled vehicle not exclusively operated or driven upon fixed rails or tracks. The term does not include:**

(a) Farm tractors or machinery including tractors and machinery designed for off-road use but capable of movement on roads at low speeds; or

(b) A vehicle solely operated on rails;

(5) "Qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property", property in this state owned by an eligible applicant and used for storing alternative fuels and for dispensing such alternative fuels into fuel tanks of motor vehicles owned by such eligible applicant or private citizens which, if constructed after August 28, 2008, was constructed with at least fifty-one percent of the costs being paid to qualified Missouri contractors for the:

- (a) Fabrication of premanufactured equipment or process piping used in the construction of such facility;
- (b) Construction of such facility; and
- (c) General maintenance of such facility during the time period in which such facility receives any tax credit under this section.

If no qualified Missouri contractor is located within seventy-five miles of the property, the requirement that fifty-one percent of the costs shall be paid to qualified Missouri contractors shall not apply;

[(5)] (6) "Qualified conversion", the conversion of a motor vehicle fueled solely by petroleum-based fuels to a motor vehicle which incorporates an alternative fuel listed under subdivision (1) of this subsection as either the primary or secondary source. The converted vehicle must operate using an alternative fuel decal under subsection 1 of section 142.869, if applicable. Installations which inject fuel additives are not considered qualified conversions;

(7) "Qualified Missouri contractor", a contractor whose principal place of business is located in Missouri and has been located in Missouri for a period of not less than five years.

2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, [2009] **2014**, but before January 1, [2012] **2017**, any eligible applicant who installs and operates a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or due under chapter 147 or chapter 148 for any tax year in which the applicant is constructing the refueling property. The credit allowed in this [section] **subsection** per eligible applicant shall not exceed the lesser of twenty thousand dollars or twenty percent of the total costs directly associated with the purchase and installation of any alternative fuel storage and dispensing equipment on any qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, which shall not include the following:

(1) Costs associated with the purchase of land upon which to place a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property;

(2) Costs associated with the purchase of an existing qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property; or

(3) Costs for the construction or purchase of any structure.

3. Tax credits allowed by this section shall be claimed by the eligible applicant at the time such applicant files a return for the tax year in which the storage and dispensing facilities were placed in service at a qualified alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, and shall be applied against the income tax liability imposed by chapter 143, chapter 147, or chapter 148 after all other credits provided by law have been applied. The cumulative amount of tax credits which may be claimed by eligible applicants claiming all credits authorized in this section shall not exceed [the following amounts:

(1) In taxable year 2009, three million dollars;

(2) In taxable year 2010, two million dollars; and

(3) In taxable year 2011,] one million dollars **per year**.

4. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the eligible applicant's tax liability, the difference shall not be refundable. Any amount of credit that an eligible applicant is prohibited by this section from claiming in a taxable year may be carried forward to any of such applicant's two subsequent taxable years. Tax credits allowed under this section may be assigned, transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed.

5. An alternative fuel vehicle refueling property, for which an eligible applicant receives tax credits under this section, which ceases to sell alternative fuel shall cause the forfeiture of such eligible applicant's tax credits provided under this section for the taxable year in which the alternative fuel vehicle refueling property ceased to sell alternative fuel and for future taxable years with no recapture of tax credits obtained by an eligible applicant with respect to such applicant's tax years which ended before the sale of alternative fuel ceased.

6. The director of revenue shall establish the procedure by which the tax credits in this section may be claimed, and shall establish a procedure by which the cumulative amount of tax credits is apportioned equally among all eligible applicants claiming the credit. To the maximum extent possible, the director of revenue shall establish the procedure described in this subsection in such a manner as to ensure that eligible applicants can claim all the tax credits possible up to the cumulative amount of tax credits available for the taxable year. No eligible applicant claiming a tax credit under this section shall be liable for any interest or penalty for filing a tax return after the date fixed for filing such return as a result of the apportionment procedure under this subsection.

7. Any eligible applicant desiring to claim a tax credit under this section shall submit the appropriate application for such credit with the department. The application for a tax credit under this section shall include any information required by the department. The department shall review the applications and certify to the department of revenue each eligible applicant that qualifies for the tax credit.

8. The department and the department of revenue may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2008, shall be invalid and void.

9. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after August 28, [2008] **2013**, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and

(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

(3) This section shall terminate on December thirty-first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset."; and

"137.010. The following words, terms and phrases when used in laws governing taxation and revenue in the state of Missouri shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except when the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

(1) "Grain and other agricultural crops in an unmanufactured condition" shall mean grains and feeds including, but not limited to, soybeans, cow peas, wheat, corn, oats, barley, kafir, rye, flax, grain sorghums, cotton, and such other products as are usually stored in grain and other elevators and on farms; but excluding such grains and other agricultural crops after being processed into products of such processing, when packaged or sacked. The term "processing" shall not include hulling, cleaning, drying, grating, or polishing;

(2) "Hydroelectric power generating equipment", very-low-head turbine generators with a nameplate generating capacity of at least four hundred kilowatts but not more than six hundred kilowatts and machinery and equipment used directly in the production, generation, conversion, storage, or conveyance of hydroelectric power to land-based devices and appurtenances used in the transmission of electrical energy;

(3) "Intangible personal property", for the purpose of taxation, shall include all property other than real property and tangible personal property, as defined by this section;

(4) "Real property" includes land itself, whether laid out in town lots or otherwise, and all growing crops, buildings, structures, improvements and fixtures of whatever kind thereon, hydroelectric power generating equipment, the installed poles used in the transmission or reception of electrical energy, audio signals, video signals or similar purposes, provided the owner of such installed poles is also an owner of a fee simple interest, possessor of an easement, holder of a license or franchise, or is the beneficiary of a right-of-way dedicated for public utility purposes for the underlying land; attached wires, transformers, amplifiers, substations, and other such devices and appurtenances used in the transmission or reception of electrical energy, audio signals, video signals or similar purposes when owned by the owner of the installed poles, otherwise such items are considered personal property; and stationary property used for **generation, transportation or storage** of liquid and gaseous products, including, but not limited to, petroleum products, natural gas, **propane or LP gas, solar or wind power equipment**, water, and sewage;

(5) "Tangible personal property" includes every tangible thing being the subject of ownership or part ownership whether animate or inanimate, other than money, and not forming part or parcel of real property as herein defined, but does not include household goods, furniture, wearing apparel and articles of personal use and adornment, as defined by the state tax commission, owned and used by a person in his home or dwelling place."; and

"137.100. The following subjects are exempt from taxation for state, county or local purposes:

(1) Lands and other property belonging to this state;

(2) Lands and other property belonging to any city, county or other political subdivision in this state, including market houses, town halls and other public structures, with their furniture and equipments, and on public squares and lots kept open for health, use or ornament;

(3) Nonprofit cemeteries;

(4) The real estate and tangible personal property which is used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural societies organized in this state, including not-for-profit agribusiness associations;

(5) All property, real and personal, actually and regularly used exclusively for religious worship, for schools and colleges, or for purposes purely charitable and not held for private or corporate profit, except that the exemption herein granted does not include real property not actually used or occupied for the purpose of the organization but held

or used as investment even though the income or rentals received therefrom is used wholly for religious, educational or charitable purposes;

(6) Household goods, furniture, wearing apparel and articles of personal use and adornment, as defined by the state tax commission, owned and used by a person in his home or dwelling place;

(7) Motor vehicles leased for a period of at least one year to this state or to any city, county, or political subdivision or to any religious, educational, or charitable organization which has obtained an exemption from the payment of federal income taxes, provided the motor vehicles are used exclusively for religious, educational, or charitable purposes;

(8) Real or personal property leased or otherwise transferred by an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.430 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 to another for which or whom such property is not exempt when immediately after the lease or transfer, the interstate compact agency enters into a leaseback or other agreement that directly or indirectly gives such interstate compact agency a right to use, control, and possess the property; provided, however, that in the event of a conveyance of such property, the interstate compact agency must retain an option to purchase the property at a future date or, within the limitations period for reversioners, the property must revert back to the interstate compact agency. Property will no longer be exempt under this subdivision in the event of a conveyance as of the date, if any, when:

(a) The right of the interstate compact agency to use, control, and possess the property is terminated;

(b) The interstate compact agency no longer has an option to purchase or otherwise acquire the property; and

(c) There are no provisions for reversion of the property within the limitation period for reversioners;

(9) All property, real and personal, belonging to veterans' organizations. As used in this section, "veterans' organization" means any organization of veterans with a congressional charter, that is incorporated in this state, and that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(10) Equipment or property with a retail value of fifty thousand dollars or less required for the use, transmission, generation or storage of alternative or renewable energy as used in an eligible alternative energy operation as defined under section 30.750 or alternative fuels as defined under section 135.710 and section 414.400, used either for fleet, transportation, power generation, heat or other such application. Said equipment shall be exempt from the assessment of any state, county or local property taxes for such time as the equipment, property or installation is in working order.; and

"142.800. As used in this chapter, the following words, terms and phrases have the meanings given:

(1) **"Additive", a substance designed to increase engine power or performance introduced by injection or other means into a fuel system but which is not capable of propelling the vehicle without the primary fuel. Use of additives fuels does not require compliance with subsection 1 of section 142.869;**

(2) "Agricultural purposes", clearing, terracing or otherwise preparing the ground on a farm; preparing soil for planting and fertilizing, cultivating, raising and harvesting crops; raising and feeding livestock and poultry; building fences; pumping water for any and all uses on the farm, including irrigation; building roads upon any farm by the owner or person farming the same; operating milking machines; sawing wood for use on a farm; producing electricity for use on a farm; movement of tractors, farm implements and nonlicensed equipment from one field to another;

[(2)] (3) "Alternative fuel", electricity, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG [or], LP gas, **propane or autogas**), compressed natural gas product (**CNG, liquified natural gas or LNG**), or a combination of liquefied petroleum gas and a compressed natural gas or electricity product used in an internal combustion engine or motor to propel any form of vehicle, machine, or mechanical contrivance. It includes all forms of fuel commonly or commercially known or sold as butane, propane, or compressed natural gas;

[(3)] (4) "Aviation fuel", any motor fuel specifically compounded for use in reciprocating aircraft engines;

[(4)] (5) "Blend stock", any petroleum product component of motor fuel, such as naphtha, reformat, toluene or kerosene, that can be blended for use in a motor fuel without further processing. The term includes those petroleum products presently defined by the Internal Revenue Service in regulations pursuant to 26 U.S.C., Sections 4081 and 4082, as amended. However, the term does not include any substance that:

(a) Will be ultimately used for consumer nonmotor fuel use; and

(b) Is sold or removed in drum quantities (fifty-five gallons) or less at the time of the removal or sale;

[(5)] (6) "Blended fuel", a mixture composed of motor fuel and another liquid including blend stock, other than a de minimis amount of a product such as carburetor detergent or oxidation inhibitor, that can be used as a fuel in a highway vehicle. This term includes but is not limited to gasohol, ethanol, methanol, fuel grade alcohol, diesel fuel enhancers and resulting blends;

[(6)] (7) "Blender", any person that produces blended motor fuel outside the bulk transfer/terminal system;

[(7)] (8) "Blending", the mixing of one or more petroleum products, with or without another product, regardless of the original character of the product blended, if the product obtained by the blending is capable of use or otherwise sold for use in the generation of power for the propulsion of a motor vehicle, an airplane, or a motorboat. The term does not include the blending that occurs in the process of refining by the original refiner of crude petroleum or the blending of products known as lubricating oil and greases;

[(8)] (9) "Bulk plant", a bulk motor fuel storage and distribution facility that is not a terminal within the bulk transfer system and from which motor fuel may be removed by truck;

[(9)] (10) "Bulk transfer", any transfer of motor fuel from one location to another by pipeline tender or marine delivery within the bulk transfer/terminal system;

[(10)] (11) "Bulk transfer/terminal system", the motor fuel distribution system consisting of refineries, pipelines, vessels, and terminals. Motor fuel in a refinery, pipeline, boat, barge or terminal is in the bulk transfer/terminal system. Motor fuel in the fuel supply tank of any engine, or in any tank car, rail car, trailer, truck, or other equipment suitable for ground transportation is not in the bulk transfer/terminal system;

[(11)] (12) "Consumer", the user of the motor fuel;

[(12)] (13) "Delivery", the placing of motor fuel or any liquid into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle or bulk storage facility;

[(13)] (14) "Department", the department of revenue;

[(14)] (15) "Destination state", the state, territory, or foreign country to which motor fuel is directed for delivery into a storage facility, a receptacle, a container, or a type of transportation equipment for the purpose of resale or use;

[(15)] (16) "Diesel fuel", any liquid that is commonly or commercially known or sold as a fuel that is suitable for use in a diesel-powered highway vehicle. A liquid meets this requirement if, without further processing or blending, the liquid has practical and commercial fitness for use in the propulsion engine of a diesel-powered highway vehicle. "Diesel fuel" does not include jet fuel sold to a buyer who is registered with the Internal Revenue Service to purchase jet fuel and remit taxes on its sale or use to the Internal Revenue Service. "Diesel fuel" does not include biodiesel commonly referred to as B100 and defined in ASTM D6751, B99, or B99.9 until such biodiesel is blended with other diesel fuel or sold for highway use;

[(16)] (17) "Diesel-powered highway vehicle", a motor vehicle operated on a highway that is propelled by a diesel-powered engine;

[(17)] (18) "Director", the director of revenue;

[(18)] (19) "Distributor", a person who either produces, refines, blends, compounds or manufactures motor fuel, imports motor fuel into a state or exports motor fuel out of a state, or who is engaged in distribution of motor fuel;

[(19)] (20) "Dyed fuel", diesel fuel or kerosene that is required to be dyed pursuant to United States Environmental Protection Agency rules or is dyed pursuant to Internal Revenue Service rules or pursuant to any other requirements subsequently set by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service including any invisible marker requirements;

[(20)] (21) "Eligible purchaser", a distributor who has been authorized by the director to purchase motor fuel on a tax-deferred basis;

[(21)] (22) "Export", to obtain motor fuel in this state for sale or other distribution outside of this state. In applying this definition, motor fuel delivered out of state by or for the seller constitutes an export by the seller, and motor fuel delivered out of state by or for the purchaser constitutes an export by the purchaser;

[(22)] (23) "Exporter", any person, other than a supplier, who purchases motor fuel in this state for the purpose of transporting or delivering the fuel outside of this state;

[(23)] (24) "Farm tractor", all tractor-type, motorized farm implements and equipment but shall not include motor vehicles of the truck-type, pickup truck-type, automobiles, and other motor vehicles required to be registered and licensed each year pursuant to the provisions of the motor vehicle license and registration laws of this state;

[(24)] (25) "Fuel grade alcohol", a methanol or ethanol with a proof of not less than one hundred ninety degrees (determined without regard to denaturants) and products derived from such alcohol for blending with motor fuel;

[(25)] (26) "Fuel transportation vehicle", any vehicle designed for highway use which is also designed or used to transport motor fuels and includes transport trucks and tank wagons;

[(26)] (27) "Gasoline", all products commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline that are suitable for use as a motor fuel. Gasoline does not include products that have an American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) octane number of less than seventy-five as determined by the motor method;

[(27)] (28) "Gross gallons", the total measured motor fuel, exclusive of any temperature or pressure adjustments, in U.S. gallons;

[(28)] (29) "Heating oil", a motor fuel that is burned in a boiler, furnace, or stove for heating or industrial processing purposes;

[(29)] (30) "Import", to bring motor fuel into this state by any means of conveyance other than in the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle. In applying this definition, motor fuel delivered into this state from out-of-state by or for the seller constitutes an import by the seller, and motor fuel delivered into this state from out-of-state by or for the purchaser constitutes an import by the purchaser;

[(30)] (31) "Import verification number", the number assigned by the director with respect to a single transport truck delivery into this state from another state upon request for an assigned number by an importer or the transporter carrying motor fuel into this state for the account of an importer;

[(31)] (32) "Importer" includes any person who is the importer of record, pursuant to federal customs law, with respect to motor fuel. If the importer of record is acting as an agent, the person for whom the agent is acting is the importer. If there is no importer of record of motor fuel entered into this state, the owner of the motor fuel at the time it is brought into this state is the importer;

[(32)] (33) "Interstate motor fuel user", any person who operates a motor fuel-powered motor vehicle with a licensed gross weight exceeding twenty-six thousand pounds that travels from this state into another state or from another state into this state;

[(33)] (34) "Invoiced gallons", the gallons actually billed on an invoice for payment to a supplier which shall be either gross or net gallons on the original manifest or bill of lading;

[(34)] (35) "K-1 kerosene", a petroleum product having an A.P.I. gravity of not less than forty degrees, at a temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit and a minimum flash point of one hundred degrees Fahrenheit with a sulfur content not exceeding four one-hundredths percent by weight;

[(35)] (36) "Kerosene", the petroleum fraction containing hydrocarbons that are slightly heavier than those found in gasoline and naphtha, with a boiling range of one hundred forty-nine to three hundred degrees Celsius;

[(36)] (37) "Liquid", any substance that is liquid in excess of sixty degrees Fahrenheit and at a pressure of fourteen and seven-tenths pounds per square inch absolute;

[(37)] (38) "Motor fuel", gasoline, diesel fuel, kerosene and blended fuel;

[(38)] (39) "Motor vehicle", any automobile, truck, truck-tractor or any motor bus or self-propelled vehicle not exclusively operated or driven upon fixed rails or tracks. The term does not include:

(a) Farm tractors or machinery including tractors and machinery designed for off-road use but capable of movement on roads at low speeds, or

(b) A vehicle solely operated on rails;

[(39)] (40) "Net gallons", the motor fuel, measured in U.S. gallons, when corrected to a temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of fourteen and seven-tenths pounds per square inch absolute (psi);

[(40)] (41) "Permissive supplier", an out-of-state supplier that elects, but is not required, to have a supplier's license pursuant to this chapter;

[(41)] (42) "Person", natural persons, individuals, partnerships, firms, associations, corporations, estates, trustees, business trusts, syndicates, this state, any county, city, municipality, school district or other political subdivision of the state, federally recognized Indian tribe, or any corporation or combination acting as a unit or any receiver appointed by any state or federal court;

[(42)] (43) "Position holder", the person who holds the inventory position in motor fuel in a terminal, as reflected on the records of the terminal operator. A person holds the inventory position in motor fuel when that person has a contract with the terminal operator for the use of storage facilities and terminating services for motor fuel at the terminal. The term includes a terminal operator who owns motor fuel in the terminal;

[(43)] (44) "Propel", the operation of a motor vehicle, whether it is in motion or at rest;

[(44)] (45) "Public highway", every road, toll road, highway, street, way or place generally open to the use of the public as a matter of right for the purposes of vehicular travel, including streets and alleys of any town or city notwithstanding that the same may be temporarily closed for construction, reconstruction, maintenance or repair;

[(45)] (46) "Qualified terminal", a terminal which has been assigned a terminal control number ("tcn") by the Internal Revenue Service;

[(46)] (47) "Rack", a mechanism for delivering motor fuel from a refinery or terminal into a railroad tank car, a transport truck or other means of bulk transfer outside of the bulk transfer/terminal system;

[(47)] (48) "Refiner", any person that owns, operates, or otherwise controls a refinery;

[(48)] (49) "Refinery", a facility used to produce motor fuel from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, or other hydrocarbons and from which motor fuel may be removed by pipeline, by boat or barge, or at a rack;

[(49)] (50) "Removal", any physical transfer of motor fuel from a terminal, manufacturing plant, customs custody, pipeline, boat or barge, refinery or any facility that stores motor fuel;

[(50)] (51) "Retailer", a person that engages in the business of selling or dispensing to the consumer within this state;

[(51)] **(52)** "Supplier", a person that is:

(a) Registered or required to be registered pursuant to 26 U.S.C., Section 4101, for transactions in motor fuels in the bulk transfer/terminal distribution system; and

(b) One or more of the following:

a. The position holder in a terminal or refinery in this state;

b. Imports motor fuel into this state from a foreign country;

c. Acquires motor fuel from a terminal or refinery in this state from a position holder pursuant to either a two-party exchange or a qualified buy-sell arrangement which is treated as an exchange and appears on the records of the terminal operator; or

d. The position holder in a terminal or refinery outside this state with respect to motor fuel which that person imports into this state. A terminal operator shall not be considered a supplier based solely on the fact that the terminal operator handles motor fuel consigned to it within a terminal. "Supplier" also means a person that produces fuel grade alcohol or alcohol-derivative substances in this state, produces fuel grade alcohol or alcohol-derivative substances for import to this state into a terminal, or acquires upon import by truck, rail car or barge into a terminal, fuel grade alcohol or alcohol-derivative substances. "Supplier" includes a permissive supplier unless specifically provided otherwise;

[(52)] **(53)** "Tank wagon", a straight truck having multiple compartments designed or used to carry motor fuel;

[(53)] **(54)** "Terminal", a bulk storage and distribution facility which includes:

(a) For the purposes of motor fuel, is a qualified terminal;

(b) For the purposes of fuel grade alcohol, is supplied by truck, rail car, boat, barge or pipeline and the products are removed at a rack;

[(54)] **(55)** "Terminal bulk transfers" include but are not limited to the following:

(a) Boat or barge movement of motor fuel from a refinery or terminal to a terminal;

(b) Pipeline movements of motor fuel from a refinery or terminal to a terminal;

(c) Bulk transfers of product within a terminal between suppliers prior to completion of removal across the rack; and

(d) Two-party exchanges or buy-sell supply arrangements within a terminal between licensed suppliers;

[(55)] **(56)** "Terminal operator", any person that owns, operates, or otherwise controls a terminal. A terminal operator may own the motor fuel that is transferred through or stored in the terminal;

[(56)] **(57)** "Transmix", the buffer or interface between two different products in a pipeline shipment, or a mix of two different products within a refinery or terminal that results in an off-grade mixture;

[(57)] **(58)** "Transport truck", a semitrailer combination rig designed or used to transport motor fuel over the highways;

[(58)] **(59)** "Transporter", any operator of a pipeline, barge, railroad or transport truck engaged in the business of transporting motor fuels;

[(59)] **(60)** "Two-party exchange", a transaction in which the motor fuel is transferred from one licensed supplier or licensed permissive supplier to another licensed supplier or licensed permissive supplier and:

(a) Which transaction includes a transfer from the person that holds the original inventory position for motor fuel in the terminal as reflected on the records of the terminal operator; and

(b) The exchange transaction is simultaneous with removal from the terminal by the receiving exchange partner. However, in any event, the terminal operator in its books and records treats the receiving exchange party as the supplier which removes the product across a terminal rack for purposes of reporting such events to this state;

[(60)] **(61)** "Ultimate vendor", a person that sells motor fuel to the consumer;

[(61)] **(62)** "Undyed diesel fuel", diesel fuel that is not subject to the United States Environmental Protection Agency dyeing requirements, or has not been dyed in accordance with Internal Revenue Service fuel dyeing provisions; and

[(62)] **(63)** "Vehicle fuel tank", any receptacle on a motor vehicle from which fuel is supplied for the propulsion of the motor vehicle."; and

"142.869. 1. The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to passenger motor vehicles, buses as defined in section 301.010, or commercial motor vehicles registered in this state which are powered by alternative fuel, and for which a valid decal has been acquired as provided in this section. The owners or operators of such motor vehicles shall, in lieu of the tax imposed by section 142.803, pay an annual alternative fuel decal fee as follows: seventy-five dollars on each passenger motor vehicle, school bus as defined in section 301.010, and commercial motor vehicle with a licensed gross vehicle weight of eighteen thousand pounds or less; one hundred dollars on each motor vehicle with a licensed gross weight in excess of eighteen thousand pounds but not more than thirty-six thousand pounds used for farm or farming transportation operations and registered with a license plate designated with the letter "F"; one hundred fifty

dollars on each motor vehicle with a licensed gross vehicle weight in excess of eighteen thousand pounds but less than or equal to thirty-six thousand pounds, and each passenger-carrying motor vehicle subject to the registration fee provided in sections 301.059, 301.061 and 301.063; two hundred fifty dollars on each motor vehicle with a licensed gross weight in excess of thirty-six thousand pounds used for farm or farming transportation operations and registered with a license plate designated with the letter "F"; and one thousand dollars on each motor vehicle with a licensed gross vehicle weight in excess of thirty-six thousand pounds. Notwithstanding provisions of this section to the contrary, motor vehicles licensed as historic under section 301.131 which are powered by alternative fuel shall be exempt from both the tax imposed by this chapter and the alternative fuel decal requirements of this section.

2. Except interstate fuel users and vehicles licensed under a reciprocity agreement as defined in section 142.617, the tax imposed by section 142.803 shall [not] **also** apply to motor vehicles registered outside this state which are powered by alternative fuel[, and for which a valid temporary alternative fuel decal has been acquired as provided in this section].

(1) The owners or operators of such motor vehicles [shall] **may**, in lieu of the tax imposed by section 142.803, pay a temporary alternative fuel decal fee of [eight] **twelve** dollars on each such vehicle. Such decals shall be valid for a period of fifteen days from the date of issuance and shall be attached to the lower right-hand corner of the front windshield on the motor vehicle for which it was issued. Such decal and fee shall not be transferable.

(2) **The fuel provider will remit all road tax collected from non-state residents each quarter using a form authorized by the department.**

(a) [All] **Eighty percent of the** proceeds from such decal fees **or collections of non-state road tax** shall be deposited as specified in section 142.345.

(b) **Twenty percent of the proceeds from such decal sales or collections of non-state road tax shall be deposited into the Missouri alternative fuel infrastructure tax credit fund under the direction of the department of natural resources.**

(c) Alternative fuel dealers selling such decals in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the director shall be allowed to retain [fifty cents] **two dollars** for each decal fee timely remitted to the director.

3. The director shall annually, on or before January thirty-first of each year, collect or cause to be collected from owners or operators of the motor vehicles specified in subsection 1 of this section the annual decal fee. Applications for such decals shall be supplied by the department of revenue. In the case of a motor vehicle which is not in operation by January thirty-first of any year, a decal may be purchased for a fractional period of such year, and the amount of the decal fee shall be reduced by one-twelfth for each complete month which shall have elapsed since the beginning of such year.

4. Upon the payment of the fee required by subsection 1 of this section, the director shall issue a decal, which shall be valid for the current calendar year and shall be attached to the lower right-hand corner of the front windshield on the motor vehicle for which it was issued.

5. The decal fee paid pursuant to subsection 1 of this section for each motor vehicle shall be transferable upon a change of ownership of the motor vehicle and, if the [LP gas or natural gas equipment] **alternative fuel system** is removed from a motor vehicle upon a change of ownership and is reinstalled in another motor vehicle, upon such reinstallation. Such transfers shall be accomplished in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the director.

6. It shall be unlawful for any [person] **Missouri resident** to operate a motor vehicle required to have an alternative fuel decal upon the highways of this state without a valid decal.

7. No person shall cause to be put, or put, **electricity**, LP gas or natural gas into the fuel supply receptacle of a motor vehicle required to have an alternative fuel decal unless the motor vehicle has a valid decal attached to it.

(1) **Qualified conversion sellers as defined by subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 135.710 or the sellers of vehicles sold with alternative fuel systems in place shall not be required to obtain alternative fuel decals during the installation of qualified conversions for motor fuel vehicles or the sale of such vehicles. Such conversion sellers or vehicle dealers or their fuel suppliers may elect to fuel such motor fuel vehicles during the conversion or sales process and remit the applicable road tax under this section.**

(2) Sales of [fuel] **all alternative fuels** placed in the supply receptacle of a motor vehicle [displaying such decal] shall be recorded upon an invoice, which invoice shall include the decal number, **if applicable**, the motor vehicle license number and the number of gallons placed in such supply receptacle. **Such invoices shall be kept by the seller for a period of two years.**

(3) **Sales of all vehicles propelled by alternative fuels, whether through qualified conversion or equipped by the original manufacturer shall be reported to the department annually.**

8. Any person violating any provision of this section is guilty of an infraction and shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined five hundred dollars.

9. Motor vehicles displaying a valid alternative fuel decal are exempt from the licensing and reporting requirements of this chapter."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Kolkmeier, **House Amendment No. 7** was adopted.

Representative Scharnhorst offered **House Amendment No. 8**.

House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 31, Section 307.400, Line 81, by inserting after said line the following:

"Section 1. Any quasi-government entity created to provide information management products and services to criminal justice, municipal and county courts and other government agencies whose originating agency identifier was terminated by the federal bureau of investigations shall provide integration access to the contracted data for the political subdivision or its agency in a web service or file transfer protocol format on line in a timely manner upon written request at no additional charge as is required by the political subdivision or its agency."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Scharnhorst, **House Amendment No. 8** was adopted.

Representative Rowland offered **House Amendment No. 9**.

House Amendment No. 9

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 2, Section 301.301, Line 8, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"301.449. 1. Only a community college or four-year public or private institution of higher education, or a foundation or organization representing the college or institution, located in the state of Missouri may itself authorize or may by the director of revenue be authorized to use the school's official emblem to be affixed on multiyear personalized license plates as provided in this section.

2. Any contribution to such institution derived from this section, except reasonable administrative costs, shall be used for scholarship endowment or other academically related purposes. Any vehicle owner may annually apply to the institution for the use of the emblem. Upon annual application and payment of an emblem-use contribution to the institution, which shall be set by the governing body of the institution at an amount of at least twenty-five dollars, the institution shall issue to the vehicle owner, without further charge, an "emblem-use authorization statement", which shall be presented by the vehicle owner to the department of revenue at the time of registration. Upon presentation of the annual statement and payment of the fee required for personalized license plates in section 301.144, and other fees and documents which may be required by law, the department of revenue shall issue a personalized license plate, which shall bear the seal, emblem or logo of the institution, to the vehicle owner.

3. The license plate authorized by this section shall use the school colors of the institution, and those colors shall be constructed upon the license plate using a process to ensure that the school emblem shall be displayed upon the license plate in the clearest and most attractive manner possible. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130. The license plate authorized by this section shall be issued with a design approved by both the institution of higher education and the advisory committee established in section 301.129.

4. A vehicle owner, who was previously issued a plate with an institutional emblem authorized by this section and does not provide an emblem-use authorization statement at a subsequent time of registration, shall be issued a new plate which does not bear the institutional emblem, as otherwise provided by law.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section or subsection 1 of section 301.3150, any community college or four-year public or private institution of higher education, or any foundation or organization representing the college or institution, located outside of the state of Missouri, which has authorized the use of its official emblem to be affixed on multiyear personalized license plates and has had its application for a specialty license plate approved by the joint committee on transportation oversight under section 301.3150 prior to August 28, 2012, may continue to authorize the use of its official emblem on such plates. Nothing in subsection 1 of this section shall be construed to prohibit the manufacture or renewal of multiyear personalized license plates bearing out-of-state university, college, or institution of private learning official emblems if such license plates were approved by the joint committee on transportation oversight under section 301.3150 prior to August 28, 2012.

6. The director of revenue shall make necessary rules and regulations for the enforcement of this section, and shall design all necessary forms including establishing a minimum number of license plates which can be issued with the authorized emblem of a participating institution."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 31, Section 307.400, Line 81, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section B. Because of the need to ensure that motorists who were issued valid special license plates are legally registered within the state of Missouri and because of the need to avoid unnecessary administrative license plate recalls, the repeal and reenactment of section 301.449 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 301.449 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.";

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 095

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Cierpiot	Conway 104
Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross
Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer
Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Fowler
Fraker	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gosen	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hough
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Keeney
Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schieber
Shull	Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Zerr

NOES: 049

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris

Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Webber	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 019

Bernskoetter	Brown	Curtman	Flanigan	Gardner
Gatschenberger	Grisamore	Hoskins	Jones 50	Kelly 45
Lant	Lichtenegger	Marshall	McDonald	Mims
Redmon	Schatz	Sommer	Mr Speaker	

On motion of Representative Rowland, **House Amendment No. 9** was adopted.

Representative Solon offered **House Amendment No. 10**.

House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 51, Page 2, Section 301.301, Line 8, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"301.3172. 1. Any woman who currently serves in any branch of the United States Armed Forces or who was honorably discharged from such service may apply for special motor vehicle license plates for any vehicle she owns, either solely or jointly, other than an apportioned motor vehicle or a commercial motor vehicle licensed in excess of twenty-four thousand pounds gross weight.

2. Any woman shall apply for the special license plates on a form provided by the director of revenue and furnish such proof of military service as the director may require.

3. Upon presentation of such proof of military service, payment of a fifteen dollar fee in addition to the regular registration fees, and presentation of any documents which may be required by law, the director of revenue shall issue to the vehicle owner a special personalized license plate which shall bear the words "WOMAN VETERAN" at the bottom of the plate, in a manner prescribed by the director of revenue. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 301.144, no additional fee shall be charged for the personalization of license plates issued under this section.

5. There shall be no limit on the number of license plates any person qualified under this section may obtain so long as each set of license plates issued under this section is issued for a vehicle owned solely or jointly by such person.

6. License plates issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be transferable to any other person except that any registered co-owner of the motor vehicle shall be entitled to operate the motor vehicle with such plates for the duration of the year licensed in the event of the death of the qualified person.

7. The director shall consult with the Missouri Veterans Commission when determining or designing the image which shall be placed on the plate authorized under this section.

8. The director shall make all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section and shall design all necessary forms required by this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Elmer assumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Solon, **House Amendment No. 10** was adopted.

HCS SB 51, as amended, was laid over.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SCS HCS HB 17**, entitled:

An act to appropriate money for capital improvement and other purposes for the several departments of state government and the divisions and programs thereof to be expended only as provided in Article IV, Section 28 of the Constitution of Missouri, from the funds herein designated for the period beginning July 1, 2013 and ending June 30, 2015.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SCS HB 18**, entitled:

An act to appropriate money for purposes for the several departments and offices of state government; for the purchase of equipment; for planning, expenses, and for capital improvement projects involving the maintenance, repair, replacement, and improvement of state buildings and facilities, including installation, modification, and renovation of facility components, equipment or systems; for grants, refunds, distributions, planning, expenses, and capital improvements including but not limited to major additions and renovations, new structures, and land improvements or acquisitions; and to transfer money among certain funds, from the funds designated for the fiscal period beginning July 1, 2013 and ending June 30, 2015.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS SCS HCS HB 19**, entitled:

An act to appropriate money for purposes for the several departments and offices of state government; for planning and capital improvements including but not limited to major additions and renovations, new structures, and land improvements or acquisitions; and to transfer money among certain funds to be expended only as provided in Article IV, Section 28 of the Constitution of Missouri, from the funds herein designated for the fiscal period beginning July 1, 2013 and ending June 30, 2015.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SCS HCS HB 351**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 191.227, 197.080, and 197.100, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to health care providers.

With Senate Amendment No. 1.

Senate Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 351, Page 1, Section Title, Line 3 of the Title, by inserting after "providers" the following:

"with an emergency clause for a certain section"; and

Further amend said bill and page, Section A, Line 3, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

"96.229. 1. Notwithstanding subsection 5 of section 96.150 regarding the lease of substantially all of a hospital where the board of trustees is lessor, a city in which a hospital is located that:

- (1) Is organized and operated under this chapter;**
- (2) Has not accepted appropriated funds from the city during the prior twenty years; and**
- (3) Is licensed by the department of health and senior services for two hundred beds or more pursuant to sections 197.010 to 197.120,**

shall not have authority to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of the property from a hospital organized under this chapter, both real and personal, except in accordance with this section.

2. Upon filing with the city clerk of a resolution adopted by no less than two-thirds of the incumbent members of the board of trustees to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of the hospital property, both real and personal, for reasons specified in the resolution, the clerk shall present the resolution to the city council. If a majority of the incumbent members of the city council determine that sale, lease, or other transfer of the hospital property is desirable, the city council shall submit to the voters of the city the question in substantially the following form:

"Shall the city council of, Missouri and the board of trustees of hospital be authorized to sell (or lease or otherwise transfer) the property, real and personal, of hospital as approved by, and in accordance with, the resolution of the board of trustees authorizing such sale (or lease or transfer)?"

A majority of the votes cast on such question shall be required in order to approve and authorize such sale, lease or other transfer. If the question receives less than the required majority, then the city council and the board of trustees shall have no power to sell, lease or otherwise transfer the property, real and personal, of the hospital unless and until the city council has submitted another question to authorize such sale, lease or transfer authorized under this section and such question is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this section and after the adoption of another resolution by no less than two-thirds of the board of trustees and a subsequent vote by a majority of the city council to again submit the question to the voters.

3. Upon passage of such question by the voters, the board of trustees shall sell and dispose of such property, or lease or transfer such property, in the manner proposed by the board of trustees. The deed of the board of trustees, duly authorized by the board of trustees and duly acknowledged and recorded, shall be sufficient to convey to the purchaser all the rights, title, interest, and estate in the hospital property.

4. No sale, lease, or other transfer of such hospital property shall be authorized or effective unless such transaction provides sufficient proceeds to be available to be applied to the payment of all interest and principal of any outstanding valid indebtedness incurred for purchase of the site or construction of the hospital, or for any repairs, alterations, improvements, or additions thereto, or for operation of the hospital.

