

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 2182

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE GOSEN.

6442L.011

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 376.370, 376.380, and 376.670, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to valuation of reserves for life insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 376.370, 376.380, and 376.670, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 376.365, 376.370, 376.380, and 376.670, to read as follows:

376.365. 1. Sections 376.365 to 376.380 shall be known and may be cited as the "Standard Valuation Law".

2. As used in sections 376.365 to 376.380, the following terms shall mean and apply on or after the operative date of the valuation manual:

(1) "Accident and health insurance", contracts that incorporate morbidity risk and provide protection against economic loss resulting from accident, sickness, or medical conditions and as may be specified in the valuation manual;

(2) "Appointed actuary", a qualified actuary who is appointed in accordance with the valuation manual to prepare the actuarial opinion required under subsection 5 of section 376.380;

(3) "Company", an entity which has written, issued, or reinsured life insurance contracts, accident and health insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts:

(a) In Missouri and has at least one such policy in force or on claim; or

(b) In any state and is required to hold a certificate of authority to write life insurance, accident and health insurance, or deposit-type contracts in Missouri;

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in bold-face type in the above bill is proposed language.

16 (4) "Deposit-type contract", a contract that does not incorporate mortality or
17 morbidity risks and as may be specified in the valuation manual;

18 (5) "Life insurance", contracts that incorporate mortality risk, including annuity
19 and pure endowment contracts and as may be specified in the valuation manual;

20 (6) "NAIC", the National Association of Insurance Commissioners;

21 (7) "Operative date of the valuation manual", January first of the first calendar
22 year that the valuation manual is effective, as described in subdivision (2) of subsection 6
23 of section 376.380;

24 (8) "Policyholder behavior", any action a policyholder, contract holder, or any
25 other person with the right to elect options, such as a certificate holder, may take under a
26 policy or contract subject to sections 376.365 to 376.380, including but not limited to lapse,
27 withdrawal, transfer, deposit, premium payment, loan, annuitization, or benefit elections
28 prescribed by the policy or contract but excluding events of mortality or morbidity that
29 result in benefits prescribed in their essential aspects by the terms of the policy or contract;

30 (9) "Principle-based valuation", a reserve valuation that uses one or more methods
31 or one or more assumptions determined by the insurer and is required to comply with
32 subsection 7 of section 376.380 as specified in the valuation manual;

33 (10) "Qualified actuary", an individual who is qualified to sign the applicable
34 statement of actuarial opinion in accordance with the American Academy of Actuaries
35 qualification standards for actuaries signing such statements and who meets the
36 requirements specified in the valuation manual;

37 (11) "Tail risk", a risk that occurs either where the frequency of low probability
38 events is higher than expected under a normal probability distribution or where there are
39 observed events of very significant size or magnitude;

40 (12) "Valuation manual", the manual of valuation instructions adopted by the
41 NAIC as specified in sections 376.365 to 376.380.

376.370. 1. (1) The director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and
2 professional registration shall annually value, or cause to be valued, the reserve liabilities, herein
3 called "reserves", for all outstanding life insurance policies and [annuities] **annuity** and pure
4 endowment contracts of every life insurance company doing business in this state[, and may
5 certify the amount of any such reserves, specifying the mortality table or tables, rate or rates of
6 interest and methods, net level premium method or other, used in the calculation of such
7 reserves] **issued on or after the operative date provided in subsection 14 of section 376.670**
8 **and prior to the operative date of the valuation manual.** In calculating such reserves, [he]
9 **the director** may use group methods and approximate averages for fractions of a year or
10 otherwise. In lieu of the valuation of the reserves herein required of any foreign or alien

11 company, [he] **the director** may accept any valuation made, or caused to be made, by the
12 insurance supervisory official of any state or other jurisdiction when such valuation complies
13 with the minimum standard herein provided [and if the official of such state or jurisdiction
14 accepts as sufficient and valid for all legal purposes the certificate of valuation of the director
15 when such certificate states the valuation to have been made in a specified manner according to
16 which the aggregate reserves would be at least as large as if they had been computed in the
17 manner prescribed by the law of that state or jurisdiction].

18 **(2) The provisions of subsection 3 of this section and subsections 1 to 3 of section**
19 **376.380 shall apply to all policies and contracts, as appropriate, issued on or after the**
20 **operative date provided in subsection 14 of section 376.670 and prior to the operative date**
21 **of the valuation manual, and the provisions of subsections 6 and 7 of section 376.380 shall**
22 **not apply to such policies and contracts.**

23 **(3) The minimum standard for the valuation of policies and contracts issued prior**
24 **to the operative date provided in subsection 14 of section 376.670 shall be that provided by**
25 **the laws in effect immediately prior to the operative date provided in subsection 14 of**
26 **section 376.670.**

27 **2. (1) The director shall annually value or caused to be valued the reserves for all**
28 **outstanding life insurance contracts, annuity and pure endowment contracts, accident and**
29 **health insurance contracts, and deposit-type contracts of every company issued on or after**
30 **the operative date of the valuation manual. In lieu of the valuation of the reserves herein**
31 **required of any foreign or alien company, the director may accept any valuation made or**
32 **caused to be made by the insurance supervisory official of any state or other jurisdiction**
33 **when such valuation complies with the minimum standard provided herein.**

34 **(2) The provisions of subsections 6 and 7 of section 376.380 shall apply to all**
35 **policies and contracts issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual.**

36 [2.] **3.** Reserves for all policies and contracts issued prior to August 28, 1993, may be
37 calculated, at the option of the company, according to any standards which produce greater
38 aggregate reserves for all such policies and contracts than the minimum reserves required by the
39 laws in effect immediately prior to such date. Reserves for any category of policies, contracts
40 or benefits as established by the director, issued on or after August 28, 1993, may be calculated,
41 at the option of the company, according to any standards which produce greater aggregate
42 reserves for such category than those calculated according to the minimum standard herein
43 provided, but the rate or rates of interest used for policies and contracts, other than annuity and
44 pure endowment contracts, shall not be higher than the corresponding rate or rates of interest
45 used in calculating any nonforfeiture benefits provided therein. Any such company which at any
46 time shall have adopted any standard of valuation producing greater aggregate reserves than

47 those calculated according to the minimum standard herein provided may, with the approval of
48 the director, adopt any lower standard of valuation, but not lower than the minimum herein
49 provided; however, for purposes of this subsection, the holding of additional reserves previously
50 determined by a qualified actuary to be necessary to render the opinion required by [subsection
51 4] **subsections 4 and 5** of section 376.380 shall not be deemed to be the adoption of a higher
52 standard of valuation.