5. Assets donated to the hospital pursuant to section 96.210 shall be used to provide health care services in the city and in the geographic region previously served by the hospital, except as otherwise prescribed by the terms of the deed, gift, devise, or bequest."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 7, Section 1, Line 26, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section B. Because of the need to ensure local hospitals can continue the purpose of providing the best care and treatment of the sick, disabled, and infirm persons as decided on by the people in the affected community, the enactment of section 96.229 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of section 96.229 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Emergency clause adopted.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **HCS SCS SB 9, as amended**, and requests the House to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the Senate a conference thereon.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **HCS SCS SB 17, as amended**, and requests the House to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the Senate a conference thereon.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **House Amendment No. 1 to SCS SB 36**, and requests the House to recede from its position on **House Amendment No. 1** and take up and pass **SCS SB 36**.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **HCS SB 43, as amended**, and requests the House to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the Senate a conference thereon.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted the Conference Committee Report on **SCS SB 106, as amended**, and has taken up and passed **CCS SCS SB 106**.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted the Conference Committee Report on **HCS SCS SB 117, as amended**, and has taken up and passed **CCS HCS SCS SB 117**.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS SCS SB 210**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 162.081 and 162.083, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to the common core state standards initiative, with an emergency clause.

Emergency clause adopted.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **HCS SB 330, as amended**, and requests the House to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the Senate a conference thereon.

On motion of Representative Diehl, the House recessed until 1:15 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The hour of recess having expired, the House was called to order by Speaker Jones.

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

SCS SB 248, relating to neighborhood improvement districts, was taken up by Representative Fraker.

Representative Solon offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 248, Page 4, Section 67.457, Line 127, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"67.463. 1. At the hearing to consider the proposed improvements and assessments, the governing body shall hear and pass upon all objections to the proposed improvements and proposed assessments, if any, and may amend the proposed improvements, and the plans and specifications therefor, or assessments as to any property, and thereupon by ordinance or resolution the governing body of the city or county shall order that the improvement be made and direct that financing for the cost thereof be obtained as provided in sections 67.453 to 67.475.

2. After construction of the improvement has been completed in accordance with the plans and specifications therefor, the governing body shall compute the final costs of the improvement and apportion the costs among the property benefitted by such improvement in such equitable manner as the governing body shall determine, charging each parcel of property with its proportionate share of the costs, and by resolution or ordinance, assess the final cost of the improvement or the amount of general obligation bonds issued or to be issued therefor as special assessments against the property described in the assessment roll.

3. After the passage or adoption of the ordinance or resolution assessing the special assessments, the city clerk or county clerk shall mail a notice to each property owner within the district which sets forth a description of each parcel of real property to be assessed which is owned by such owner, the special assessment assigned to such property, and a statement that the property owner may pay such assessment in full, together with interest accrued thereon from the effective date of such ordinance or resolution, on or before a specified date determined by the effective date of the ordinance or resolution, or may pay such assessment in annual installments as provided in subsection 4 of this section.

4. The special assessments shall be assessed upon the property included therein concurrent with general property taxes, and shall be payable in substantially equal annual installments for a duration stated in the ballot measure

prescribed in subsection 2 of section 67.457 or in the petition prescribed in subsection 3 of section 67.457, and, if authorized, an assessment in each year thereafter levied and collected in the same manner with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, taking into account such assessments and interest thereon, as the governing body determines. The first installment shall be payable after the first collection of general property taxes following the adoption of the assessment ordinance or resolution unless such ordinance or resolution was adopted and certified too late to permit its collection at such time. All assessments shall bear interest at such rate as the governing body determines, not to exceed the rate permitted for bonds by section 108.170. Interest on the assessment between the effective date of the ordinance or resolution assessing the assessment and the date the first installment is payable shall be added to the first installment. The interest for one year on all unpaid installments shall be added to each subsequent installment until paid. In the case of a special assessment by a city, all of the installments, together with the interest accrued or to accrue thereon, may be certified by the city clerk to the county clerk in one instrument at the same time. Such certification shall be good for all of the installments, and the interest thereon payable as special assessments.

5. Special assessments shall be collected and paid over to the city treasurer or county treasurer in the same manner as taxes of the city or county are collected and paid. In any **county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and any** county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants, the county collector may collect a fee as prescribed by section 52.260 for collection of assessments under this section.

67.469. A special assessment authorized under the provisions of sections 67.453 to 67.475 shall be a lien, from the date of the assessment, on the property against which it is assessed on behalf of the city or county assessing the same to the same extent as a tax upon real property. The lien may be foreclosed in the same manner as a tax upon real property by land tax sale pursuant to chapter 140 or [by judicial foreclosure proceeding], **if applicable to that county, chapter 141, or** at the option of the governing body, **by judicial foreclosure proceeding**. Upon the foreclosure of any such lien, whether by land tax sale or by judicial foreclosure proceeding, the entire remaining assessment may become due and payable and may be recoverable in such foreclosure proceeding at the option of the governing body."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Solon, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Crawford offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 248, Page 4, Section 67.457, Line 127, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"67.469. A special assessment authorized under the provisions of sections 67.453 to 67.475 shall be a lien, from the date of the assessment, on the property against which it is assessed on behalf of the city or county assessing the same to the same extent as a tax upon real property. The lien may be foreclosed in the same manner as a tax upon real property by land tax sale pursuant to chapter 140 or [by judicial foreclosure proceeding], **if applicable to that county, chapter 141, or** at the option of the governing body, **by judicial foreclosure proceeding**. Upon the foreclosure of any such lien, whether by land tax sale or by judicial foreclosure proceeding, the entire remaining assessment may become due and payable and may be recoverable in such foreclosure proceeding at the option of the governing body.

67.1521. 1. A district may levy by resolution one or more special assessments against real property within its boundaries, upon receipt of and in accordance with a petition signed by:

(1) Owners of real property collectively owning more than fifty percent by assessed value of real property within the boundaries of the district; and

(2) More than fifty percent per capita of the owners of all real property within the boundaries of the district.

2. The special assessment petition shall be in substantially the following form:

The (insert name of district) Community Improvement District ("District") shall be authorized to levy special assessments against real property benefitted within the District for the purpose of providing revenue for (insert general description of specific service and/or projects) in the district, such special assessments to be

levied against each tract, lot or parcel of real property listed below within the district which receives special benefit as a result of such service and/or projects, the cost of which shall be allocated among this property by (insert method of allocation, e.g., per square foot of property, per square foot on each square foot of improvement, or by abutting foot of property abutting streets, roads, highways, parks or other improvements, or any other reasonable method) in an amount not to exceed dollars per (insert unit of measure). Such authorization to levy the special assessment shall expire on (insert date). The tracts of land located in the district which will receive special benefit from this service and/or projects are: (list of properties by common addresses and legal descriptions).

3. The method for allocating such special assessments set forth in the petition may be any reasonable method which results in imposing assessments upon real property benefitted in relation to the benefit conferred upon each respective tract, lot or parcel of real property and the cost to provide such benefit.

4. By resolution of the board, the district may levy a special assessment rate lower than the rate ceiling set forth in the petition authorizing the special assessment and may increase such lowered special assessment rate to a level not exceeding the special assessment rate ceiling set forth in the petition without further approval of the real property owners; provided that a district imposing a special assessment pursuant to this section may not repeal or amend such special assessment or lower the rate of such special assessment if such repeal, amendment or lower rate will impair the district's ability to pay any liabilities that it has incurred, money that it has borrowed or obligations that it has issued.

5. Each special assessment which is due and owing shall constitute a perpetual lien against each tract, lot or parcel of property from which it is derived. Such lien may be foreclosed in the same manner as any other special assessment lien as provided in section 88.861. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection and section 67.1541 to the contrary, [in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five hundred inhabitants,] the county collector may, upon certification by the district for collection, add each special assessment to the annual real estate tax bill for the property and collect the assessment in the same manner the collector uses for real estate taxes. [In said counties, each] **Any** special assessment remaining unpaid on the first day of January annually is delinquent and enforcement of collection of the delinquent bill by the county collector shall be governed by the laws concerning delinquent and back taxes. The lien may be foreclosed in the same manner as a tax upon real property by land tax sale under chapter 140 or, if applicable to that county, chapter 141.

6. A separate fund or account shall be created by the district for each special assessment levied and each fund or account shall be identifiable by a suitable title. The proceeds of such assessments shall be credited to such fund or account. Such fund or account shall be used solely to pay the costs incurred in undertaking the specified service or project.

7. Upon completion of the specified service or project or both, the balance remaining in the fund or account established for such specified service or project or both shall be returned or credited against the amount of the original assessment of each parcel of property pro rata based on the method of assessment of such special assessment.

8. Any funds in a fund or account created pursuant to this section which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of funds of the city in which the district is located.

9. The authority of the district to levy special assessments shall be independent of the limitations and authorities of the municipality in which it is located; specifically, the provisions of section 88.812 shall not apply to any district.

140.050. 1. Except as provided in section 52.361, the county clerk shall file the delinquent lists in the county clerk's office and within ten days thereafter make, under the seal of the commission, the lists into a back tax book as provided in section 140.060.

2. Except as provided in section 52.361, when completed, the clerk shall deliver the book **or an electronic copy thereof** to the collector taking duplicate receipts therefor, one of which the clerk shall file in the clerk's office and the other the clerk shall file with the director of revenue. The clerk shall charge the collector with the aggregate amount of taxes, interest, and clerk's fees contained in the back tax book.

3. The collector shall collect such back taxes and may levy upon, seize and distrain tangible personal property and may sell such property for taxes.

4. In the city of St. Louis, the city comptroller or other proper officer shall return the back tax book together with the uncollected tax bills within thirty days to the city collector.

5. If any county commission or clerk in counties not having a county auditor fails to comply with section 140.040, and this section, to the extent that the collection of taxes cannot be enforced by law, the county commission or clerk, or their successors in office, shall correct such omissions at once and return the back tax book to the collector who shall collect such taxes.

140.115. Any person other than the owner or a mortgagee or other lienholder described in section 139.070 who pays the original taxes, as charged against the tract of land or town lot described in the back tax book together with interest from the day upon which the tax first became delinquent at the rate specified in section 140.100 shall not invoke a lien on said property or person without the knowledge and consent of the owner. Any such lien so invoked on said property or person without the knowledge and consent of the owner shall be null and void.

140.150. 1. All lands, lots, mineral rights, and royalty interests on which taxes or [neighborhood improvement district] special assessments are delinquent and unpaid are subject to sale to discharge the lien for the delinquent and unpaid taxes or unpaid special assessments as provided for in this chapter on the fourth Monday in August of each year.

2. No real property, lots, mineral rights, or royalty interests shall be sold for state, county or city taxes or special assessments without judicial proceedings, unless the notice of sale contains the names of all record owners thereof, or the names of all owners appearing on the land tax book and all other information required by law. Delinquent taxes or unpaid special assessments, penalty, interest and costs due thereon may be paid to the county collector at any time before the property is sold therefor. The collector shall send notices to the publicly recorded owner of record before any delinquent and unpaid taxes or unpaid special assessments as specified in this section subject to sale are published. The first notice shall be by first class mail. A second notice shall be sent by certified mail only if the assessed valuation of the property is greater than one thousand dollars. If the assessed valuation of the property is not greater than one thousand dollars, only the first notice shall be required. If any second notice sent by certified mail under this section is returned to the collector unsigned, then notice shall be sent before the sale by first class mail to both the owner of record and the occupant of the real property. The postage for the mailing of the notices shall be paid out of the county treasury, and such costs shall be added to the costs of conducting the sale, and the county treasury shall be reimbursed to the extent that such postage costs are recovered at the sale. The failure of the taxpayer or the publicly recorded owner to receive the notice provided for in this section shall not relieve the taxpayer or publicly recorded owner of any tax liability imposed by law.

3. The entry in the back tax book by the county clerk of the delinquent lands, lots, mineral rights, and royalty interests constitutes a levy upon the delinquent lands, lots, mineral rights, and royalty interests for the purpose of enforcing the lien of delinquent and unpaid taxes or unpaid special assessments [as provided in section 67.469], together with penalty, interest and costs.

140.160. 1. No proceedings for the sale of land and lots for delinquent taxes pursuant to this chapter or unpaid special assessments [as provided in section 67.469], relating to the collection of delinquent and back taxes and unpaid special assessments and providing for foreclosure sale and redemption of land and lots therefor, shall be valid unless initial proceedings therefor shall be commenced within three years after delinquency of such taxes and unpaid special assessments, and any sale held pursuant to initial proceedings commenced within such period of three years shall be deemed to have been in compliance with the provisions of said law insofar as the time at which such sales are to be had is specified therein; provided further, that in suits or actions to collect delinquent drainage and/or levee assessments on real estate such suits or actions shall be commenced within three years after delinquency, otherwise no suit or action therefor shall be commenced, had or maintained, except that the three-year limitation described in this subsection shall not be applicable if any written instrument conveys any real estate having a tax-exempt status, if such instrument causes such real estate to again become taxable real property and if such instrument has not been recorded in the office of the recorder in the county in which the real estate has been situated. Such three-year limitation shall only be applicable once the recording of the title has occurred.

2. The county auditor in all counties having a county auditor shall annually audit collections, deposits, and supporting reports of the collector and provide a copy of such audit to the county collector and to the governing body of the county. A copy of the audit may be provided to all applicable taxing entities within the county at the discretion of the county collector.

140.230. 1. When real estate has been sold for taxes or other debt by the sheriff or collector of any county within the state of Missouri, and the same sells for a greater amount than the debt or taxes and all costs in the case it shall be the duty of the sheriff or collector of the county, when such sale has been or may hereafter be made, to make a written statement describing each parcel or tract of land sold by him for a greater amount than the debt or taxes and all costs in the case together with the amount of surplus money in each case. The statement shall be subscribed and sworn to by the sheriff or collector making it before some officer competent to administer oaths within this state, and then presented to the county commission of the county where the sale has been or may be made; and on the approval of the statement by the commission, the sheriff or collector making the same shall pay the surplus money into the county treasury, take

the receipt in duplicate of the treasurer for the surplus of money and retain one of the duplicate receipts himself and file the other with the county commission, and thereupon the commission shall charge the treasurer with the amount.

2. The treasurer shall place such moneys in the county treasury to be held for the use and benefit of the person entitled to such moneys or to the credit of the school fund of the county, to be held in trust for the term of three years for the publicly recorded owner or owners of the property sold at **the time of** the delinquent land tax auction or their legal representatives. At the end of three years, if such fund shall not be called for **as part of a redemption or collector's deed issuance**, then it shall become a permanent school fund of the county.

3. County commissions shall compel owners or agents to make satisfactory proof of their claims before receiving their money; provided, that no county shall pay interest to the claimant of any such fund.

140.290. 1. After payment shall have been made the county collector shall give the purchaser a certificate in writing, to be designated as a certificate of purchase, which shall carry a numerical number and which shall describe the land so purchased, each tract or lot separately stated, the total amount of the tax, with penalty, interest and costs, and the year or years of delinquency for which said lands or lots were sold, separately stated, and the aggregate of all such taxes, penalty, interest and costs, and the sum bid on each tract.

2. If the purchaser bid for any tract or lot of land a sum in excess of the delinquent tax, penalty, interest and costs for which said tract or lot of land was sold, such excess sum shall also be noted in the certificate of purchase, in a separate column to be provided therefor. Such certificate of purchase shall also recite the name and address of the owner or reputed owner if known, and if unknown then the party or parties to whom each tract or lot of land was assessed, together with the address of such party, if known, and shall also have incorporated therein the name and address of the purchaser. Such certificate of purchase shall also contain the true date of the sale and the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed for said land, if not redeemed as in this chapter provided, and the rate of interest that such certificate of purchase shall bear, which rate of interest shall not exceed the sum of ten percent per annum. Such certificate shall be authenticated by the county collector, who shall record the same in a permanent record book in his office before delivery to the purchaser.

3. Such certificate shall be assignable, but no assignment thereof shall be valid unless endorsed on such certificate and acknowledged before some officer authorized to take acknowledgment of deeds and an entry of such assignment entered in the record of said certificate of purchase in the office of the county collector.

4. [For each certificate of purchase issued, including the recording of the same, the county collector shall be entitled to receive and retain a fee of fifty cents, to be paid by the purchaser and treated as a part of the cost of the sale, and so noted on the certificate. For noting any assignment of any certificate the county collector shall be entitled to a fee of twenty-five cents, to be paid by the person requesting such recital of assignment, and which shall not be treated as a part of the cost of the sale.] For each certificate of purchase issued, as a part of the cost of the sale, the purchaser shall pay to the collector the fee necessary to record such certificate of purchase in the office of the county recorder. The collector shall record the certificate of purchase before delivering such certificate of purchase to the purchaser.

5. No collector shall be authorized to issue a certificate of purchase to any nonresident of the state of Missouri, however, any nonresident as described in subsection 2 of section 140.190 may appoint an agent, and such agent shall comply with the provisions of section 140.190 pertaining to a nonresident.

6. This section shall not apply to any post-third-year tax sale, except for nonresidents as provided in subsection 5 of this section.

140.405. 1. Any person purchasing property at a delinquent land tax auction shall not acquire the deed to the real estate, as provided for in section 140.250 or 140.420, until the person meets the requirements of this section, except that such requirements shall not apply to post-third-year sales, which shall be conducted under subsection 4 of section 140.250. The purchaser shall obtain a title search report from a licensed attorney or licensed title company detailing the ownership and encumbrances on the property. Such title search report shall be declared invalid if the effective date is more than one hundred twenty days from the date the purchaser applies for a collector's deed under section 140.250 or 140.420.

2. At least ninety days prior to the date when a purchaser is authorized to acquire the deed, the purchaser shall notify the owner of record and any person who holds a publicly recorded unreleased deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien, judgment, or any other publicly recorded claim upon that real estate of such person's right to redeem the property. Notice shall be sent by both first class mail and certified mail return receipt requested to such person's last known available address. If the certified mail return receipt is returned signed, the first class mail notice is not returned, the first class mail notice is refused where noted by the United States Postal Service, or any combination thereof, notice shall be presumed received by the recipient. At the conclusion of the applicable redemption period, the purchaser shall make an affidavit in accordance with subsection 4 of this section.

3. If the owner of record or **the holder of** any other publicly recorded claim on the property intends to transfer ownership or execute any additional liens or encumbrances on the property, such owner shall first redeem such property under section 140.340. The failure to comply with redeeming the property first before executing any of such actions or agreements on the property shall require the owner of record or any other publicly recorded claim on the property to reimburse the purchaser for the total bid as recorded on the certificate of purchase and all the costs of the sale required in sections 140.150 to 140.405.

4. In the case that both the certified notice return receipt card is returned unsigned and the first class mail is returned for any reason except refusal, where the notice is returned undeliverable, then the purchaser shall attempt additional notice and certify in the purchaser's affidavit to the collector that such additional notice was attempted and by what means.

5. The purchaser shall notify the county collector by affidavit of the date that every required notice was sent to the owner of record and, if applicable, any other publicly recorded claim on the property. To the affidavit, the purchaser shall attach a copy of a valid title search report as described in subsection 1 of this section as well as completed copies of the following for each recipient:

- (1) **Notices of right to redeem sent by** first class mail;
- (2) **Notices of right to redeem sent by** certified mail [notice];
- (3) Addressed envelopes **for all notices**, as they appeared immediately before mailing;
- (4) Certified mail receipt as it appeared upon its return; and
- (5) Any returned regular mailed envelopes. As provided in this section, at such time the purchaser notifies the

collector by affidavit that all the ninety days' notice requirements of this section have been met, the purchaser is authorized to acquire the deed, provided that a collector's deed shall not be acquired before the expiration date of the redemption period as provided in section 140.340.

6. If any real estate is purchased at a third-offering tax auction and has a publicly recorded unreleased deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien, judgment, or any other publicly recorded claim upon the real estate under this section, the purchaser of said property shall within forty-five days after the purchase at the sale notify such person of the person's right to redeem the property within ninety days from the postmark date on the notice. Notice shall be sent by both first class mail and certified mail return receipt requested to such person's last known available address. The purchaser shall notify the county collector by affidavit of the date the required notice was sent to the owner of record and, if applicable, **and the holder of** any other publicly recorded claim on the property, that such person shall have ninety days to redeem said property or be forever barred from redeeming said property.

7. If the county collector chooses to have the title search done then the county collector may charge the purchaser the cost of the title search before giving the purchaser a deed pursuant to section 140.420.

8. If the property is redeemed, the person redeeming the property shall pay the costs incurred by the purchaser in providing notice under this section. Recoverable costs on any property sold at a tax sale shall include the title search, postage, and costs for the recording of any certificate of purchase issued and for recording the release of such certificate of purchase and all the costs of the sale required in sections 140.150 to 140.405.

9. Failure of the purchaser to comply with this section shall result in such purchaser's loss of all interest in the real estate.

140.460. 1. Such conveyance shall be executed by the county collector, under his hand and seal, [witnessed by the county clerk] and acknowledged before the county recorder or any other officer authorized to take acknowledgments and the same shall be recorded in the recorder's office before delivery; a fee for recording shall be paid by the purchaser and shall be included in the costs of sale.

2. Such deed shall be prima facie evidence that the property conveyed was subject to taxation at the time assessed, that the taxes were delinquent and unpaid at the time of sale, of the regularity of the sale of the premises described in the deed, and of the regularity of all prior proceedings, that said land or lot had not been redeemed and that the period therefor had elapsed, and prima facie evidence of a good and valid title in fee simple in the grantee of said deed; and such deed shall be in the following form, as nearly as the nature of the case will admit, namely:

Whereas, A. B. did, on the day of, 20. . . , produce to the undersigned, C. D., collector of the county of in the state of Missouri, a certificate of purchase, in writing, bearing date the day of 20. . . , signed by E. F., who at the last mentioned date was collector of said county, from which it appears that the said A. B. did, on the day of, 20. . . , purchase at public auction at the door of the courthouse in said county, the tract, parcel or lot of land lastly in this indenture described, and which lot was sold to for the sum of dollars and cents, being the amount due on the following tracts or lots of land, returned delinquent in the name of G. H., for nonpayment of taxes, costs and charges for the year, namely: (Here set out the lands offered for sale); which said lands have been recorded, among other tracts, in the office of said

collector, as delinquent for the nonpayment of taxes, costs, and charges due for the year last aforesaid, and legal publication made of the sale of said lands; and it appearing that the said A. B. is the legal owner of said certificate of purchase and the time fixed by law for redeeming the land therein described having now expired, the said G. H. nor any person in his behalf having paid or tendered the amount due the said A. B. on account of the aforesaid purchase, and for the taxes by him since paid, and the said A. B., having demanded a deed for the tract of land mentioned in said certificate, and which was the least quantity of the tract above described that would sell for the amount due thereon for taxes, costs and charges, as above specified, and it appearing from the records of said county collector's office that the aforesaid lands were legally liable for taxation, and has been duly assessed and properly charged on the tax book with the taxes for the years;

Therefore, this indenture, made this day of , 20. . . , between the state of Missouri, by C. D., collector of said county, of the first part, and the said A. B., of the second part, Witnesseth: That the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the premises, has granted, bargained and sold unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever, the tract or parcel of land mentioned in said certificate, situate in the county of, and state of Missouri, and described as follows, namely: (Here set out the particular tract or parcel sold), To have and to hold the said last mentioned tract or parcel of land, with the appurtenances thereto belonging, to the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever, in as full and ample a manner as the collector of said county is empowered by law to sell the same.

In Testimony Whereof, the said C. D., collector of said county of, has hereunto set his hand, and affixed his official seal, the day and year last above written.

Witness: (L.S.)
Collector of County.

State of Missouri, County, ss:

Before me, the undersigned,, in and for said county, this day, personally came the above-named C. D., collector of said county, and acknowledged that he executed the foregoing deed for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this day of, 20. . . .
. (L.S.)

140.470. [1.] In case circumstances should exist requiring any variation from the foregoing form, in the recital part thereof, the necessary change shall be made by the county collector executing such deed, and the same shall not be vitiated by any such change, provided the substance be retained.

[2. The county collector shall be entitled to demand and receive from the person applying therefor, for each tax deed, one dollar and fifty cents, which shall include the acknowledgment.]

140.665. Whenever the word "collector" is used in sections 140.050 to 140.660, as applicable to counties which have adopted township organization, it shall be construed to mean ["treasurer and ex officio collector"] "**collector-treasurer**". Where applicable it shall also refer to the collector, or other proper officer, collecting taxes in any city or town. Where applicable the word "county" as used in sections 140.050 to 140.660 shall be construed "city" and the words "county clerk" shall be construed "city clerk or other proper officer".

140.730. 1. Tangible personal property [taxes assessed] **subject to assessment** on and after January 1, 1946, and all personal taxes delinquent at that date, shall constitute a debt, as of the date on which such taxes were levied for which a personal judgment may be recovered against the party assessed with such taxes before any court of this state having jurisdiction.

2. All actions commenced pursuant to this law shall be prosecuted in the name of the state of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of the collector and against the person or persons named in the tax bill, and in one petition and in one count thereof may be included the said taxes for all such years as may be delinquent and unpaid, and said taxes shall be set forth in a tax bill or bills of said personal back taxes duly authenticated by the certificate of the collector and filed with the petition; and said tax bill or tax bills so certified shall be prima facie evidence that the amount claimed in said suit is just and correct, and all notices and process in suits pursuant to this chapter shall be sued and served in the same manner as in civil actions, and the general laws of this state as to practice and proceedings and appeals and writs of error in civil cases shall apply, as far as applicable, to the above actions; provided, however, that in no case shall the state, county, city or collector be liable for any costs nor shall any be taxed against them or any of them.

3. For the purpose of this chapter, personal tax bills shall become delinquent on the first day of January following the year the taxes are due, and suits thereon may be instituted on and after the first day of February following, and within three years from said day. If the collector, after using due diligence, is unable to collect any personal property

taxes charged in the delinquent tax list within three years following the year the taxes are due, the collector may remove such personal property taxes from the delinquent or back taxes books in the same manner as real estate is removed under section 137.260. Such abated amounts shall be reported on the annual settlement made by a collector of revenue.

4. Said personal tax shall be presented and allowed against the estates of deceased or insolvent debtors, in the same manner and with like effect, as other indebtedness of said debtors. The remedy hereby provided for the collection of personal tax bills is cumulative, and shall not in any manner impair other methods existing or hereafter provided for the collection of the same."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Crawford, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Fraker, **SCS SB 248, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 143

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Bernskoetter	Black	Brattin	Burlison	Burns
Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman
Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn
Ellington	Elmer	Engler	English	Englund
Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler
Fraker	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton
Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Hinson	Hodges
Hough	Houghton	Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst
Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Kirkton	Koenig	Kolkmeier	Korman	Kratky
LaFaver	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	May	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Montecillo
Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Rizzo	Roorda	Rowden	Rowland	Runions
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp
Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon
Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb
Webber	White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Wright	Zerr	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 007

Conway 10	Conway 104	Curtis	Ellinger	Higdon
Marshall	Mitten			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 013

Barnes	Berry	Brown	Frame	Franklin
Gardner	Guernsey	Hoskins	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Mims	Molendorp	Ross		

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

SB 35, relating to the designation of tax refunds for CureSearch for Children's Cancer, was taken up by Representative Engler.

On motion of Representative Engler, **SB 35** was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

AYES: 147

Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Black	Brattin	Burlison	Burns
Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10
Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford
Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger	Elmer	Engler
English	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fraker	Frame	Frederick	Funderburk
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton
Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Kratky	LaFaver
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	Marshall	May	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McNeil
Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Mitten	Molendorp
Montecillo	Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel
Neely	Neth	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda	Rowden	Rowland
Runions	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer
Schupp	Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Solon
Sommer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson
Torpey	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb	Webber
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 001

Ellington

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 015

Allen	Berry	Brown	Dohrman	Fowler
Franklin	Gardner	Guernsey	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
McManus	Mims	Ross	Smith 120	Spencer

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

HCS SCS SB 42, relating to county criminal justice, was taken up by Representative Jones (50).

Representative Jones (50) offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 3, Section 57.280, Lines 40-41, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:

"duties]. **Beginning October 1, 2013, moneys in the fund shall be used to supplement the 2013 sheriff's salary and any future increase in salary, benefit package and cost of living to an amount no greater than the annual salary of an associate circuit judge. Any such"; and**

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Jones (50), **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Webber offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 3, Section 57.280, Line 53, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"143.790. 1. Any hospital or health care provider who has provided health care services to an individual who was not covered by a health insurance policy or was not eligible to receive benefits under the state's medical assistance program of needy persons, Title XIX, P.L. 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq., under chapter 208 and the health insurance for uninsured children under sections 208.631 to 208.657 at the time such health care services were administered, and such person has failed to pay for such services for a period greater than ninety days, may submit a claim to the director of the department of health and senior services for the unpaid health care services. The director of the department of health and senior services shall review such claim. If the claim appears meritorious on its face, the claim for the unpaid medical services shall constitute a debt of the department of health and senior services for purposes of sections 143.782 to 143.788, and the director may certify the debt to the department of revenue in order to set off the debtor's income tax refund. Once the debt has been certified, the director of the department of health and senior services shall submit the debt to the department of revenue under the setoff procedure established under section 143.783.

2. At the time of certification, the director of the department of health and senior services shall supply any information necessary to identify each debtor whose refund is sought to be set off pursuant to section 143.784 and certify the amount of the debt or debts owed by each such debtor.

3. If a debtor identified by the director of the department of health and senior services is determined by the department of revenue to be entitled to a refund, the department of revenue shall notify the department of health and senior services that a refund has been set off on behalf of the department of health and senior services for purposes of this section and shall certify the amount of such setoff, which shall not exceed the amount of the claimed debt certified. When the refund owed exceeds the claimed debt, the department shall send the excess amount to the debtor within a reasonable time after such excess is determined.

4. The department of revenue shall notify the debtor by certified mail the taxpayer whose refund is sought to be set off that such setoff will be made. The notice shall contain the provisions contained in subsection 3 of section 143.794, including the opportunity for a hearing to contest the setoff provided therein, and shall otherwise substantially comply with the provisions of subsection 3 of section 143.784.

5. Once a debt has been set off and finally determined under the applicable provisions of sections 143.782 to 143.788, and the department of health and senior services has received the funds transferred from the department of revenue, the department of health and senior services shall settle with each hospital or health care provider for the amounts that the department of revenue set off for such party. At the time of each settlement, each hospital or health care provider shall be charged for administration expenses which shall not exceed twenty percent of the collected amount.

6. Lottery prize payouts made under section 313.321 shall also be subject to the setoff procedures established in this section and any rules and regulations promulgated thereto.

7. The director of the department of revenue shall have priority to offset any delinquent tax owed to the state of Missouri. Any remaining refund shall be offset to pay a state agency debt or to meet a child support obligation that is enforced by the division of family services on behalf of a person who is receiving support enforcement services under section 454.425.

8. **Ambulance services, as licensed by RSMo Chapter 190, shall make use of the debt setoff through the use of a debt setoff clearinghouse for processing claims. Unpaid claims in excess of one hundred sixty days shall be determined in accordance with this section and only valid unpaid claims regarding health care services provided shall be submitted to the claim clearinghouse. Ambulance services shall implement a financial hardship policy in accordance with applicable Medicare guidelines. Ambulance services shall establish an appeal process. The appeal process shall, at a minimum, include a provision that will establish that the ambulance service will not be permitted to setoff any claim against the patients refund under this section, unless and until the ambulance service files suit against the patient in court seeking a determination that the ambulance service's claim is valid regarding the amount of the claim and that the claim is eligible for seoff under this section. Administrative costs incurred by the state agency and the claim clearinghouse shall be recovered from each claim being processed prior to the debt setoff for the ambulance service. To the extent that any ambulance service receives any payment pursuant to this section, the debt shall be deemed paid in full and the district is protected from pursuing any remedy.**

9. The director of the department of revenue and the director of the department of health and senior services shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Engler offered House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 2.

*House Amendment No. 1
to
House Amendment No. 2*

AMEND House Amendment No. 2 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 3, Section 57.280, Line 21 of Page 2, by inserting after all of said lines the following:

"The claims clearing house shall only be used by a political subdivision emergency medical service."

On motion of Representative Engler, **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Webber moved that **House Amendment No. 2, as amended**, be adopted.

Which motion was defeated by the following vote:

AYES: 048

Anders	Bahr	Berry	Black	Burns
Cross	Dunn	English	Englund	Gatschenberger
Higdon	Hodges	Hubbard	Kirkton	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair	Lant
Lauer	May	Mayfield	McDonald	McGaugh
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Morgan	Neely	Newman	Nichols
Otto	Pierson	Reiboldt	Riddle	Rizzo
Scharnhorst	Schupp	Thomson	Walker	Walton Gray
Webber	Wieland	Wright		

NOES: 102

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Barnes	Bernskoetter
Brattin	Burlison	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Curtis	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Ellinger	Ellington
Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gosen	Grisamore	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neth	Norr	Pace
Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Remole	Rhoads
Richardson	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions
Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Smith 85	Smith 120
Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan
Swearingen	Torpey	Webb	White	Wilson
Wood	Mr Speaker			

PRESENT: 003

Roorda	Schieffer	Shumake
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ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

Brown	Franklin	Gardner	Guernsey	Hinson
Hummel	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims	Zerr

Representative Funderburk offered **House Amendment No. 3.**

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 8, Section 488.5029, Line 4, by striking the following: “the department of revenue and”; and

Further amend Line 10, by striking “departments” and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Department”; and

Further amend Line 12, by striking the word “each” and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“the”; and

Further amend Lines 13-20, by striking all of said lines; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 9, Lines 38-46, by striking all of said lines; and

Further amend said section by renumbering the subsections accordingly; and

Further amend Line 49, by striking “the department of revenue and”; and

Further amend Lines 54-55, by striking the following: “issuance, renewal, and suspension of a concealed carry endorsement and the”; and

Further amend Line 56, by inserting at the end of said line the word **“and”**; and

Further amend Lines 57-60, by striking all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(5) The right of the debtor to apply in writing to the court in which the debt”; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 10-13, Section 571.104, by striking all of said section from the bill.

Representative Conway (104) offered **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 1

to

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Amendment No. 3 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 1, Line 20, by inserting after said line the following:

“Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 57.280, Line 46, by inserting after the period on said line the following:

“The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants or any county with a charter form of government and with more than three hundred thousand but fewer than four hundred fifty thousand inhabitants.”; and’; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Conway (104), **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Funderburk, **House Amendment No. 3, as amended**, was adopted.

Representative Brattin offered **House Amendment No. 4.**

House Amendment No. 4

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 13, Section 571.104, Line 122, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"590.205. 1. The POST commission shall establish minimum standards for school protection officer training instructors, training centers, and training programs.

2. The director shall develop and maintain a list of approved school protection officer training instructors, training centers, and training programs. The director shall not place any instructor, training center, or training program on its approved list unless such instructor, training center, or training program meets all of the POST commission requirements under this section and section 590.200. The director shall make this approved list available to every school district in the state. The required training to become a school protection officer shall be provided by those firearm instructors, private and public, who have successfully completed a Department of Public Safety POST certified law enforcement firearms instructor school.

3. Each person seeking entrance into a school protection officer training center or training program shall submit a fingerprint card and authorization for a criminal history background check to include the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to the training center or training program where such person is seeking entrance. The training center or training program shall cause a criminal history background check to be made and shall cause the resulting report to be forwarded to the school district where the elementary school teacher or administrator is seeking to be designated as a school protection officer.

4. No person shall be admitted to a school protection officer training center or training program unless such person submits proof to the training center or training program that he or she has a valid concealed carry endorsement.

5. A certificate of school protection officer training program completion may be issued to any applicant by any approved school protection officer training instructor. On the certificate of program completion the approved school protection officer training instructor shall affirm that the individual receiving instruction has taken and passed a school protection officer training program that meets the requirements of this section and section 590.200 and that the individual has a valid concealed carry endorsement. The instructor shall also provide a copy of such certificate to the director of the department of public safety."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Roorda raised a point of order that **House Amendment No. 4** is not germane to the bill.

The Chair ruled the point of order not well taken.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 096

Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes	Bernskoetter
Berry	Brattin	Cierpiot	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore

Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Higdon
Hinson	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst
Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	McGaugh
Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Parkinson	Pfausch	Phillips
Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schieber	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 044

Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Conway 10
Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington	English
Englund	Frame	Harris	Hodges	Hubbard
Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver	Mayfield	McCann Beatty
McDonald	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Peters	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Webber	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 023

Allen	Anders	Brown	Burlison	Colona
Conway 104	Davis	Elmer	Franklin	Gardner
Guernsey	Hicks	Hummel	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Marshall	May	McCaherty	Mims	Neth
Pace	Pierson	Schatz		

On motion of Representative Brattin, **House Amendment No. 4** was adopted.

Representative Wilson offered **House Amendment No. 5**.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, Page 9, Section 488.5029, Line 70, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"488.5320. 1. Sheriffs, county marshals or other officers shall be allowed a charge for their services rendered in criminal cases and in all proceedings for contempt or attachment, as required by law, the sum of seventy-five dollars for each felony case or contempt or attachment proceeding, ten dollars for each misdemeanor case, and six dollars for each infraction, [excluding] **including** cases disposed of by a [traffic] violations bureau established pursuant to law or supreme court rule. Such charges shall be charged and collected in the manner provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020 and shall be payable to the county treasury; **except that, those charges from cases disposed of by a violations bureau shall be distributed as follows: one-half of the charges collected shall be forwarded and deposited to the credit of the MODEX fund established in subsection 6 of this section for the operational cost of the Missouri data exchange (MODEX) system, and one-half of the charges collected shall be deposited to the credit of the inmate security fund, established in section 488.5026, of the county or municipal political subdivision from which the**

citation originated. If the county or municipal political subdivision has not established an inmate security fund, all of the funds shall be deposited in the MODEX fund.

2. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, sheriffs, county marshals, or other officers in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants or in any city not within a county shall not be allowed a charge for their services rendered in cases disposed of by a violations bureau established pursuant to law or supreme court rule.

3. The sheriff receiving any charge pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall reimburse the sheriff of any other county or the city of St. Louis the sum of three dollars for each pleading, writ, summons, order of court or other document served in connection with the case or proceeding by the sheriff of the other county or city, and return made thereof, to the maximum amount of the total charge received pursuant to subsection 1 of this section.

[3.] **4.** The charges provided in subsection 1 of this section shall be taxed as other costs in criminal proceedings immediately upon a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt of any defendant in any criminal procedure. The clerk shall tax all the costs in the case against such defendant, which shall be collected and disbursed as provided by sections 488.010 to 488.020; provided, that no such charge shall be collected in any proceeding in any court when the proceeding or the defendant has been dismissed by the court; provided further, that all costs, incident to the issuing and serving of writs of scire facias and of writs of fieri facias, and of attachments for witnesses of defendant, shall in no case be paid by the state, but such costs incurred under writs of fieri facias and scire facias shall be paid by the defendant and such defendant's sureties, and costs for attachments for witnesses shall be paid by such witnesses.

[4.] **5.** Mileage shall be reimbursed to sheriffs, county marshals and guards for all services rendered pursuant to this section at the rate prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service for allowable expenses for motor vehicle use expressed as an amount per mile.

6. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "MODEX Fund", which shall consist of money collected under subsection 1 of this section. The fund shall be administered by the Peace Officers Standards and Training Commission established in section 590.120. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, money in the fund shall be used solely for the operational support and expansion of the MODEX system.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Wilson, **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 098

Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes	Berry
Brattin	Burlison	Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman
Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer
Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan
Fowler	Fraker	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	McGaugh	Messenger
Miller	Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel

Neely	Parkinson	Pfausch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Swan
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 046

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellington	English
Englund	Frame	Harris	Hodges	Hubbard
Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver	May
Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McKenna	McManus	McNeil
Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters
Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda	Schieffer	Schupp
Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Webber
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 019

Allen	Bernskoetter	Brown	Colona	Ellinger
Franklin	Gardner	Guernsey	Kelly 45	Lair
Lichtenegger	McCaherty	McDonald	Mims	Neth
Runions	Shull	Stream	Zerr	

On motion of Representative Jones (50), **HCS SCS SB 42, as amended**, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Jones (50), **HCS SCS SB 42, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 145

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellington
Elmer	Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Frame	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	May
Mayfield	McCaherty	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGough
McKenna	McManus	Meredith	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel

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Neely	Neth	Nichols	Otto	Pace
Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pierson
Pike	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Shull	Shumake
Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey
Walker	Walton Gray	Webber	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Wright	Zerr	Mr Speaker

NOES: 012

Curtis	Ellinger	Kirkton	Marshall	McNeil
Mitten	Montecillo	Newman	Norr	Pogue
Schupp	Webb			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 006

Brown	Franklin	Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Mims				

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

SB 216, relating to first responder political activity, was taken up by Representative Hinson.

On motion of Representative Hinson, **SB 216** was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

AYES: 152

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtis	Curtman
Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn
Ellinger	Ellington	Elmer	Engler	English
Englund	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan
Fowler	Fraker	Frame	Franklin	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore
Guernsey	Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Harris
Hicks	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton
Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Kratky	LaFaver
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	Marshall	May	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Montecillo
Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder

Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo
Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp
Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon
Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb
Webber	White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Wright	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 001

Mitten

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

Brown	Gardner	Haefner	Higdon	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Mims	Molendorp	Reiboldt	Zerr

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

HCS SCS SB 45, relating to judicial procedures, was taken up by Representative Hough.

Representative Cornejo offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 45, Page 3, Section 56.807, Line 74, by inserting after said line the following:

"478.007. 1. Any circuit court, or any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants with a county municipal court established under section 66.010, may establish a docket or court to provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases in which a person has pleaded guilty to driving while intoxicated or driving with excessive blood alcohol content and:

(1) The person was operating a motor vehicle with at least fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood; or

(2) The person has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of one or more intoxication-related traffic offenses as defined by section 577.023; or

(3) The person has two or more previous alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525.

2. This docket or court shall combine judicial supervision, drug testing, continuous alcohol monitoring, substance abuse traffic offender program compliance, and treatment of DWI court participants. The court may assess any and all necessary costs for participation in DWI court against the participant. Any money received from such assessed costs by a court from a defendant shall not be considered court costs, charges, or fines. This docket or court may operate in conjunction with a drug court established pursuant to sections 478.001 to 478.006.

3. If the division of probation and parole is otherwise unavailable to assist in the judicial supervision of any person who wishes to enter a DWI court, a court-approved private probation service may be utilized by the DWI court to fill the department's role. In such case, any and all necessary additional costs may be assessed against the participant. No person shall be rejected from participating in DWI court solely for the reason that the person does not reside in the city or county where the applicable DWI court is located but the DWI court can base acceptance into a treatment court program on its ability to adequately provide services for the person or handle the additional caseload."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Cornejo, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Elmer offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 45, Page 4, Section 487.020, Line 32, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"478.320. 1. In counties having a population of thirty thousand or less, there shall be one associate circuit judge. In counties having a population of more than thirty thousand and less than one hundred thousand, there shall be two associate circuit judges. In counties having a population of one hundred thousand or more, there shall be three associate circuit judges and one additional associate circuit judge for each additional one hundred thousand inhabitants.

2. When the office of state courts administrator indicates in an annual judicial weighted workload model for three consecutive years or more the need for four or more full-time judicial positions in any judicial circuit having a population of one hundred thousand or more, there shall be one additional associate circuit judge position in such circuit for every four full-time judicial positions needed as indicated in the weighted workload model. In a multi-county circuit, the additional associate circuit judge positions shall be apportioned among the counties in the circuit on the basis of population, starting with the most populous county, then the next most populous county, and so forth.

3. For purposes of this section, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1.100, population of a county shall be determined on the basis of the last previous decennial census of the United States; and, beginning after certification of the year 2000 decennial census, on the basis of annual population estimates prepared by the United States Bureau of the Census, provided that the number of associate circuit judge positions in a county shall be adjusted only after population estimates for three consecutive years indicate population change in the county to a level provided by subsection 1 of this section.

[3.] **4.** Except in circuits where associate circuit judges are selected under the provisions of sections 25(a) to (g) of article V of the constitution, the election of associate circuit judges shall in all respects be conducted as other elections and the returns made as for other officers.

[4.] **5.** In counties not subject to sections 25(a) to (g) of article V of the constitution, associate circuit judges shall be elected by the county at large.

[5.] **6.** No associate circuit judge shall practice law, or do a law business, nor shall he **or she** accept, during his **or her** term of office, any public appointment for which he **or she** receives compensation for his services.

[6.] **7.** No person shall be elected as an associate circuit judge unless he **or she** has resided in the county for which he **or she** is to be elected at least one year prior to the date of his **or her** election; provided that, a person who is appointed by the governor to fill a vacancy may file for election and be elected notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Elmer, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Scharnhorst offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 45, Page 5, Section 488.426, Line 20, by inserting after said line the following:

"Section 1. Any quasi-government entity created to provide information management products and services to criminal justice, municipal and county courts and other government agencies whose originating agency identifier was terminated by the federal bureau of investigations shall provide integration access to the contracted data for the political subdivision or its agency in a web service or file transfer protocol format on line in a timely manner upon written request at no additional charge as is required by the political subdivision or its agency."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Scharnhorst, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 100

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Conway 104
Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger
Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Remole	Rhoads	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 048

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 015

Brown	Cierpiot	Fraker	Franklin	Gardner
Grisamore	Hubbard	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims
Molendorp	Reiboldt	Richardson	Webber	Zerr

On motion of Representative Hough, **HCS SCS SB 45, as amended**, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Hough, **HCS SCS SB 45, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 141

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown
Burlison	Burns	Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona
Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Elmer
Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair
Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch
May	Mayfield	McCaherty	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Montecillo	Moon	Morgan
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 014

Bahr	Butler	Ellinger	Ellington	Marshall
Mitten	Newman	Parkinson	Pierson	Pogue
Schupp	Smith 85	Walton Gray	Webb	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 008

Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims	Molendorp
Richardson	Webber	Zerr		

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

HCS SB 90, relating to elections, was taken up by Representative Dugger.

Representative Keeney assumed the Chair.

Representative Entlicher offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 14, Section 115.493, Line 3, by enclosing in brackets the word: "twelve" on said line and inserting immediately thereafter the phrase:

"**twenty-two**"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Entlicher, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Lant offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Section 78.090, Line 23, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"79.070. No person shall be an alderman unless he or she is at least [twenty-one] **eighteen** years of age, a citizen of the United States, and an inhabitant and resident of the city for one year next preceding his or her election, and a resident, at the time he or she files and during the time he or she serves, of the ward from which he or she is elected."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Lant, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 127

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Black	Brattin	Brown
Burlison	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona
Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger	Elmer
Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin
Frederick	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore
Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen
Harris	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hodges
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hubbard	Hurst
Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Kirkton	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair
Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch
McCaherty	McGaugh	McKenna	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel
Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Roorda
Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Scharnhorst	Schatz
Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull	Shumake
Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer

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Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey
Walker	White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 026

Berry	Burns	Dohrman	Ellington	Frame
Hummel	Kratky	LaFaver	May	Mayfield
McCann Beatty	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Pierson	Rizzo	Walton Gray	Webb
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

Funderburk	Gardner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Marshall
McDonald	Mims	Rehder	Ross	Webber

Representative Dugger offered **House Amendment No. 3.**

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 15, Section 115.601, Line 48, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"116.030. The following shall be substantially the form of each page of referendum petitions on any law passed by the general assembly of the state of Missouri: County

Page No.

It is a class A misdemeanor punishable, notwithstanding the provisions of section 560.021, RSMo, to the contrary, for a term of imprisonment not to exceed one year in the county jail or a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars or both, for anyone to sign any referendum petition with any name other than his or her own, or knowingly to sign his or her name more than once for the same measure for the same election, or to sign a petition when such person knows he or she is not a registered voter. PETITION FOR REFERENDUM To the Honorable, Secretary of State for the state of Missouri:

We, the undersigned, registered voters of the state of Missouri and County (or city of St. Louis), respectfully order that the Senate (or House) Bill No. entitled (title of law), passed by the general assembly of the state of Missouri, at the regular (or special) session of the general assembly, shall be referred to the voters of the state of Missouri, for their approval or rejection, at the general election to be held on the day of,, unless the general assembly shall designate another date, and each for himself or herself says: I have personally signed this petition; I am a registered voter of the state of Missouri and County (or city of St. Louis); my registered voting address and the name of the city, town or village in which I live are correctly written after my name. **Ballot title goes here.** Circulator's Affidavit State Of Missouri, County Of

I,, being first duly sworn, say (print or type names of signers)

REGISTERED VOTING NAME	DATE	ADDRESS	ZIP	CONGR. NAME (Signature)	SIGNED
(Street)(City, CODE DIST. (Printed Town or Village)	(Printed or Typed)				

____ (Here follow numbered lines for signers)

____ signed this page of the foregoing petition, and each of them signed his or her name thereto in my presence; I believe that each has stated his or her name, registered voting address and city, town or village correctly, and that each signer is a registered voter of the state of Missouri and County.

I am at least 18 years of age. I do do not (check one) expect to be paid for circulating this petition.
If paid, list the payer

Address of Affiant Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, A.D.

Address of Notary Notary Public (Seal) My commission expires If this form is followed substantially and the requirements of section 116.050 **and section 116.080** are met, it shall be sufficient, disregarding clerical and merely technical errors.

County

It is a class A misdemeanor punishable, notwithstanding the provisions of section 560.021, RSMo, to the contrary, for a term of imprisonment not to exceed one year in the county jail or a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars or both, for anyone to sign any initiative petition with any name other than his or her own, or knowingly to sign his or her name more than once for the same measure for the same election, or to sign a petition when such person knows he or she is not a registered voter. INITIATIVE PETITION To the Honorable, Secretary of State for the state of Missouri:

We, the undersigned, registered voters of the state of Missouri and County (or city of St. Louis), respectfully order that the following proposed law (or amendment to the constitution) shall be submitted to the voters of the state of Missouri, for their approval or rejection, at the general election to be held on the day of,, and each for himself or herself says: I have personally signed this petition; I am a registered voter of the state of Missouri and County (or city of St. Louis); my registered voting address and the name of the city, town or village in which I live are correctly written after my name. **Ballot title goes here.** Circulator's Affidavit State Of Missouri, County Of I,, being first duly sworn, say (print or type names of signers)

REGISTERED VOTING NAME	DATE	ADDRESS	ZIP	CONGR. NAME	(Signature)	SIGNED
(Street)(City, CODE DIST. (Printed Town or Village) or Typed)						

(Here follow numbered lines for signers)

_____ signed this page of the foregoing petition, and each of them signed his or her name thereto in my presence; I believe that each has stated his or her name, registered voting address and city, town or village correctly, and that each signer is a registered voter of the state of Missouri and _____ County. **FURTHERMORE, I HEREBY SWEAR OR**

AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY ME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT AND THAT I HAVE NEVER BEEN CONVICTED OF, FOUND GUILTY OF, OR PLED GUILTY TO ANY OFFENSE INVOLVING FORGERY.

I am at least 18 years of age. I do do not (check one) expect to be paid for circulating this petition.
If paid, list the payer

Address of Affiant Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, A.D.

.....

Signature of Notary

Address of Notary Notary Public (Seal) My commission expires If this form is followed substantially and the requirements of section 116.050 and section 116.080 are met, it shall be sufficient, disregarding clerical and merely technical errors.

116.080. 1. Each petition circulator shall be at least eighteen years of age and registered with the secretary of state. **No person shall qualify as a petition circulator who has been convicted of, found guilty of, or pled guilty to an offense involving forgery under the laws of this state or an offense under the laws of any other jurisdiction if that offense would be considered forgery under the laws of this state** [Signatures collected by any circulator who has not registered with the secretary of state pursuant to this chapter on or before 5:00 p.m. on the final day for filing petitions with the secretary of state shall not be counted.

2. Each petition circulator shall supply the following information to the secretary of state's office:

- (1) Name of petition;
- (2) Name of circulator;
- (3) Residential address, including street number, city, state and zip code;
- (4) Mailing address, if different;
- (5) Have you been or do you expect to be paid for soliciting signatures for this petition?
☐ YES ☐ NO;
- (6) If the answer to subdivision (5) is yes, then identify the payor;
- (7) Signature of circulator.

3. The circulator information required in subsection 2 of this section shall be submitted to the secretary of state's office with the following oath and affirmation:

I HEREBY SWEAR OR AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY ME ARE TRUE AND CORRECT].

[4.] 2. Each petition circulator shall subscribe and swear to the proper affidavit on each petition page such circulator submits before a notary public commissioned in Missouri. When notarizing a circulator's signature, a notary public shall sign his or her official signature and affix his or her official seal to the affidavit only if the circulator personally appears before the notary and subscribes and swears to the affidavit in his or her presence.

[5.] 3. Any circulator who falsely swears to a circulator's affidavit knowing it to be false is guilty of a class A misdemeanor punishable, notwithstanding the provisions of section 560.021 to the contrary, for a term of imprisonment not to exceed one year in the county jail or a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars or both.

116.115. Any person who submits a sample sheet to or files an initiative petition with the secretary of state may withdraw the petition upon written notice to the secretary of state. If such notice is submitted to the secretary of state, the proposed petition shall no longer be circulated by any person, committee, or other entity. The secretary of state shall vacate the certification of the official ballot title within three days of receiving notice of the withdrawal.

116.153. Within thirty days of issuing certification that the petition contains a sufficient number of valid signatures pursuant to section 116.150, the joint committee on legislative research shall hold a public hearing in Jefferson City to take public comments concerning the proposed measure. Such hearing shall be a public meeting under chapter 610. Within five business days after the end of the public hearing, the joint committee on legislative research shall provide a summary of the hearing to the secretary of state or his or her designee and the secretary of state shall post a copy of the summary on the website of the office of the secretary of state.

116.190. 1. Any citizen who wishes to challenge the official ballot title or the fiscal note prepared for a proposed constitutional amendment submitted by the general assembly, by initiative petition, or by constitutional convention, or for a statutory initiative or referendum measure, may bring an action in the circuit court of Cole County. The action must be brought within ten days after the official ballot title is certified by the secretary of state in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

2. The secretary of state shall be named as a party defendant in any action challenging the official ballot title prepared by the secretary of state. When the action challenges the fiscal note or the fiscal note summary prepared by the auditor, the state auditor shall also be named as a party defendant. The president pro tem of the senate, the speaker of the house and the sponsor of the measure and the secretary of state shall be the named party defendants in any action challenging the official summary statement, fiscal note or fiscal note summary prepared pursuant to section 116.155.

3. The petition shall state the reason or reasons why the summary statement portion of the official ballot title is insufficient or unfair and shall request a different summary statement portion of the official ballot title. Alternatively, the petition shall state the reasons why the fiscal note or the fiscal note summary portion of the official ballot title is insufficient or unfair and shall request a different fiscal note or fiscal note summary portion of the official ballot title.

4. The action shall be placed at the top of the civil docket. Insofar as the action challenges the summary statement portion of the official ballot title, the court shall consider the petition, hear arguments, and in its decision certify the summary statement portion of the official ballot title to the secretary of state. Insofar as the action challenges the fiscal note or the fiscal note summary portion of the official ballot title, the court shall consider the petition, hear arguments, and in its decision, either certify the fiscal note or the fiscal note summary portion of the official ballot title to the secretary of state or remand the fiscal note or the fiscal note summary to the auditor for preparation of a new fiscal note or fiscal note summary pursuant to the procedures set forth in section 116.175. Any party to the suit may appeal to the supreme court within ten days after a circuit court decision. In making the legal notice to election authorities under section 116.240, and for the purposes of section 116.180, the secretary of state shall certify the language which the court certifies to him.

5. Any action brought under this section that is not fully and finally adjudicated within one hundred eighty days of filing, including all appeals, shall be extinguished, unless a court extends such period upon a finding of good cause for such extension. Such good cause shall consist only of court-related scheduling issues and shall not include requests for continuance by the parties.

116.332. 1. Before a constitutional amendment petition, a statutory initiative petition, or a referendum petition may be circulated for signatures, a sample sheet must be submitted to the secretary of state in the form in which it will be circulated. When a person submits a sample sheet of a petition he or she shall designate to the secretary of state the name and address of the person to whom any notices shall be sent pursuant to sections 116.140 and 116.180. The secretary of state shall refer a copy of the petition sheet to the attorney general for his approval and to the state auditor for purposes of preparing a fiscal note and fiscal note summary. The secretary of state and attorney general must each review the petition for sufficiency as to form and approve or reject the form of the petition, stating the reasons for rejection, if any.

2. Within two business days of receipt of any such sample sheet, the office of the secretary of state shall conspicuously post on its website the text of the proposed measure, a disclaimer stating that such text may not constitute the full and correct text as required under section 116.050, and the name of the person or organization submitting the sample sheet. The posting shall be removed within three days of either the withdrawal of the petition under section 116.115 or the rejection for any reason of the petition. The secretary of state's failure to comply with this section shall be considered a violation under subsection 3 of section 610.027.

3. Upon receipt of a petition from the office of the secretary of state, the attorney general shall examine the petition as to form. If the petition is rejected as to form, the attorney general shall forward his or her comments to the secretary of state within ten days after receipt of the petition by the attorney general. If the petition is approved as to form, the attorney general shall forward his or her approval as to form to the secretary of state within ten days after receipt of the petition by the attorney general.

[3.] 4. The secretary of state shall review the comments and statements of the attorney general as to form and make a final decision as to the approval or rejection of the form of the petition. The secretary of state shall send written notice to the person who submitted the petition sheet of the approval within [thirty] **fifteen** days after submission of the petition sheet. The secretary of state shall send written notice if the petition has been rejected, together with reasons for rejection, within [thirty] **fifteen** days after submission of the petition sheet.

116.334. 1. If the petition form is approved, the secretary of state shall **make a copy of the sample petition available on the secretary of state's website and refer a copy of the sample petition to the state auditor for purposes of preparing a fiscal note summary. For a period of fifteen days after the petition is approved as to form, the secretary of state shall accept public comments regarding the proposed measure and provide copies of such comments upon request.** Within [ten] **twenty-three** days of receipt of such approval, the secretary of state shall prepare and transmit to the attorney general a summary statement of the measure which shall be a concise statement not exceeding one hundred words. This statement shall be in the form of a question using language neither intentionally argumentative nor likely to create prejudice either for or against the proposed measure. The attorney general shall within ten days approve the legal content and form of the proposed statement.

2. Signatures obtained prior to the date the official ballot title is certified by the secretary of state shall not be counted.

3. Signatures for statutory initiative petitions shall be filed not later than six months prior to the general election during which the petition's ballot measure is submitted for a vote, and shall also be collected not earlier than the day after the day upon which the previous general election was held.

Section B. The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, the remaining provisions are valid except to the extent that the court finds the valid provisions, standing alone, are incomplete and are incapable of being executed in accordance with the will of the people."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Dugger, House Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

Representative Hough offered House Amendment No. 4.

House Amendment No. 4

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Section 115.007, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.017. There shall be a board of election commissioners:

(1) In each county which has or hereafter has over nine hundred thousand inhabitants;

(2) In each city not situated in a county;

(3) [In each city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants on January 1, 1978, and is situated in more than one county;

(4)] In each county of the first classification containing any part of a city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants; provided that the county commission of a county which becomes a county of the first classification after December 31, 1998, may, prior to such date, adopt an order retaining the county clerk as the election authority. The county may subsequently establish a board of election commissioners as provided in subdivision [(5)] (4) of this section;

[(5)] (4) In each county of the first class which elects to have such a board through procedures provided in section 115.019.

115.021. 1. [In each city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants on January 1, 1978, and is situated in more than one county, the board of election commissioners for the city shall have jurisdiction in that part of the city situated in the county containing the major portion of the city.

2. In each county of the first class containing the major portion of a city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants, the board of election commissioners shall have jurisdiction in that part of the county outside the city.

3.] In each city not situated in a county, the board of election commissioners shall have jurisdiction throughout the city.

[4.] 2. In all other counties, the election authority shall have jurisdiction throughout the county.

3. In each county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and the portion of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, that is located in such county with a charter form of government, the board of election commissioners shall have jurisdiction throughout such area.

115.027. 1. Each board of election commissioners shall be composed of four members, appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Two commissioners on each board shall be members of one major political party, and two commissioners on each board shall be members of the other major political party. In no case shall more than two commissioners on a board be members of the same political party. When appointing commissioners, the governor shall designate one commissioner on each board to be chairman of the board and one commissioner on each board to be secretary of the board. The chairman and secretary of a board shall not be members of the same political party.

2. In jurisdictions with boards of election commissioners as the election authority, the governor may appoint to the board one representative from each established political party. The representative shall not be a member of the

board for purposes of subsection 1 of this section. The state chair of each established political party shall submit a list of no more than four names from which the governor shall select the representative for that party. The representative shall not have voting status, and shall not be compensated, but shall be allowed to participate in discussions and be informed of any meeting of the board.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, in each county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and the portion of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, that is located in such county with a charter form of government, the board of election commissioners shall be composed of the chairperson and vice chairperson of each of the following board of election commissioners holding office at the time of the enactment of this subsection until such commissioners are appointed pursuant to subsection 1 of section 115.029:

(1) The board of election commissioners that, at the time of the enactment of this subsection, has jurisdiction in the part of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county that is situated in the county containing the major portion of the city; and

(2) The board of election commissioners that, at the time of the enactment of this section, has jurisdiction in the part of a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants that is located outside of the city referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

115.029. 1. In each county [of the first class containing the major portion of a city which has more than three hundred thousand inhabitants] **with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and the portion of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, that is located in such county with a charter form of government,** each election commissioner shall be appointed [on April 21, 1982,] for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed, confirmed and sworn. Successors shall be appointed in like manner for a term of four years and until their successors are appointed, confirmed and sworn.

2. In each county containing a portion but not the major portion of a city which has more than three hundred thousand inhabitants, each election commissioner shall be appointed on June 15, 1981, for a term of four years and until his successor is appointed, confirmed and sworn. Successors shall be appointed in like manner for a term of four years and until their successors are appointed, confirmed and sworn. The first two election commissioners appointed after May 10, 1994, shall be appointed for terms of two years and until their successors are appointed, confirmed and sworn. One of those appointed to a two-year term shall be a member of one major political party and one shall be a member of the other major political party.

The next two election commissioners appointed, and all successors, shall be appointed for terms of four years and until their successors are appointed, confirmed and sworn.

3. In all other cities and counties which have or hereafter have a board of election commissioners, each commissioner's term of office shall coincide with the term of the governor who appoints him and until the commissioner's successor is appointed, confirmed and sworn."; and

Further amend said bill, Section 115.300, Page 8, Line 8, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.353. All declarations of candidacy shall be filed as follows:

(1) For presidential elector, United States senator, representative in Congress, statewide office, circuit judge not subject to the provisions of article V, section 25 of the Missouri Constitution, state senator and state representative, in the office of the secretary of state;

(2) For all county offices which for the purpose of election procedures shall include associate circuit judges not subject to the provisions of article V, section 25 of the Missouri Constitution, in the office of the county election authority;

(3) For all county offices, in the office of the county election authority. In any county in which there [are two boards] **is a board** of election commissioners, the [county clerk] **board of elections** shall be deemed to be the election authority for purposes of this section."; and

Further amend said bill, Section 115.601, Page 15, Line 48, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.607. 1. No person shall be elected or shall serve as a member of a county committee who is not, for one year next before the person's election, both a registered voter of and a resident of the county and the committee district from which the person is elected if such district shall have been so long established, and if not, then of the district or districts from which the same shall have been taken. **No person who is an employee of a county, with the exception of a person elected to public office in such county, or has any contractual relationship with such county shall be elected to, or serve on, the county committee of such county unless such election or commencement of service occurs on or before November 4, 2013.** Except as provided in subsections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 of this section, the membership of a county committee of each established political party shall consist of a man and a woman elected from each township or ward in the county.

2. In each county of the first classification containing the major portion of a city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants, two members of the committee, a man and a woman, shall be elected from each ward in the city. Any township entirely contained in the city shall have no additional representation on the county committee. The election authority for the county shall, not later than six months after the decennial census has been reported to the President of the United States, divide the most populous township outside the city into eight subdistricts of contiguous and compact territory and as nearly equal in population as practicable. The subdistricts shall be numbered from one upward consecutively, which numbers shall, insofar as practicable, be retained upon reapportionment. Two members of the county committee, a man and a woman, shall be elected from each such subdistrict. Six members of the committee, three men and three women, shall be elected from the second and third most populous townships outside the city. Four members of the committee, two men and two women, shall be elected from the other townships outside the city.

3. In any city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants, the major portion of which is located in a county with a charter form of government, for the portion of the city located within such county and notwithstanding section 82.110, it shall be the duty of the election authority, not later than six months after the decennial census has been reported to the President of the United States, to divide such cities into not less than twenty-four nor more than twenty-five wards after each decennial census. Wards shall be so divided that the number of inhabitants in any ward shall not exceed any other ward of the city and within the same county, by more than five percent, measured by the number of the inhabitants determined at the preceding decennial census.

4. In each county of the first classification containing a portion, but not the major portion, of a city which has over three hundred thousand inhabitants, ten members of the committee, five men and five women, shall be elected from the district of each state representative wholly contained in the county in the following manner: within six months after each legislative reapportionment, the election authority shall divide each legislative district wholly contained in the county into five committee districts of contiguous territory as compact and as nearly equal in population as may be; two members of the committee, a man and a woman, shall be elected from each committee district. The election authority shall divide the area of the county located within legislative districts not wholly contained in the county into similar committee districts; two members of the committee, a man and a woman, shall be elected from each committee district.

5. In each city not situated in a county, two members of the committee, a man and a woman, shall be elected from each ward.

6. In all counties with a charter form of government and a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants, the county committee persons shall be elected from each township. Within ninety days after August 28, 2002, and within six months after each decennial census has been reported to the President of the United States, the election authority shall divide the county into twenty-eight compact and contiguous townships containing populations as nearly equal in population to each other as is practical.

7. If any election authority has failed to adopt a reapportionment plan by the deadline set forth in this section, the county commission, sitting as a reapportionment commission, shall within sixty days after the deadline, adopt a reapportionment plan. Changes of township, ward, or precinct lines shall not affect the terms of office of incumbent party committee members elected from districts as constituted at the time of their election."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Hough, **House Amendment No. 4** was adopted.

Representative Engler offered **House Amendment No. 5**.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 3, Section 77.030, Line 27, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"77.675. 1. In addition to the process for passing ordinances provided in section 77.080, the council of any city of the third classification with more than fifteen thousand but fewer than seventeen thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than sixty-five thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may adopt or repeal any ordinance by passage of a bill that sets forth the ordinance and specifies that the ordinance so proposed shall be submitted to the registered voters of the city at the next municipal election. The bill shall be passed under the procedures in section 77.080, except that it shall take effect upon approval of a majority of the voters rather than upon the approval and signature of the mayor.

2. If the mayor approves the bill and signs it, the question shall be submitted to the voters in substantially the following form:

Shall the following ordinance be (adopted) (repealed)? (Set out ordinance.)

☐ YES

☐ NO

3. If a majority of the voters voting on the proposed ordinance vote in favor, such ordinance shall become a valid and binding ordinance of the city."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Engler, **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Dugger offered **House Amendment No. 6.**

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Section 115.007, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.121. 1. The general election day shall be the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of even-numbered years.

2. The primary election day shall be the [first] ~~third~~ Tuesday after the first Monday in [August] ~~June~~ of even-numbered years.

3. The election day for the election of political subdivision and special district officers shall be the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April each year; and shall be known as the general municipal election day.

4. In addition to the primary election day provided for in subsection 2 of this section, for the year 2003, the first Tuesday after the first Monday in August, 2003, also shall be a primary election day for the purpose of permitting school districts and other political subdivisions of Missouri to incur debt in accordance with the provisions of article VI, section 26(a) through 26(g) of the Missouri Constitution, with the approval of four-sevenths of the eligible voters of such school district or other political subdivision voting thereon, to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, equipping, improving, restoration, and furnishing of facilities to replace, repair, reconstruct, reequip, restore, and refurnish facilities damaged, destroyed, or lost due to severe weather, including, without limitation, windstorms, hail storms, flooding, tornadic winds, rainstorms and the like which occurred during the month of April or May, 2003.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of section 115.125, the officer or agency calling an election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of August, 2003, shall notify the election authorities responsible for conducting the election not later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Tuesday prior to the election. For purposes of any such election, all references in section 115.125 to the tenth Tuesday prior to such election shall be deemed to refer to the sixth Tuesday prior to such election.

6. In addition to the general election day provided for in subsection 1 of this section, for the year 2009 the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November shall be a general election day for the purpose of permitting school districts to incur debt in accordance with the provisions of article VI, section 26(a) through 26(g) of the Missouri Constitution, with the approval of four-sevenths of the eligible voters of such school district, to provide funds for school districts to acquire, construct, equip, improve, restore, and furnish public school facilities in accordance with the provisions of Section 54F of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which provides for qualified school construction bonds and the provisions of Section 54AA of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which provides for build

America bonds, as well as in accordance with the provisions of Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which provides for traditional government bonds."; and

Further amend said bill, Section 115.300, Page 8, Line 8, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.341. For the nomination of candidates to be elected at the next general election, a primary election shall be held on the [first] **third** Tuesday after the first Monday in [August] **June** of even-numbered years.

115.349. 1. Except as otherwise provided in sections 115.361 to 115.383 or sections 115.755 to 115.785, no candidate's name shall be printed on any official primary ballot unless the candidate has filed a written declaration of candidacy in the office of the appropriate election official by 5:00 p.m. on the [last] **first** Tuesday in [March] **February** immediately preceding the primary election.

2. No declaration of candidacy for nomination in a primary election shall be accepted for filing prior to 8:00 a.m. on the [last] **second** Tuesday in [February] **January** immediately preceding the primary election.

3. Each declaration of candidacy for nomination in a primary election shall state the candidate's full name, residence address, office for which such candidate proposes to be a candidate, the party ticket on which he or she wishes to be a candidate and that if nominated and elected he or she will qualify. The declaration shall be in substantially the following form: I,, a resident and registered voter of the county of and the state of Missouri, residing at, do announce myself a candidate for the office of on the party ticket, to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the day of, ..., and I further declare that if nominated and elected to such office I will qualify. Subscribed and sworn to Signature of candidate before me this day of, Residence address Signature of election official or other officer authorized to administer oaths Mailing address (if different) Telephone Number (Optional) If the declaration is to be filed in person, it shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate before an official authorized to accept his or her declaration of candidacy. If the declaration is to be filed by certified mail pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 115.355, it shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate before a notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths."; and

Further amend said bill, Section 115.601, Page 15, Line 48, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"Section B. The repeal and reenactment of sections 115.121, 115.341, and 115.349 of section A of this act shall become effective on January 1, 2016."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 100

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison	Cierpiot
Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford
Cross	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger
Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon
Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Moon	Morris

Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber
Shull	Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer
Spencer	Stream	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 048

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 015

Bernskoetter	Curtman	Funderburk	Gardner	Haahr
Hinson	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	McDonald	Mims
Molendorp	Parkinson	Swan	Webber	Zerr

On motion of Representative Dugger, **House Amendment No. 6** was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 087

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Brattin	Brown	Burlison	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Cross	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Frederick	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Guernsey
Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Keeney
Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall
McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Pfautsch	Pike	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake	Smith 120
Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan
Thomson	Walker	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 064

Anders	Berry	Black	Burns	Butler
Carpenter	Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Crawford
Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington	Elmer
English	Englund	Frame	Franklin	Haefner
Harris	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Hubbard
Hummel	Justus	Kirkton	Korman	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Miller
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Neth	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters
Pierson	Pogue	Rizzo	Roorda	Runions
Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen	Torpey
Walton Gray	Webb	White	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

Bernskoetter	Funderburk	Gardner	Grisamore	Hinson
Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims	Molendorp	Parkinson
Phillips	Webber			

Representative Jones (50) offered **House Amendment No. 7.**

House Amendment No. 7

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Section 78.090, Line 23, by inserting after said line the following:

"96.229. 1. Notwithstanding subsection 5 of section 96.150 regarding the lease of substantially all of a hospital where the board of trustees is lessor, a city in which a hospital is located that:

(1) Is organized and operated under this chapter;

(2) Has not accepted appropriated funds from the city during the prior twenty years; and

(3) Is licensed by the department of health and senior services for two hundred beds or more pursuant to sections 197.010 to 197.120, shall not have authority to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of the property from a hospital organized under this chapter, both real and personal, except in accordance with this section.

2. Upon filing with the city clerk of a resolution adopted by no less than two-thirds of the incumbent members of the board of trustees to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer all or substantially all of the hospital property, both real and personal, for reasons specified in the resolution, the clerk shall present the resolution to the city council. If a majority of the incumbent members of the city council determine that sale, lease, or other transfer of the hospital property is desirable, the city council shall submit to the voters of the city the question in substantially the following form:

"Shall the city council of, Missouri and the board of trustees of hospital be authorized to sell (or lease or otherwise transfer) the property, real and personal, of hospital as approved by, and in accordance with, the resolution of the board of trustees authorizing such sale (or lease or transfer)?"

A majority of the votes cast on such question shall be required in order to approve and authorize such sale, lease or other transfer. If the question receives less than the required majority, then the city council and the board of trustees shall have no power to sell, lease or otherwise transfer the property, real and personal, of the hospital unless and until the city council has submitted another question to authorize such sale, lease or transfer authorized under this section and such question is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this section and after the adoption of another resolution

by no less than two-thirds of the board of trustees and a subsequent vote by a majority of the city council to again submit the question to the voters.

3. Upon passage of such question by the voters, the board of trustees shall sell and dispose of such property, or lease or transfer such property, in the manner proposed by the board of trustees. The deed of the board of trustees, duly authorized by the board of trustees and duly acknowledged and recorded, shall be sufficient to convey to the purchaser all the rights, title, interest, and estate in the hospital property.

4. No sale, lease, or other transfer of such hospital property shall be authorized or effective unless such transaction provides sufficient proceeds to be available to be applied to the payment of all interest and principal of any outstanding valid indebtedness incurred for purchase of the site or construction of the hospital, or for any repairs, alterations, improvements, or additions thereto, or for operation of the hospital.

5. Assets donated to the hospital pursuant to section 96.210 shall be used to provide health care services in the city and in the geographic region previously served by the hospital, except as otherwise prescribed by the terms of the deed, gift, devise, or bequest."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 115.601, Line 48, by inserting after said line the following:

"Section B. Because of the need to ensure local hospitals can continue the purpose of providing the best care and treatment of the sick, disabled, and infirm persons as decided on by the people in the affected community, the enactment of section 96.229 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of section 96.229 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage its passage and approval."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Jones (50), **House Amendment No. 7** was adopted.

Representative Fraker offered **House Amendment No. 8**.

House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 1, Section A, Line 7, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"11.010. The official manual, commonly known as the "Blue Book", compiled and electronically published by the secretary of state on its official website is the official manual of this state, and it is unlawful for any officer or employee of this state **except the secretary of state or a designated employee of the secretary of state**, or any board, or department or any officer or employee thereof, to cause to be printed, at state expense, any duplication or rearrangement of any part of the manual. It is also unlawful for the secretary of state to publish, or permit to be published in the manual any duplication, or rearrangement of any part of any report, or other document, required to be printed at the expense of the state which has been submitted to and rejected by him or her as not suitable for publication in the manual.

11.025. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the secretary of state may enter into an agreement directly with a nonprofit organization for such nonprofit organization to print and distribute copies of the official manual. The secretary of state shall provide to the organization the electronic version of the official manual prepared and published under this chapter. The nonprofit organization shall charge a fee for a copy of the official manual to cover the cost of production and distribution."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Fraker, **House Amendment No. 8** was adopted.