376.380. 1. The legal minimum standard for valuation of policies and contracts and the
2 reserves to be maintained thereon shall be as follows:

3 (1) For those policies and contracts issued prior to the operative date provided in
4 subsection 14 of section 376.670:

5 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the legal
6 minimum standard for valuation of policies of life insurance or annuity contracts issued prior to
7 April 13, 1934, shall be the Actuaries' or Combined Experience Table of Mortality, with interest
8 at the rate of five percent per annum for group annuity contracts and four percent per annum for
9 all other policies and contracts; and for policies of life insurance and annuity contracts issued on
10 and after April 13, 1934, such minimum standard shall be the American Experience Table of
11 Mortality with interest at the rate of five percent per annum for group annuity contracts and three
12 and one-half percent per annum for all other policies and contracts;

13 (b) The director may vary the legal minimum standards of interest and mortality for
14 annuity contracts and in particular cases of invalid or substandard lives and other extra hazards,
15 and shall have the right and authority to designate the legal minimum standard for valuation of
16 total and permanent disability benefits and additional accidental death benefits;

17 (c) Policies issued by companies doing business in this state may provide for not more
18 than one year preliminary term insurance by incorporating in the provisions thereof, specifying
19 the premium consideration to be received, a clause plainly showing that the first year's insurance
20 under such policies is term insurance, purchased by the whole or a part of the premium to be
21 received during the first policy year and shall be valued accordingly; provided, that if the
22 premium charged for term insurance under a limited payment life preliminary term policy
23 providing for the payment of all premiums thereon in less than twenty years from the date of the
24 policy, or under an endowment preliminary term policy, exceeds that charged for life insurance
25 twenty payment life preliminary term policies of the same company, the reserve thereon at the
26 end of any year, including the first, shall not be less than the reserve on a twenty payment life
27 preliminary term policy issued in the same year and at the same age, together with an amount
28 which shall be equivalent to the accumulation of a net level premium sufficient to provide for
29 a pure endowment at the end of the premium payment period equal to the difference between the
30 value at the end of such period of such twenty payment life preliminary term policy and the full

31 reserve at such time of such a limited payment life or endowment policy. The premium payment
32 period is the period during which premiums are concurrently payable under such twenty payment
33 life preliminary term policy and such limited payment life or endowment policy;

34 (d) Reserves for all such policies and contracts may be calculated, at the option of the
35 company, according to any standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for all such
36 policies and contracts than the minimum reserves required by subdivision (1) of this subsection.
37 In the case of policy obligations of an insolvent life insurance company assumed or reinsured in
38 bulk by an insurance company upon a basis requiring a separate accounting of the business and
39 assets of such insolvent company and an application of any part of the earnings therefrom upon
40 obligations which are not implicit in the original terms of the policies or contracts assumed or
41 reinsured, the director, in order to protect all policyholders of the reinsuring company, including
42 the holders of all policies so assumed or reinsured, and to safeguard the future solvency of such
43 reinsuring company, shall have the right and authority to designate standards of valuation for
44 such reinsured policies and contracts which will produce greater aggregate reserves for all such
45 policies and contracts than the minimum reserves required by subdivision (1) of this subsection
46 or the terms and provisions of the policies and contracts so assumed or reinsured, and, in such
47 event, such reinsuring company shall not, thereafter, adopt any lower standards of valuation
48 without the approval of the director.

49 (2) For those policies and contracts issued on or after the operative date provided in
50 subsection 14 of section 376.670:

51 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection and subsection 2
52 of this section, the minimum standard for the valuation of all such policies and contracts shall
53 be the commissioners reserve valuation methods defined in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), and (h)
54 of this subdivision, three and one-half percent interest on all such policies and contracts except
55 those contracts specified in subparagraph c. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision which consist
56 of single premium annuity contracts and in subparagraph d. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision
57 which consists of group annuity contracts where the interest rate shall be five percent, and except
58 policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, issued on or after
59 September 28, 1975, where the interest rate shall be four percent interest for such policies issued
60 prior to September 28, 1979, and four and one-half percent interest for such policies issued on
61 or after September 28, 1979, and the following tables:

62 a. For all ordinary policies of life insurance issued prior to the operative date provided
63 in subsection 10 of section 376.670 on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental
64 death benefits in such policies, the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table, and
65 for such policies issued on or after the operative date provided in subsection 10 of section
66 376.670, and prior to the operative date of subsection 10b of section 376.670, the Commissioners

67 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table; provided that for any category of such policies issued
68 on or after September 28, 1979, on female risks all modified net premiums and present values
69 referred to in this section may be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger
70 than the actual age of the insured; and for such policies issued on or after the operative date of
71 subsection 10b of section 376.670:

72 i. The Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table; or

73 ii. At the election of the company for any one or more specified plans of life insurance,
74 the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten-Year Select Mortality
75 Factors; or

76 iii. Any ordinary mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the [National Association of
77 Insurance Commissioners] **NAIC**, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the director for
78 use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies;

79 b. For all industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard basis, excluding any
80 disability and accidental death benefits in such policies, the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality
81 Table for such policies issued prior to the operative date of subsection 10a of section 376.670
82 and for such policies issued on or after such operative date, the Commissioners 1961 Standard
83 Industrial Mortality Table or any industrial mortality table, adopted after 1980 by the [National
84 Association of Insurance Commissioners] **NAIC**, that is approved by regulation promulgated by
85 the director for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies;

86 c. For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and
87 accidental death benefits in such policies, the 1937 Standard Annuity Mortality Table or, at the
88 option of the company, the Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, Ultimate, or any modification of
89 either of these tables approved by the director;

90 d. For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and
91 accidental death benefits in such policies, the Group Annuity Mortality Table for 1951, any
92 modification of such table approved by the director, or, at the option of the company, any of the
93 tables or modifications of tables specified for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;

94 e. For total and permanent disability benefits in or supplementary to ordinary policies
95 or contracts, for policies or contracts issued on or after January 1, 1966, the tables of period two
96 disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950 termination rates of the 1952 disability study of the
97 Society of Actuaries, with due regard to the type of benefit or any tables of disablement rates and
98 termination rates, adopted after 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance Commissioners]
99 **NAIC**, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the director for use in determining the
100 minimum standard of valuation for such policies; for policies or contracts issued on or after
101 January 1, 1961, and prior to January 1, 1966, either such tables or at the option of the company,
102 the Class (3) Disability Table (1926); and for policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Class

103 (3) Disability Table (1926). Any such table shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality
104 table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies;