Representative McGaugh offered **House Amendment No. 9**.

House Amendment No. 9

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 5, Section 115.124, Line 41, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.135. 1. Any person who is qualified to vote, or who shall become qualified to vote on or before the day of election, shall be entitled to register in the jurisdiction within which he or she resides. In order to vote in any election for which registration is required, a person must be registered to vote in the jurisdiction of his or her residence no later than 5:00 p.m., or the normal closing time of any public building where the registration is being held if such time is later than 5:00 p.m., on the fourth Wednesday prior to the election, unless the voter is an interstate former resident, an intrastate new resident or a new resident, as defined in section 115.275. In no case shall registration for an election extend beyond 10:00 p.m. on the fourth Wednesday prior to the election. Any person registering after such date shall be eligible to vote in subsequent elections.

2. A person applying to register with an election authority or a deputy registration official shall identify himself or herself by presenting a copy of a birth certificate, a Native American tribal document, other proof of United States citizenship, a valid Missouri drivers license or other form of personal identification at the time of registration. **Any documentation presented under this subsection must contain the applicant's legal name as it appears on a birth certificate or as legally changed through marriage or court order. No name change by common usage based on common law shall be permitted.**

3. Except as provided in federal law or federal elections and in section 115.277, no person shall be entitled to vote if the person has not registered to vote in the jurisdiction of his or her residence prior to the deadline to register to vote."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McGaugh, **House Amendment No. 9** was adopted.

Representative McCaherty offered **House Amendment No. 10.**

House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Section 115.300, Page 8, Line 8, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"115.342. 1. Any person who files as a candidate for election to a public office shall be disqualified from participation in the election for which the candidate has filed if such person is delinquent in the payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, as stated on the declaration of candidacy, or if the person is a past or present corporate officer of any fee office that owes any taxes to the state.

2. Each potential candidate for election to a public office shall file an affidavit with the department of revenue and include a copy of the affidavit with the declaration of candidacy required under section 115.349. Such affidavit shall be in substantially the following form:

AFFIRMATION OF TAX PAYMENTS AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS:

I hereby declare under penalties of perjury that I am not currently aware of any delinquency in the filing or payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, as stated on the declaration of candidacy, or that I am a past or present corporate officer of any fee office that owes any taxes to the state, other than those taxes which may be in dispute. I declare under penalties of perjury that I am not aware of any information that would prohibit me from fulfilling any bonding requirements for the office for which I am filing.

..... Candidate's Signature

..... Printed Name of Candidate.

3. Upon receipt of a complaint alleging a delinquency of the candidate in the filing or payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, as stated on the declaration of candidacy, or if the person is a past or present corporate officer of any fee office that owes any taxes to the state, the department of revenue shall investigate such potential candidate to verify the claim contained in the complaint. If the department of revenue finds a positive affirmation to be false, the department shall contact the secretary of state, or the election official who accepted such candidate's declaration of candidacy, and the potential candidate. The department

shall notify the candidate of the outstanding tax owed and give the candidate thirty days to remit any such outstanding taxes owed which are not the subject of dispute between the department and the candidate. If the candidate fails to remit such amounts in full within thirty days, the candidate shall be disqualified from participating in the current election and barred from refiling for an entire election cycle even if the individual pays all of the outstanding taxes that were the subject of the complaint.

4. No person shall be appointed to any public office if the person is delinquent in the payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, or any county or municipal taxes or user fees.

115.346. 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, no person shall be certified as a candidate for a municipal office, nor shall such person's name appear on the ballot as a candidate for such office, who shall be in arrears for any unpaid city taxes or municipal user fees on the last day to file a declaration of candidacy for the office.

2. No person shall be appointed to any public office if the person is delinquent in the payment of any state income taxes, personal property taxes, real property taxes on the place of residence, or any county or municipal taxes or user fees."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McCaherty, **House Amendment No. 10** was adopted.

Representative Fitzpatrick offered **House Amendment No. 11**.

House Amendment No. 11

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 1, In the Title, Line 4, by inserting after "RSMo," the following:

"and section 77.030 as truly agreed to and finally passed by house bill no. 163, ninety-seventh general assembly, first regular session,"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after "RSMo," the following:

"and section 77.030 as truly agreed to and finally passed by house bill no. 163, ninety-seventh general assembly, first regular session,"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 77.030, Line 27, by deleting the words "**the adoption of the ordinance or**"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 115.601, Line 48, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"[77.030. 1. Unless it elects to be governed by subsection 2 of this section, the council shall by ordinance divide the city into not less than four wards, and two councilmen shall be elected from each of such wards by the qualified voters thereof at the first election for councilmen in cities hereafter adopting the provisions of this chapter; the one receiving the highest number of votes in each ward shall hold his office for two years, and the one receiving the next highest number of votes shall hold his office for one year; but thereafter each ward shall elect annually one councilman, who shall hold his office for two years.

2. In lieu of electing councilmen as provided in subsection 1 of this section, the council may elect to establish wards and elect councilmen as provided in this subsection. If the council so elects, it shall, by ordinance, divide the city into not less than four wards, and one councilman shall be elected from each of such wards by the qualified voters thereof at the first election for councilmen held in the city after it adopts the provisions of this subsection. At the first election held under this subsection the councilmen elected from the odd-numbered wards shall be elected for a term of one year and the councilmen elected from the even-numbered wards shall be elected for a term of two years. At each

annual election held thereafter, successors for councilmen whose terms expire in such year shall be elected for a term of two years.

3. (1) Council members may serve four-year terms if the two-year terms provided under subsection 1 or 2 of this section have been extended to four years by ordinance or by approval of a majority of the voters voting on the proposal.

(2) The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

**Shall the terms of council members which are currently set at two years in.....
(city) be extended to four years for members elected after August 28, 2013?**

☐ YES

☐ NO

(3) If an ordinance is passed or a majority of the voters voting approve the proposal authorized in this subsection, the members of council who would serve two years under subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall be elected to four-year terms beginning with any election occurring after the adoption of the ordinance or approval of the ballot question.]; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Fitzpatrick, **House Amendment No. 11** was adopted.

Representative Diehl offered **House Amendment No. 12.**

House Amendment No. 12

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Section 115.007, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"115.027. 1. Each board of election commissioners shall be composed of four members, appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Two commissioners on each board shall be members of one major political party, and two commissioners on each board shall be members of the other major political party. In no case shall more than two commissioners on a board be members of the same political party. When appointing commissioners, the governor shall designate one commissioner on each board to be chairman of the board and one commissioner on each board to be secretary of the board. The chairman and secretary of a board shall not be members of the same political party.

2. In jurisdictions with boards of election commissioners as the election authority, the governor may appoint to the board one representative from each established political party. The representative shall not be a member of the board for purposes of subsection 1 of this section. The state chair of each established political party shall submit a list of no more than four names from which the governor shall select the representative for that party. The representative shall not have voting status, and shall not be compensated, but shall be allowed to participate in discussions and be informed of any meeting of the board.

3. The governor shall not make any appointment, during the legislative interim, in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. The term of service of any such individual appointed to serve as an election commissioner under this section in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants prior to the effective date of this section shall terminate as of the effective date of this section."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Diehl, **House Amendment No. 12** was adopted.

Representative Muntzel offered **House Amendment No. 13.**

House Amendment No. 13

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Section 115.601, Page 15, Line 48, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"205.207. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand but fewer than eighteen thousand inhabitants and with a city of the third classification with more than eight thousand but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants as the county seat, that operates a hospital established under this chapter may, by resolution, abolish the property tax authorized to fund the county under this chapter and impose a sales tax on all retail sales made within the county which are subject to under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall be not more than two percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the county hospital. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

2. No such resolution adopted under this section shall become effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters residing within the county at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

3. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the county hospital, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "County Hospital Sales Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county. Any funds in the special fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

4. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the county. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

5. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

6. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the county shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The

director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Muntzel, **House Amendment No. 13** was adopted.

Representative Gatschenberger offered **House Amendment No. 14**.

House Amendment No. 14

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Section 54.330, Page 2, Line 22, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"71.012. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 71.015 and 71.860 to 71.920, the governing body of any city, town or village may annex unincorporated areas which are contiguous and compact to the existing corporate limits of the city, town or village pursuant to this section. The term "contiguous and compact" does not include a situation whereby the unincorporated area proposed to be annexed is contiguous to the annexing city, town or village only by a railroad line, trail, pipeline or other strip of real property less than one-quarter mile in width within the city, town or village so that the boundaries of the city, town or village after annexation would leave unincorporated areas between the annexed area and the prior boundaries of the city, town or village connected only by such railroad line, trail, pipeline or other such strip of real property. The term "contiguous and compact" does not prohibit voluntary annexations pursuant to this section merely because such voluntary annexation would create an island of unincorporated area within the city, town or village, so long as the owners of the unincorporated island were also given the opportunity to voluntarily annex into the city, town or village. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the governing body of any city, town or village in any county of the third classification which borders a county of the fourth classification, a county of the second classification and ~~the~~ Mississippi River may annex areas along a road or highway up to two miles from existing boundaries of the city, town or village or the governing body in any city, town or village in any county of the third classification without a township form of government with a population of at least twenty-four thousand inhabitants but not more than thirty thousand inhabitants and such county contains a state correctional center may voluntarily annex such correctional center pursuant to the provisions of this section if the correctional center is along a road or highway within two miles from the existing boundaries of the city, town or village.

2. (1) When a [verified] **notarized** petition, requesting annexation and signed by the owners of all fee interests of record in all tracts of real property located within the area proposed to be annexed, or a request for annexation signed under the authority of the governing body of any common interest community and approved by a majority vote of unit owners located within the area proposed to be annexed is presented to the governing body of the city, town or village, the governing body shall hold a public hearing concerning the matter not less than fourteen nor more than sixty days after the petition is received, and the hearing shall be held not less than seven days after notice of the hearing is published in a newspaper of general circulation qualified to publish legal matters and located within the boundary of the petitioned city, town or village. If no such newspaper exists within the boundary of such city, town or village, then the notice shall be published in the qualified newspaper nearest the petitioned city, town or village. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "common-interest community" shall mean a condominium as said term is used in chapter 448, or a common-interest community, a cooperative, or a planned community.

(a) A "common-interest community" shall be defined as real property with respect to which a person, by virtue of such person's ownership of a unit, is obliged to pay for real property taxes, insurance premiums, maintenance or improvement of other real property described in a declaration. "Ownership of a unit" does not include a leasehold interest of less than twenty years in a unit, including renewal options;

(b) A "cooperative" shall be defined as a common-interest community in which the real property is owned by an association, each of whose members is entitled by virtue of such member's ownership interest in the association to exclusive possession of a unit;

(c) A "planned community" shall be defined as a common-interest community that is not a condominium or a cooperative. A condominium or cooperative may be part of a planned community.

(2) At the public hearing any interested person, corporation or political subdivision may present evidence regarding the proposed annexation.

If, after holding the hearing, the governing body of the city, town or village determines that the annexation is reasonable and necessary to the proper development of the city, town or village, and the city, town or village has the ability to furnish normal municipal services to the area to be annexed within a reasonable time, it may, subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection, annex the territory by ordinance without further action.

(3) If a written objection to the proposed annexation is filed with the governing body of the city, town or village not later than fourteen days after the public hearing by at least five percent of the qualified voters of the city, town or village, or two qualified voters of the area sought to be annexed if the same contains two qualified voters, the provisions of sections 71.015 and 71.860 to 71.920, shall be followed.

3. If no objection is filed, the city, town or village shall extend its limits by ordinance to include such territory, specifying with accuracy the new boundary lines to which the city's, town's or village's limits are extended. Upon duly enacting such annexation ordinance, the city, town or village shall cause three certified copies of the same to be filed with the county assessor and the clerk of the county wherein the city, town or village is located, and one certified copy to be filed with the election authority, if different from the clerk of the county which has jurisdiction over the area being annexed, whereupon the annexation shall be complete and final and thereafter all courts of this state shall take judicial notice of the limits of that city, town or village as so extended.

4. That a petition requesting annexation is not or was not verified or notarized shall not affect the validity of an annexation heretofore or hereafter undertaken in accordance with this section.

5. Any action of any kind seeking to deannex from any city, town, or village any area annexed under this section, or seeking in any way to reverse, invalidate, set aside, or otherwise challenge such annexation or oust such city, town, or village from jurisdiction over such annexed area shall be brought within five years of the date of adoption of the annexation ordinance.

71.014. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 71.015, the governing body of any city, town, or village which is located within a county which borders a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population in excess of six hundred fifty thousand, proceeding as otherwise authorized by law or charter, may annex unincorporated areas which are contiguous and compact to the existing corporate limits upon [verified] **notarized** petition requesting such annexation signed by the owners of all fee interests of record in all tracts located within the area to be annexed. **That a petition requesting annexation is not or was not verified or notarized shall not affect the validity of an annexation heretofore or hereafter undertaken in accordance with this section.**

2. Any action of any kind seeking to deannex from any city, town, or village any area annexed under this section, or seeking in any way to reverse, invalidate, set aside, or otherwise challenge such annexation or oust such city, town, or village from jurisdiction over such annexed area shall be brought within three years of the date of adoption of the annexation ordinance.

71.015. 1. Should any city, town, or village, not located in any county of the first classification which has adopted a constitutional charter for its own local government, seek to annex an area to which objection is made, the following shall be satisfied:

(1) Before the governing body of any city, town, or village has adopted a resolution to annex any unincorporated area of land, such city, town, or village shall first as a condition precedent determine that the land to be annexed is contiguous to the existing city, town, or village limits and that the length of the contiguous boundary common to the existing city, town, or village limit and the proposed area to be annexed is at least fifteen percent of the length of the perimeter of the area proposed for annexation.

(2) The governing body of any city, town, or village shall propose an ordinance setting forth the following:

(a) The area to be annexed and affirmatively stating that the boundaries comply with the condition precedent referred to in subdivision (1) above;

(b) That such annexation is reasonable and necessary to the proper development of the city, town, or village;

(c) That the city has developed a plan of intent to provide services to the area proposed for annexation;

(d) That a public hearing shall be held prior to the adoption of the ordinance;

(e) When the annexation is proposed to be effective, the effective date being up to thirty-six months from the date of any election held in conjunction thereto.

(3) The city, town, or village shall fix a date for a public hearing on the ordinance and make a good faith effort to notify all fee owners of record within the area proposed to be annexed by certified mail, not less than thirty nor more than sixty days before the hearing, and notify all residents of the area by publication of notice in a newspaper of general circulation qualified to publish legal matters in the county or counties where the proposed area is located, at least once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the hearing, with at least one such notice being not more than twenty days and not less than ten days before the hearing.

(4) At the hearing referred to in subdivision (3), the city, town, or village shall present the plan of intent and evidence in support thereof to include:

(a) A list of major services presently provided by the city, town, or village including, but not limited to, police and fire protection, water and sewer systems, street maintenance, parks and recreation, **and** refuse collection[, etc.];

(b) A proposed time schedule whereby the city, town, or village plans to provide such services to the residents of the proposed area to be annexed within three years from the date the annexation is to become effective;

(c) The level at which the city, town, or village assesses property and the rate at which it taxes that property;

(d) How the city, town, or village proposes to zone the area to be annexed;

(e) When the proposed annexation shall become effective.

(5) Following the hearing, and either before or after the election held in subdivision (6) of this subsection, should the governing body of the city, town, or village vote favorably by ordinance to annex the area, the governing body of the city, town or village shall file an action in the circuit court of the county in which such unincorporated area is situated, under the provisions of chapter 527, praying for a declaratory judgment authorizing such annexation. The petition in such action shall state facts showing:

(a) The area to be annexed and its conformity with the condition precedent referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection;

(b) That such annexation is reasonable and necessary to the proper development of the city, town, or village; and

(c) The ability of the city, town, or village to furnish normal municipal services of the city, town, or village to the unincorporated area within a reasonable time not to exceed three years after the annexation is to become effective. Such action shall be a class action against the inhabitants of such unincorporated area under the provisions of section 507.070.

(6) Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, if the court authorizes the city, town, or village to make an annexation, the legislative body of such city, town, or village shall not have the power to extend the limits of the city, town, or village by such annexation until an election is held at which the proposition for annexation is approved by a majority of the total votes cast in the city, town, or village and by a separate majority of the total votes cast in the unincorporated territory sought to be annexed. However, should less than a majority of the total votes cast in the area proposed to be annexed vote in favor of the proposal, but at least a majority of the total votes cast in the city, town, or village vote in favor of the proposal, then the proposal shall again be voted upon in not more than one hundred twenty days by both the registered voters of the city, town, or village and the registered voters of the area proposed to be annexed. If at least two-thirds of the qualified electors voting thereon are in favor of the annexation, then the city, town, or village may proceed to annex the territory. If the proposal fails to receive the necessary majority, no part of the area sought to be annexed may be the subject of another proposal to annex for a period of two years from the date of the election, except that, during the two-year period, the owners of all fee interests of record in the area or any portion of the area may petition the city, town, or village for the annexation of the land owned by them pursuant to the procedures in section 71.012. The elections shall if authorized be held, except as herein otherwise provided, in accordance with the general state law governing special elections, and the entire cost of the election or elections shall be paid by the city, town, or village proposing to annex the territory.

(7) Failure to comply in providing services to the said area or to zone in compliance with the plan of intent within three years after the effective date of the annexation, unless compliance is made unreasonable by an act of God, shall give rise to a cause of action for deannexation which may be filed in the circuit court by any resident of the area who was residing in the area at the time the annexation became effective.

(8) No city, town, or village which has filed an action under this section as this section read prior to May 13, 1980, which action is part of an annexation proceeding pending on May 13, 1980, shall be required to comply with subdivision (5) of this subsection in regard to such annexation proceeding.

(9) If the area proposed for annexation includes a public road or highway but does not include all of the land adjoining such road or highway, then such fee owners of record, of the lands adjoining said highway shall be permitted to intervene in the declaratory judgment action described in subdivision (5) of this subsection.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection 1 of this section, for any annexation by any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county that becomes effective after August 28, 1994, if such city has not provided water and sewer service to such annexed area within three years of the effective date of the annexation, a cause of action shall lie for deannexation, unless the failure to provide such water and sewer service to the annexed area is made unreasonable by an act of God. The cause of action for deannexation may be filed in the circuit court by any resident of the annexed area who is presently residing in the area at the time of the filing of the suit and was a resident of the annexed area at the time the annexation became effective. If the suit for deannexation is successful, the city shall be liable for all court costs and attorney fees.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section, all cities, towns, and villages located in any county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population of two hundred thousand or more inhabitants which adjoins a county with a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants shall comply with the provisions of this subsection. If the court authorizes any city, town, or village subject to this subsection to make an annexation, the legislative body of such city, town or village shall not have the power to extend the limits of such city, town, or village by such annexation until an election is held at which the proposition for annexation is approved by a majority of the total votes cast in such city, town, or village and by a separate majority of the total votes cast in the unincorporated territory sought to be annexed; except that:

(1) In the case of a proposed annexation in any area which is contiguous to the existing city, town or village and which is within an area designated as flood plain by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and which is inhabited by no more than thirty registered voters and for which a final declaratory judgment has been granted prior to January 1, 1993, approving such annexation and where notarized affidavits expressing approval of the proposed annexation are obtained from a majority of the registered voters residing in the area to be annexed, the area may be annexed by an ordinance duly enacted by the governing body and no elections shall be required; and

(2) In the case of a proposed annexation of unincorporated territory in which no qualified electors reside, if at least a majority of the qualified electors voting on the proposition are in favor of the annexation, the city, town or village may proceed to annex the territory and no subsequent election shall be required. If the proposal fails to receive the necessary separate majorities, no part of the area sought to be annexed may be the subject of any other proposal to annex for a period of two years from the date of such election, except that, during the two-year period, the owners of all fee interests of record in the area or any portion of the area may petition the city, town, or village for the annexation of the land owned by them pursuant to the procedures in section 71.012 **or 71.014**. The election shall, if authorized, be held, except as otherwise provided in this section, in accordance with the general state laws governing special elections, and the entire cost of the election or elections shall be paid by the city, town, or village proposing to annex the territory. Failure of the city, town or village to comply in providing services to the area or to zone in compliance with the plan of intent within three years after the effective date of the annexation, unless compliance is made unreasonable by an act of God, shall give rise to a cause of action for deannexation which may be filed in the circuit court **not later than four years after the effective date of the annexation** by any resident of the area who was residing in such area at the time the annexation became effective or by any nonresident owner of real property in such area. **Except for a cause of action for deannexation under this subdivision (2) of this subsection, any action of any kind seeking to deannex from any city, town, or village any area annexed under this section, or seeking in any way to reverse, invalidate, set aside, or otherwise challenge such annexation or oust such city, town, or village from jurisdiction over such annexed area shall be brought within three years of the date of the adoption of the annexation ordinance.**"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Gatschenberger, **House Amendment No. 14** was adopted.

Representative Engler offered **House Amendment No. 15**.

House Amendment No. 15

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 2, Section 54.330, Line 22, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"71.285. 1. Whenever weeds or trash, in violation of an ordinance, are allowed to grow or accumulate, as the case may be, on any part of any lot or ground within any city, town or village in this state, the owner of the ground, or in case of joint tenancy, tenancy by entireties or tenancy in common, each owner thereof, shall be liable. The marshal or other city official as designated in such ordinance shall give a hearing after ten days' notice thereof, either personally or by United States mail to the owner or owners, or the owner's agents, or by posting such notice on the premises; thereupon, the marshal or other designated city official may declare the weeds or trash to be a nuisance and order the same to be abated within five days; and in case the weeds or trash are not removed within the five days, the marshal or other designated city official shall have the weeds or trash removed, and shall certify the costs of same to the city clerk, who shall cause a special tax bill therefor against the property to be prepared and to be collected by the collector, with other taxes assessed against the property; and the tax bill from the date of its issuance shall be a first lien on the property until paid and shall be prima facie evidence of the recitals therein and of its validity, and no mere clerical error or

informality in the same, or in the proceedings leading up to the issuance, shall be a defense thereto. Each special tax bill shall be issued by the city clerk and delivered to the collector on or before the first day of June of each year. Such tax bills if not paid when due shall bear interest at the rate of eight percent per annum. Notwithstanding the time limitations of this section, any city, town or village located in a county of the first classification may hold the hearing provided in this section four days after notice is sent or posted, and may order at the hearing that the weeds or trash shall be abated within five business days after the hearing and if such weeds or trash are not removed within five business days after the hearing, the order shall allow the city to immediately remove the weeds or trash pursuant to this section. Except for lands owned by a public utility, rights-of-way, and easements appurtenant or incidental to lands controlled by any railroad, the department of transportation, the department of natural resources or the department of conservation, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any city with a population of at least seventy thousand inhabitants which is located in a county of the first classification with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants which adjoins a county with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants that contains part of a city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, any city with a population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants which is located within a county of the first classification that adjoins no other county of the first classification, or any city, town or village located within a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants, or any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county, or the City of St. Louis, where such city, town or village establishes its own procedures for abatement of weeds or trash, and such city may charge its costs of collecting the tax bill, including attorney fees, in the event a lawsuit is required to enforce a tax bill.

2. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, if weeds are allowed to grow, or if trash is allowed to accumulate, on the same property in violation of an ordinance more than once during the same growing season in the case of weeds, or more than once during a calendar year in the case of trash, in any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county, in the City of St. Louis, in any city, town or village located in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants, in any fourth class city located in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government and a population of less than three hundred thousand, or in any home rule city with more than one hundred thirteen thousand two hundred but less than one hundred thirteen thousand three hundred inhabitants located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but less than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, the marshal or other designated city official may order that the weeds or trash be abated within five business days after notice is sent to or posted on the property. In case the weeds or trash are not removed within the five days, the marshal or other designated city official may have the weeds or trash removed and the cost of the same shall be billed in the manner described in subsection 1 of this section.

3. If weeds are allowed to grow, or if trash is allowed to accumulate, on the same property in violation of an ordinance more than once during the same growing season in the case of weeds, or more than once during a calendar year in the case of trash, in any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county, in the City of St. Louis, in any city, town or village located in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants, in any fourth class city located in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government and a population of less than three hundred thousand, in any home rule city with more than one hundred thirteen thousand two hundred but less than one hundred thirteen thousand three hundred inhabitants located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but less than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, in any third class city with a population of at least ten thousand inhabitants but less than fifteen thousand inhabitants with the greater part of the population located in a county of the first classification, in any city of the third classification with more than sixteen thousand nine hundred but less than seventeen thousand inhabitants, [or] in any city of the third classification with more than eight thousand but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants, **in any city of the fourth classification with more than eight thousand but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants, or in any city of the third classification with more than fifteen thousand but fewer than seventeen thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than sixty-five thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants**, the marshal or other designated official may, without further notification, have the weeds or trash removed and the cost of the same shall be billed in the manner described in subsection 1 of this section. The provisions of subsection 2 and this subsection do not apply to lands owned by a public utility and lands, rights-of-way, and easements appurtenant or incidental to lands controlled by any railroad.

4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any city with a population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants which is located within a county of the first classification that adjoins no other county of the first

classification where such city establishes its own procedures for abatement of weeds or trash, and such city may charge its costs of collecting the tax bill, including attorney fees, in the event a lawsuit is required to enforce a tax bill."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Curtis offered **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 15.**

*House Amendment No. 1
to
House Amendment No. 15*

AMEND House Amendment No. 15 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Line 25, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

'Further amend said bill, Section 115.601, Page 15, Line 48, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning November 1, 2014, all elections to the office of state representative shall be "at large"."; and'; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Curtis moved that **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 15** be adopted.

Which motion was defeated by the following vote:

AYES: 009

Curtis	Ellinger	Hubbard	May	McNeil
Pace	Schupp	Walton Gray	Webb	

NOES: 144

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Brown	Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellington
Elmer	Engler	English	Englund	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall
Mayfield	McCaherty	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh
McKenna	McManus	Meredith	Messenger	Miller
Mitten	Molendorp	Montecillo	Moon	Morgan
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Parkinson	Peters

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Pfautsch	Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads
Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Schatz	Schieber
Schieffer	Shull	Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon
Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Wright	Mr Speaker	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

Cross	Gardner	Hinson	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Mims	Scharnhorst	Shumake	Webber	Zerr

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 104

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore
Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen
Hicks	Higdon	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney
Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair
Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch
Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 049

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo
Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85
Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

Curtman	Franklin	Gardner	Hinson	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Mims	Scharnhorst	Webber	Zerr

On motion of Representative Engler, **House Amendment No. 15** was adopted.

Representative Korman offered **House Amendment No. 16**.

House Amendment No. 16

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 15, Section 115.601, Line 48, by inserting after said line the following:

"247.060. 1. The management of the business and affairs of the district is hereby vested in a board of directors, who shall have all the powers conferred upon the district except as herein otherwise provided. It shall be composed of five members, each of whom shall be a voter of the district and shall have resided in said district one whole year immediately prior to his **or her** election[, or if not a voter or resident of said district, shall have received service from the district at his or her primary place of residence one whole year immediately prior to his or her election]. A member shall be at least twenty-five years of age and shall not be delinquent in the payment of taxes at the time of his election. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, the term of office of a member of the board shall be three years. The remaining members of the board shall appoint a qualified person to fill any vacancy on the board. If no qualified person who lives in the subdistrict for which there is a vacancy is willing to serve on the board, the board may appoint an otherwise qualified person who lives in the district but not in the subdistrict in which the vacancy exists to fill such vacancy.

2. After notification by certified mail that he or she has two consecutive unexcused absences, any member of the board failing to attend the meetings of the board for three consecutive regular meetings, unless excused by the board for reasons satisfactory to the board, shall be deemed to have vacated the seat, and the secretary of the board shall certify that fact to the board. The vacancy shall be filled as other vacancies occurring in the board.

3. The initial members of the board shall be appointed by the circuit court and one shall serve until the immediately following first Tuesday after the first Monday in April, two shall serve until the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April on the second year following their appointment and the remaining appointees shall serve until the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April on the third year following their appointment. On the expiration of such terms and on the expiration of any subsequent term, elections shall be held as otherwise provided by law, and such elections shall be held in April pursuant to section 247.180.

4. In 2008, 2009, and 2010, directors elected in such years shall serve from the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June until the first Tuesday in April of the third year following the year of their election. All directors elected thereafter shall serve from the first Tuesday in April until the first Tuesday in April of the third year following the year of their election.

5. Each member of the board may receive an attendance fee not to exceed one hundred dollars for attending each regularly called board meeting, or special meeting, but shall not be paid for attending more than two meetings in any calendar month, except that in a county of the first classification, a member shall not be paid for attending more than four meetings in any calendar month. However, no board member shall be paid more than one attendance fee if such member attends more than one board meeting in a calendar week. In addition, the president of the board of directors may receive fifty dollars for attending each regularly or specially called board meeting, but shall not be paid the additional fee for attending more than two meetings in any calendar month. Each member of the board shall be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district.

6. In no event, however, shall a board member receive any attendance fees or additional compensation authorized in subsection 5 of this section until after such board member has completed a minimum of six hours training regarding the responsibilities of the board and its members concerning the basics of water treatment and distribution, budgeting and rates, water utility planning, the funding of capital improvements, the understanding of water utility financial statements, the Missouri sunshine law, and this chapter.

7. The circuit court of the county having jurisdiction over the district shall have jurisdiction over the members of the board of directors to suspend any member from exercising his or her office, whensoever it appears that he or she has abused his or her trust or become disqualified; to remove any member upon proof or conviction of gross misconduct or disqualification for his or her office; or to restrain and prevent any alienation of property of the district by members, in cases where it is threatened, or there is good reason to apprehend that it is intended to be made in fraud of the rights and interests of the district.

8. The jurisdiction conferred by this section shall be exercised as in ordinary cases upon petition, filed by or at the instance of any member of the board, or at the instance of any ten voters residing in the district who join in the petition, verified by the affidavit of at least one of them. The petition shall be heard in a summary manner after ten days' notice in writing to the member or officer complained of. An appeal shall lie from the judgment of the circuit court as in other causes, and shall be speedily determined; but an appeal does not operate under any condition as a supersedeas of a judgment of suspension or removal from office.

247.080. 1. The exercise of the powers conferred upon the district by sections 247.010 to 247.220 shall be by its board of directors, acting as a board.

2. The board shall have power and it shall be its duty to employ necessary help and to contract for such professional service as the demands of the district require in creating and operating a waterworks system contemplated in this law, and shall pay out of the funds of the district available for such purposes reasonable compensation for the service rendered. It shall have made by a competent accountant an annual audit of the receipts and expenditures of the district. All persons employed shall serve for an indefinite term and at the will of the board, and party politics shall not enter into the selection of employees.

3. The board shall have regular monthly meetings and the president thereof may call special meetings as occasion requires. It shall establish an office for its meeting place and for the transaction of business.

4. All persons charged with handling of funds shall be required to give bond to be fixed and approved by the board, but at the expense of the district.

5. All contracts made by the district shall conform to [law] **section 432.070** governing contracts [of other municipal corporations]. It shall have power to authorize and enter into all contracts in behalf of the district, and shall provide an official seal for district, and all official documents shall be attested by the seal."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Korman, **House Amendment No. 16** was adopted.

Representative Guernsey offered **House Amendment No. 17**.

House Amendment No. 17

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 4, Section 78.090, Line 23, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"96.155. 1. The board of trustees of a hospital established under this chapter, with the concurrence of the council of the city of the third class, may, by resolution, abolish the property tax authorized by section 96.150 to fund the operations of a hospital in accordance with sections 96.150 to 96.228 and impose a sales tax on all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 and all sales of metered water services, electricity, electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil for domestic use only as provided under section 144.032. The tax authorized in this section shall be not more than one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the operations of a hospital under sections 96.150 to 96.228. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

2. No such resolution adopted under this section shall become effective unless the board of trustees of such a hospital submits to the voters residing within the city of the third class at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the board of trustees to impose a tax under this section. If two-thirds of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If less than two-thirds of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters

voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by two-thirds of the qualified voters voting on the question.

3. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the hospital operated under sections 96.150 to 96.228, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "City of the Third Class City Hospital Sales Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the board of trustees of the city hospital for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such board of trustees. Any funds in the special fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

4. The board of trustees of a hospital operated under sections 96.150 to 96.228 that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city of the third class. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

5. Whenever the board of trustees of a hospital operated under sections 96.150 to 96.228 that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the city of the third class equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the board of trustees shall submit to the voters of the city of the third class a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

6. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the board of trustees shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city of the third class, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of that city hospital. The director shall notify each board of trustees of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the hospital operated under sections 96.150 to 96.228."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 115.601, Line 48, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"144.032. The provisions of section 144.030 to the contrary notwithstanding, any city imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.570 **or sections 96.150 to 92.228**, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 67.500 to 67.729 **or section 205.205, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under the provisions of section 206.165**, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under the provisions of section 205.205 may by ordinance impose a sales tax upon all sales of metered water services, electricity, electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil for domestic use only. Such tax shall be administered by the department of revenue and assessed by the retailer in the same manner as any other city, county, or hospital district sales tax. Domestic use shall be determined in the same manner as the determination of domestic use for exemption of such sales from the state sales tax under the provisions of section 144.030.

205.205. 1. The governing body of any [hospital district] **county which has established a county hospital** under sections 205.160 to 205.379 [in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand six hundred but fewer than ten thousand seven hundred inhabitants or any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer than eleven thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants] may, by resolution, abolish the property tax authorized [in such district] **by section 205.200 to fund a county hospital** under this chapter and impose a sales tax on all retail sales made within the district which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 and all sales of metered water services, electricity, electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil for domestic use only as provided under section 144.032. The tax authorized in this section shall be not more than one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the **county hospital** [district]. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

2. No such resolution adopted under this section shall become effective unless the governing body of the [hospital district] **county** submits to the voters residing within the [district] **county** at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the [district] **county** to impose a tax under this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

3. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the **county hospital** [district], except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "**County Hospital** [District] Sales Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such district. Any funds in the special fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

4. The governing body of any [hospital district] **county** that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the district. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

5. Whenever the governing body of any [hospital district] **county** that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the [district] **county** equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the [district] **county** voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the [district] **county** a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

6. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the [hospital district] **county** shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the [district] **county** and close the account of that [district] **county**. The director shall notify each [district] **county** of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the [district] **county**.

7. The levy of a sales tax by a county under this section or section 205.202 shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of this section if it was approved prior to January 1, 2012, by the voters of the county.

206.165. 1. The governing body of any hospital district established under sections 206.010 to 206.160 may, by resolution, abolish the property tax authorized in such district under this chapter and impose a sales tax on all retail sales made within the district which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144 and all sales of metered water services, electricity, electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil for domestic use only as provided under section 144.032. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the hospital district. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

2. No such resolution adopted under this section shall become effective unless the governing body of the hospital district submits to the voters residing within the district at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the district to impose a tax under this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

3. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of the hospital district, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Hospital District Sales Tax Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such district. Any funds in the special fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

4. The governing body of any hospital district that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the district. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

5. Whenever the governing body of any hospital district that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the district equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the district voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the district a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

6. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the hospital district shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of that district. The director shall notify each district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

7. The levy of a sales tax by a hospital district under section 205.205 shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of this section if it was approved prior to January 1, 2012, by the voters of the hospital district."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Guernsey, **House Amendment No. 17** was adopted.

Representative Hough offered **House Amendment No. 18**.

House Amendment No. 18

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Page 1, Section A, Line 7, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.

2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection 18 of this section, **and shall be imposed on all transactions on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.**

3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.

4. The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

5. **(1)** The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose **a tax** upon all [sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail] **transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed** to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, except those in which voters have previously approved a local use tax under section 144.757, shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 2016, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the (local jurisdiction's name) discontinue applying and collecting the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer? Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue to provide for vital services for (local jurisdiction's name) and it will place Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

☐ YES

☐ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the voters on or before the general election in November 2016, the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax

to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer.

(4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

(5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2016, whenever the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for a proposal to be placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

(6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters of any jurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.

(7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal shall take effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2017.

6. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.

8. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.

9. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.

10. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.

12. (1) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors **required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri**, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.

(2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, **the sales tax upon the titling of all [sales of] motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be [deemed to be consummated] imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity** and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.

(3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended.

13. Local sales taxes [imposed pursuant to the local sales tax law] **shall not be imposed on the seller** [on the purchase and sale] of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors [shall not be collected and remitted by the seller,] **required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri**, but shall be collected **from the purchaser** by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.

14. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

15. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.

16. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

17. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

18. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution

and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 115.601, Line 48, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed **for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in subdivision (9) of this subsection,** upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:

(1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, [including but not limited to] **excluding** motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors **required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of this subsection,** a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;

(2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and seating accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games and athletic events;

(3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;

(4) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations and upon the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services;

(5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for all sales of services for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;

(6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;

(7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

(8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property had previously purchased the property under the conditions of "sale at retail" or leased or rented the property and the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, renter or subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, rental or subrental receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as provided in this section and section 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, entertainment or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats or outboard motors shall be taxed under the provisions of the sales tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible personal property which is exempt from the sales or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the lease or rental thereof.

(9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, of new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. This tax is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid according to the procedures in section 144.440.

2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax.".

144.021. The purpose and intent of sections 144.010 to 144.510 is to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in the business, in this state, of selling tangible personal property and those services listed in section 144.020 **and for the privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri.** Except as otherwise provided, the primary tax burden is placed upon the seller making the taxable sales of property or service and is levied at the rate provided for in section 144.020. Excluding **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020** and sections 144.070, 144.440 and 144.450, the extent to which a seller is required to collect the tax from the purchaser of the taxable property or service is governed by section 144.285 and in no way affects sections 144.080 and 144.100, which require all sellers to report to the director of revenue their "gross receipts", defined herein to mean the aggregate amount of the sales price of all sales at retail, and remit tax at four percent of their gross receipts.

144.069. All sales **taxes associated with the titling** of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors **under the laws of Missouri** shall be [deemed to be consummated] **imposed** at the **rate in effect at the location of the** address of the owner thereof, and all **sales taxes associated with the titling of vehicles under** leases of over sixty-day duration of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors [subject to sales taxes under this chapter] shall be [deemed to be consummated] **imposed at the rate in effect**, unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and sales taxes have been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the **location of the** address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision shall be collected **and remitted** on such sales **from the purchaser or lessee** by the state department of revenue on that basis.

144.071. 1. In all cases where the purchaser of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor rescinds the sale of that motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor and receives a refund of the purchase price and returns the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor to the seller within sixty calendar days from the date of the sale, **any** [the sales or use] tax paid to the department of revenue shall be refunded to the purchaser upon proper application to the director of revenue.

2. In any rescission whereby a seller reacquires title to the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor sold by him and the reacquisition is within sixty calendar days from the date of the original sale, the person reacquiring the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor shall be entitled to a refund of any [sales or use] tax paid as a result of the reacquisition of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor, upon proper application to the director of revenue.

3. Any city or county [sales or use] tax refunds shall be deducted by the director of revenue from the next remittance made to that city or county.

4. Each claim for refund must be made within one year after payment of the tax on which the refund is claimed.

5. As used in this section, the term "boat" includes all motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

144.440. 1. [In addition to all other taxes now or hereafter levied and imposed upon every person for the privilege of using the highways or waterways of this state, there is hereby levied and imposed a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, which is paid or charged on new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri.

2.] At the time the owner of any [such] motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor makes application to the director of revenue for an official certificate of title and the registration of the same as otherwise provided by law, he shall present to the director of revenue evidence satisfactory to the director showing the purchase price paid by or charged to the applicant in the acquisition of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor, or that the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is not subject to the tax herein provided and, if the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is subject to the tax herein provided, the applicant shall pay or cause to be paid to the director of revenue the tax provided herein.

[3.] 2. In the event that the purchase price is unknown or undisclosed, or that the evidence thereof is not satisfactory to the director of revenue, the same shall be fixed by appraisement by the director.

[4.] 3. No certificate of title shall be issued for such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor unless the tax for the privilege of using the highways or waters of this state has been paid or the vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is registered under the provisions of subsection 5 of this section.

[5.] 4. The owner of any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor which is to be used exclusively for rental or lease purposes may pay the tax due thereon required in section 144.020 at the time of registration or in lieu thereof may pay a [use] sales tax as provided in sections 144.010, 144.020, 144.070 and 144.440. A [use] sales tax shall

be charged and paid on the amount charged for each rental or lease agreement while the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is domiciled in the state. If the owner elects to pay upon each rental or lease, he shall make an affidavit to that effect in such form as the director of revenue shall require and shall remit the tax due at such times as the director of revenue shall require.

[6.] **5.** In the event that any leasing company which rents or leases motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors elects to collect a [use] sales tax[,], all of its lease receipts would be subject to the [use] sales tax[,], regardless of whether or not the leasing company previously paid a sales tax when the vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor was originally purchased.

[7.] **6.** The provisions of this section, and the tax imposed by this section, shall not apply to manufactured homes.

144.450. In order to avoid double taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510, any person who purchases a motor vehicle, trailer, manufactured home, boat, or outboard motor in any other state and seeks to register or obtain a certificate of title for it in this state shall be credited with the amount of any sales tax or use tax shown to have been previously paid by him on the purchase price of such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor in such other state. The tax imposed by **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section [144.440] 144.020** shall not apply:

(1) [To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors on account of which the sales tax provided by sections 144.010 to 144.510 shall have been paid;

(2)] To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors brought into this state by a person moving any such vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor into Missouri from another state who shall have registered and in good faith regularly operated any such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor in such other state at least ninety days prior to the time it is registered in this state;

[3)] (2) To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors acquired by registered dealers for resale;

[4)] (3) To motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors purchased, owned or used by any religious, charitable or eleemosynary institution for use in the conduct of regular religious, charitable or eleemosynary functions and activities;

[5)] (4) To motor vehicles owned and used by religious organizations in transferring pupils to and from schools supported by such organization;

[6)] (5) Where the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor has been acquired by the applicant for a certificate of title therefor by gift or under a will or by inheritance, and the tax hereby imposed has been paid by the donor or decedent;

[7)] (6) To any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor owned or used by the state of Missouri or any other political subdivision thereof, or by an educational institution supported by public funds; or

[8)] (7) To farm tractors.

144.455. The tax imposed by **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section [144.440] 144.020 on the titling of** motor vehicles and trailers is levied for the purpose of providing revenue to be used by this state to defray in whole or in part the cost of constructing, widening, reconstructing, maintaining, resurfacing and repairing the public highways, roads and streets of this state, and the cost and expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of **subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020 and sections 144.440 to 144.455, and for no other purpose whatsoever, and all revenue collected or received by the director of revenue from the tax imposed by subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section [144.440] 144.020 on motor vehicles and trailers shall be promptly deposited [in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway department fund] as dictated by article IV, section 30(b) of the Constitution of Missouri.**

144.525. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount of any state and local sales [or use] taxes due on the purchase of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor required to be registered under the provisions of sections 301.001 to 301.660 and sections 306.010 to 306.900 shall be computed on the rate of such taxes in effect on the date the purchaser submits application for a certificate of ownership to the director of revenue; except that, in the case of a sale at retail, of an outboard motor by a retail business which is not required to be registered under the provisions of section 301.251, the amount of state and local [sales and use] taxes due shall be computed on the rate of such taxes in effect as of the calendar date of the retail sale.

144.610. 1. A tax is imposed for the privilege of storing, using or consuming within this state any article of tangible personal property, **excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020,** purchased on or after the effective date of sections 144.600 to 144.745 in an

amount equivalent to the percentage imposed on the sales price in the sales tax law in section 144.020. This tax does not apply with respect to the storage, use or consumption of any article of tangible personal property purchased, produced or manufactured outside this state until the transportation of the article has finally come to rest within this state or until the article has become commingled with the general mass of property of this state.

2. Every person storing, using or consuming in this state tangible personal property **subject to the tax in subsection 1 of this section** is liable for the tax imposed by this law, and the liability shall not be extinguished until the tax is paid to this state, but a receipt from a vendor authorized by the director of revenue under the rules and regulations that he prescribes to collect the tax, given to the purchaser in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650, relieves the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which receipt refers.

3. Because this section no longer imposes a Missouri use tax on the storage, use, or consumption of motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, in that the state sales tax is now imposed on the titling of such property, the local sales tax, rather than the local use tax, applies.

144.613. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 144.655, at the time the owner of any new or used boat or boat motor which was acquired after December 31, 1979, in a transaction subject to [use] tax under [the Missouri use tax law] **this chapter** makes application to the director of revenue for the registration of the boat or boat motor, he shall present to the director of revenue evidence satisfactory to the director of revenue showing the purchase price, exclusive of any charge incident to the extension of credit, paid by or charged to the applicant in the acquisition of the boat or boat motor, or that no sales or use tax was incurred in its acquisition, and, if [sales or use] tax was incurred in its acquisition, that the same has been paid, or the applicant shall pay or cause to be paid to the director of revenue the [use] tax provided by [the Missouri use tax law] **this chapter** in addition to the registration fees now or hereafter required according to law, and the director of revenue shall not issue a registration for any new or used boat or boat motor subject to [use] tax [as provided in the Missouri use tax law] **in this chapter** until the tax levied for the use of the same under [sections 144.600 to 144.748] **this chapter** has been paid.

144.615. There are specifically exempted from the taxes levied in sections 144.600 to 144.745:

(1) Property, the storage, use or consumption of which this state is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the constitution or laws of the United States or of this state;

(2) Property, the gross receipts from the sale of which are required to be included in the measure of the tax imposed pursuant to the Missouri sales tax law;

(3) Tangible personal property, the sale or other transfer of which, if made in this state, would be exempt from or not subject to the Missouri sales tax pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 144.030;

(4) Motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors subject to the tax imposed by section [144.440] **144.020;**

(5) Tangible personal property which has been subjected to a tax by any other state in this respect to its sales or use; provided, if such tax is less than the tax imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.745, such property, if otherwise taxable, shall be subject to a tax equal to the difference between such tax and the tax imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.745;

(6) Tangible personal property held by processors, retailers, importers, manufacturers, wholesalers, or jobbers solely for resale in the regular course of business;

(7) Personal and household effects and farm machinery used while an individual was a bona fide resident of another state and who thereafter became a resident of this state, or tangible personal property brought into the state by a nonresident for his own storage, use or consumption while temporarily within the state.

Section 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1.140 to the contrary, the provisions of sections 32.087, 144.020, 144.021, 144.069, 144.071, 144.440, 144.450, 144.455, 144.525, 144.610, 144.613, and 144.615, as amended by this act, shall be nonseverable, and if any provision is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall invalidate all of the remaining provisions of section 32.087, 144.020, 144.021, 144.069, 144.071, 144.440, 144.450, 144.455, 144.525, 144.610, 144.613, and 144.615, as amended by this act.

Section B. Because of the detrimental impact that lost local revenues has had on the domestic economy by placing Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats and trailers at a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats and trailers, the repeal and reenactment of sections 32.087, 144.020, 144.021, 144.069, 144.071, 144.440, 144.450, 144.455, 144.525, 144.610, 144.613, and 144.615 and the enactment of section 1 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace

and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of sections 32.087, 144.020, 144.021, 144.069, 144.071, 144.440, 144.450, 144.455, 144.525, 144.610, 144.613, and 144.615 and the enactment of section 1 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 103

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore
Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen
Hicks	Higdon	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney
Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair
Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch
Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Smith 120
Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 048

Anders	Black	Butler	Carpenter	Colona
Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
English	Englund	Frame	Harris	Hodges
Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieffer	Shupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

Burns	Curtman	Flanigan	Gardner	Hinson
Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims	Scharnhorst	Shumake
Webber	Zerr			

On motion of Representative Hough, **House Amendment No. 18** was adopted.

Representative Cox offered **House Amendment No. 19**.

House Amendment No. 19

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 90, Pages 4-5, Section 115.124, by removing all of said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 105

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hoskins
Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh
Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Schatz	Schieber
Shull	Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 046

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Harris	Hodges
Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Schieffer
Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb
Wright				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

Frame	Gardner	Hinson	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Mims	Roorda	Runions	Scharnhorst	Spencer
Webber	Zerr			

Representative Cox moved that **House Amendment No. 19** be adopted.

Which motion was defeated.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 103

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Franklin
Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeier	Korman
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger
Miller	Molendorp	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfausch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Stream	Swan
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 047

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Harris	Hodges
Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Runions
Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray
Webb	Wright			

PRESENT: 000

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ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 013

Fraker	Frame	Gardner	Hinson	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Mims	Moon	Roorda	Scharnhorst
Spencer	Webber	Zerr		

On motion of Representative Dugger, **HCS SB 90, as amended**, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Dugger, **HCS SB 90, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 085

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Barnes	Bernskoetter
Brown	Carpenter	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler
Entlicher	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haefner	Hampton
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hurst	Jones 50	Keeney	Kelley 127
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	McCaherty	McGaugh
Messenger	Miller	Muntzel	Neth	Nichols
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Schatz	Shull
Shumake	Solon	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Thomson	Walker	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 067

Anders	Bahr	Berry	Black	Brattin
Burlison	Burns	Butler	Cierpiot	Colona
Curtis	Curtman	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
English	Englund	Fitzpatrick	Frame	Haahr
Harris	Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Johnson
Justus	Kirkton	Koenig	Kratky	LaFaver
Marshall	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Moon	Morgan	Morris	Neely
Newman	Norr	Otto	Pace	Parkinson
Peters	Pierson	Pogue	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85
Sommer	Torpey	Walton Gray	Webb	White
Wieland	Wright			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 011

Gardner	Hinson	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims
Molendorp	Scharnhorst	Smith 120	Spencer	Webber
Zerr				

Representative Keeney declared the bill passed.

The emergency clause was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 136

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Brown	Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman
Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn
Ellinger	Elmer	Engler	English	Englund
Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler
Fraker	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair
Lant	Lauer	Love	Lynch	Mayfield
McCaherty	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna
McManus	Messenger	Miller	Mitten	Moon
Morgan	Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth
Nichols	Otto	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Phillips
Pierson	Pike	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Rizzo	Roorda
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Schatz
Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 016

Curtis	Ellington	Frame	Leara	Marshall
May	McNeil	Meredith	Montecillo	Newman
Norr	Pace	Peters	Pogue	Walton Gray
Webb				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 011

Gardner	Hinson	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims
Molendorp	Riddle	Scharnhorst	Smith 85	Webber
Zerr				

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS HCS HB 199**, entitled:

An act to repeal 32.087, 77.030, 115.003, 115.005, 115.007, 115.121, 115.249, 115.259, 115.281, 115.299, 115.300, 115.341, 115.349, 115.383, 115.419, 115.423, 115.433, 115.436, 115.439, 115.449, 115.455, 115.456, 115.493, 115.607, 144.020, 144.021, 144.069, 144.071, 144.440, 144.450, 144.455, 144.525, 144.610, 144.613, 144.615, 190.335, 473.730, 473.733, and 473.737, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof forty-one new sections relating to elections, with an effective date for certain sections and an emergency clause for a certain sections.

With Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 4, Senate Amendment No. 5, Senate Amendment No. 6 and Senate Amendment No. 7.

Senate Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 199, Page 16, Section 115.007, Line 9, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"115.027. 1. Each board of election commissioners shall be composed of four members, appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Two commissioners on each board shall be members of one major political party, and two commissioners on each board shall be members of the other major political party. In no case shall more than two commissioners on a board be members of the same political party. When appointing commissioners, the governor shall designate one commissioner on each board to be chairman of the board and one commissioner on each board to be secretary of the board. The chairman and secretary of a board shall not be members of the same political party.

2. In jurisdictions with boards of election commissioners as the election authority, the governor may appoint to the board one representative from each established political party. The representative shall not be a member of the board for purposes of subsection 1 of this section. The state chair of each established political party shall submit a list of no more than four names from which the governor shall select the representative for that party. The representative shall not have voting status, and shall not be compensated, but shall be allowed to participate in discussions and be informed of any meeting of the board.

3. The governor shall not make any appointment, during the legislative interim, to the board of election commissioners in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 199, Page 57, Section 190.335, Line 2, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"198.310. 1. For the purpose of purchasing nursing home district sites, erecting nursing homes and related facilities and furnishing the same, building additions to and repairing old buildings, the board of directors may borrow money and issue bonds for the payment thereof in the manner provided herein. The question of the loan shall be submitted by an order of the board of directors of the district. Notice of the submission of the question, the amount and the purpose of the loan shall be given as provided in section 198.250.

2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the Nursing Home District borrow money in the amount of dollars for the purpose of and issue bonds in payment thereof?

3. If [two-thirds] **the constitutionally required percentage** of the votes cast are for the loan, the board shall, subject to the restrictions of subsection 4, be vested with the power to borrow money in the name of the district, to the amount and for the purposes specified on the ballot, and issue the bonds of the district for the payment thereof.

4. The loans authorized by this section shall not be contracted for a period longer than twenty years, and the entire amount of the loan shall at no time exceed, including the existing indebtedness of the district, in the aggregate, ten percent of the value of taxable tangible property therein, as shown by the last completed assessment for state and county purposes, the rate of interest to be agreed upon by the parties, but in no case to exceed the highest legal rate allowed by contract; when effected, it shall be the duty of the directors to provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on the indebtedness as it falls due, and also to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof within the time the principal becomes due.

198.345. Nothing in sections 198.200 to 198.350 shall prohibit a nursing home district from establishing and maintaining apartments for seniors that provide at a minimum housing[, and food services[, and emergency call buttons to the apartment residents] in any county of the third **or fourth** classification [without a township form of government and with more than twenty-eight thousand two hundred but fewer than twenty-eight thousand three hundred inhabitants or any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than nine thousand five hundred fifty but fewer than nine thousand six hundred fifty inhabitants] **within its corporate limits**. Such nursing home districts shall not lease such apartments for less than fair market rent as reported by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 4

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 199, Page 61, Section C, Line 1, by inserting after the word "community", the following:

", because of the need to ensure fair representation on boards of election commissioners"; and

Further amend Line 6, by inserting after the number "32.087", the following:

", 115.027"; and

Further amend Line 12, by inserting after the number "32.087", the following:

", 115.027".

Senate Amendment No. 5

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 199, Page 2, Section A, Line 2, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"26.226. In case of death, resignation, removal from office, conviction after impeachment, or vacancy from any cause in the office of lieutenant governor, the governor shall, within thirty days, issue a writ of election to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term in which such vacancy occurred and until the successor is elected, commissioned, and qualified. Such election shall be held at the next general election. The candidates for the election shall be nominated and placed on the ballot in accordance with the provisions of sections 115.305 to 115.405. In the case of impeachment, the office shall remain vacant until such impeachment is determined. If acquitted, the lieutenant governor shall be reinstated in office. During any period of time when the office of lieutenant governor is vacant, the chief administrative assistant of the vacating lieutenant governor shall perform all ministerial duties during the period of such vacancy, provided however, that any duties of the lieutenant governor as president of the senate shall be performed by the president pro tempore of the senate during the period of such vacancy."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 61, Section C, Line 1, by inserting after the word "community" the following:

", because of the need to determine how to fill a vacancy in the office of lieutenant governor"; and

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Further amend Line 8, by inserting after the word "sections" the following:

"26.226,"; and

Further amend Line 14, by inserting after the word "sections" the following:

"26.226,"; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 6

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 199, Pages 12-13, Section 77.030, by striking said section from the bill; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 7

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 199, Page 13, Section 77.030, Line 15, by inserting immediately after said line, the following:

"78.090. **1.** Candidates to be voted for at all general municipal elections at which a mayor and councilmen are to be elected under the provisions of sections 78.010 to [78.420] **78.400** shall be nominated by a primary election, **except as provided in this section**, and no other names shall be placed upon the general ballot except those selected in the manner herein prescribed. The primary election for such nomination shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in February preceding the municipal election.

2. (1) In lieu of conducting a primary election under this section, any city organized under sections 78.010 to 78.400 may, by order or ordinance, provide for the elimination of the primary election and the conduct of elections for mayor and councilman as provided in this subsection.

(2) Any person desiring to become a candidate for mayor or councilman shall file with the city clerk a signed statement of such candidacy, stating whether such person is a resident of the city and a qualified voter of the city, that the person desires to be a candidate for nomination to the office of mayor or councilman to be voted upon at the next municipal election for such office, that the person is eligible for such office, that the person requests to be placed on the ballot, and that such person will serve if elected. Such statement shall be sworn to or affirmed before the city clerk.

(3) Under the requirements of section 115.023, the city clerk shall notify the requisite election authority who shall cause the official ballots to be printed, and the names of the candidates shall appear on the ballots in the order that their statements of candidacy were filed with the city clerk. Above the names of the candidates shall appear the words "Vote for (number to be elected)". The ballot shall also include a warning that voting for more than the total number of candidates to be elected to any office invalidates the ballot."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Emergency clause adopted.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS SCS HB 542**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 64.196, 178.550, 196.311, 267.655, 323.100, 348.521, and 413.225, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eight new sections relating to agriculture.

With Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 3 and Senate Amendment No. 4.

Senate Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 542, Page 24, Section 413.225, Line 28 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"644.052. 1. Persons with operating permits or permits by rule issued pursuant to this chapter shall pay fees pursuant to subsections 2 to 8 and 12 to 13 of this section. Persons with a sewer service connection to public sewer systems owned or operated by a city, public sewer district, public water district or other publicly owned treatment works shall pay a permit fee pursuant to subsections 10 and 11 of this section.

2. A privately owned treatment works or an industry which treats only human sewage shall annually pay a fee based upon the design flow of the facility as follows:

- (1) One hundred dollars if the design flow is less than five thousand gallons per day;
- (2) One hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than five thousand gallons per day but less than six thousand gallons per day;
- (3) One hundred seventy-five dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than six thousand gallons per day but less than seven thousand gallons per day;
- (4) Two hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than seven thousand gallons per day but less than eight thousand gallons per day;
- (5) Two hundred twenty-five dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than eight thousand gallons per day but less than nine thousand gallons per day;
- (6) Two hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than nine thousand gallons per day but less than ten thousand gallons per day;
- (7) Three hundred seventy-five dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than ten thousand gallons per day but less than eleven thousand gallons per day;
- (8) Four hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than eleven thousand gallons per day but less than twelve thousand gallons per day;
- (9) Four hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than twelve thousand gallons per day but less than thirteen thousand gallons per day;
- (10) Five hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than thirteen thousand gallons per day but less than fourteen thousand gallons per day;
- (11) Five hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than fourteen thousand gallons per day but less than fifteen thousand gallons per day;
- (12) Six hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than fifteen thousand gallons per day but less than sixteen thousand gallons per day;
- (13) Six hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than sixteen thousand gallons per day but less than seventeen thousand gallons per day;
- (14) Eight hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than seventeen thousand gallons per day but less than twenty thousand gallons per day;
- (15) One thousand dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than twenty thousand gallons per day but less than twenty-three thousand gallons per day;
- (16) Two thousand dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than twenty-three thousand gallons per day but less than twenty-five thousand gallons per day;
- (17) Two thousand five hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than twenty-five thousand gallons per day but less than thirty thousand gallons per day;
- (18) Three thousand dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than thirty thousand gallons per day but less than one million gallons per day; or

(19) Three thousand five hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than one million gallons per day.

3. Persons who produce industrial process wastewater which requires treatment and who apply for or possess a site-specific permit shall annually pay:

(1) Five thousand dollars if the industry is a class IA animal feeding operation as defined by the commission; or

(2) For facilities issued operating permits based upon categorical standards pursuant to the Federal Clean Water Act and regulations implementing such act:

(a) Three thousand five hundred dollars if the design flow is less than one million gallons per day; or

(b) Five thousand dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than one million gallons per day.

4. Persons who apply for or possess a site-specific permit solely for industrial storm water shall pay an annual fee of:

(1) One thousand three hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is less than one million gallons per day; or

(2) Two thousand three hundred fifty dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than one million gallons per day.

5. Persons who produce industrial process wastewater who are not included in subsection 2 or 3 of this section shall annually pay:

(1) One thousand five hundred dollars if the design flow is less than one million gallons per day; or

(2) Two thousand five hundred dollars if the design flow is equal to or greater than one million gallons per day.

6. Persons who apply for or possess a general permit shall pay:

(1) Three hundred dollars for the discharge of storm water from a land disturbance site;

(2) Fifty dollars annually for the operation of a chemical fertilizer or pesticide facility;

(3) One hundred fifty dollars for the operation of an animal feeding operation or a concentrated animal feeding operation;

(4) One hundred fifty dollars annually for new permits for the discharge of process water or storm water potentially contaminated by activities not included in subdivisions (1) to (3) of this subsection. Persons paying fees pursuant to this subdivision with existing general permits on August 27, 2000, and persons paying fees pursuant to this subdivision who receive renewed general permits on the same facility after August 27, 2000, shall pay sixty dollars annually;

(5) Up to two hundred fifty dollars annually for the operation of an aquaculture facility.

7. Requests for modifications to state operating permits on entities that charge a service connection fee pursuant to subsection 10 of this section shall be accompanied by a two hundred dollar fee. The department may waive the fee if it is determined that the necessary modification was either initiated by the department or caused by an error made by the department.

8. Requests for state operating permit modifications other than those described in subsection 7 of this section shall be accompanied by a fee equal to twenty-five percent of the annual operating fee assessed for the facility pursuant to this section. **However, requests for modifications for such operating permits that seek name changes, address changes, or other nonsubstantive changes to the operating permit shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred dollars.** The department may waive the fee if it is determined that the necessary modification was either initiated by the department or caused by an error made by the department.

9. Persons requesting water quality certifications in accordance with Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act shall pay a fee of seventy-five dollars and shall submit the standard application form for a Section 404 permit as administered by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or similar information required for other federal licenses and permits, except that the fee is waived for water quality certifications issued and accepted for activities authorized pursuant to a general permit or nationwide permit by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

10. Persons with a direct or indirect sewer service connection to a public sewer system owned or operated by a city, public sewer district, public water district, or other publicly owned treatment works shall pay an annual fee per water service connection as provided in this subsection. Customers served by multiple water service connections shall pay such fee for each water service connection, except that no single facility served by multiple connections shall pay more than a total of seven hundred dollars per year. The fees provided for in this subsection shall be collected by the agency billing such customer for sewer service and remitted to the department. The fees may be collected in monthly, quarterly or annual increments, and shall be remitted to the department no less frequently than annually. The fees collected shall not exceed the amounts specified in this subsection and, except as provided in subsection 11 of this section, shall be collected at the specified amounts unless adjusted by the commission in rules. The annual fees shall not exceed:

(1) For sewer systems that serve more than thirty-five thousand customers, forty cents per residential customer as defined by the provider of said sewer service until such time as the commission promulgates rules defining the billing procedure;

(2) For sewer systems that serve equal to or less than thirty-five thousand but more than twenty thousand customers, fifty cents per residential customer as defined by the provider of said sewer service until such time as the commission promulgates rules defining the billing procedure;

(3) For sewer systems that serve equal to or less than twenty thousand but more than seven thousand customers, sixty cents per residential customer as defined by the provider of said sewer service until such time as the commission promulgates rules defining the billing procedure;

(4) For sewer systems that serve equal to or less than seven thousand but more than one thousand customers, seventy cents per residential customer as defined by the provider of said sewer service until such time as the commission promulgates rules defining the billing procedure;

(5) For sewer systems that serve equal to or less than one thousand customers, eighty cents per residential customer as defined by the provider of said sewer service until such time as the commission promulgates rules defining the billing procedure;

(6) Three dollars for commercial or industrial customers not served by a public water system as defined in chapter 640;

(7) Three dollars per water service connection for all other customers with water service connections of less than or equal to one inch excluding taps for fire suppression and irrigation systems;

(8) Ten dollars per water service connection for all other customers with water service connections of more than one inch but less than or equal to four inches, excluding taps for fire suppression and irrigation systems;

(9) Twenty-five dollars per water service connection for all other customers with water service connections of more than four inches, excluding taps for fire suppression and irrigation systems.

11. Customers served by any district formed pursuant to the provisions of section 30(a) of article VI of the Missouri Constitution shall pay the fees set forth in subsection 10 of this section according to the following schedule:

(1) From August 28, 2000, through September 30, 2001, customers of any such district shall pay fifty percent of such fees; and

(2) Beginning October 1, 2001, customers of any such districts shall pay one hundred percent of such fees.

12. Persons submitting a notice of intent to operate pursuant to a permit by rule shall pay a filing fee of twenty-five dollars.

13. For any general permit issued to a state agency for highway construction pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 6 of this section, a single fee may cover all sites subject to the permit."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 542, Page 24, Section 413.225, Line 28, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"640.725. 1. The owner or operator of any flush system animal waste wet handling facility shall employ one or more persons who shall **once per week** visually inspect the [animal waste wet handling facility and lagoons for unauthorized discharge and structural integrity at least every twelve hours with a deviation of not to exceed three hours] **gravity outfall lines, recycle pump stations, recycle force mains, and appurtenances for any release to any containment structure required by section 640.730. The owner or operator shall also visually inspect once per day any lagoon whose water level is less than twelve inches from the emergency spillway.** The owner or operator of the facility shall keep records of each inspection. Such records shall be retained for three years. The department shall provide or approve a form provided by the owner or operator for each facility for such inspections.

2. All new construction permits for flush system animal waste wet handling facilities shall have an electronic or mechanical shutoff of the system in the event of pipe stoppage. As of July 1, 1997, all existing flush system animal waste wet handling facilities shall have, at a minimum, an electronic or mechanical shutoff of the system in the event of pipe stoppage or backflow."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 542, Page 7, Section 196.311, Line 22, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"262.598. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Consolidated district", a district formed jointly by two or more councils;**
- (2) "Council", a University of Missouri extension council authorized under section 262.563;**
- (3) "District" or "extension district", a political subdivision formed by one or more councils;**
- (4) "Single-council district", a district formed by one council;**
- (5) "Governing body", the group of individuals who govern a district.**

2. University of Missouri extension councils , except for any council located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, are hereby authorized to form extension districts made up of cooperating counties for the purpose of funding extension programming. An extension district may be a single-council district or a consolidated district. A single-council district shall be formed upon a majority vote of the full council. A consolidated district shall be formed upon a majority vote of each participating council.

3. In a single-council district, the council shall serve as the district's governing body. In addition to any other powers and duties granted to the council under sections 262.550 to 262.620, the council shall also have the powers and duties provided under subsection 5 of this section.

4. In a consolidated district, the governing body of the district shall consist of at least three, but no more than five, representatives appointed by each participating council. The term of office shall be two years. Representatives may be reappointed. The governing body shall elect officers, who shall serve as officers for two years, and establish a regular meeting schedule which shall not be less than once every three months.

5. The governing body of a district shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) Review the activities and annual budgets of each participating council;**
- (2) Determine, by September first of each year, the tax rate necessary to generate sufficient revenue to fund the extension programming in the district, which includes annual funding for each participating council for the costs of personnel and the acquisition, supply, and maintenance of each council's property, work, and equipment;**

- (3) Oversee the collection of any tax authorized under this section by ensuring the revenue is deposited into a special fund and monitoring the use of the funds to ensure they are used solely for extension programming in the district;**

- (4) Approve payments from the special fund in which the tax revenue is deposited; and**

- (5) Work cooperatively with each participating council to plan and facilitate the programs, equipment, and activities in the district.**

6. The governing body of a district may submit a question to the voters of the district to institute a property tax levy in the county or counties that compose the district. Questions may be submitted to the voters of the district at any general municipal election. Any such proposed tax shall not exceed thirty cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. The costs of submitting the question to the voters at the general municipal election shall be paid as provided in section 115.063. Such question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

"Shall the Extension District in County (insert name of county) be authorized to levy an annual tax of (insert amount not to exceed thirty) cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation for the purpose of funding the University of Missouri Extension District programs, equipment, and services in the district?"

In a single-council district, if a majority of the voters in the county approve the question, then the district shall impose the tax. If a majority of the voters in a single-council district do not approve the question, then no tax shall be imposed. In a consolidated district, if a majority of voters in each county in the district approve the question, then the district shall impose the tax. If a majority of the voters in a consolidated district do not approve the question, then no tax shall be imposed in any county of the district. In a consolidated district, if a majority of voters in a county do not approve the question, the council in the county that did not approve the question may withdraw from the district. Upon such withdrawal, the district shall be made up of the remaining counties and the tax shall be imposed in those counties. However, if the county that did not approve the question does not withdraw from the district, the tax shall not be imposed. Revenues collected from the imposition of a tax

authorized under this section shall be deposited into a special fund dedicated only for use by the local district for programming purposes.

7. The county commission of any county in which the tax authorized under this section is levied and collected:

(1) Shall be exempt from the funding requirements under section 262.597 if revenue derived from the tax authorized under this section is in excess of an amount equal to two hundred percent of the average funding received under section 262.597 for the immediately preceding three years; or

(2) May reduce the current year's funding amount under section 262.597 by thirty-three percent of the amount of tax revenues derived from the tax authorized under this section which exceed the average amount of funding received under section 262.597 for the immediately preceding three years.

8. Any county that collects tax revenues authorized under this section shall transfer all attributable revenue plus monthly interest for deposit into the district's special fund. The governing body of the district shall comply with the prudent investor standard for investment fiduciaries as provided in section 105.688.

9. In any county in which a single-council district is established, and for which a tax has not been levied, the district may be dissolved in the same manner in which it was formed.

10. A county may withdraw from a consolidated district at any time by the filing of a petition with the circuit court having jurisdiction over the district. The petition shall be signed by not fewer than ten percent of those who voted in the most recent presidential election in the county seeking to withdraw that is part of a consolidated district stating that further operation of the district is contrary to the best interest of the inhabitants of the county in which the district is located and that the county seeks to withdraw from the district. The circuit court shall hear evidence on the petition. If the court finds that it is in the best interest of the inhabitants of the county in which the district is located for the county to withdraw from the district, the court shall make an order reciting the same and submit the question to the voters. The costs of submitting the question to the voters at the general municipal election shall be paid as provided in section 115.063. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following format:

"Shall the County of (insert name of county) being part of (insert name of district) Extension District withdraw from the district?"

The question shall be submitted at the next general municipal election date. The election returns shall be certified to the court. If the court finds that two-thirds of the voters voting on the question voted in favor of withdrawing from the district, the court shall issue an order withdrawing the county from the district, which shall contain a proviso that the district shall remain intact for the sole purposes of paying all outstanding and lawful obligations and disposing of the district's property. No additional costs or obligations for the withdrawing county shall be created except as necessary. The withdrawal shall occur on the first day of the following January after the vote. If the court finds that two-thirds of the voters voting on the question shall not have voted favorably on the question to withdraw from the district, the court shall issue an order dismissing the petition and the district shall continue to operate.

11. The governing body of any district may seek voter approval to increase its current tax rate authorized under this section, provided such increase shall not cause the total tax to exceed thirty cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. To propose such an increase, the governing body shall submit the question to the voters at the general municipal election in the county in which the district is located. The costs of submitting the question to the voters at the general municipal election shall be paid as provided in section 115.063. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

"Shall the Extension District in (insert name of county or counties) be authorized to increase the tax rate from (insert current amount of tax) cents to (insert proposed amount of tax not to exceed thirty) cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation for the purpose of funding the University of Missouri Extension District programs, equipment, and services in the district?"

In a single-council district, if a majority of the voters in the county approve the question, then the district shall impose the tax. If a majority of the voters in a single-council district do not approve the question, then the tax shall not be imposed. In a consolidated district, if a majority of voters in the district approve the question, then the district shall impose the new tax rate. If a majority of the voters in a consolidated district do not approve the question, then the tax shall not be imposed in any county of the district. Revenues collected from the imposition of the tax authorized under this section shall be deposited into the special fund dedicated only for use by the district."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 4

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 542, Page 16, Section 262.900, Line 14, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"14. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any county with a charter form of government and with more than three hundred thousand but fewer than four hundred fifty thousand inhabitants."

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted the Conference Committee Report on **HCS SB 23, as amended**, and has taken up and passed **CCS HCS SB 23**.

Emergency clause adopted.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **HCS SS SCS SB 116, as amended**, and has taken up and passed **HCS SS SCS SB 116, as amended**.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **HCS SB 148, as amended**, and has taken up and passed **HCS SB 148, as amended**.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SCS SB 411**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 302.720, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755, and 304.820, RSMo, and section 302.700 as enacted by conference committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for house committee substitute for house bill no. 1402 merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 470 merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute no. 2 for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 480 merged with conference committee substitute for house committee substitute for senate bill no. 568, ninety-sixth general assembly, second regular session, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to the operation of commercial motor vehicles, with an existing penalty provision.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

On motion of Representative Diehl, the House recessed until 7:30 p.m.

EVENING SESSION

The hour of recess having expired, the House was called to order by Speaker Jones.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

SB 265, relating to private property rights, was taken up by Representative Rowland.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 100

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Cierpiot
Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford
Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger
Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst
Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Schatz	Schieber
Shull	Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer
Spencer	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker

NOES: 046

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan
Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace
Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda	Runions
Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray
Webb				

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 017

Brown	Cross	Funderburk	Gardner	Guernsey
Hodges	Kelly 45	Korman	Lichtenegger	McDonald
Mims	Parkinson	Scharnhorst	Stream	Webber
Wright	Zerr			

On motion of Representative Rowland, **SB 265** was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

AYES: 118

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Ellington	Elmer
Engler	English	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame	Franklin
Frederick	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore
Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris
Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins
Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mayfield	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfausch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey
Walker	White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood
Wright	Zerr	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 037

Anders	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Colona
Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Englund	Hubbard
Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver	May
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna	McManus	McNeil
Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters
Pierson	Rizzo	Runions	Schupp	Smith 85
Walton Gray	Webb			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 008

Brown	Funderburk	Gardner	Guernsey	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Mims	Webber		

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

SCS SB 33, relating to persons with mental disabilities, was taken up by Representative Grisamore.

Representative Hoskins offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1 was withdrawn.

Representative Grisamore moved for the adoption of **HCS SCS SB 33**.

Representative Hoskins offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 3, Section 209.200, Line 20, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

"(f) "Professional therapy dog", a dog which is selected, trained, and tested to provide specific physical therapeutic functions, under the direction and control of a qualified handler who works with the dog as a team as a part of the handler's occupation or profession. Such dogs, with their handlers, perform such functions in institutional settings, community-based group settings, or when providing services to specific persons who have disabilities. Professional therapy dogs do not include dogs, certified or not, which are used by volunteers in visitation therapy."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

HCS SCS SB 33, with House Amendment No. 1, pending, was laid over.

HCS SB 41, relating to private nuisance actions, was taken up by Representative Hough.