105 f. For accidental death benefits in or supplementary to policies issued on or after January
106 1, 1966, the 1959 Accidental Death Benefits Table or any accidental death benefits table, adopted
107 after 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance Commissioners] NAIC, that is approved
108 by regulation promulgated by the director for use in determining the minimum standard of
109 valuation for such policies; for policies issued on or after January 1, 1961, and prior to January
110 1, 1966, either such table or, at the option of the company, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity
111 Mortality Table; and for policies issued prior to January 1, 1961, the Inter-Company Double
112 Indemnity Mortality Table. Either table shall be combined with a mortality table permitted for
113 calculating the reserves for life insurance policies;

114 g. For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and other
115 special benefits, such tables as may be approved by the director;

116 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (d), (e), and (h) of this subdivision,
117 reserves according to the commissioners reserve valuation method, for the life insurance and
118 endowment benefits of policies providing for a uniform amount of insurance and requiring the
119 payment of uniform premiums shall be the excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of
120 valuation, of such future guaranteed benefits provided for by such policies, over the then present
121 value of any future modified net premiums therefor. The modified net premiums for any such
122 policy shall be such uniform percentage of the respective contract premiums for such benefits
123 that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such modified net premiums shall
124 be equal to the sum of the then present value of such benefits provided for by the policy and the
125 excess of a. over b., as follows:

126 a. A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of such
127 benefits provided for after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue,
128 of an annuity of one per annum payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary of such
129 policy on which a premium falls due; provided, however, that such net level annual premium
130 shall not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen year premium whole life plan for
131 insurance of the same amount at an age one year higher than the age at issue of such policy;

132 b. A net one year term premium for such benefit provided for in the first policy year;
133 provided, that for any life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1986, for which the
134 contract premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year and for which no
135 comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year for such excess and which provides
136 an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination thereof in an amount greater
137 than such excess premium, the reserve according to the commissioners reserve valuation method
138 as of any policy anniversary occurring on or before the assumed ending date defined herein as

139 the first policy anniversary on which the sum of any endowment benefit and any cash surrender
140 value then available is greater than such excess premium shall, except as otherwise provided in
141 paragraph (h) of this subdivision, be the greater of the reserve as of such policy anniversary
142 calculated as described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision and the reserve as of such policy
143 anniversary calculated as described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, but with:

144 i. The value defined in subparagraph a. of paragraph (b) being reduced by fifteen percent
145 of the amount of such excess first year premium;

146 ii. All present values of benefits and premiums being determined without reference to
147 premiums or benefits provided for by the policy after the assumed ending date;

148 iii. The policy being assumed to mature on such date as an endowment; and

149 iv. The cash surrender value provided on such date being considered as an endowment
150 benefit. In making the above comparison the mortality and interest bases stated in paragraph (a)
151 of this subdivision and subsection 2 of this section shall be used;

152 (c) Reserves according to the commissioners reserve valuation method for:

153 a. Life insurance policies providing for a varying amount of insurance or requiring the
154 payment of varying premiums;

155 b. Group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under a retirement plan or
156 plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer (including a
157 partnership or sole proprietorship) or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan
158 providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under section 408 of
159 the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended;

160 c. Disability and accidental death benefits in all policies and contracts; and

161 d. All other benefits, except life insurance and endowment benefits in life insurance
162 policies and benefits provided by all other annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall be
163 calculated by a method consistent with the principles of paragraph (b) of this subdivision;

164 (d) Paragraph (e) of this subdivision shall apply to all annuity and pure endowment
165 contracts other than group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under a retirement
166 plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer (including a
167 partnership or sole proprietorship), or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan
168 providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under section 408 of
169 the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended;

170 (e) Reserves according to the commissioners annuity reserve method for benefits under
171 annuity or pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in
172 such contracts, shall be the greatest of the respective excesses of the present values, at the date
173 of valuation, of the future guaranteed benefits, including guaranteed nonforfeiture benefits,
174 provided for by such contracts at the end of each respective contract year, over the present value,

175 at the date of valuation, of any future valuation considerations derived from future gross
176 considerations, required by the terms of such contract, that become payable prior to the end of
177 such respective contract year. The future guaranteed benefits shall be determined by using the
178 mortality table, if any, and the interest rate, or rates, specified in such contracts for determining
179 guaranteed benefits. The valuation considerations are the portions of the respective gross
180 considerations applied under the terms of such contracts to determine nonforfeiture values;

181 (f) In no event shall a company's aggregate reserves for all life insurance policies,
182 excluding disability and accidental death benefits, be less than the aggregate reserves calculated
183 in accordance with the method set forth in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), (h) and (i) of this
184 subdivision and the mortality table or tables and rate or rates of interest used in calculating
185 nonforfeiture benefits for such policies;

186 (g) In no event shall the aggregate reserves for all policies, contracts and benefits be less
187 than the aggregate reserves determined by the qualified actuary to be necessary to render the
188 opinion required by [subsection 4] **subsections 4 and 5** of this section;

189 (h) If in any contract year the gross premium charged by any life insurance company on
190 any policy or contract is less than the valuation net premium for the policy or contract calculated
191 by the method used in calculating the reserve thereon but using the minimum valuation standards
192 of mortality and rate of interest, the minimum reserve required for such policy or contract shall
193 be the greater of either the reserve calculated according to the mortality table, rate of interest, and
194 method actually used for such policy or contract, or the reserve calculated by the method actually
195 used for such policy or contract but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate
196 of interest and replacing the valuation net premium by the actual gross premium in each contract
197 year for which the valuation net premium exceeds the actual gross premium. The minimum
198 valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest referred to in this section are those standards
199 stated in paragraph (a) of this subdivision and subsection 2 of this section; provided, that for any
200 life insurance policy issued on or after January 1, 1986, for which the gross premium in the first
201 policy year exceeds that of the second year and for which no comparable additional benefit is
202 provided in the first year for such excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash
203 surrender value or a combination thereof in an amount greater than such excess premium, the
204 foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall be applied as if the method actually used in
205 calculating the reserve for such policy were the method described in paragraph (b) of this
206 subdivision. The minimum reserve at each policy anniversary of such a policy shall be the
207 greater of the minimum reserve calculated in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) and the
208 minimum reserve calculated in accordance with this paragraph;

209 (i) In the case of any plan of life insurance which provides for future premium
210 determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the insurance company based on

211 then estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan of life insurance or annuity which
212 is of such a nature that the minimum reserves cannot be determined by the methods described
213 in paragraphs (b) to (e) of this subdivision, and paragraph (h) of this subdivision, the reserves
214 which are held under any such plan must:

215 a. Be appropriate in relation to the benefits and the pattern of premiums for that plan; and

216 b. Be computed by a method which is consistent with the principles of this section as
217 determined by regulations promulgated by the director.