Representative Gatschenberger offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 41, Section A, Page 1, Line 2, by inserting the following after all of said line:

"71.012. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 71.015 and 71.860 to 71.920, the governing body of any city, town or village may annex unincorporated areas which are contiguous and compact to the existing corporate limits of the city, town or village pursuant to this section. The term "contiguous and compact" does not include a situation whereby the unincorporated area proposed to be annexed is contiguous to the annexing city, town or village only by a railroad line, trail, pipeline or other strip of real property less than one-quarter mile in width within the city, town or village so that the boundaries of the city, town or village after annexation would leave unincorporated areas between the annexed area and the prior boundaries of the city, town or village connected only by such railroad line, trail, pipeline or other such strip of real property. The term "contiguous and compact" does not prohibit voluntary annexations pursuant to this section merely because such voluntary annexation would create an island of unincorporated area within the city, town or village, so long as the owners of the unincorporated island were also given the opportunity to voluntarily annex into the city, town or village. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the governing body of any city, town or village in any county of the third classification which borders a county of the fourth classification, a county of the second classification and **the** Mississippi River may annex areas along a road or highway up to two miles from existing boundaries of the city, town or village or the governing body in any city, town or village in any county of the third classification without a township form of government with a population of at least twenty-four thousand inhabitants but not more than thirty thousand inhabitants and such county contains a state correctional center may voluntarily annex such correctional center pursuant to the provisions of this section if the correctional center is along a road or highway within two miles from the existing boundaries of the city, town or village.

2. (1) When a [verified] **notarized** petition, requesting annexation and signed by the owners of all fee interests of record in all tracts of real property located within the area proposed to be annexed, or a request for annexation signed under the authority of the governing body of any common interest community and approved by a majority vote of unit owners located within the area proposed to be annexed is presented to the governing body of the city, town or village, the governing body shall hold a public hearing concerning the matter not less than fourteen nor more than sixty days after

the petition is received, and the hearing shall be held not less than seven days after notice of the hearing is published in a newspaper of general circulation qualified to publish legal matters and located within the boundary of the petitioned city, town or village. If no such newspaper exists within the boundary of such city, town or village, then the notice shall be published in the qualified newspaper nearest the petitioned city, town or village. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "common-interest community" shall mean a condominium as said term is used in chapter 448, or a common-interest community, a cooperative, or a planned community.

(a) A "common-interest community" shall be defined as real property with respect to which a person, by virtue of such person's ownership of a unit, is obliged to pay for real property taxes, insurance premiums, maintenance or improvement of other real property described in a declaration. "Ownership of a unit" does not include a leasehold interest of less than twenty years in a unit, including renewal options;

(b) A "cooperative" shall be defined as a common-interest community in which the real property is owned by an association, each of whose members is entitled by virtue of such member's ownership interest in the association to exclusive possession of a unit;

(c) A "planned community" shall be defined as a common-interest community that is not a condominium or a cooperative. A condominium or cooperative may be part of a planned community.

(2) At the public hearing any interested person, corporation or political subdivision may present evidence regarding the proposed annexation.

If, after holding the hearing, the governing body of the city, town or village determines that the annexation is reasonable and necessary to the proper development of the city, town or village, and the city, town or village has the ability to furnish normal municipal services to the area to be annexed within a reasonable time, it may, subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection, annex the territory by ordinance without further action.

(3) If a written objection to the proposed annexation is filed with the governing body of the city, town or village not later than fourteen days after the public hearing by at least five percent of the qualified voters of the city, town or village, or two qualified voters of the area sought to be annexed if the same contains two qualified voters, the provisions of sections 71.015 and 71.860 to 71.920, shall be followed.

3. If no objection is filed, the city, town or village shall extend its limits by ordinance to include such territory, specifying with accuracy the new boundary lines to which the city's, town's or village's limits are extended. Upon duly enacting such annexation ordinance, the city, town or village shall cause three certified copies of the same to be filed with the county assessor and the clerk of the county wherein the city, town or village is located, and one certified copy to be filed with the election authority, if different from the clerk of the county which has jurisdiction over the area being annexed, whereupon the annexation shall be complete and final and thereafter all courts of this state shall take judicial notice of the limits of that city, town or village as so extended.

4. That a petition requesting annexation is not or was not verified or notarized shall not affect the validity of an annexation heretofore or hereafter undertaken in accordance with this section.

5. Any action of any kind seeking to deannex from any city, town, or village any area annexed under this section, or seeking in any way to reverse, invalidate, set aside, or otherwise challenge such annexation or oust such city, town, or village from jurisdiction over such annexed area shall be brought within three years of the date of adoption of the annexation ordinance.

71.014. **1.** Notwithstanding the provisions of section 71.015, the governing body of any city, town, or village which is located within a county which borders a county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population in excess of six hundred fifty thousand, proceeding as otherwise authorized by law or charter, may annex unincorporated areas which are contiguous and compact to the existing corporate limits upon [verified] **notarized** petition requesting such annexation signed by the owners of all fee interests of record in all tracts located within the area to be annexed. **That a petition requesting annexation is not or was not verified or notarized shall not affect the validity of an annexation heretofore or hereafter undertaken in accordance with this section.**

2. Any action of any kind seeking to deannex from any city, town, or village any area annexed under this section, or seeking in any way to reverse, invalidate, set aside, or otherwise challenge such annexation or oust such city, town, or village from jurisdiction over such annexed area shall be brought within three years of the date of adoption of the annexation ordinance.

71.015. **1.** Should any city, town, or village, not located in any county of the first classification which has adopted a constitutional charter for its own local government, seek to annex an area to which objection is made, the following shall be satisfied:

(1) Before the governing body of any city, town, or village has adopted a resolution to annex any unincorporated area of land, such city, town, or village shall first as a condition precedent determine that the land to be annexed is contiguous to the existing city, town, or village limits and that the length of the contiguous boundary common to the existing city, town, or village limit and the proposed area to be annexed is at least fifteen percent of the length of the perimeter of the area proposed for annexation.

(2) The governing body of any city, town, or village shall propose an ordinance setting forth the following:

(a) The area to be annexed and affirmatively stating that the boundaries comply with the condition precedent referred to in subdivision (1) above;

(b) That such annexation is reasonable and necessary to the proper development of the city, town, or village;

(c) That the city has developed a plan of intent to provide services to the area proposed for annexation;

(d) That a public hearing shall be held prior to the adoption of the ordinance;

(e) When the annexation is proposed to be effective, the effective date being up to thirty-six months from the date of any election held in conjunction thereto.

(3) The city, town, or village shall fix a date for a public hearing on the ordinance and make a good faith effort to notify all fee owners of record within the area proposed to be annexed by certified mail, not less than thirty nor more than sixty days before the hearing, and notify all residents of the area by publication of notice in a newspaper of general circulation qualified to publish legal matters in the county or counties where the proposed area is located, at least once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the hearing, with at least one such notice being not more than twenty days and not less than ten days before the hearing.

(4) At the hearing referred to in subdivision (3), the city, town, or village shall present the plan of intent and evidence in support thereof to include:

(a) A list of major services presently provided by the city, town, or village including, but not limited to, police and fire protection, water and sewer systems, street maintenance, parks and recreation, **and** refuse collection[, etc.];

(b) A proposed time schedule whereby the city, town, or village plans to provide such services to the residents of the proposed area to be annexed within three years from the date the annexation is to become effective;

(c) The level at which the city, town, or village assesses property and the rate at which it taxes that property;

(d) How the city, town, or village proposes to zone the area to be annexed;

(e) When the proposed annexation shall become effective.

(5) Following the hearing, and either before or after the election held in subdivision (6) of this subsection, should the governing body of the city, town, or village vote favorably by ordinance to annex the area, the governing body of the city, town or village shall file an action in the circuit court of the county in which such unincorporated area is situated, under the provisions of chapter 527, praying for a declaratory judgment authorizing such annexation. The petition in such action shall state facts showing:

(a) The area to be annexed and its conformity with the condition precedent referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection;

(b) That such annexation is reasonable and necessary to the proper development of the city, town, or village; and

(c) The ability of the city, town, or village to furnish normal municipal services of the city, town, or village to the unincorporated area within a reasonable time not to exceed three years after the annexation is to become effective. Such action shall be a class action against the inhabitants of such unincorporated area under the provisions of section 507.070.

(6) Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, if the court authorizes the city, town, or village to make an annexation, the legislative body of such city, town, or village shall not have the power to extend the limits of the city, town, or village by such annexation until an election is held at which the proposition for annexation is approved by a majority of the total votes cast in the city, town, or village and by a separate majority of the total votes cast in the unincorporated territory sought to be annexed. However, should less than a majority of the total votes cast in the area proposed to be annexed vote in favor of the proposal, but at least a majority of the total votes cast in the city, town, or village vote in favor of the proposal, then the proposal shall again be voted upon in not more than one hundred twenty days by both the registered voters of the city, town, or village and the registered voters of the area proposed to be annexed. If at least two-thirds of the qualified electors voting thereon are in favor of the annexation, then the city, town, or village may proceed to annex the territory. If the proposal fails to receive the necessary majority, no part of the area sought to be annexed may be the subject of another proposal to annex for a period of two years from the date of the election, except that, during the two-year period, the owners of all fee interests of record in the area or any portion of the area may petition the city, town, or village for the annexation of the land owned by them pursuant to the procedures in section 71.012. The elections shall if authorized be held, except as herein otherwise provided, in accordance with the

general state law governing special elections, and the entire cost of the election or elections shall be paid by the city, town, or village proposing to annex the territory.

(7) Failure to comply in providing services to the said area or to zone in compliance with the plan of intent within three years after the effective date of the annexation, unless compliance is made unreasonable by an act of God, shall give rise to a cause of action for deannexation which may be filed in the circuit court by any resident of the area who was residing in the area at the time the annexation became effective.

(8) No city, town, or village which has filed an action under this section as this section read prior to May 13, 1980, which action is part of an annexation proceeding pending on May 13, 1980, shall be required to comply with subdivision (5) of this subsection in regard to such annexation proceeding.

(9) If the area proposed for annexation includes a public road or highway but does not include all of the land adjoining such road or highway, then such fee owners of record, of the lands adjoining said highway shall be permitted to intervene in the declaratory judgment action described in subdivision (5) of this subsection.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection 1 of this section, for any annexation by any city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants which is located in more than one county that becomes effective after August 28, 1994, if such city has not provided water and sewer service to such annexed area within three years of the effective date of the annexation, a cause of action shall lie for deannexation, unless the failure to provide such water and sewer service to the annexed area is made unreasonable by an act of God. The cause of action for deannexation may be filed in the circuit court by any resident of the annexed area who is presently residing in the area at the time of the filing of the suit and was a resident of the annexed area at the time the annexation became effective. If the suit for deannexation is successful, the city shall be liable for all court costs and attorney fees.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section, all cities, towns, and villages located in any county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population of two hundred thousand or more inhabitants which adjoins a county with a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants shall comply with the provisions of this subsection. If the court authorizes any city, town, or village subject to this subsection to make an annexation, the legislative body of such city, town or village shall not have the power to extend the limits of such city, town, or village by such annexation until an election is held at which the proposition for annexation is approved by a majority of the total votes cast in such city, town, or village and by a separate majority of the total votes cast in the unincorporated territory sought to be annexed; except that:

(1) In the case of a proposed annexation in any area which is contiguous to the existing city, town or village and which is within an area designated as flood plain by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and which is inhabited by no more than thirty registered voters and for which a final declaratory judgment has been granted prior to January 1, 1993, approving such annexation and where notarized affidavits expressing approval of the proposed annexation are obtained from a majority of the registered voters residing in the area to be annexed, the area may be annexed by an ordinance duly enacted by the governing body and no elections shall be required; and

(2) In the case of a proposed annexation of unincorporated territory in which no qualified electors reside, if at least a majority of the qualified electors voting on the proposition are in favor of the annexation, the city, town or village may proceed to annex the territory and no subsequent election shall be required. If the proposal fails to receive the necessary separate majorities, no part of the area sought to be annexed may be the subject of any other proposal to annex for a period of two years from the date of such election, except that, during the two-year period, the owners of all fee interests of record in the area or any portion of the area may petition the city, town, or village for the annexation of the land owned by them pursuant to the procedures in section 71.012 **or 71.014**. The election shall, if authorized, be held, except as otherwise provided in this section, in accordance with the general state laws governing special elections, and the entire cost of the election or elections shall be paid by the city, town, or village proposing to annex the territory. Failure of the city, town or village to comply in providing services to the area or to zone in compliance with the plan of intent within three years after the effective date of the annexation, unless compliance is made unreasonable by an act of God, shall give rise to a cause of action for deannexation which may be filed in the circuit court **not later than four years after the effective date of the annexation** by any resident of the area who was residing in such area at the time the annexation became effective or by any nonresident owner of real property in such area. **Except for a cause of action for deannexation under this subdivision (2) of this subsection, any action of any kind seeking to deannex from any city, town, or village any area annexed under this section, or seeking in any way to reverse, invalidate, set aside, or otherwise challenge such annexation or oust such city, town, or village from jurisdiction over such annexed area shall be brought within five years of the date of the adoption of the annexation ordinance.**"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Gatschenberger, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Korman offered **House Amendment No. 2.**

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 41, Page 1, Lines 2-3 in the Title, by deleting the words "private nuisance actions" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "environmental protection"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 1, Section A, Line 2, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"260.262. A person selling lead-acid batteries at retail or offering lead-acid batteries for retail sale in the state shall:

(1) Accept, at the point of transfer, in a quantity at least equal to the number of new lead-acid batteries purchased, used lead-acid batteries from customers, if offered by customers;

(2) Post written notice which must be at least four inches by six inches in size and must contain the universal recycling symbol and the following language:

(a) It is illegal to discard a motor vehicle battery or other lead-acid battery;

(b) Recycle your used batteries; and

(c) State law requires us to accept used motor vehicle batteries, or other lead-acid batteries for recycling, in exchange for new batteries purchased; and

(3) Manage used lead-acid batteries in a manner consistent with the requirements of the state hazardous waste law;

(4) Collect at the time of sale a fee of fifty cents for each lead-acid battery sold. Such fee shall be added to the total cost to the purchaser at retail after all applicable sales taxes on the battery have been computed. The fee imposed, less six percent of fees collected, which shall be retained by the seller as collection costs, shall be paid to the department of revenue in the form and manner required by the department and shall include the total number of batteries sold during the preceding month. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the fee collection and enforcement. The terms "sold at retail" and "retail sales" do not include the sale of batteries to a person solely for the purpose of resale, if the subsequent retail sale in this state is to the ultimate consumer and is subject to the fee. However, this fee shall not be paid on batteries sold for use in agricultural operations upon written certification by the purchaser; and

(5) The department of revenue shall administer, collect, and enforce the fee authorized pursuant to this section pursuant to the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the general state sales and use tax imposed pursuant to chapter 144 except as provided in this section. The proceeds of the battery fee, less four percent of the proceeds, which shall be retained by the department of revenue as collection costs, shall be transferred by the department of revenue into the hazardous waste fund, created pursuant to section 260.391. The fee created in subdivision (4) and this subdivision shall be effective October 1, 2005. The provisions of subdivision (4) and this subdivision shall terminate December 31, [2013] **2018**.

260.380. 1. After six months from the effective date of the standards, rules and regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to section 260.370, hazardous waste generators located in Missouri shall:

(1) Promptly file and maintain with the department, on registration forms it provides for this purpose, information on hazardous waste generation and management as specified by rules and regulations. Hazardous waste generators shall pay a one hundred dollar registration fee upon initial registration, and a one hundred dollar registration renewal fee annually thereafter to maintain an active registration. Such fees shall be deposited in the hazardous waste fund created in section 260.391;

(2) Containerize and label all hazardous wastes as specified by standards, rules and regulations;

(3) Segregate all hazardous wastes from all nonhazardous wastes and from noncompatible wastes, materials and other potential hazards as specified by standards, rules and regulations;

(4) Provide safe storage and handling, including spill protection, as specified by standards, rules and regulations, for all hazardous wastes from the time of their generation to the time of their removal from the site of generation;

(5) Unless provided otherwise in the rules and regulations, utilize only a hazardous waste transporter holding a license pursuant to sections 260.350 to 260.430 for the removal of all hazardous wastes from the premises where they were generated;

(6) Unless provided otherwise in the rules and regulations, provide a separate manifest to the transporter for each load of hazardous waste transported from the premises where it was generated. The generator shall specify the

destination of such load on the manifest. The manner in which the manifest shall be completed, signed and filed with the department shall be in accordance with rules and regulations;

(7) Utilize for treatment, resource recovery, disposal or storage of all hazardous wastes, only a hazardous waste facility authorized to operate pursuant to sections 260.350 to 260.430 or the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or a state hazardous waste management program authorized pursuant to the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or any facility exempted from the permit required pursuant to section 260.395;

(8) Collect and maintain such records, perform such monitoring or analyses, and submit such reports on any hazardous waste generated, its transportation and final disposition, as specified in sections 260.350 to 260.430 and rules and regulations adopted pursuant to sections 260.350 to 260.430;

(9) Make available to the department upon request samples of waste and all records relating to hazardous waste generation and management for inspection and copying and allow the department to make unhampered inspections at any reasonable time of hazardous waste generation and management facilities located on the generator's property and hazardous waste generation and management practices carried out on the generator's property;

(10) Pay annually, on or before January first of each year, effective January 1, 1982, a fee to the state of Missouri to be placed in the hazardous waste fund. The fee shall be five dollars per ton or portion thereof of hazardous waste registered with the department as specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection for the twelve-month period ending June thirtieth of the previous year. However, the fee shall not exceed fifty-two thousand dollars per generator site per year nor be less than one hundred fifty dollars per generator site per year;

(a) All moneys payable pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision shall be promptly transmitted to the department of revenue, which shall deposit the same in the state treasury to the credit of the hazardous waste fund created in section 260.391;

(b) The hazardous waste management commission shall establish and submit to the department of revenue procedures relating to the collection of the fees authorized by this subdivision. Such procedures shall include, but not be limited to, necessary records identifying the quantities of hazardous waste registered, the form and submission of reports to accompany the payment of fees, the time and manner of payment of fees, which shall not be more often than quarterly.

2. Missouri treatment, storage, or disposal facilities shall pay annually, on or before January first of each year, a fee to the department equal to two dollars per ton or portion thereof for all hazardous waste received from outside the state. This fee shall be based on the hazardous waste received for the twelve-month period ending June thirtieth of the previous year.

3. Exempted from the requirements of this section are individual householders and farmers who generate only small quantities of hazardous waste and any person the commission determines generates only small quantities of hazardous waste on an infrequent basis, except that:

(1) Householders, farmers and exempted persons shall manage all hazardous wastes they may generate in a manner so as not to adversely affect the health of humans, or pose a threat to the environment, or create a public nuisance; and

(2) The department may determine that a specific quantity of a specific hazardous waste requires special management. Upon such determination and after public notice by press release or advertisement thereof, including instructions for handling and delivery, generators exempted pursuant to this subsection shall deliver, but without a manifest or the requirement to use a licensed hazardous waste transporter, such waste to:

(a) Any storage, treatment or disposal site authorized to operate pursuant to sections 260.350 to 260.430 or the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or a state hazardous waste management program authorized pursuant to the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act which the department designates for this purpose; or

(b) A collection station or vehicle which the department may arrange for and designate for this purpose.

4. Failure to pay the fee, or any portion thereof, prescribed in this section by the due date shall result in the imposition of a penalty equal to fifteen percent of the original fee. The fee prescribed in this section shall expire December 31, [2013] **2018**, except that the department shall levy and collect this fee for any hazardous waste generated prior to such date and reported to the department.

260.475. 1. Every hazardous waste generator located in Missouri shall pay, in addition to the fees imposed in section 260.380, a fee of twenty-five dollars per ton annually on all hazardous waste which is discharged, deposited, dumped or placed into or on the soil as a final action, and two dollars per ton on all other hazardous waste transported off site. No fee shall be imposed upon any hazardous waste generator who registers less than ten tons of hazardous waste annually pursuant to section 260.380, or upon:

(1) Hazardous waste which must be disposed of as provided by a remedial plan for an abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste site;

(2) Fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste and flue gas emission control waste generated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;

(3) Solid waste from the extraction, beneficiation and processing of ores and minerals, including phosphate rock and overburden from the mining of uranium ore and smelter slag waste from the processing of materials into reclaimed metals;

(4) Cement kiln dust waste;

(5) Waste oil; or

(6) Hazardous waste that is:

(a) Reclaimed or reused for energy and materials;

(b) Transformed into new products which are not wastes;

(c) Destroyed or treated to render the hazardous waste nonhazardous; or

(d) Waste discharged to a publicly owned treatment works.

2. The fees imposed in this section shall be reported and paid to the department on an annual basis not later than the first of January. The payment shall be accompanied by a return in such form as the department may prescribe.

3. All moneys collected or received by the department pursuant to this section shall be transmitted to the department of revenue for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the hazardous waste fund created pursuant to section 260.391. Following each annual reporting date, the state treasurer shall certify the amount deposited in the fund to the commission.

4. If any generator or transporter fails or refuses to pay the fees imposed by this section, or fails or refuses to furnish any information reasonably requested by the department relating to such fees, there shall be imposed, in addition to the fee determined to be owed, a penalty of fifteen percent of the fee shall be deposited in the hazardous waste fund.

5. If the fees or any portion of the fees imposed by this section are not paid by the date prescribed for such payment, there shall be imposed interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of ten percent per annum from the date prescribed for its payment until payment is actually made, all of which shall be deposited in the hazardous waste fund.

6. The state treasurer is authorized to deposit all of the moneys in the hazardous waste fund in any of the qualified depositories of the state. All such deposits shall be secured in such a manner and shall be made upon such terms and conditions as are now or may hereafter be provided for by law relative to state deposits. Interest received on such deposits shall be credited to the hazardous waste fund.

7. This fee shall expire December 31, [2013] **2018**, except that the department shall levy and collect this fee for any hazardous waste generated prior to such date and reported to the department.

444.772. 1. Any operator desiring to engage in surface mining shall make written application to the director for a permit.

2. Application for permit shall be made on a form prescribed by the commission and shall include:

(1) The name of all persons with any interest in the land to be mined;

(2) The source of the applicant's legal right to mine the land affected by the permit;

(3) The permanent and temporary post office address of the applicant;

(4) Whether the applicant or any person associated with the applicant holds or has held any other permits pursuant to sections 444.500 to 444.790, and an identification of such permits;

(5) The written consent of the applicant and any other persons necessary to grant access to the commission or the director to the area of land affected under application from the date of application until the expiration of any permit granted under the application and thereafter for such time as is necessary to assure compliance with all provisions of sections 444.500 to 444.790 or any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to them. Permit applications submitted by operators who mine an annual tonnage of less than ten thousand tons shall be required to include written consent from the operator to grant access to the commission or the director to the area of land affected;

(6) A description of the tract or tracts of land and the estimated number of acres thereof to be affected by the surface mining of the applicant for the next succeeding twelve months; and

(7) Such other information that the commission may require as such information applies to land reclamation.

3. The application for a permit shall be accompanied by a map in a scale and form specified by the commission by regulation.

4. The application shall be accompanied by a bond, security or certificate meeting the requirements of section 444.778, a geologic resources fee authorized under section 256.700, and a permit fee approved by the commission not to exceed one thousand dollars. The commission may also require a fee for each site listed on a permit not to exceed four hundred dollars for each site. If mining operations are not conducted at a site for six months or more during any year, the fee for such site for that year shall be reduced by fifty percent. The commission may also require a fee for each acre bonded by the operator pursuant to section 444.778 not to exceed twenty dollars per acre. If such fee is assessed,

the per-acre fee on all acres bonded by a single operator that exceed a total of two hundred acres shall be reduced by fifty percent. In no case shall the total fee for any permit be more than three thousand dollars. Permit and renewal fees shall be established by rule, except for the initial fees as set forth in this subsection, and shall be set at levels that recover the cost of administering and enforcing sections 444.760 to 444.790, making allowances for grants and other sources of funds. The director shall submit a report to the commission and the public each year that describes the number of employees and the activities performed the previous calendar year to administer sections 444.760 to 444.790. For any operator of a gravel mining operation where the annual tonnage of gravel mined by such operator is less than five thousand tons, the total cost of submitting an application shall be three hundred dollars. The issued permit shall be valid from the date of its issuance until the date specified in the mine plan unless sooner revoked or suspended as provided in sections 444.760 to 444.790. Beginning August 28, 2007, the fees shall be set at a permit fee of eight hundred dollars, a site fee of four hundred dollars, and an acre fee of ten dollars, with a maximum fee of three thousand dollars. Fees may be raised as allowed in this subsection after a regulation change that demonstrates the need for increased fees.

5. An operator desiring to have his or her permit amended to cover additional land may file an amended application with the commission. Upon receipt of the amended application, and such additional fee and bond as may be required pursuant to the provisions of sections 444.760 to 444.790, the director shall, if the applicant complies with all applicable regulatory requirements, issue an amendment to the original permit covering the additional land described in the amended application.

6. An operation may withdraw any land covered by a permit, excepting affected land, by notifying the commission thereof, in which case the penalty of the bond or security filed by the operator pursuant to the provisions of sections 444.760 to 444.790 shall be reduced proportionately.

7. Where mining or reclamation operations on acreage for which a permit has been issued have not been completed, the permit shall be renewed. The operator shall submit a permit renewal form furnished by the director for an additional permit year and pay a fee equal to an application fee calculated pursuant to subsection 4 of this section, but in no case shall the renewal fee for any operator be more than three thousand dollars. For any operator involved in any gravel mining operation where the annual tonnage of gravel mined by such operator is less than five thousand tons, the permit as to such acreage shall be renewed by applying on a permit renewal form furnished by the director for an additional permit year and payment of a fee of three hundred dollars. Upon receipt of the completed permit renewal form and fee from the operator, the director shall approve the renewal. With approval of the director and operator, the permit renewal may be extended for a portion of an additional year with a corresponding prorating of the renewal fee.

8. Where one operator succeeds another at any uncompleted operation, either by sale, assignment, lease or otherwise, the commission may release the first operator from all liability pursuant to sections 444.760 to 444.790 as to that particular operation if both operators have been issued a permit and have otherwise complied with the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 and the successor operator assumes as part of his or her obligation pursuant to sections 444.760 to 444.790 all liability for the reclamation of the area of land affected by the former operator.

9. The application for a permit shall be accompanied by a plan of reclamation that meets the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, and shall contain a verified statement by the operator setting forth the proposed method of operation, reclamation, and a conservation plan for the affected area including approximate dates and time of completion, and stating that the operation will meet the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790, and any rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to them.

10. At the time that a permit application is deemed complete by the director, the operator shall publish a notice of intent to operate a surface mine in any newspaper qualified pursuant to section 493.050 to publish legal notices in any county where the land is located. If the director does not respond to a permit application within forty-five calendar days, the application shall be deemed to be complete. Notice in the newspaper shall be posted once a week for four consecutive weeks beginning no more than ten days after the application is deemed complete. The operator shall also send notice of intent to operate a surface mine by certified mail to the governing body of the counties or cities in which the proposed area is located, and to the last known addresses of all record landowners of contiguous real property or real property located adjacent to the proposed mine plan area. The notices shall include the name and address of the operator, a legal description consisting of county, section, township and range, the number of acres involved, a statement that the operator plans to mine a specified mineral during a specified time, and the address of the commission. The notices shall also contain a statement that any person with a direct, personal interest in one or more of the factors the commission may consider in issuing a permit may request a public meeting, a public hearing or file written comments to the director no later than fifteen days following the final public notice publication date.

11. The commission may approve a permit application or permit amendment whose operation or reclamation plan deviates from the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 if it can be demonstrated by the operator that the conditions present at the surface mining location warrant an exception. The criteria accepted for consideration when

evaluating the merits of an exception or variance to the requirements of sections 444.760 to 444.790 shall be established by regulations.

12. Fees imposed pursuant to this section shall become effective August 28, 2007, and shall expire on December 31, [2013] **2018**. No other provisions of this section shall expire."; and

Further amend said bill and page, Section 537.291, Line 15, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"644.054. 1. Fees imposed in sections 644.052 and 644.053 shall, except for those fees imposed pursuant to subsection 4 and subsections 6 to 13 of section 644.052, become effective October 1, 1990, and shall expire September 1, [2013] **2018**. Fees imposed pursuant to subsection 4 and subsections 6 to 13 of section 644.052 shall become effective August 28, 2000, and shall expire on September 1, [2013] **2018**. The clean water commission shall promulgate rules and regulations on the procedures for billing and collection. All sums received through the payment of fees shall be placed in the state treasury and credited to an appropriate subaccount of the natural resources protection fund created in section 640.220. Moneys in the subaccount shall be expended, upon appropriation, solely for the administration of sections 644.006 to 644.141. Fees collected pursuant to subsection 10 of section 644.052 by a city, a public sewer district, a public water district or other publicly owned treatment works are state fees. Five percent of the fee revenue collected shall be retained by the city, public sewer district, public water district or other publicly owned treatment works as reimbursement of billing and collection expenses.

2. The commission may grant a variance pursuant to section 644.061 to reduce fees collected pursuant to section 644.052 for facilities that adopt systems or technologies that reduce the discharge of water contaminants substantially below the levels required by commission rules.

3. Fees imposed in subsections 2 to 6 of section 644.052 shall be due on the date of application and on each anniversary date of permit issuance thereafter until the permit is terminated.

[4. The director of the department of natural resources shall conduct a comprehensive review of the fee structure in sections 644.052 and 644.053. The review shall include stakeholder meetings in order to solicit stakeholder input. The director shall submit a report to the general assembly by December 31, 2012, which shall include its findings and a recommended plan for the fee structure. The plan shall also include time lines for permit issuance, provisions for expedited permits, and recommendations for any other improved services provided by the fee funding.]"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Korman, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Schatz offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 41, Page 1, Section 537.291, Line 15, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"644.029. The department shall allow an appropriate schedule of compliance for a permittee to make upgrades or changes to its facilities that are necessary to meet new water quality requirements. For publicly owned treatment works, schedules of compliance shall be consistent with affordability findings made under section 644.145. For privately owned treatment works, schedules of compliance shall be negotiated with the facilities recognizing their financial capabilities and shall reflect statewide performance expectations. The department shall incorporate new water quality requirements into existing permits at the time of permit renewal unless there are compelling reasons to implement these requirements earlier through permit modifications. All new permit applicants may be required to meet any new water quality standards or classifications prescribed by the commission.

Section 1. The provisions of section 444.771 shall not apply to any business entity located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy thousand but fewer than eighty-three thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than thirteen thousand five hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand inhabitants as the county seat."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Hummel raised a point of order that **House Amendment No. 3** goes beyond the scope of the bill.

Representative Roorda raised an additional point of order that **House Amendment No. 3** is not germane.

The Chair ruled the points of order not well taken.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 103

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater
Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Hicks
Higdon	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst
Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Koenig	Kolkmeier	Korman	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall
McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp
Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth
Parkinson	Pfausch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads
Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Swan
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker		

NOES: 048

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda
Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

Curtman	Engler	Gardner	Gatschenberger	Hinson
Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	McDonald	Mims	Stream
Webber	Zerr			

On motion of Representative Schatz, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 104

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin
Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen
Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Marshall
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake	Smith 120
Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Zerr	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 049

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo
Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85
Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 010

Curtman	Gardner	Grisamore	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Love	Lynch	McCaherty	Mims	Webber

On motion of Representative Hough, **HCS SB 41, as amended**, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Hough, **HCS SB 41, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 106

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Bernskoetter
Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer
Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan
Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeier
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfausch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer
Shull	Shumake	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 043

Anders	Barnes	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
English	Englund	Frame	Hummel	Kirkton
Kratky	LaFaver	Marshall	May	Mayfield
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna	McManus	McNeil
Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Roorda	Runions	Schupp	Smith 85
Swearingen	Walton Gray	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 014

Cookson	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Gardner
Hansen	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	McCaherty	Mims
Otto	Smith 120	Webb	Webber	

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

SB 327, relating to electronic monitoring, was taken up by Representative Haahr.

Representative Cornejo offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Bill No. 327, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after said line the following:

"478.007. 1. Any circuit court, or any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants with a county municipal court established under section 66.010, may establish a docket or court to provide an alternative for the judicial system to dispose of cases in which a person has pleaded guilty to driving while intoxicated or driving with excessive blood alcohol content and:

(1) The person was operating a motor vehicle with at least fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood; or

(2) The person has previously pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of one or more intoxication-related traffic offenses as defined by section 577.023; or

(3) The person has two or more previous alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525.

2. This docket or court shall combine judicial supervision, drug testing, continuous alcohol monitoring, substance abuse traffic offender program compliance, and treatment of DWI court participants. The court may assess any and all necessary costs for participation in DWI court against the participant. Any money received from such assessed costs by a court from a defendant shall not be considered court costs, charges, or fines. This docket or court may operate in conjunction with a drug court established pursuant to sections 478.001 to 478.006.

3. If the division of probation and parole is otherwise unavailable to assist in the judicial supervision of any person who wishes to enter a DWI court, a court-approved private probation service may be utilized by the DWI court to fill the department's role. In such case, any and all necessary additional costs may be assessed against the participant. No person shall be rejected from participating in DWI court solely for the reason that the person does not reside in the city or county where the applicable DWI court is located but the DWI court can base acceptance into a treatment court program on its ability to adequately provide services for the person or handle the additional caseload."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Cornejo, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 099

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick
Funderburk	Gannon	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson
Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Marshall	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfausch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Scharnhorst	Schieber	Shull	Shumake	Smith 120

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Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Zerr	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 045

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
English	Englund	Frame	Harris	Hodges
Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McDonald	McNeil	Meredith
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp
Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Wright

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 019

Curtis	Diehl	Flanigan	Gardner	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Hoskins	Jones 50	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Lynch	McCann Beatty	McKenna	McManus
Mims	Richardson	Schatz	Webber	

On motion of Representative Haahr, **SB 327, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 154

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin
Brown	Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Cierpiot	Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson
Cornejo	Crawford	Cross	Curtis	Curtman
Davis	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn
Ellinger	Elmer	Engler	English	Englund
Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Fowler	Fraker
Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr
Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Hummel	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton
Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Kratky	LaFaver
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	Marshall	May	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Mitten
Molendorp	Montecillo	Moon	Morgan	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Parkinson	Peters
Pfausch	Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads
Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo	Roorda	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Runions	Scharnhorst	Schatz
Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull	Shumake

Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey
Walker	Walton Gray	White	Wieland	Wilson
Wood	Wright	Zerr	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Cox	Ellington	Flanigan	Gardner	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Mims	Webb	Webber	

Speaker Jones declared the bill passed.

HCS SCS SB 33, with House Amendment No. 1, pending, relating to persons with mental disabilities, was again taken up by Representative Grisamore.

House Amendment No. 1 was withdrawn.

HCS SCS SB 33 was withdrawn.

Representative Grisamore again moved for the third reading and passage of **SCS SB 33**.