218 (3) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, the minimum standard for the
219 valuation of all individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after the operative
220 date of this subdivision, as defined herein, and for all annuities and pure endowments purchased
221 on or after such operative date under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall be the
222 commissioners reserve valuation methods defined in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (e) of
223 subdivision (2) of this subsection, and the following tables and interest rates:

224 (a) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued prior to September 28,
225 1979, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such contracts, the 1971
226 Individual Annuity Mortality Table, or any modification of this table approved by the director,
227 and six percent interest for single premium immediate annuity contracts, and four percent interest
228 for all other individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;

229 (b) For individual single premium immediate annuity contracts issued on or after
230 September 28, 1979, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such contracts, the
231 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table, or any individual annuity mortality table adopted after
232 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance Commissioners] **NAIC**, that is approved by
233 regulation promulgated by the director for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation
234 for such contracts, or any modification of these tables approved by the director, and seven and
235 one-half percent interest;

236 (c) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after September
237 28, 1979, other than single premium immediate annuity contracts, excluding any disability and
238 accidental death benefits in such contracts, the 1971 Individual Annuity Mortality Table, or any
239 individual annuity mortality table adopted after 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance
240 Commissioners] **NAIC**, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the director for use in
241 determining the minimum standard of valuation for such contracts, or any modification of these
242 tables approved by the director, and five and one-half percent interest for single premium
243 deferred annuity and pure endowment contracts and four and one-half percent interest for all
244 other such individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;

245 (d) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased prior to September 28, 1979, under
246 group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death

247 benefits purchased under such contracts, the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, or any
 248 modification of this table approved by the director, and six percent interest;

249 (e) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after September 28, 1979,
 250 under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental
 251 death benefits purchased under such contracts, the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, or any
 252 group annuity mortality table adopted after 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance
 253 Commissioners] NAIC, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the director for use in
 254 determining the minimum standard of valuation for such annuities and pure endowments, or any
 255 modification of these tables approved by the director, and seven and one-half percent interest;

256 (f) On and after September 28, 1975, any company may file with the director a written
 257 notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this subdivision after a specified date
 258 before January 1, 1980, which shall be the operative date of this subdivision for such company,
 259 provided a company may elect a different operative date for individual annuity and pure
 260 endowment contracts from that elected for group annuity and pure endowment contracts. If a
 261 company makes no such election, the operative date of this subdivision for such company shall
 262 be January 1, 1980.

263 2. (1) The calendar year statutory valuation interest rates as defined in this subsection
 264 shall be the interest rates used in determining the minimum standard for the valuation of:

265 (a) All life insurance policies issued in a particular calendar year, on or after the
 266 operative date of subsection 10b of section 376.670;

267 (b) All individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued in a particular calendar
 268 year on or after January 1, 1983;

269 (c) All annuities and pure endowment contracts purchased in a particular calendar year
 270 on or after January 1, 1983, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts; and

271 (d) The net increase, if any, in a particular calendar year after January 1, 1983, in
 272 amounts held under guaranteed interest contracts.

273 (2) The calendar year statutory valuation interest rates, I, shall be determined as follows
 274 and the results rounded to the nearer one-quarter of one percent:

275 (a) For life insurance:

276 $I = .03 + W (R_1 - .03) + W/2 (R_2 - .09);$

277 (b) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life
 278 contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and from guaranteed
 279 interest contracts with cash settlement options:

280 $I = .03 + W (R - .03),$ where R_1 is the lesser of R and .09; R_2 is the greater of R and .09;

281 R is the reference interest rate defined in this subsection; and W is the weighting factor defined
 282 in this subsection;

283 (c) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts
 284 with cash settlement options, valued on an issue year basis, except as stated in paragraph (b) of
 285 this subdivision, the formula for life insurance stated in paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall
 286 apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee durations in excess of ten
 287 years and the formula for single premium immediate annuities stated in paragraph (b) of this
 288 subdivision shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee durations
 289 of ten years or less;

290 (d) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest
 291 contracts with no cash settlement options, the formula for single premium immediate annuities
 292 stated in paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall apply;

293 (e) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts
 294 with cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund basis, the formula for single premium
 295 immediate annuities stated in paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall apply. If the calendar year
 296 statutory valuation interest rate for any life insurance policies issued in any calendar year
 297 determined without reference to this sentence differs from the corresponding actual rate for
 298 similar policies issued in the immediately preceding calendar year by less than one-half of one
 299 percent, the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for such life insurance policies shall
 300 be equal to the corresponding actual rate for the immediately preceding calendar year. For
 301 purposes of applying the immediately preceding sentence, the calendar year statutory valuation
 302 interest rate for life insurance policies issued in a calendar year shall be determined for 1980
 303 (using the reference interest rate defined for 1979) and shall be determined for each subsequent
 304 calendar year regardless of when subsection 10b of section 376.670 becomes operative.

305 (3) The weighting factors referred to in the formulas stated in subdivision (2) of this
 306 subsection are given in the following tables:

307 (a) Weighting factors for life insurance:

308 Guarantee	308 Weighting
309 Duration	309 Factors
310 (Years)	
311 10 or less	.50
312 More than 10, but not more than 20	.45
313 More than 20	.35

314

315 For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the maximum number of years the life insurance can
 316 remain in force on a basis guaranteed in the policy or under options to convert to plans of life
 317 insurance with premium rates or nonforfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in the original
 318 policy;

319 (b) Weighting factor for single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits
 320 involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and
 321 guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options: .80;

322 (c) Weighting factors for other annuities and for guaranteed interest contracts, except as
 323 stated in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, shall be as specified in subparagraphs a., b., and c. of
 324 this paragraph, according to the rules and definitions in subparagraphs d., e., and f. of this
 325 paragraph:

326 a. For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis:

327

328 Guarantee	Weighting Factor		
329 Duration	for Plan Type		
330 (Years)	A	B	C
331 5 or less:	.80	.60	.50
332 More than 5, but not more than 10:	.75	.60	.50
333 More than 10, but not more than 20:	.65	.50	.45
334 More than 20:	.45	.35	.35;

335 b. For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis, the
 336 factors shown in subparagraph a. of this paragraph increased by:

337 Plan Type

338 A	B	C
339 .15	.25	.05;

340 c. For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis (other
 341 than those with no cash settlement options) which do not guarantee interest on considerations
 342 received more than one year after issue or purchase and for annuities and guaranteed interest
 343 contracts valued on a change in fund basis which do not guarantee interest rates on
 344 considerations received more than twelve months beyond the valuation date, the factors shown
 345 in subparagraph a. of this paragraph or derived in subparagraph b. of this paragraph increased
 346 by:

347 Plan Type

348 A	B	C
349 .05	.05	.05;

350 d. For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with
 351 cash settlement options, the guarantee duration is the number of years for which the contract
 352 guarantees interest rates in excess of the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for life
 353 insurance policies with guarantee duration in excess of twenty years. For other annuities with
 354 no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options,

355 the guarantee duration is the number of years from the date of issue or date of purchase to the
356 date annuity benefits are scheduled to commence;

357 e. Plan type as used in subparagraphs a., b., and c. of this paragraph is defined as follows:

358 Plan Type A: At any time policyholder may withdraw funds only with an adjustment to
359 reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance
360 company, or without such adjustment but in installments over five years or more, or as an
361 immediate life annuity, or no withdrawal permitted;

362 Plan Type B: Before expiration of the interest rate guarantee, policyholder may withdraw
363 funds only with an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of
364 the funds by the insurance company, or without such adjustment but in installments over five
365 years or more, or no withdrawal permitted. At the end of interest rate guarantee, funds may be
366 withdrawn without such adjustment in a single sum or installments over fewer than five years;

367 Plan Type C: Policyholder may withdraw funds before expiration of interest rate
368 guarantee in a single sum or installments over fewer than five years either without adjustment
369 to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance
370 company, or subject only to a fixed surrender charge stipulated in the contract as a percentage
371 of the fund;

372 f. A company may elect to value guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement
373 options and annuities with cash settlement options on either an issue year basis or on a change
374 in fund basis. Guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options and other annuities
375 with no cash settlement options must be valued on an issue year basis. As used in this subsection
376 an issue year basis of valuation refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to
377 determine the minimum valuation standard for the entire duration of the annuity or guaranteed
378 interest contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of issue or year of
379 purchase of the annuity or guaranteed interest contract, and the change in fund basis of valuation
380 refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine the minimum valuation
381 standard applicable to each change in the fund held under the annuity or guaranteed interest
382 contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of the change in the fund.

383 (4) The "reference interest rate" referred to in subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be
384 defined as follows:

385 (a) For all life insurance, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty-six months and
386 the average over a period of twelve months, ending on June thirtieth of the calendar year next
387 preceding the year of issue, of the Monthly Average of the Composite Yield on Seasoned
388 Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

389 (b) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life
390 contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest

391 contracts with cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on
392 June thirtieth of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the Monthly Average of the Composite
393 Yield on Seasoned Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

394 (c) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts
395 with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in paragraph (b)
396 of this subdivision, with guarantee duration in excess of ten years, the lesser of the average over
397 a period of thirty-six months and the average over a period of twelve months, ending on June
398 thirtieth of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the Monthly Average of the Composite
399 Yield on Seasoned Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

400 (d) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts
401 with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in paragraph (b)
402 of this subdivision, with guarantee duration of ten years or less, the average over a period of
403 twelve months, ending on June thirtieth of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the Monthly
404 Average of the Composite Yield on Seasoned Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's
405 Investors Service, Inc.;

406 (e) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest
407 contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve months, ending
408 on June thirtieth of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the Monthly Average of the
409 Composite Yield on Seasoned Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;

410 (f) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts
411 with cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund basis, except as stated in paragraph (b)
412 of this subdivision, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on June thirtieth of the
413 calendar year of the change in the fund, of the Monthly Average of the Composite Yield on
414 Seasoned Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

415 (5) In the event that the Monthly Average of the Composite Yield on Seasoned
416 Corporate Bonds is no longer published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or in the event that
417 the [National Association of Insurance Commissioners] NAIC determines that the Monthly
418 Average of the Composite Yield on Seasoned Corporate Bonds as published by Moody's
419 Investors Service, Inc., is no longer appropriate for the determination of the reference interest
420 rate, then an alternative method for determination of the reference interest rate, which is adopted
421 by the [National Association of Insurance Commissioners] NAIC and approved by regulation
422 promulgated by the director, may be substituted.

423 3. [The director shall promulgate a regulation containing the minimum standards
424 applicable to the valuation of health, disability and sickness and accident plans] **For accident
425 and health insurance contracts issued on or after the operative date of the valuation
426 manual, the standard prescribed in the valuation manual is the minimum standard of**

427 **valuation required under subsection 2 of section 376.370. For disability, accident and**
428 **sickness, and accident and health insurance contracts issued on or after the operative date**
429 **provided in subsection 14 of section 376.670 and prior to the operative date of the valuation**
430 **manual, the minimum standard of valuation is the standard adopted by the director by**
431 **regulation.**

432 4. (1) **This subsection shall apply to actuarial opinion of reserves prior to the date**
433 **of the valuation manual.**

434 (2) Every life insurance company doing business in this state shall annually submit the
435 opinion of a qualified actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in
436 support of the policies and contracts specified by the director by regulation are computed
437 appropriately, are based on assumptions which satisfy contractual provisions, are consistent with
438 prior reported amounts and comply with applicable laws of this state. The director by regulation
439 shall define the specifics of this opinion and add any other items deemed to be necessary to its
440 scope.

441 [(2)] (3) (a) Every life insurance company, except as exempted by or pursuant to
442 regulation, shall also annually include in the opinion required by subdivision [(1)] (2) of this
443 subsection, an opinion of the same qualified actuary as to whether the reserves and related
444 actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts specified by the director by
445 regulation, when considered in light of the assets held by the company with respect to the
446 reserves and related actuarial items, including but not limited to the investment earnings on the
447 assets and the considerations anticipated to be received and retained under the policies and
448 contracts, make adequate provision for the company's obligations under the policies and
449 contracts, including but not limited to the benefits under and expenses associated with the
450 policies and contracts.

451 (b) The director may provide by regulation for a transition period for establishing any
452 higher reserves which the qualified actuary may deem necessary in order to render the opinion
453 required by this subsection.