Representative Hoskins again offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 3, Section 209.200, Line 20, by inserting immediately after all of said line the following:

"(f) "Professional therapy dog", a dog which is selected, trained, and tested to provide specific physical therapeutic functions, under the direction and control of a qualified handler who works with the dog as a team as a part of the handler's occupation or profession. Such dogs, with their handlers, perform such functions in institutional settings, community-based group settings, or when providing services to specific persons who have disabilities. Professional therapy dogs do not include dogs, certified or not, which are used by volunteers in visitation therapy."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Hoskins, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Molendorp offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"208.152. 1. MO HealthNet payments shall be made on behalf of those eligible needy persons as defined in section 208.151 who are unable to provide for it in whole or in part, with any payments to be made on the basis of the

reasonable cost of the care or reasonable charge for the services as defined and determined by the MO HealthNet division, unless otherwise hereinafter provided, for the following:

(1) Inpatient hospital services, except to persons in an institution for mental diseases who are under the age of sixty-five years and over the age of twenty-one years; provided that the MO HealthNet division shall provide through rule and regulation an exception process for coverage of inpatient costs in those cases requiring treatment beyond the seventy-fifth percentile professional activities study (PAS) or the MO HealthNet children's diagnosis length-of-stay schedule; and provided further that the MO HealthNet division shall take into account through its payment system for hospital services the situation of hospitals which serve a disproportionate number of low-income patients;

(2) All outpatient hospital services, payments therefor to be in amounts which represent no more than eighty percent of the lesser of reasonable costs or customary charges for such services, determined in accordance with the principles set forth in Title XVIII A and B, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301, et seq.), but the MO HealthNet division may evaluate outpatient hospital services rendered under this section and deny payment for services which are determined by the MO HealthNet division not to be medically necessary, in accordance with federal law and regulations;

(3) Laboratory and X-ray services;

(4) Nursing home services for participants, except to persons with more than five hundred thousand dollars equity in their home or except for persons in an institution for mental diseases who are under the age of sixty-five years, when residing in a hospital licensed by the department of health and senior services or a nursing home licensed by the department of health and senior services or appropriate licensing authority of other states or government-owned and -operated institutions which are determined to conform to standards equivalent to licensing requirements in Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301, et seq.), as amended, for nursing facilities. The MO HealthNet division may recognize through its payment methodology for nursing facilities those nursing facilities which serve a high volume of MO HealthNet patients. The MO HealthNet division when determining the amount of the benefit payments to be made on behalf of persons under the age of twenty-one in a nursing facility may consider nursing facilities furnishing care to persons under the age of twenty-one as a classification separate from other nursing facilities;

(5) Nursing home costs for participants receiving benefit payments under subdivision (4) of this subsection for those days, which shall not exceed twelve per any period of six consecutive months, during which the participant is on a temporary leave of absence from the hospital or nursing home, provided that no such participant shall be allowed a temporary leave of absence unless it is specifically provided for in his plan of care. As used in this subdivision, the term "temporary leave of absence" shall include all periods of time during which a participant is away from the hospital or nursing home overnight because he is visiting a friend or relative;

(6) Physicians' services, whether furnished in the office, home, hospital, nursing home, or elsewhere;

(7) Drugs and medicines when prescribed by a licensed physician, dentist, or podiatrist; except that no payment for drugs and medicines prescribed on and after January 1, 2006, by a licensed physician, dentist, or podiatrist may be made on behalf of any person who qualifies for prescription drug coverage under the provisions of P.L. 108-173;

(8) Emergency ambulance services and, effective January 1, 1990, medically necessary transportation to scheduled, physician-prescribed nonelective treatments;

(9) Early and periodic screening and diagnosis of individuals who are under the age of twenty-one to ascertain their physical or mental defects, and health care, treatment, and other measures to correct or ameliorate defects and chronic conditions discovered thereby. Such services shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Section 6403 of P.L. 101-239 and federal regulations promulgated thereunder;

(10) Home health care services;

(11) Family planning as defined by federal rules and regulations; provided, however, that such family planning services shall not include abortions unless such abortions are certified in writing by a physician to the MO HealthNet agency that, in his professional judgment, the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term;

(12) Inpatient psychiatric hospital services for individuals under age twenty-one as defined in Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d, et seq.);

(13) Outpatient surgical procedures, including presurgical diagnostic services performed in ambulatory surgical facilities which are licensed by the department of health and senior services of the state of Missouri; except, that such outpatient surgical services shall not include persons who are eligible for coverage under Part B of Title XVIII, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, as amended, if exclusion of such persons is permitted under Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, as amended;

(14) Personal care services which are medically oriented tasks having to do with a person's physical requirements, as opposed to housekeeping requirements, which enable a person to be treated by his physician on an outpatient rather than on an inpatient or residential basis in a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility. Personal care services shall be rendered by an individual not a member of the participant's family who is

qualified to provide such services where the services are prescribed by a physician in accordance with a plan of treatment and are supervised by a licensed nurse. Persons eligible to receive personal care services shall be those persons who would otherwise require placement in a hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing facility. Benefits payable for personal care services shall not exceed for any one participant one hundred percent of the average statewide charge for care and treatment in an intermediate care facility for a comparable period of time. Such services, when delivered in a residential care facility or assisted living facility licensed under chapter 198 shall be authorized on a tier level based on the services the resident requires and the frequency of the services. A resident of such facility who qualifies for assistance under section 208.030 shall, at a minimum, if prescribed by a physician, qualify for the tier level with the fewest services. The rate paid to providers for each tier of service shall be set subject to appropriations. Subject to appropriations, each resident of such facility who qualifies for assistance under section 208.030 and meets the level of care required in this section shall, at a minimum, if prescribed by a physician, be authorized up to one hour of personal care services per day. Authorized units of personal care services shall not be reduced or tier level lowered unless an order approving such reduction or lowering is obtained from the resident's personal physician. Such authorized units of personal care services or tier level shall be transferred with such resident if her or she transfers to another such facility. Such provision shall terminate upon receipt of relevant waivers from the federal Department of Health and Human Services. If the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services determines that such provision does not comply with the state plan, this provision shall be null and void. The MO HealthNet division shall notify the revisor of statutes as to whether the relevant waivers are approved or a determination of noncompliance is made;

(15) Mental health services. The state plan for providing medical assistance under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended, shall include the following mental health services when such services are provided by community mental health facilities operated by the department of mental health or designated by the department of mental health as a community mental health facility or as an alcohol and drug abuse facility or as a child-serving agency within the comprehensive children's mental health service system established in section 630.097. The department of mental health shall establish by administrative rule the definition and criteria for designation as a community mental health facility and for designation as an alcohol and drug abuse facility. Such mental health services shall include:

(a) Outpatient mental health services including preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, and palliative interventions rendered to individuals in an individual or group setting by a mental health professional in accordance with a plan of treatment appropriately established, implemented, monitored, and revised under the auspices of a therapeutic team as a part of client services management;

(b) Clinic mental health services including preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, and palliative interventions rendered to individuals in an individual or group setting by a mental health professional in accordance with a plan of treatment appropriately established, implemented, monitored, and revised under the auspices of a therapeutic team as a part of client services management;

(c) Rehabilitative mental health and alcohol and drug abuse services including home and community-based preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, and palliative interventions rendered to individuals in an individual or group setting by a mental health or alcohol and drug abuse professional in accordance with a plan of treatment appropriately established, implemented, monitored, and revised under the auspices of a therapeutic team as a part of client services management. As used in this section, mental health professional and alcohol and drug abuse professional shall be defined by the department of mental health pursuant to duly promulgated rules. With respect to services established by this subdivision, the department of social services, MO HealthNet division, shall enter into an agreement with the department of mental health. Matching funds for outpatient mental health services, clinic mental health services, and rehabilitation services for mental health and alcohol and drug abuse shall be certified by the department of mental health to the MO HealthNet division. The agreement shall establish a mechanism for the joint implementation of the provisions of this subdivision. In addition, the agreement shall establish a mechanism by which rates for services may be jointly developed;

(16) Such additional services as defined by the MO HealthNet division to be furnished under waivers of federal statutory requirements as provided for and authorized by the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301, et seq.) subject to appropriation by the general assembly;

(17) Beginning July 1, 1990, the services of a certified pediatric or family nursing practitioner with a collaborative practice agreement to the extent that such services are provided in accordance with chapters 334 and 335, and regulations promulgated thereunder;

(18) Nursing home costs for participants receiving benefit payments under subdivision (4) of this subsection to reserve a bed for the participant in the nursing home during the time that the participant is absent due to admission to a hospital for services which cannot be performed on an outpatient basis, subject to the provisions of this subdivision:

(a) The provisions of this subdivision shall apply only if:

a. The occupancy rate of the nursing home is at or above ninety-seven percent of MO HealthNet certified licensed beds, according to the most recent quarterly census provided to the department of health and senior services which was taken prior to when the participant is admitted to the hospital; and

b. The patient is admitted to a hospital for a medical condition with an anticipated stay of three days or less;

(b) The payment to be made under this subdivision shall be provided for a maximum of three days per hospital stay;

(c) For each day that nursing home costs are paid on behalf of a participant under this subdivision during any period of six consecutive months such participant shall, during the same period of six consecutive months, be ineligible for payment of nursing home costs of two otherwise available temporary leave of absence days provided under subdivision (5) of this subsection; and

(d) The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply unless the nursing home receives notice from the participant or the participant's responsible party that the participant intends to return to the nursing home following the hospital stay. If the nursing home receives such notification and all other provisions of this subsection have been satisfied, the nursing home shall provide notice to the participant or the participant's responsible party prior to release of the reserved bed;

(19) Prescribed medically necessary durable medical equipment. An electronic web-based prior authorization system using best medical evidence and care and treatment guidelines consistent with national standards shall be used to verify medical need;

(20) Hospice care. As used in this subdivision, the term "hospice care" means a coordinated program of active professional medical attention within a home, outpatient and inpatient care which treats the terminally ill patient and family as a unit, employing a medically directed interdisciplinary team. The program provides relief of severe pain or other physical symptoms and supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of physical, psychological, spiritual, social, and economic stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness, and during dying and bereavement and meets the Medicare requirements for participation as a hospice as are provided in 42 CFR Part 418. The rate of reimbursement paid by the MO HealthNet division to the hospice provider for room and board furnished by a nursing home to an eligible hospice patient shall not be less than ninety-five percent of the rate of reimbursement which would have been paid for facility services in that nursing home facility for that patient, in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 6408 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989);

(21) Prescribed medically necessary dental services. Such services shall be subject to appropriations. An electronic web-based prior authorization system using best medical evidence and care and treatment guidelines consistent with national standards shall be used to verify medical need;

(22) Prescribed medically necessary optometric services. Such services shall be subject to appropriations. An electronic web-based prior authorization system using best medical evidence and care and treatment guidelines consistent with national standards shall be used to verify medical need;

(23) Blood clotting products-related services. For persons diagnosed with a bleeding disorder, as defined in section 338.400, reliant on blood clotting products, as defined in section 338.400, such services include:

(a) Home delivery of blood clotting products and ancillary infusion equipment and supplies, including the emergency deliveries of the product when medically necessary;

(b) Medically necessary ancillary infusion equipment and supplies required to administer the blood clotting products; and

(c) Assessments conducted in the participant's home by a pharmacist, nurse, or local home health care agency trained in bleeding disorders when deemed necessary by the participant's treating physician;

(24) The MO HealthNet division shall, by January 1, 2008, and annually thereafter, report the status of MO HealthNet provider reimbursement rates as compared to one hundred percent of the Medicare reimbursement rates and compared to the average dental reimbursement rates paid by third-party payors licensed by the state. The MO HealthNet division shall, by July 1, 2008, provide to the general assembly a four-year plan to achieve parity with Medicare reimbursement rates and for third-party payor average dental reimbursement rates. Such plan shall be subject to appropriation and the division shall include in its annual budget request to the governor the necessary funding needed to complete the four-year plan developed under this subdivision.

2. Additional benefit payments for medical assistance shall be made on behalf of those eligible needy children, pregnant women and blind persons with any payments to be made on the basis of the reasonable cost of the care or reasonable charge for the services as defined and determined by the division of medical services, unless otherwise hereinafter provided, for the following:

(1) Dental services;

(2) Services of podiatrists as defined in section 330.010;

(3) Optometric services as defined in section 336.010;

(4) Orthopedic devices or other prosthetics, including eye glasses, dentures, hearing aids, and wheelchairs;

(5) Hospice care. As used in this [subsection] **subdivision**, the term "hospice care" means a coordinated program of active professional medical attention within a home, outpatient and inpatient care which treats the terminally ill patient and family as a unit, employing a medically directed interdisciplinary team. The program provides relief of severe pain or other physical symptoms and supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of physical, psychological, spiritual, social, and economic stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness, and during dying and bereavement and meets the Medicare requirements for participation as a hospice as are provided in 42 CFR Part 418. The rate of reimbursement paid by the MO HealthNet division to the hospice provider for room and board furnished by a nursing home to an eligible hospice patient shall not be less than ninety-five percent of the rate of reimbursement which would have been paid for facility services in that nursing home facility for that patient, in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 6408 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989);

(6) Comprehensive day rehabilitation services beginning early posttrauma as part of a coordinated system of care for individuals with disabling impairments. Rehabilitation services must be based on an individualized, goal-oriented, comprehensive and coordinated treatment plan developed, implemented, and monitored through an interdisciplinary assessment designed to restore an individual to optimal level of physical, cognitive, and behavioral function. The MO HealthNet division shall establish by administrative rule the definition and criteria for designation of a comprehensive day rehabilitation service facility, benefit limitations and payment mechanism. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this subdivision shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2005, shall be invalid and void.

3. The MO HealthNet division may require any participant receiving MO HealthNet benefits to pay part of the charge or cost until July 1, 2008, and an additional payment after July 1, 2008, as defined by rule duly promulgated by the MO HealthNet division, for all covered services except for those services covered under subdivisions (14) and (15) of subsection 1 of this section and sections 208.631 to 208.657 to the extent and in the manner authorized by Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq.) and regulations thereunder. When substitution of a generic drug is permitted by the prescriber according to section 338.056, and a generic drug is substituted for a name-brand drug, the MO HealthNet division may not lower or delete the requirement to make a co-payment pursuant to regulations of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act. A provider of goods or services described under this section must collect from all participants the additional payment that may be required by the MO HealthNet division under authority granted herein, if the division exercises that authority, to remain eligible as a provider. Any payments made by participants under this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu of payments made by the state for goods or services described herein except the participant portion of the pharmacy professional dispensing fee shall be in addition to and not in lieu of payments to pharmacists. A provider may collect the co-payment at the time a service is provided or at a later date. A provider shall not refuse to provide a service if a participant is unable to pay a required payment. If it is the routine business practice of a provider to terminate future services to an individual with an unclaimed debt, the provider may include uncollected co-payments under this practice. Providers who elect not to undertake the provision of services based on a history of bad debt shall give participants advance notice and a reasonable opportunity for payment. A provider, representative, employee, independent contractor, or agent of a pharmaceutical manufacturer shall not make co-payment for a participant. This subsection shall not apply to other qualified children, pregnant women, or blind persons. If the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services does not approve the [Missouri] MO HealthNet state plan amendment submitted by the department of social services that would allow a provider to deny future services to an individual with uncollected co-payments, the denial of services shall not be allowed. The department of social services shall inform providers regarding the acceptability of denying services as the result of unpaid co-payments.

4. The MO HealthNet division shall have the right to collect medication samples from participants in order to maintain program integrity.

5. Reimbursement for obstetrical and pediatric services under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section shall be timely and sufficient to enlist enough health care providers so that care and services are available under the state plan for MO HealthNet benefits at least to the extent that such care and services are available to the general population in the geographic area, as required under subparagraph (a)(30)(A) of 42 U.S.C. 1396a and federal regulations promulgated thereunder.

6. Beginning July 1, 1990, reimbursement for services rendered in federally funded health centers shall be in accordance with the provisions of subsection 6402(c) and Section 6404 of P.L. 101-239 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989) and federal regulations promulgated thereunder.

7. Beginning July 1, 1990, the department of social services shall provide notification and referral of children below age five, and pregnant, breast-feeding, or postpartum women who are determined to be eligible for MO HealthNet benefits under section 208.151 to the special supplemental food programs for women, infants and children administered by the department of health and senior services. Such notification and referral shall conform to the requirements of Section 6406 of P.L. 101-239 and regulations promulgated thereunder.

8. Providers of long-term care services shall be reimbursed for their costs in accordance with the provisions of Section 1902 (a)(13)(A) of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396a, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder.

9. Reimbursement rates to long-term care providers with respect to a total change in ownership, at arm's length, for any facility previously licensed and certified for participation in the MO HealthNet program shall not increase payments in excess of the increase that would result from the application of Section 1902 (a)(13)(C) of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396a (a)(13)(C).

10. The MO HealthNet division, may enroll qualified residential care facilities and assisted living facilities, as defined in chapter 198, as MO HealthNet personal care providers.

11. Any income earned by individuals eligible for certified extended employment at a sheltered workshop under chapter 178 shall not be considered as income for purposes of determining eligibility under this section.

12. Beginning July 1, 2013, and subject to appropriations, providers of behavioral, social, and psychophysiological services for the prevention, treatment, or management of physical health problems shall be reimbursed utilizing the behavior assessment and intervention reimbursement codes 96150 to 96154, or their successor codes, under the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) coding system. Providers eligible for such reimbursement shall include psychologists."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 209.200, Line 23, by inserting after all of said section and line, the following:

"Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to ensure adequate provision of behavior assessment and intervention services under the MO HealthNet program, section 208.152 of section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section 208.152 of section A of this act shall be in full force and effect July 1, 2013, or upon its passage and approval, whichever later occurs."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Molendorp, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Kirkton offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"9.149. December fourth shall be designated as "PKS Day" in Missouri. Pallister-Killian Mosaic Syndrome, commonly known as Pallister-Killian Syndrome or PKS, is a disorder usually caused by the presence of an abnormal extra chromosome and is characterized by vision and hearing impairments, seizure disorders, and early childhood, intellectual disability, distinctive facial features, sparse hair, areas of unusual skin coloring, weak muscle tone, and other birth defects. It is recommended to the people of the state that this day be appropriately observed by participating in awareness and educational activities on the symptoms and impact of Pallister-Killian Syndrome and to support programs of research, education, and community service."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Kirkton, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Funderburk assumed the Chair.

Representative Hough offered **House Amendment No. 4.**

House Amendment No. 4

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"208.895. 1. Upon **the** receipt of a [properly completed] referral **for service** for MO HealthNet-funded home- and community-based care [containing a nurse assessment] **or a** physician's order, the department of health and senior services [may] **shall**:

(1) [Review the recommendations regarding services and] Process the referral within fifteen business days;
 (2) [Issue a prior-authorization for home and community-based services when information contained in the referral is sufficient to establish eligibility for MO HealthNet-funded long-term care and determine the level of service need as required under state and federal regulations;

(3)] Arrange for the provision of services by [an in-home] **a home- and community-based** provider;

[(4) Reimburse the in-home provider for one nurse visit to conduct an assessment and recommendation for a care plan and, where necessary based on case circumstances, a second nurse visit may be authorized to gather additional information or documentation necessary to constitute a completed referral;

(5) Notify the referring entity upon the authorization of MO HealthNet eligibility and provide MO HealthNet reimbursement for personal care benefits effective the date of the assessment or physician's order, and MO HealthNet reimbursement for waiver services effective the date the state reviews and approves the care plan;

(6)] **(3)** Notify the referring entity within five business days of receiving the referral if additional information is required to process the referral; [and

(7) Inform the provider and contact the individual when information is insufficient or the proposed care plan requires additional evaluation by state staff that is not obtained from the referring entity to schedule an in-home assessment to be conducted by the state staff within thirty days]

(4) Inform the applicant of:

(a) The full range of available MO HealthNet home- and community-based services, including, but not limited to, adult day care services, home-delivered meals, and the benefits of self-direction and agency model services;

(b) The choice of home- and community-based service providers in the applicant's area, and that some providers conduct their own assessments, but that choosing a provider who does not conduct assessments will not delay delivery of services; and

(c) The option to choose more than one home- and community-based service provider to deliver or facilitate the services the applicant is qualified to receive;

(5) Prioritize the referrals received, giving the highest priority to referrals for high-risk individuals, followed by individuals who are alleged to be victims of abuse or neglect as a result of an investigation initiated from the elder abuse and neglect hotline, and then followed by individuals who have not selected a provider or who have selected a provider that does not conduct assessments; and

(6) Notify the referring entity and the applicant within ten business days of receiving the referral if it has not scheduled the assessment.

2. **If the department of health and senior services [may contract for initial home- and community-based assessments, including a care plan, through an independent third-party assessor. The contract] has not complied with subsection 1 of this section, a provider has the option of completing an assessment and care plan recommendation. At such time that the department approves or modifies the assessment and care plan, the care plan shall become effective; such approval or modification shall occur within five business days after receipt of the assessment and care plan from the provider. If such approval, modification, or denial by the department does not occur within five business days, the provider's care plan shall be approved and payment shall begin no later than five business days after receipt of the assessment and care plan from the provider. The department shall [include a requirement that:**

(1) Within fifteen days of receipt of a referral for service, the contractor shall have made a face-to-face assessment of care need and developed a plan of care; and

(2) The contractor] notify the referring entity [within five days] **or individual** of receipt of referral if additional information is needed to process the referral. [The contract shall also include the same requirements for such assessments as of January 1, 2010, related to timeliness of assessments and the beginning of service. The contract shall be bid under chapter 34 and shall not be a risk-based contract.]

3. The two nurse visits authorized by subsection 16 of section 660.300 shall continue to be performed by home- and community-based **service** providers for including, but not limited to, reassessment and level of care recommendations. [These reassessments and care plan changes shall be reviewed and approved by the independent third-party assessor. In the event of dispute over the level of care required, the third-party assessor shall conduct a face-to-face review with the client in question.]

4. [The provisions of this section shall expire August 28, 2013] **At such time that the department approves or modifies the assessment and care plan, the latest approved care plan shall become effective.**

5. **The department's auditing of home- and community-based service providers shall include a review of the client plan of care and provider assessments, and choice and communication of home- and community-based service provider service options to individuals seeking MO HealthNet services. Such auditing shall be conducted utilizing a statistically valid sample. The department shall also make publicly available a review of its process for informing participants of service options within MO HealthNet home- and community-based service provider services and information on referrals.**

6. **For purposes of this section:**

(1) **"Assessment" means a face-to-face determination that a MO HealthNet participant is eligible for home- and community-based services and:**

(a) **Is conducted by an assessor trained to perform home- and community-based care assessments;**

(b) **Uses forms provided by the department;**

(c) **Includes unbiased descriptions of each available service within home- and community-based services with a clear person-centered explanation of the benefits of each home- and community-based service, whether the applicant qualifies for more than one service and ability to choose more than one provider to deliver or facilitate services; and**

(d) **Informs the applicant, either by the department or the provider conducting the assessment, that choosing a provider or multiple providers that do not conduct their own assessments will in no way affect the quality of service or the timeliness of the applicant's assessment and authorization process;**

(2) **A "referral" shall contain basic information adequate for the department to contact the client or person needing service. At a minimum, the referral shall contain:**

(a) **The stated need for MO HealthNet home- and community-based services;**

(b) **The name, date of birth, and Social Security number of the client or person needing service, or the client's or person's MO HealthNet number; and**

(c) **The physical address and phone number of the client or person needing services.**

Additional information which may assist the department may also be submitted.

7. **The department shall:**

(1) **Develop an automated electronic assessment care plan tool to be used by providers; and**

(2) **Make recommendations to the general assembly by January 1, 2014, for the implementation of the automated electronic assessment care plan tool.**

8. **At the end of the first year of this plan being in effect, the department of health and senior services shall prepare a report for the appropriation committee for health, mental health and social services or a committee appointed by the speaker to review the following:**

(1) **How well the department is doing on meeting the fifteen-day requirement;**

(2) **The process the department used to approve the assessors;**

(3) **Financial data on the cost of the program prior to and after enactment of this section;**

(4) **Any audit information available on assessments performed outside the department; and**

(5) **The department's staffing policies implemented to meet the fifteen-day assessment requirement.**

208.960. Health care professionals licensed under chapter 331 shall be reimbursed under the MO HealthNet program for providing services currently covered under section 208.152 and within the scope of practice under section 331.010."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 209.200, Line 23, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"660.315. 1. After an investigation and a determination has been made to place a person's name on the employee disqualification list, that person shall be notified in writing mailed to his or her last known address that:

(1) An allegation has been made against the person, the substance of the allegation and that an investigation has been conducted which tends to substantiate the allegation;

(2) The person's name will be included in the employee disqualification list of the department;

(3) The consequences of being so listed including the length of time to be listed; and

(4) The person's rights and the procedure to challenge the allegation.

2. If no reply has been received within thirty days of mailing the notice, the department may include the name of such person on its list. The length of time the person's name shall appear on the employee disqualification list shall be determined by the director or the director's designee, based upon the criteria contained in subsection 9 of this section.

3. If the person so notified wishes to challenge the allegation, such person may file an application for a hearing with the department. The department shall grant the application within thirty days after receipt by the department and set the matter for hearing, or the department shall notify the applicant that, after review, the allegation has been held to be unfounded and the applicant's name will not be listed.

4. If a person's name is included on the employee disqualification list without the department providing notice as required under subsection 1 of this section, such person may file a request with the department for removal of the name or for a hearing. Within thirty days after receipt of the request, the department shall either remove the name from the list or grant a hearing and set a date therefor.

5. Any hearing shall be conducted in the county of the person's residence by the director of the department or the director's designee. The provisions of chapter 536 for a contested case except those provisions or amendments which are in conflict with this section shall apply to and govern the proceedings contained in this section and the rights and duties of the parties involved. The person appealing such an action shall be entitled to present evidence, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, relevant to the allegations.

6. Upon the record made at the hearing, the director of the department or the director's designee shall determine all questions presented and shall determine whether the person shall be listed on the employee disqualification list. The director of the department or the director's designee shall clearly state the reasons for his or her decision and shall include a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law pertinent to the questions in issue.

7. A person aggrieved by the decision following the hearing shall be informed of his or her right to seek judicial review as provided under chapter 536. If the person fails to appeal the director's findings, those findings shall constitute a final determination that the person shall be placed on the employee disqualification list.

8. A decision by the director shall be inadmissible in any civil action brought against a facility or the in-home services provider agency and arising out of the facts and circumstances which brought about the employment disqualification proceeding, unless the civil action is brought against the facility or the in-home services provider agency by the department of health and senior services or one of its divisions.

9. The length of time the person's name shall appear on the employee disqualification list shall be determined by the director of the department of health and senior services or the director's designee, based upon the following:

(1) Whether the person acted recklessly or knowingly, as defined in chapter 562;

(2) The degree of the physical, sexual, or emotional injury or harm; or the degree of the imminent danger to the health, safety or welfare of a resident or in-home services client;

(3) The degree of misappropriation of the property or funds, or falsification of any documents for service delivery of an in-home services client;

(4) Whether the person has previously been listed on the employee disqualification list;

(5) Any mitigating circumstances;

(6) Any aggravating circumstances; and

(7) Whether alternative sanctions resulting in conditions of continued employment are appropriate in lieu of placing a person's name on the employee disqualification list. Such conditions of employment may include, but are not limited to, additional training and employee counseling. Conditional employment shall terminate upon the expiration of the designated length of time and the person's submitting documentation which fulfills the department of health and senior services' requirements.

10. The removal of any person's name from the list under this section shall not prevent the director from keeping records of all acts finally determined to have occurred under this section.

11. The department shall provide the list maintained pursuant to this section to other state departments upon request and to any person, corporation, organization, or association who:

(1) Is licensed as an operator under chapter 198;

(2) Provides in-home services under contract with the department;
 (3) Employs nurses and nursing assistants for temporary or intermittent placement in health care facilities;
 (4) Is approved by the department to issue certificates for nursing assistants training;
 (5) Is an entity licensed under chapter 197;
 (6) Is a recognized school of nursing, medicine, or other health profession for the purpose of determining whether students scheduled to participate in clinical rotations with entities described in subdivision (1), (2), or (5) of this subsection are included in the employee disqualification list; or

(7) Is a consumer reporting agency regulated by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act that conducts employee background checks on behalf of entities listed in subdivisions (1), (2), (5), or (6) of this subsection. Such a consumer reporting agency shall conduct the employee disqualification list check only upon the initiative or request of an entity described in subdivisions (1), (2), (5), or (6) of this subsection when the entity is fulfilling its duties required under this section. The information shall be disclosed only to the requesting entity.

The department shall inform any person listed above who inquires of the department whether or not a particular name is on the list. The department may require that the request be made in writing. No person, corporation, organization, or association who is entitled to access the employee disqualification list may disclose the information to any person, corporation, organization, or association who is not entitled to access the list. Any person, corporation, organization, or association who is entitled to access the employee disqualification list who discloses the information to any person, corporation, organization, or association who is not entitled to access the list shall be guilty of an infraction.

12. No person, corporation, organization, or association who received the employee disqualification list under subdivisions (1) to (7) of subsection 11 of this section shall knowingly employ any person who is on the employee disqualification list. Any person, corporation, organization, or association who received the employee disqualification list under subdivisions (1) to (7) of subsection 11 of this section, or any person responsible for providing health care service, who declines to employ or terminates a person whose name is listed in this section shall be immune from suit by that person or anyone else acting for or in behalf of that person for the failure to employ or for the termination of the person whose name is listed on the employee disqualification list.

13. Any employer [who is] **or vendor as defined in sections 197.250, 197.400, 198.006, 208.900, or 660.250** required to [discharge an employee because the employee was placed on a disqualification list maintained by the department of health and senior services after the date of hire] **deny employment to an applicant or to discharge an employee, provisional or otherwise, as a result of information obtained through any portion of the background screening and employment eligibility determination process under section 210.903, or subsequent, periodic screenings, shall not be liable in any action brought by the applicant or employee relating to discharge where the employer is required by law to terminate the employee, provisional or otherwise, and** shall not be charged for unemployment insurance benefits based on wages paid to the employee for work prior to the date of discharge, pursuant to section 288.100[.], **if the employer terminated the employee because the employee:**

- (1) Has been found guilty, pled guilty or nolo contendere in this state or any other state of a crime as listed in subsection 6 of section 660.317;**
- (2) Was placed on the employee disqualification list under this section after the date of hire;**
- (3) Was placed on the employee disqualification registry maintained by the department of mental health after the date of hire;**
- (4) Has a disqualifying finding under this section, section 660.317, or is on any of the background check lists in the family care safety registry under sections 210.900 to 210.936; or**
- (5) Was denied a good cause waiver as provided for in subsection 10 of section 660.317.**

The benefits paid to the employee shall not be attributable to service in the employ of the employer required to discharge an employee under the provisions of this subdivision and shall be deemed as such under the unemployment compensation laws of this state.

14. Any person who has been listed on the employee disqualification list may request that the director remove his or her name from the employee disqualification list. The request shall be written and may not be made more than once every twelve months. The request will be granted by the director upon a clear showing, by written submission only, that the person will not commit additional acts of abuse, neglect, misappropriation of the property or funds, or the falsification of any documents of service delivery to an in-home services client. The director may make conditional the removal of a person's name from the list on any terms that the director deems appropriate, and failure to comply with such terms may result in the person's name being relisted. The director's determination of whether to remove the person's name from the list is not subject to appeal."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 102

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Ellington
Elmer	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan
Fowler	Fraker	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haahr	Haefner	Hampton	Hansen	Higdon
Hinson	Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall	McCaherty
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake	Smith 120
Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Swan	Thomson
Torpey	Walker	White	Wieland	Wilson
Wood	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 047

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
English	Englund	Frame	Harris	Hodges
Hubbard	Hummel	Kratky	LaFaver	May
Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan
Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace
Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Roorda	Runions
Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray
Webb	Wright			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 014

Conway 104	Cookson	Davis	Engler	Gardner
Hicks	Hoskins	Kelly 45	Kirkton	Lichtenegger
Mims	Stream	Webber	Zerr	

On motion of Representative Hough, **House Amendment No. 4** was adopted.

Representative Lauer offered **House Amendment No. 5**.

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"34.470. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) "Direct labor", all work performed to fulfill a contract under the provisions of this section, excluding supervision and administration;

(2) "Qualifying disability", a significant mental or physical impairment, including blindness, that impedes a person who is seeking, entering, or maintaining gainful employment. Such significant disability shall be certified by the division of vocational rehabilitation within the department of elementary and secondary education; the Social Security Administration Title 42, Section 423 of the United States Code; the Social Security Administration Title 42, Section 416(i)(1)(B) of the United States Code; or a person eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities of the department of mental health;

(3) "Qualifying vendor":

(a) A person with a qualifying disability;

(b) A business or entity, whether for profit or nonprofit, that employs individuals with a qualifying disability, provided such individuals perform at least seventy-five percent of the direct labor hours required to fulfill a state contract for goods or services; or

(c) Any nonprofit agency serving people with significant disabilities that meets the eligibility criteria to participate in the federal AbilityOne program, or its successor program, as described in 41 U.S.C. Section 46-48c.

2. The broad purpose of this legislation is to provide persons with a qualifying disability access to job opportunities in the private sector competitive job market and additional job opportunities for individuals who choose facility-based employment in their community. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, the division of purchasing within the office of administration shall set a goal of procuring at least three percent of goods and services from qualifying vendors. The division shall develop and maintain a list of goods and services that are available from qualifying vendors and which such division determines are suitable for procurement from qualifying vendors by departments of the state, approve prices for goods and services identified under this section, review bids received by qualifying vendors, and award and renew contracts for the purchase of goods and services under this section without competitive bidding. Such procurement list, and revision thereof, shall be submitted to the board for approval and, upon approval, be distributed to all purchasing officers of the state, its departments and all political subdivisions. All products or services offered for purchase to a state department or a political subdivision by a qualifying vendor shall have significant value added by blind or significantly disabled persons as determined by the office of administration. Suspected violations of the eligibility criteria for a qualifying vendor may be reported to and shall be investigated by the department of labor and industrial relations.

3. Individuals with a qualifying disability shall be paid at least minimum wage for direct labor hours performed in fulfillment of any contract awarded under the provisions of this section.

4. The amount of goods and services that may be purchased in accordance with this section shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars.

5. It shall be the duty of the office of administration to determine the fair market price of all products and services offered for sale to the various departments of the state by qualifying vendors. The fair market price shall be competitive with the cost of procuring the goods or services from another source; shall, at a minimum, recover for the qualifying vendor the cost of raw materials, labor, overhead, and delivery; and shall be revised from time to time in accordance with changing cost factors. The office of administration may make such rules and regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of this section including specifications, time of delivery, assignment of products and services to be supplied by qualifying vendors, and other relevant matters of procedure. After a contract has been awarded, all state departments as defined in section 34.010 shall purchase the products and services on the procurement list as determined by the office of administration in accordance with this section. The office of administration may authorize the purchase of products and services from other sources when requisitions cannot reasonably be fulfilled by a qualifying vendor.

6. In assessing the suitability of any potential addition to the procurement list, the office of administration shall consider the interest of small businesses and businesses owned by disadvantaged persons by determining whether the addition would have a severe adverse impact on the current contractor for the commodity or service. Generally, an impact up to fifteen percent of the total revenue of the contractor would not be deemed severe.

However, in deciding whether a proposed addition to the procurement list would have a severe adverse impact on the current contractor, the office of administration shall consider:

(1) Financial and employment information provided by the current contractor regarding the impact on the contractor's sales;

(2) Whether the contractor has been a consistent supplier of the commodity or service and, therefore, more dependent on such sales; and

(3) Any other factor the office of administration deems relevant.

7. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all departments shall purchase goods and services produced by a qualifying vendor if:

(1) The goods or services offered for sale by a qualifying vendor reasonably conform to the needs and specifications of the department; and

(2) The qualifying vendor can supply the goods or services within a reasonable time.

8. In furtherance of this act, the Governor may elect to appoint a committee of no fewer than five senior state agency procurement officials, at least one representative of a qualified nonprofit agency for the blind, and one representative of a qualified nonprofit agency for the significantly disabled, and one private citizen to collaborate to further the Act. Such committee will be unpaid, not require appropriation, and would serve in an advisory capacity only."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Lauer, **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Roorda offered **House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 33, Page 3, Section 209.200, Line 23, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"210.116. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no child who is or is suspected to be the victim of abuse and neglect shall be denied access to mental health care and treatment, regardless of the person or entity responsible for the child's care, custody, and control.

210.160. 1. In every case involving an abused or neglected child which results in a judicial proceeding, the judge shall appoint a guardian ad litem to appear for and represent:

(1) A child who is the subject of proceedings pursuant to sections 210.110 to 210.165, sections 210.700 to 210.760, sections 211.442 to 211.487, RSMo, or sections 453.005 to 453.170, RSMo, or proceedings to determine custody or visitation rights under sections 452.375 to 452.410, RSMo; or

(2) A parent who is a minor, or who is a mentally ill person or otherwise incompetent, and whose child is the subject of proceedings under sections 210.110 to 210.165, sections 210.700 to 210.760, sections 211.442 to 211.487, RSMo, or sections 453.005 to 453.170, RSMo.

2. The guardian ad litem shall be provided with all reports relevant to the case made to or by any agency or person, shall have access to all records of such agencies or persons relating to the child or such child's family members or placements of the child, and upon appointment by the court to a case, shall be informed of and have the right to attend any and all family support team meetings involving the child. Employees of the division, officers of the court, and employees of any agency involved shall fully inform the guardian ad litem of all aspects of the case of which they have knowledge or belief.

3. The appointing judge shall require the guardian ad litem to faithfully discharge such guardian ad litem's duties, and upon failure to do so shall discharge such guardian ad litem and appoint another. The appointing judge shall have the authority to examine the general and criminal background of persons appointed as guardians ad litem, including utilization of the family care safety registry and access line pursuant to sections 210.900 to 210.937, to ensure the safety and welfare of the children such persons are appointed to represent. The judge in making appointments pursuant to this section shall give preference to persons who served as guardian ad litem for the child in the earlier proceeding, unless there is a reason on the record for not giving such preference.

4. The guardian ad litem may be awarded a reasonable fee for such services to be set by the court. The court, in its discretion, may award such fees as a judgment to be paid by any party to the proceedings or from public funds. However, no fees as a judgment shall be taxed against a party or parties who have not been found to have abused or neglected a child or children. Such an award of guardian fees shall constitute a final judgment in favor of the guardian ad litem. Such final judgment shall be enforceable against the parties in accordance with chapter 513, RSMo.

5. The court may designate volunteer advocates, who may or may not be attorneys licensed to practice law, to assist in the performance of the guardian ad litem duties for the court. Nonattorney volunteer advocates shall not provide legal representation. The court shall have the authority to examine the general and criminal background of persons designated as volunteer advocates, including utilization of the family care safety registry and access line pursuant to sections 210.900 to 210.937, to ensure the safety and welfare of the children such persons are designated to represent. The volunteer advocate shall be provided with all reports relevant to the case made to or by any agency or person, shall have access to all records of such agencies or persons relating to the child or such child's family members or placements of the child, and upon designation by the court to a case, shall be informed of and have the right to attend any and all family support team meetings involving the child. Any such designated person shall receive no compensation from public funds. This shall not preclude reimbursement for reasonable expenses.

6. Any person appointed to perform guardian ad litem duties shall have completed a training program in:

(1) Child abuse and neglect. The requirement of this subsection shall be satisfied if the guardian ad litem has a degree or significant training and experience in a mental health profession; and

(2) Permanency planning [and]. The guardian ad litem shall advocate for timely court hearings whenever possible to attain permanency for a child as expeditiously as possible to reduce the effects that prolonged foster care may have on a child.

A nonattorney volunteer advocate shall have access to a court appointed attorney guardian ad litem should the circumstances of the particular case so require."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Roorda, **House Amendment No. 6** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Grisamore, **SCS SB 33, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 150

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Bahr
Barnes	Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown
Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	Elmer	Englund	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Kratky	LaFaver	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall
May	Mayfield	McCaherty	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Mitten	Montecillo	Moon
Morgan	Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth
Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace
Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pierson

Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Rizzo
Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Runions
Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp	Shull
Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer
Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen	Thomson
Torpey	Walker	Walton Gray	Webb	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright	Mr Speaker

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 013

Bernskoetter	Cookson	Engler	English	Gardner
Hummel	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Mims	Molendorp
Scharnhorst	Webber	Zerr		

Representative Funderburk declared the bill passed.

The emergency clause was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 146

Allen	Anders	Anderson	Austin	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown
Burlison	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	Elmer	English	Englund	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Haefner
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Kirkton	Kolkmeier	Korman
Kratky	LaFaver	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Mitten
Montecillo	Moon	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel
Neely	Neth	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Parkinson	Peters	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Rizzo	Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Runions	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Schupp
Shull	Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 120	Solon
Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Swearingen
Thomson	Torpey	Walker	Webb	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Wright	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

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NOES: 005

Bahr	Curtis	Marshall	May	Walton Gray
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PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 012

Engler	Entlicher	Gardner	Hummel	Kelly 45
Koenig	Lichtenegger	Mims	Molendorp	Redmon
Scharnhorst	Webber			

SS SB 267, relating to the laws of other countries, was taken up by Representative Curtman.