454 [(3)] (4) Each opinion required by subdivision [(2)] (3) of this subsection shall be
455 governed by the following provisions:

456 (a) A memorandum, in form and substance acceptable to the director as specified by
457 regulation, shall be prepared to support each actuarial opinion; and

458 (b) If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the request
459 of the director within a period specified by regulation or the director determines that the
460 supporting memorandum provided by the insurance company fails to meet the standards
461 prescribed by the regulations or is otherwise unacceptable to the director, the director may

462 engage a qualified actuary at the expense of the company to review the opinion and the basis for
463 the opinion and prepare such supporting memorandum as is required by the director.

464 [(4)] (5) Every opinion **required by this subsection** shall be governed by the following
465 provisions:

466 (a) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting the valuation of
467 such reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after December 31, 1993;

468 (b) The opinion shall apply to all business in force including individual and group health
469 insurance plans, in form and substance acceptable to the director as specified by regulation;

470 (c) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted from time to time by the Actuarial
471 Standards Board and on such additional standards as the director may by regulation prescribe;

472 (d) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted by a foreign or alien company, the
473 director may accept the opinion filed by that company with the insurance supervisory official of
474 another state if the director determines that the opinion reasonably meets the requirements
475 applicable to a company domiciled in this state;

476 (e) For the purposes of this section, "qualified actuary" means a member in good
477 standing of the American Academy of Actuaries who meets the requirements set forth in such
478 regulations;

479 (f) Except in cases of fraud or willful misconduct, the qualified actuary shall not be liable
480 for damages to any person, other than the insurance company and the director, for any act, error,
481 omission, decision or conduct with respect to the actuary's opinion;

482 (g) Disciplinary action by the director against the company or the qualified actuary shall
483 be defined in regulations by the director; and

484 (h) Any memorandum in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by the
485 company to the director in connection therewith, shall be kept confidential by the director and
486 shall not be made public and shall not be subject to subpoena, other than for the purpose of
487 defending an action seeking damages from any person by reason of any action required by this
488 section or by regulations promulgated hereunder; except that the memorandum or other material
489 may otherwise be released by the director:

490 a. With the written consent of the company; or

491 b. To the American Academy of Actuaries upon request stating that the memorandum
492 or other material is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and setting
493 forth procedures satisfactory to the director for preserving the confidentiality of the memorandum
494 or other material. Once any portion of the confidential memorandum is cited by the company
495 in its marketing or is cited before any governmental agency other than a state insurance
496 department or is released by the company to the news media, all portions of the confidential
497 memorandum shall be no longer confidential.

498 **5. (1) This subsection shall apply to actuarial opinion of reserves after the**
499 **operative date of the valuation manual.**

500 **(2) Every company with outstanding life insurance contracts, accident and health**
501 **insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in Missouri and subject to regulation by the**
502 **director shall annually submit the opinion of the appointed actuary as to whether the**
503 **reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts are**
504 **computed appropriately, are based on assumptions that satisfy contractual provisions, are**
505 **consistent with prior reported amounts and comply with applicable Missouri law. The**
506 **valuation manual shall prescribe the specifics of such opinion, including any items deemed**
507 **to be necessary to its scope.**

508 **(3) Every company with outstanding life insurance contracts, accident and health**
509 **insurance contracts, or deposit-type contracts in Missouri and subject to regulation by the**
510 **director, except as exempted in the valuation manual, shall also annually include in the**
511 **opinion required under subdivision (2) of this subsection an opinion of the same appointed**
512 **actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the**
513 **policies and contracts specified in the valuation manual, when considered in light of the**
514 **assets held by the company with respect to the reserves and related actuarial items,**
515 **including but not limited to the investment earnings on the assets and the considerations**
516 **anticipated to be received and retained under the policies and contracts, make adequate**
517 **provision for the company's obligations under the policies and contracts, including but not**
518 **limited to benefits under and expenses associated with the policies and contracts.**

519 **(4) Each opinion required by subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be governed**
520 **by the following provisions:**

521 **(a) A memorandum, in form and substance as specified in the valuation manual**
522 **and acceptable to the director, shall be prepared to support each actuarial opinion; and**

523 **(b) If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting memorandum at the**
524 **request of the director within a period specified in the valuation manual or the director**
525 **determines that the supporting memorandum provided by the insurance company fails to**
526 **meet the standards prescribed by the valuation manual or is otherwise unacceptable to the**
527 **director, the director may engage a qualified actuary at the expense of the company to**
528 **review the opinion and the basis for the opinion and prepare the supporting memorandum**
529 **required by the director.**

530 **(5) Every opinion required by this subsection shall be governed by the following:**

531 **(a) The opinion shall be in form and substance as specified in the valuation manual**
532 **and acceptable to the director;**

533 (b) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual statement reflecting the
534 valuation of such reserve liabilities for each year ending on or after the operative date of the
535 valuation manual;

536 (c) The opinion shall apply to all policies and contracts subject to subdivision (3)
537 of this subsection, plus other actuarial liabilities as may be specified in the valuation
538 manual;

539 (d) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted from time to time by the
540 Actuarial Standards Board or its successor, and on such additional standards as may be
541 prescribed in the valuation manual;

542 (e) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted by a foreign or alien
543 company, the director may accept the opinion filed by such company with the insurance
544 supervisory official of another state if the director determines that the opinion reasonably
545 meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in Missouri;

546 (f) Except in cases of fraud or wilful misconduct, the appointed actuary shall not
547 be liable for damages to any person, other than the insurance company and the director,
548 for any act, error, omission, decision, or conduct with respect to the appointed actuary's
549 opinion; and

550 (g) Disciplinary action by the director against the company or the appointed
551 actuary shall be defined in regulations by the director.

552 6. (1) For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual, the
553 standard prescribed in the valuation manual is the minimum standard of valuation
554 required under subsection 2 of section 376.370, except as provided under subdivision (5)
555 or (7) of this subsection.

556 (2) The operative date of the valuation manual is January first of the first calendar
557 year following the first July first as of which all of the following have occurred:

558 (a) The valuation manual has been adopted by the NAIC by an affirmative vote of
559 at least forty-two members, or three-fourths of the members voting, whichever is greater;

560 (b) Sections 376.365 to 376.380 as amended by the NAIC in 2009 or legislation
561 including substantially similar terms and provisions has been enacted by states
562 representing greater than seventy-five percent of the direct premiums written as reported
563 in the following annual statements submitted for 2008: life, accident, and health annual
564 statements; health annual statements; or fraternal annual statements;

565 (c) Sections 376.365 to 376.380 as amended by the NAIC in 2009 or legislation
566 including substantially similar terms and provisions has been enacted by at least forty-two
567 of the following fifty-five jurisdictions: the fifty states of the United States, American

568 Samoa, the American Virgin Islands, the District of Columbia, Guam, and Puerto Rico;
569 and

570 (d) The valuation manual becomes effective under an order of the director.

571 (3) Unless a change in the valuation manual specifies a later effective date, changes
572 to the valuation manual shall be effective on January first following the date when all of
573 the following have occurred:

574 (a) The change to the valuation manual has been adopted by the NAIC by an
575 affirmative vote representing:

576 a. At least three-fourths of the members of the NAIC voting, but not less than a
577 majority of the total membership; and

578 b. Members of the NAIC representing jurisdictions totaling greater than seventy-
579 five percent of the direct premiums written as reported in the following annual statements
580 most recently available prior to the vote in subparagraph a. of this paragraph: life,
581 accident, and health annual statements; health annual statements; or fraternal annual
582 statements;

583 (b) The valuation manual becomes effective under an order of the director.

584 (4) The valuation manual shall specify all of the following:

585 (a) Minimum valuation standards for and definitions of the policies or contracts
586 subject to subsection 2 of section 376.370. Such minimum standards shall be:

587 a. The commissioners reserve valuation method for life insurance contracts, other
588 than annuity contracts, subject to subsection 2 of section 376.370;

589 b. The commissioners annuity reserve valuation method for annuity contracts
590 subject to subsection 2 of section 376.370; and

591 c. Minimum reserves for all other policies and contracts subject to subsection 2 of
592 section 376.370;

593 (b) Which policies or contracts or types of policies or contracts are subject to the
594 requirements of a principle-based valuation under subdivision (1) of subsection 7 of this
595 section and the minimum valuation standards consistent with such requirements;

596 (c) For policies and contracts subject to principle-based valuation under subsection
597 7 of this section:

598 a. Requirements for the format of reports to the director under paragraph (c) of
599 subdivision (2) of subsection 7 of this section and which shall include information necessary
600 to determine if the valuation is appropriate and in compliance with sections 376.365 to
601 376.380;

602 b. Assumptions which shall be prescribed for risks over which the company does
603 not have significant control or influence;

604 c. Procedures for corporate governance and oversight of the actuarial function, and
605 a process for appropriate waiver or modification of such procedures;

606 (d) For policies not subject to a principle-based valuation under subsection 7 of this
607 section, the minimum valuation standard shall either:

608 a. Be consistent with the minimum standard of valuation prior to the operative date
609 of the valuation manual; or

610 b. Develop reserves that quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding,
611 associated with the contracts and their risks at a level of conservatism that reflects
612 conditions that include unfavorable events that have a reasonable probability of occurring;

613 (e) Other requirements, including but not limited to those relating to reserve
614 methods, models for measuring risk, generation of economic scenarios, assumptions,
615 margins, use of company experience, risk measurement, disclosure, certifications, reports,
616 actuarial opinions and memorandums, transition rules and internal controls; and

617 (f) The data and form of the data required under subsection 8 of this section, with
618 whom the data shall be submitted, and may specify other requirements, including data
619 analyses and reporting of analyses.

620 (5) In the absence of a specific valuation requirement or if a specific valuation
621 requirement in the valuation manual is not, in the opinion of the director, in compliance
622 with sections 376.365 to 376.380, the company shall, with respect to such requirements,
623 comply with minimum valuation standards prescribed by the director by regulation.

624 (6) The director may engage a qualified actuary, at the expense of the company, to
625 perform an actuarial examination of the company and opine on the appropriateness of any
626 reserve assumption or method used by the company, or to review and opine of a company's
627 compliance with any requirement set forth in sections 376.365 to 376.380. The director
628 may rely upon the opinion regarding provisions contained in sections 376.365 to 376.380
629 of a qualified actuary engaged by the director of another state, district, or territory of the
630 United States. As used in this subdivision, engage includes employment and contracting.

631 (7) The director may require a company to change any assumption or method that
632 in the opinion of the director is necessary in order to comply with the requirements of the
633 valuation manual or sections 376.365 to 376.380, and the company shall adjust the reserves
634 as required by the director. The director may take other disciplinary action as permitted
635 under chapter 354 and chapters 374 to 385.

636 7. (1) A company shall establish reserves using a principle-based valuation that
637 meets the following conditions for policies or contracts as specified in the valuation
638 manual:

639 (a) Quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding, associated with the
640 contracts and their risks at a level of conservatism that reflects conditions that include
641 unfavorable events that have a reasonable probability of occurring during the lifetime of
642 the contracts. For policies or contracts with significant tail risk, the company's valuation
643 shall reflect conditions appropriately adverse to quantify the tail risk;

644 (b) Incorporate assumptions, risk analysis methods, and financial models and
645 management techniques that are consistent with, but not necessarily identical to, those
646 utilized within the company's overall risk assessment process, while recognizing potential
647 differences in financial reporting structures and any prescribed assumptions or methods;

648 (c) Incorporate assumptions that are derived in one of the following manners:

649 a. The assumption is prescribed in the valuation manual; or

650 b. For assumptions that are not prescribed, the assumption shall:

651 (i) Be established utilizing the company's available experience to the extent it is
652 relevant and statistically credible; or

653 (ii) To the extent that company data is not available, relevant, or statistically
654 credible, be established utilizing other relevant statistically credible experience;

655 (d) Provide margins for uncertainty, including adverse deviation and estimation
656 error, such that the greater the uncertainty the larger the margin and resulting reserve.

657 (2) A company using a principle-based valuation for one or more policies or
658 contracts subject to this section as specified in the valuation manual shall:

659 (a) Establish procedures for corporate governance an oversight of the actuarial
660 valuation function consistent with those described in the valuation manual;

661 (b) Provide to the director an annual certification of the effectiveness of the internal
662 controls with respect to the principle-based valuation. Such controls shall be designed to
663 assure that all material risks inherent in the liabilities and associated assets subject to such
664 valuation are included in the valuation and that valuations are made in accordance with
665 the valuation manual. The certification shall be based on the controls in place as of the end
666 of the preceding calendar year;

667 (c) Develop, and file with the director upon request, a principle-based valuation
668 report that complies with standards prescribed in the valuation manual.

669 (3) A principal-based valuation may include a prescribed formulaic reserve
670 component.

671 8. For policies in force on or after the operative date of the valuation manual, a
672 company shall submit mortality, morbidity, policyholder behavior, or expense experience
673 and other data as prescribed in the valuation manual.