Representative Diehl assumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Curtman, **SS SB 267** was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

AYES: 109

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown
Burlison	Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis
Diehl	Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler
Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler
Fraker	Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Gannon
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr
Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks	Higdon
Hinson	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton	Hurst
Johnson	Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127
Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant
Lauer	Leara	Love	Lynch	Marshall
McGaugh	Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfausch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 041

Anders	Burns	Butler	Carpenter	Colona
Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
English	Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton
LaFaver	May	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto
Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo	Runions
Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb
Wright				

PRESENT: 002

Englund Mayfield

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 011

Funderburk	Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45	Kratky
Lichtenegger	McCaherty	Mims	Scharnhorst	Webber
Zerr				

Representative Diehl declared the bill passed.

HCS SB 57, relating to certain civil actions, was taken up by Representative Engler.

Representative Shull offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 57, Page 1, In the Title, Line 3, by deleting the word "civil" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "legal"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 11, Section 206.165, Line 68, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"313.817. 1. Except as permitted in this section, the licensee licensed to operate gambling games shall permit no form of wagering on gambling games.

2. The licensee may receive wagers only from a person present on a licensed excursion gambling boat.

3. Wagering shall not be conducted with money or other negotiable currency. The licensee shall exchange the money of each wagerer for electronic or physical tokens, chips, or other forms of credit to be wagered on the gambling games. The licensee shall exchange the tokens, chips, or other forms of wagering credit for money at the request of the wagerer.

4. A person under twenty-one years of age shall not make a wager on an excursion gambling boat and shall not be allowed in the area of the excursion boat where gambling is being conducted; provided that employees of the licensed operator of the excursion gambling boat who have attained eighteen years of age shall be permitted in the area in which gambling is being conducted when performing employment-related duties, except that no one under twenty-one years of age may be employed as a dealer or accept a wager on an excursion gambling boat. The governing body of a home dock city or county may restrict the age of entrance onto an excursion gambling boat by passage of a local ordinance.

5. In order to help protect patrons from invasion of privacy and the possibility of identity theft, patrons shall not be required to provide fingerprints, retinal scans, biometric forms of identification, any type of patron-tracking cards, or other types of identification prior to being permitted to enter the area where gambling is being conducted on an excursion gambling boat or to make a wager, except that, for purposes of establishing that a patron is at least twenty-one years of age as provided in subsection 4 above, a licensee operating an excursion gambling boat shall be authorized to request such patron to provide a valid state or federal photo identification or a valid passport. This section shall not prohibit enforcement of identification requirements that are required by federal law. This section shall not prohibit enforcement of any Missouri statute requiring identification of patrons for reasons other than being permitted to enter the area of an excursion gambling boat where gambling is being conducted or to make a wager.

6. A licensee shall only allow wagering and conduct gambling games at the times allowed by the commission.

7. It shall be unlawful for a person **twenty-one years of age or older** to present false identification to a licensee or a gaming agent in order to gain entrance to an excursion gambling boat, cash a check or verify that such person is legally entitled to be present on the excursion gambling boat. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor for the first offense and a class A misdemeanor for second and subsequent offenses.

8. It shall be unlawful for a person under twenty-one years of age to present false identification to a licensee or a gaming agent in order to gain entrance to an excursion gambling boat, cash a check or verify that such person is legally entitled to be present on the excursion gambling boat. Any person who violates the

provisions of this subsection shall be fined five hundred dollars and guilty of an infraction for the first offense and a class B misdemeanor for second and subsequent offenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any fines collected for offenses committed under this subsection shall be deposited into the Veterans Commission Capitol Improvement Trust Fund established in section 42.300."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Roorda raised a point of order that **House Amendment No. 1** goes beyond the scope of the bill.

Representative Diehl requested a parliamentary ruling.

The Parliamentary Committee ruled the point of order not well taken.

On motion of Representative Shull, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Rehder moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 098

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin
Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Grisamore	Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hoskins	Hough	Houghton
Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Keeney	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer
Leara	Love	Lynch	McCaherty	McGaugh
Messenger	Miller	Molendorp	Moon	Morris
Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Riddle	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Schatz	Schieber	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Torpey	Walker	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood		

NOES: 048

Anders	Black	Burns	Carpenter	Colona
Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
English	Englund	Frame	Harris	Hodges
Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McKenna
McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo
Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto

Pace	Peters	Pierson	Richardson	Rizzo
Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85
Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 017

Butler	Elmer	Gardner	Guernsey	Haefner
Jones 50	Kelley 127	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Marshall
Mims	Scharnhorst	Thomson	Webber	Wright
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

On motion of Representative Engler, **HCS SB 57, as amended**, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Engler, **HCS SB 57, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 104

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Barnes	Bernskoetter
Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown	Cierpiot
Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox	Crawford
Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl	Dohrman
Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher	Fitzpatrick
Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker	Franklin
Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore
Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	McGaugh	McKenna	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Roorda	Ross
Rowden	Rowland	Schatz	Schieffer	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Thomson	Walker	White	Wieland
Wilson	Wood	Wright	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 050

Anders	Bahr	Burlison	Burns	Butler
Carpenter	Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn
Ellinger	Ellington	English	Englund	Frame
Frederick	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	Marshall	May	Mayfield	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Runions	Schieber	Schupp	Smith 85
Solon	Swearingen	Torpey	Walton Gray	Webb

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Gardner	Guernsey	Haefner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Mims	Scharnhorst	Webber	Zerr	

Representative Diehl declared the bill passed.

HOUSE BILLS WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

SCS HCS HB 436, as amended, relating to firearms, was taken up by Representative Funderburk.

Representative Cierpiot moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 105

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen
Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Hampton	Hansen
Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pike
Pogue	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole
Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden
Rowland	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White
Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Zerr	Mr Speaker

NOES: 049

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mitten
Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols	Norr
Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson	Rizzo
Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp	Smith 85
Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Wright	

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Franklin	Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Marshall	Mims	Stream	Webber	

On motion of Representative Funderburk, **SCS HCS HB 436, as amended**, was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 116

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Bernskoetter
Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	English
Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler
Fraker	Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mayfield	McCaherty
McGaugh	McKenna	Messenger	Miller	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfautsch	Phillips	Pogue	Redmon	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland	Scharnhorst
Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Swearingen	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 038

Anders	Barnes	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington
Englund	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver
May	McCann Beatty	McDonald	McManus	McNeil
Meredith	Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters
Pierson	Rizzo	Runions	Schupp	Smith 85
Walton Gray	Webb	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Cross	Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger
Mims	Molendorp	Pike	Webber	

On motion of Representative Funderburk, **SCS HCS HB 436, as amended**, was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

AYES: 116

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Bernskoetter
Berry	Black	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo
Cox	Crawford	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	English
Entlicher	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler
Fraker	Frame	Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk
Gannon	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haahr	Hampton	Hansen	Harris	Hicks
Higdon	Hinson	Hodges	Hoskins	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lair	Lant	Lauer	Leara
Love	Lynch	Marshall	Mayfield	McCaherty
McGaugh	McKenna	Messenger	Miller	Moon
Morris	Muntzel	Neely	Neth	Parkinson
Pfausch	Phillips	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson
Riddle	Roorda	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Schieffer	Shull
Shumake	Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer
Stream	Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker
White	Wieland	Wilson	Wood	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 038

Anders	Barnes	Butler	Carpenter	Colona
Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger	Ellington	Englund
Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky	LaFaver	May
McCann Beatty	McDonald	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Runions	Schupp	Smith 85	Swearingen
Walton Gray	Webb	Wright		

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Burns	Cross	Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45
Lichtenegger	Mims	Molendorp	Webber	

Representative Diehl declared the bill passed.

Speaker Jones resumed the Chair.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILL

HCS SS SCS SB 125, relating to educational accountability, was taken up by Representative Barnes.

Representative Webb offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 125, Page 11, Section 160.420, Line 45, by inserting the word "**academic**" immediately after the word "**in**"; and

Further amend said bill, section, and page, Lines 46 and 47, by deleting the words "**rigorous, valid, and**" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"applied consistently, reasonable,"; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 12 to 13, Section 160.420, Lines 54 to 91, by deleting said lines from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 20 to 21, Section 168.124, Lines 1 to 34, by deleting said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 21 to 24, Section 168.128, Lines 8 to 125, by deleting all of said lines, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2. All evaluations shall be maintained in the teacher's personnel file at the office of the"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 25, Lines 129 to 143, by deleting all of said lines; and

Further amend said bill and page, Section 168.221, Lines 4 and 5, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"period any probationary teacher whose work is unsatisfactory shall"; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 11 to 13, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"the date on which the teacher entered the employ of the board of education. The"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 27, Line 57, by deleting the words "**or incompetency**"; and

Further amend said bill, section, and page, Lines 68 to 80, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"5. Whenever it is necessary to decrease the number of teachers because of insufficient"; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 83 to 87, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"number of teachers beginning with those serving probationary periods to be placed on leave of absence without pay, but only in the inverse order of their appointment."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 90, by deleting the opening bracket "["; and

Further amend said bill, and section, Page 28, Line 91, by deleting the closing bracket "];" and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 98, by inserting immediately after the word "schools." the following:

"No appointment of new teachers shall be made while there are available teachers on unrequested leave of absence who are properly qualified to fill such vacancies. Such leave of absence shall not impair the tenure of a teacher. The leave of absence shall continue for a period of not more than three years unless extended by the board."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 99, by deleting the following: "] 8."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 103, by deleting "[7.] 9." and inserting the following: "7."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 106 to 113, by deleting all of said lines; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 28 and 29, Section 168.126, Lines 1 to 46, by deleting said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Page 30, Section 168.410, Lines 1 to 13, by deleting said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Torpey offered **House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 1.**

*House Substitute Amendment No. 1
for
House Amendment No. 1*

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 125, Page 11, Section 160.420, Line 45, by inserting the word "**academic**" immediately after the word "**in**"; and

Further amend said bill, section, and page, Lines 46 and 47, by deleting the words "**rigorous, valid, and**" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"applied consistently, reasonable," and

Further amend said bill, section, and page, Line 47, by inserting immediately after the word "**levels**" the following:

"and supplied to administrators in advance of their use in evaluations"; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 12 to 13, Section 160.420, Lines 54 to 91, by deleting said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) Each charter school shall develop an evaluation system centered on student achievement, performance, and progress that conforms to the provisions of the charter school's performance contract, its mission, and this subsection, and implement it no later than the 2014-2015 school year. The evaluation system shall include formative performance reviews to provide feedback and summative evaluations, and the charter school shall use the evaluation results to improve student achievement, performance, and progress.

(4) Administrators shall be evaluated no less than annually, using multiple measures. Evaluation measures shall include the following elements:

(a) Student growth shall be measured through assessments in accordance with value-added methods or models and shall reflect at least one year's worth of growth for a school year of instruction, or that students otherwise achieved appropriate growth based on expectations derived from at least two years of individual student achievement data;

(b) Multiple additional measures for administrators shall be correlated with impacts on student achievement results for students in all subgroups and shall include the administrator's ability to create an academic environment which fosters student growth; however, student growth on assessments for building principals, and any vice principals or assistant principals as determined by the charter school, shall count for at least thirty-three percent of the evaluation but not to exceed the percentage allocated to student assessment on the annual report of the Missouri school improvement program as applied to school districts, using value-added measures. Evaluations of administrators shall use confidential teacher surveys and include methods for input from parents and guardians; include the ability to attract, develop, and retain highly effective teachers; management of schools, including finances, space and legal compliance; and parental engagement in the school; and may include other measures aligned with student achievement.

(5) Each administrator shall be given one of four rating levels that are designated as "highly effective", "effective", "minimally effective", or "ineffective". Such rating levels shall be directly correlated to the summative evaluation results provided for in subdivision (3) of this subsection."; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 20 to 21, Section 168.124, Lines 1 to 34, by deleting said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 21 to 24, Section 168.128, Lines 8 to 125, by deleting all of said lines, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"2. All evaluations shall be maintained in the teacher's personnel file at the office of the"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 25, Lines 129 to 143, by deleting all of said lines; and

Further amend said bill and page, Section 168.221, Lines 4 and 5, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"period any probationary teacher whose work is unsatisfactory shall"; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 11 to 13, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"the date on which the teacher entered the employ of the board of education. The"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 27, Line 57, by deleting the words **"or incompetency,"**; and

Further amend said bill, section, and page, Lines 68 to 80, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"5. Whenever it is necessary to decrease the number of teachers because of insufficient"; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 83 to 87, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"number of teachers beginning with those serving probationary periods to be placed on leave of absence without pay, but only in the inverse order of their appointment."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 90, by deleting the opening bracket "["; and

Further amend said bill, and section, Page 28, Line 91, by deleting the closing bracket "]; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 98, by inserting immediately after the word "schools." the following:

"No appointment of new teachers shall be made while there are available teachers on unrequested leave of absence who are properly qualified to fill such vacancies. Such leave of absence shall not impair the tenure of

a teacher. The leave of absence shall continue for a period of not more than three years unless extended by the board."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 99, by deleting the following: **"] 8."**; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 103, by deleting **"[7.] 9."** and inserting the following: **"7."**; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Line 105, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"8. The metropolitan school district shall establish and implement a local evaluation system for administrators that conforms to the requirements of section 168.411."; and

Further amend said bill, page, and section, Lines 106 to 113, by deleting all of said lines and inserting the following:

"168.291. Whenever it is necessary to decrease the number of employees because of insufficient funds or decrease in pupil enrollment or lack of work the board of education may cause the necessary number of employees, beginning with those serving probationary periods, to be placed on leave of absence without pay, but only in the inverse order of their appointment. Each employee placed on leave of absence shall be reinstated in inverse order of his placement on leave of absence. Such reemployment shall not result in a loss of status or credit for previous periods of service. No new appointments shall be made while there are available employees on leave of absence [who have not attained the age of seventy years] **for not more than three years** and who are adequately qualified to fill the vacancy in the particular department unless the employees fail to advise the board within thirty days from date of notification by the board that positions are available to them, that they will return to employment, and will assume the duties of the position to which they are appointed not later than the beginning of the month following the date of the notice by the board.

168.411. 1. Consistent with department of elementary and secondary education regulations, each district shall fully implement an evaluation system for school administrators that conforms to the provisions of this section, including using the evaluation results for personnel decisions in advance of the next school year. Each district with such assistance as may be available from the department shall develop an evaluation system that conforms to the provisions of this section and implement it no later than the 2014-15 school year. The evaluation system shall include summative evaluations.

2. Each local school district shall establish and implement a local evaluation system for administrators centered on student achievement. Evaluations of all administrators shall be conducted no less than annually based on the following parameters; however, if any of the parameters shall be found by the department to be in conflict with the department's ability to comply with the conditions set forth in the waiver from the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, those items shall not be included:

(1) Each local district shall develop and implement an evaluation system for elementary and secondary school administrators that uses multiple measures, centered on growth in student achievement, consistent with this section and with implementing regulations issued by the department of elementary and secondary education with input from the local districts;

(2) If a district fails to adopt an evaluation system consistent with the requirements and time lines of this section, or at the election of the district, the district shall use the model evaluation system developed by the department of elementary and secondary education under subsection 3 of this section;

(3) If a district chooses to adopt an evaluation system which differs from the model evaluation developed by the department under subsection 3 of this section, the local evaluation system shall be developed and implemented in consultation with teachers and administrators and with parents of students;

(4) Administrators shall be evaluated no less than annually using multiple measures. Evaluation measures shall include the following elements:

(a) Student growth shall be measured through assessments in accordance with value-added methods or models developed by the department of elementary and secondary education, and shall reflect at least one year's worth of growth for a school year of instruction, or that students otherwise achieved appropriate growth based on expectations derived from at least two years of individual student achievement data;

(b) Multiple additional measures for administrators shall be correlated with impacts on student achievement results for students in all subgroups and shall include the administrator's ability to create an

academic environment which fosters student growth; however, student growth on assessments for building principals, and any vice principals or assistant principals as determined by the district, shall count for at least thirty-three percent of the evaluation but not to exceed the percentage allocated to student assessment on the annual report of the Missouri school improvement program, using value-added measures. Confidential teacher surveys shall be included as a portion of the evaluation for administrators. In addition, evaluations of administrators shall include methods for input from parents and guardians; the ability to attract, develop, and retain highly effective teachers; management of schools, including finances, space and legal compliance; and parental engagement in the school; and may include other measures aligned with student achievement;

(5) Each administrator shall be given one of four rating levels that are designated as "highly effective", "effective", "minimally effective", or "ineffective", as further defined by the department of elementary and secondary education or the local school district. Such rating levels shall be directly correlated to the summative evaluation results provided for in subsection 2 of this section;

3. The department of elementary and secondary education shall:

(1) Promulgate rules and regulations governing the development and implementation of local evaluation systems under subsection 2 of this section. Such rules and regulations shall be designed to preserve autonomy and flexibility for districts to adopt their own policies and processes for the evaluation system and may include, but not be limited to:

(a) Standards for rating levels to be assigned to administrators, consistent with subsection 3 of this section;

(b) Processes and requirements for value-added models to be used in measuring student achievement growth for purposes of administrator evaluation;

(2) Develop, implement, and publicly disseminate a statewide student growth model and a value-added model for determining student growth on assessments;

(3) Provide technical assistance to districts in developing and implementing a local evaluation system;

(4) Develop a model evaluation system that shall be used by districts that are not able to develop their own system or that elect to use the state model evaluation system; and

(5) Monitor local evaluation systems established under subsection 2 of this section to ensure that evaluation outcomes are consistent in the aggregate with student achievement results at the district and school levels; and that the evaluation systems meet the requirements of this section and implement rules and regulations issued by the department of elementary and secondary education; and direct any appropriate corrective actions.

4. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

(1) "Student growth", the change in academic achievement for an individual student between two or more points in time based on standards-based measures that are applied consistently, reasonable, comparable across classrooms of similar content and levels, and supplied to administrators in advance of their use in evaluations;

(2) "Value-added model", a growth model used to isolate the effect of a teacher's impact on student learning, controlling for preexisting characteristics of a student, including but not limited to, where available, prior achievement data, and, where available and at the discretion of the school district, a student's gifted status, section 504 status, attendance, disability status, eligibility for free or reduced lunch, limited English proficiency, or prior discipline history."; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 28 and 29, Section 168.126, Lines 1 to 47, by deleting all of said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 29 and 30, Section 168.291, Lines 1 to 15, by deleting all of said repealed section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill, Page 30, Section 168.410, Lines 1 to 13, by deleting all of said section from the bill; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Torpey, **House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 1** was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 082

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Diehl	Dunn
Elmer	Engler	Fitzpatrick	Flanigan	Funderburk
Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hough
Houghton	Hubbard	Johnson	Jones 50	Justus
Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer	Korman
LaFaver	Lant	Leara	Love	May
McCaherty	McCann Beatty	Molendorp	Moon	Muntzel
Neely	Neth	Parkinson	Peters	Rehder
Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle
Ross	Rowden	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber
Smith 120	Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan
Torpey	Webb	Wieland	Wilson	Wright
Zerr	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 074

Anders	Black	Brown	Burns	Butler
Carpenter	Conway 10	Crawford	Davis	Dohrman
Dugger	Ellinger	Ellington	English	Englund
Entlicher	Fitzwater	Fowler	Fraker	Frame
Franklin	Frederick	Gannon	Hampton	Harris
Hodges	Hoskins	Hummel	Hurst	Kirkton
Kratky	Lair	Lauer	Lynch	Marshall
Mayfield	McDonald	McGaugh	McKenna	McManus
McNeil	Meredith	Messenger	Miller	Mims
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Morris	Newman
Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace	Pfautsch
Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue	Redmon
Rizzo	Roorda	Rowland	Runions	Schieffer
Schupp	Shull	Smith 85	Solon	Swearingen
Thomson	Walker	White	Wood	

PRESENT: 002

Shumake	Walton Gray
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ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Webber
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Representative Korman offered **House Amendment No. 2.**

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 125, Page 28, Section 168.221, Line 113, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"168.412. The provisions of section 168.411 shall sunset August 28, 2020."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Korman, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Barnes offered **House Amendment No. 3.**

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 125, Page 17, Section 162.081, Line 98, by inserting immediately after the word "**score**" the following:

"of at least five points in academic achievement"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 18, Line 103, by inserting immediately after the word "**score**" the following:

"of at least five points in academic achievement"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 19, Line 143, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"[9. (1) The governing body of a school district, upon an initial declaration by the"; and

Further amend said bill, section, and page, Lines 161 and 162, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"achievement of accredited status for such districts.

10.] 8. In the event that a school district with an enrollment in excess of five thousand"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Barnes, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Funderburk offered **House Amendment No. 4.**

House Amendment No. 4 was withdrawn.

Representative Diehl moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 104

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Brown	Burlison
Cierpiot	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox

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Crawford	Cross	Curtman	Davis	Diehl
Dohrman	Dugger	Elmer	Engler	Entlicher
Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater	Flanigan	Fowler	Fraker
Franklin	Frederick	Funderburk	Gannon	Gatschenberger
Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey	Haahr	Hampton
Hansen	Hicks	Higdon	Hinson	Hoskins
Hough	Houghton	Hurst	Johnson	Jones 50
Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig	Kolkmeyer
Korman	Lant	Lauer	Leara	Love
Lynch	McCaherty	McGaugh	Messenger	Miller
Molendorp	Moon	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Neth	Parkinson	Pfautsch	Pike	Pogue
Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Remole	Rhoads
Richardson	Riddle	Ross	Rowden	Rowland
Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Shull	Shumake
Smith 120	Solon	Sommer	Spencer	Stream
Swan	Thomson	Torpey	Walker	White
Wilson	Wood	Zerr	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 050

Anders	Black	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Colona	Conway 10	Curtis	Dunn	Ellinger
Ellington	English	Englund	Frame	Harris
Hodges	Hubbard	Hummel	Kirkton	Kratky
LaFaver	May	Mayfield	McCann Beatty	McDonald
McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith	Mims
Mitten	Montecillo	Morgan	Newman	Nichols
Norr	Otto	Pace	Peters	Pierson
Rizzo	Roorda	Runions	Schieffer	Schupp
Smith 85	Swearingen	Walton Gray	Webb	Wright

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45	Lair	Lichtenegger
Marshall	Phillips	Webber	Wieland	

Representative Barnes moved that **HCS SS SCS SB 125, as amended**, be adopted.

Which motion was defeated by the following vote:

AYES: 076

Allen	Anderson	Austin	Bahr	Barnes
Bernskoetter	Berry	Brattin	Burlison	Cierpiot
Colona	Conway 104	Cookson	Cornejo	Cox
Cross	Curtis	Curtman	Diehl	Dunn
Ellington	Elmer	Engler	Fitzpatrick	Flanigan
Funderburk	Gatschenberger	Gosen	Grisamore	Guernsey
Haahr	Hicks	Hinson	Hough	Hubbard
Jones 50	Justus	Keeney	Kelley 127	Koenig
Kolkmeyer	Korman	LaFaver	Lant	Leara
Love	May	McCaherty	McCann Beatty	Moon
Neth	Peters	Pfautsch	Rehder	Reiboldt
Remole	Rhoads	Richardson	Riddle	Ross

Rowden	Scharnhorst	Schatz	Schieber	Smith 120
Sommer	Spencer	Stream	Swan	Torpey
Webb	Wieland	Wilson	Wright	Zerr
Mr Speaker				

NOES: 082

Anders	Black	Brown	Burns	Butler
Carpenter	Conway 10	Crawford	Davis	Dohrman
Dugger	Ellinger	English	Englund	Entlicher
Fitzwater	Fowler	Fraker	Frame	Franklin
Frederick	Gannon	Hampton	Hansen	Harris
Higdon	Hodges	Hoskins	Houghton	Hummel
Hurst	Johnson	Kirkton	Kratky	Lair
Lauer	Lynch	Marshall	Mayfield	McDonald
McGaugh	McKenna	McManus	McNeil	Meredith
Messenger	Miller	Mims	Mitten	Molendorp
Montecillo	Morgan	Morris	Muntzel	Neely
Newman	Nichols	Norr	Otto	Pace
Parkinson	Phillips	Pierson	Pike	Pogue
Redmon	Rizzo	Roorda	Rowland	Runions
Schieffer	Schupp	Shull	Shumake	Smith 85
Solon	Swearingen	Thomson	Walker	Walton Gray
White	Wood			

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 005

Gardner	Haefner	Kelly 45	Lichtenegger	Webber
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SS SCS SB 125 was laid over.

Representative Diehl moved that the House stand adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 9, 2013.

Which motion was defeated.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILL

SS SCS SB 129, relating to the establishment of the Volunteer Health Services Act, was taken up by Representative Burlison.

SS SCS SB 129 was laid over.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Fiscal Review, Chairman Flanigan reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SB 24**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **SS SCS SB 29**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SB 75**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SS SCS SB 83**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SB 161**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SCS SB 256**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**.

Committee on General Laws, Chairman Jones (50) reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SCS SJR 14**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass**, and pursuant to Rule 25(34)(f) be referred to the Committee on Rules.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on General Laws, to which was referred **SB 112**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 25(34)(f) be referred to the Committee on Rules.

Committee on Insurance Policy, Chairman Gosen reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Insurance Policy, to which was referred **SS SB 401**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 25(34)(f) be referred to the Committee on Rules.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS HB 253**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.011, 143.021, 143.071, 143.151, 143.221, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.070, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710,

144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, 644.032, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seventy-nine new sections relating to taxation, with penalty provisions, effective dates for certain sections, and an emergency clause.

With Senate Amendment No. 4 and Senate Amendment No. 5.

Senate Amendment No. 4

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 253, Page 162, Section 143.011, Line 26, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "first"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 163, Lines 3-4, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 28, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line by striking the word "second"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 164, Lines 5-6, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 165, Line 2, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "third"; and

Further amend Lines 7-8, by striking the words ", until the provision of subdivision (5) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 166, Line 4, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "fourth"; and

Further amend Lines 9-10, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 167, Line 6, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "fifth"; and

Further amend Lines 11-12, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 168, Line 8, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "sixth"; and

Further amend Lines 13-14, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 169, Line 10, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "seventh"; and

Further amend Lines 15-16, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 170, Line 12, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (10) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "eighth"; and

Further amend Lines 17-18, by striking the words ", until the provisions of subdivision (10) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 171, Line 14, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (11) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said lines, by striking the word "ninth"; and

Further amend Lines 19-20, by striking the words ", until the provision of subdivision (11) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 172, Line 16, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (10) of this subsection have been met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "tenth"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 173, Section 143.021, Lines 21-25, by striking all of the underlined words and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"1. For all tax years beginning before the provisions of subdivision (11) of subsection 1 of section 143.011 are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 174, Lines 11-15, by striking all said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"the calendar year in which the provisions of subdivision (11) of subsection 1 of section 143.011 are met, every resident having a taxable income of less than"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 177, Section 143.071, Line 5, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "second"; and

Further amend Lines 10-11, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 14, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "third"; and

Further amend Lines 19-20, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 23, inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "fourth"; and

Further amend Line 28, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 178, Line 1, by striking the words "(5) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 4, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (4) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line by striking the word "fifth"; and

Further amend Lines 9-10, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 13, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "sixth"; and

Further amend Lines 18-19, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 22, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (6) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "seventh"; and

Further amend Lines 27-28, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 179, Line 3, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "eighth"; and

Further amend Lines 8-9, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 13, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection have been met and until the provisions of subdivision (10) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "ninth"; and

Further amend Lines 18-19, by striking the words "until the provisions of subdivision (10) of this subsection are met,"; and

Further amend Line 22, by inserting immediately before the word "Beginning" the following:

"For all calendar years after the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection have been met,"; and

Further amend said line, by striking the word "tenth".

Senate Amendment No. 5

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 253, Page 228, Section 144.030, Line 9, by inserting after the word "disabilities" the following:

"all sales of kidney dialysis equipment and enteral feeding systems,".

Emergency clause adopted.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **House Amendment No. 1 to SB 230**, and has taken up and passed **SB 230, as amended**.

COMMUNICATION

May 8, 2013

D. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
201 West Capitol Avenue
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Re: Possible Personal Interest in Legislation

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

Pursuant to Section 105.461, RSMo, I am hereby filing a written report of a possible personal interest in legislation in which the House of Representatives may vote during the legislative session. I am a retired member of the Public School Retirement System (PSRS).

In compliance with Section 105.461, RSMo, please publish this report in the Journal of the House.

Thank you for your assistance with this matter.

Sincerely,

/s/ Jeanie Riddle
State Representative
District 49

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 2**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Mike Lair
/s/ Genise Montecillo

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Tom Flanigan
/s/ Genise Montecillo

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 4**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 4, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Denny Hoskins
/s/ Gail McCann Beatty

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 5**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 5, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Mark Parkinson
/s/ Gail McCann Beatty

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 6, AS AMENDED**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, as amended.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, as amended.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6, as amended, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Craig Redmon
/s/ Jeanne Kirkton

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 7, AS AMENDED**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7, as amended.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7, as amended.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 7, as amended, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Tom Flanigan
/s/ Kevin Mcmanus

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 8**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 8, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Marsha Haefner

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 9**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 9, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Tom Flanigan
/s/ Jill Schupp

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 10**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 10, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Sue Allen

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 11, AS AMENDED**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11, as amended, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11, as amended.
2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11, as amended.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 11, as amended, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn “Kiki” Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Tom Flanigan

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 12**

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 12, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Kurt Schaefer
/s/ Scott Rupp
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Shalonn "Kiki" Curls
/s/ Gina Walsh

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Rick Stream
/s/ Tom Flanigan

**CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 23**

The Conference Committee appointed on House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 23, with House Amendment No. 1, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 2, House Amendment No. 2 as amended, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 3, House Amendment No. 3 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 11, House Amendment No. 11 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 20, House Amendment Nos. 21, 22, 23, & 24, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 23, as amended;
2. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Bill No. 23;
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 23 be Third Read and Finally Passed.

FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Mike Parson
/s/ Mike Kehoe
/s/ Mike Cunningham
/s/ Shalonn "Kiki" Curls

FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Caleb Jones
/s/ Lincoln Hough

ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Representative Diehl, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 9, 2013.

COMMITTEE HEARINGS

APPROPRIATIONS - HEALTH, MENTAL HEALTH, AND SOCIAL SERVICES
Thursday, May 9, 2013, Upon Morning Adjournment, House Hearing Room 3.
Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

FISCAL REVIEW
Thursday, May 9, 2013, 8:30 AM, South Gallery.
Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.
CANCELLED

FISCAL REVIEW
Friday, May 10, 2013, 8:30 AM, South Gallery.
Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.
If in session that day

HOUSE CALENDAR

SIXTY-SIXTH DAY, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 2013

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR PERFECTION

- 1 HJR 19 - Bahr
- 2 HCS HJR 15 - Brattin
- 3 HCS HJR 35 - Jones (50)
- 4 HJR 17 - Burlison

HOUSE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

- 1 HB 227 - Zerr
- 2 HB 423 - Zerr
- 3 HB 578, as amended - Funderburk
- 4 HCS HB 221 - Leara
- 5 HCS HB 701 - Molendorp
- 6 HB 255 - Torpey
- 7 HB 242 - Ellington
- 8 HB 503, as amended, HA 1 HA 3, and HA 3, pending - McCaherty
- 9 HB 448 - Webb
- 10 HCS HB 234 - Gatschenberger
- 11 HB 616 - Bahr
- 12 HB 185 - Kirkton
- 13 HCS HB 641 - Korman

- 14 HCS HB 402 - Shumake
- 15 HCS HB 717 - Grisamore
- 16 HCS HB 727 - Grisamore
- 17 HCS HB 83 - Reiboldt
- 18 HCS HB 132 - Stream
- 19 HCS HB 1041 - Swan
- 20 HCS HBs 309 & 73 - Solon
- 21 HCS HB 350 - Frederick
- 22 HCS HB 464 - Higdon
- 23 HCS HB 484 - Lauer
- 24 HCS HB 564 - McGaugh
- 25 HCS HB 604 - Phillips
- 26 HCS HB 608 - Frederick
- 27 HCS HB 685 - Burlison
- 28 HB 745 - Thomson
- 29 HCS HB 783 - Diehl
- 30 HCS HB 814 - Fraker
- 31 HCS HB 830 - Jones (50)
- 32 HB 863 - Allen
- 33 HCS HB 930 - Flanigan
- 34 HB 411 - Muntzel
- 35 HB 447 - Diehl
- 36 HB 467 - Lichtenegger
- 37 HB 827 - Redmon
- 38 HB 915 - Bahr
- 39 HCS HB 975 - Richardson

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING

HCS#2 HJR 14 - Jones (110)

HOUSE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

- 1 HB 201 - Torpey
- 2 HCS HBs 521 & 579, (Fiscal Review 3/27/13) - Koenig
- 3 HCS HB 470 - Barnes
- 4 HCS#2 HB 178 - Koenig
- 5 HB 162 - Sommer
- 6 HCS HB 458 - Scharnhorst

SENATE BILLS FOR SECOND READING

- 1 SS SCS SB 210
- 2 SCS SB 411

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

- 1 HCR 11 - Walton Gray
- 2 HCR 21 - Black
- 3 HCR 32 - Schatz

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING

HCS SS#2 SCS SJR 16 - Hinson

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

- 1 SS SCS SB 125 - Barnes
- 2 HCS SCS SB 88 - Frederick
- 3 HCS SB 222 - Kelly (45)
- 4 SCS SB 224 - Rizzo
- 5 HCS SB 51, as amended - Guernsey
- 6 HCS SS SCS SB 241 - Cierpiot
- 7 SCS SB 302 - Elmer
- 8 HCS SB 18, E.C. - Cox
- 9 SCS SB 87 - Bahr
- 10 HCS SB 110 - Davis
- 11 SS SCS SB 129 - Burlison
- 12 SCS SB 178 - Kirkton
- 13 HCS SS SB 252, E.C. - Richardson
- 14 SB 350 - Diehl
- 15 SS SB 357 - Schatz
- 16 SCS SB 240 - Funderburk
- 17 HCS SCS SB 89, E.C. - Jones (50)
- 18 HCS SB 12, E.C. - Jones (50)
- 19 HCS SB 127 - Lichtenegger
- 20 SCS SB 69 - Cox
- 21 HCS SB 99 - Dugger
- 22 HCS SB 100, E.C. - Cox
- 23 SB 208 - White
- 24 HCS SS SB 282 - Hough
- 25 SB 58 - Engler
- 26 SS SCS SB 29 - Burlison
- 27 HCS SB 161 - Stream
- 28 HCS SB 75 - Burlison
- 29 HCS SB 205 - Burlison
- 30 HCS SS SB 245 - Mitten
- 31 HCS SCS SB 256 - Torpey
- 32 HCS SCS SBs 317 & 319 - Gosen
- 33 HCS SCS SB 229 - Grisamore
- 34 HCS SB 24, E.C. - Hinson
- 35 HCS SS SCS SB 83, E.C. - Crawford

HOUSE BILLS WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

- 1 HCS HBs 256, 33 & 305, SA 2 , SA 3, E.C. - Jones (50)
- 2 HB 400, SA 2 - Riddle
- 3 HB 316, SA 1 - Phillips
- 4 SCS HCS HB 1035 , as amended, E.C. - Kelley (127)
- 5 SCS HCS HB 17 - Stream
- 6 SCS HB 18 - Stream
- 7 SS SCS HCS HB 19 - Stream

BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES

- 1 HCS SS SB 262, as amended (request House recede/grant conference), E.C. - Molendorp
- 2 HCS SCS SB 157 and SB 102, as amended
(request House recede/grant conference) - Phillips
- 3 SCS SB 36, HA 1 (request House recede/take up and pass SCS SB 36) - Hicks
- 4 HCS SCS SB 17, as amended (request House recede/grant conference) - Thomson
- 5 HCS SCS SB 9, as amended (request House receded/grant conference) - Guernsey
- 6 HCS SB 330, as amended (request House recede/grant conference) - Burlison
- 7 HCS SB 43, as amended (request House recede/grant conference) - Kolkmeier

BILLS IN CONFERENCE

- 1 SCS HCS HB 1 - Stream
- 2 CCR SCS HCS HB 2 - Stream
- 3 CCR SCS HCS HB 3 - Stream
- 4 CCR SCS HCS HB 4 - Stream
- 5 CCR SCS HCS HB 5 - Stream
- 6 CCR SCS HCS HB 6, as amended - Stream
- 7 CCR SCS HCS HB 7, as amended - Stream
- 8 CCR SCS HCS HB 8 - Stream
- 9 CCR SCS HCS HB 9 - Stream
- 10 CCR SCS HCS HB 10 - Stream
- 11 CCR SCS HCS HB 11, as amended - Stream
- 12 CCR SCS HCS HB 12 - Stream
- 13 SCS HCS HB 13 - Stream
- 14 CCR HCS SB 23, as amended, E.C. - Jones (50)
- 15 CCR SCS SB 106, HA1, HA2, HA3, HA1 to HA4, HA4 a.a., HA5 - Davis
- 16 CCR HCS SCS SB 117, as amended - Davis
- 17 SCS HCS#2 HB 698, as amended, E.C. - Zerr
- 18 HCS SS SB 34, as amended - Fraker
- 19 HCS SS#2 SCS SB 1, as amended, E.C. - Richardson
- 20 SS SCS HB 307, as amended - Riddle

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SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

SCS SCR 5 - Frederick

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

HR 222 - Scharnhorst