674 9. (1) For purposes of this subsection, "confidential information" means:

675 (a) A memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under subsection 4 or 5 of
676 this section and any other documents, material, and other information, including but not
677 limited to all working papers and copies thereof created, produced, or obtained by or
678 disclosed to the director or any other person in connection with such memorandum;

679 (b) All documents, material, and other information, including but not limited to all
680 working papers and copies thereof created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the
681 director or any other person in the course of an examination made under subdivision (6)
682 of subsection 6 of this section; provided, however, that if an examination report or other
683 material prepared in connection with an examination made under section 374.205 is not
684 held as private and confidential information under section 374.205, an examination report
685 or other material prepared in connection with an examination made under subdivision (6)
686 of subsection 6 of this section shall not be confidential information to the same extent as
687 if such examination report or other material had been prepared under section 374.205;

688 (c) Any reports, documents, materials, and other information developed by a
689 company in support of or in connection with an annual certification by the company under
690 paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 7 of this section evaluating the effectiveness
691 of the company's internal controls with respect to a principle-based valuation and any
692 other documents, materials, and other information, including but not limited to all working
693 papers and copies thereof created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the director or
694 any other person in connection with such reports, documents, material, and other
695 information;

696 (d) Any principle-based valuation report developed under paragraph (c) of
697 subdivision (2) of subsection 7 of this section and any other documents, materials, and
698 other information, including but not limited to all working papers and copies thereof
699 created, produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the director or any other person in
700 connection with such report; and

701 (e) Any documents, materials, data, and other information submitted by a company
702 under subsection 8 of this section (collectively, "experience data") and any other
703 documents, materials, data, and other information, including but not limited to all working
704 papers and copies thereof created or produced in connection with such experience data,
705 in each case that include any potentially company-identifying or personally identifiable
706 information, that is provided to or obtained by the director (together with any "experience
707 data", the "experience materials") and any other documents, materials, data, and other
708 information, including but not limited to all working papers and copies thereof created,
709 produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the director or any other person in connection
710 with such experience materials.

711 **(2) (a) Except as provided in this subsection, a company's confidential information**
712 **is confidential by law and privileged, and shall not be subject to chapter 610, shall not be**
713 **subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discover or admissible in evidence in any**
714 **private civil action; provided, however, that the director is authorized to use the**
715 **confidential information in the furtherance of any regulator or legal action brought against**
716 **the company as a part of the director's official duties.**

717 **(b) Neither the director nor any person who received confidential information while**
718 **acting under the authority of the director shall be permitted or required to testify in any**
719 **private civil action concerning any confidential information.**

720 **(c) In order to assist in the performance of the director's duties, the director may**
721 **share confidential information with:**

722 **a. Other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies and with the NAIC**
723 **and its affiliates and subsidiaries; and**

724 **b. In the case of confidential information specified in paragraphs (a) and (d) of**
725 **subdivision (1) of this subsection only, the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline**
726 **or its successor upon request stating that the confidential information is required for the**
727 **purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and with state, federal, and international**
728 **law enforcement officials.**

729 **(d) The sharing of confidential information detailed in paragraph (c) of this**
730 **subdivision shall be contingent on such recipient agreeing and having the legal authority**
731 **to agree to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of such documents, materials,**
732 **data, and other information in the same manner and to the same extent as required for the**
733 **director.**

734 **(e) The director may receive documents, materials, data, and other information,**
735 **including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, data, or information,**
736 **from the NAIC and its affiliates NAD subsidiaries, from regulatory or law enforcement**
737 **officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and from the Actuarial Board for**
738 **Counseling and Discipline or its successor and shall maintain as confidential or privileged**
739 **any document, material, data, or other information received with notice or the**
740 **understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that**
741 **is the source of the document, material, or other information.**

742 **(f) The director may enter into agreements governing sharing and use of**
743 **information consistent with this subdivision.**

744 **(g) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the**
745 **confidential information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the director under this**
746 **section or as a result of sharing as authorized in paragraph (c) of this subdivision.**

747 (h) A privilege established under the law of any state or jurisdiction that is
748 substantially similar to the privilege established under this subdivision shall be available
749 and enforced in any proceeding in, and in any court, of Missouri.

750 (i) In this subsection regulatory agency, law enforcement agency, and the NAIC
751 include, but are not limited to, their employees, agents, consultants and contractors.

752 (3) Notwithstanding subdivision (2) of this subsection, any confidential information
753 specified in paragraphs (a) and (d) of subdivision (1) of this subsection:

754 (a) May be subject to subpoena for the purpose of defending an action seeking
755 damages from the appointed actuary submitting the related memorandum in support of
756 an opinion submitted under subsection 4 or 5 of this section or principle-based valuation
757 report developed under paragraph (c) of subdivision (2) of subsection 7 of this section by
758 reason of an action required by sections 376.365 to 376.380 or by regulations promulgated
759 hereunder;

760 (b) May otherwise be released by the director with the written consent of the
761 company; and

762 (c) Once any portion of a memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under
763 subsection 4 or 5 of this section or a principle-based valuation report developed under
764 paragraph (c) of subdivision (2) of subsection 7 of this section is cited by the company in
765 its marketing or is publicly volunteered to or before a governmental agency other than a
766 state insurance department or is released by the company to the news media, all portions
767 of such memorandum or report shall no longer be confidential.

768 10. The director may exempt specific product forms or product lines of a domestic
769 company that is licensed and doing business only in Missouri from the requirements of
770 subsection 6 of this section provided:

771 (1) The director has issued an exemption in writing to the company and has not
772 subsequently revoked the exemption in writing; and

773 (2) The company computes reserves using assumptions and methods used prior to
774 the operative date of the valuation manual in addition to any requirements established by
775 the director and promulgated by regulation.

776

777 For any company granted an exemption under this section, subsection 3 of section 376.370
778 and subsections 1 to 5 of this section shall be applicable. With respect to any company
779 applying this exemption, any reference to subsection 6 of this section found in subsection
780 3 of section 376.370 and subsections 1 to 5 of this section shall not be applicable.

376.670. [1.] 1a. As used in this section, "operative date of the valuation manual"
2 shall have the same meaning as set forth in section 376.365.

3 **1b.** In the case of policies issued on or after the operative date of this section, as defined
4 in subsection 14 of **this section**, no policy of life insurance, except as stated in subsection 13 of
5 **this section**, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it shall contain in
6 substance the following provisions, or corresponding provisions which in the opinion of the
7 director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration are
8 at least as favorable to the defaulting or surrendering policyholder as are the minimum
9 requirements specified in this section and are essentially in compliance with subsection 12a of
10 this section:

11 (1) That, in the event of default in any premium payment, the company will grant, upon
12 proper request not later than sixty days after the due date of the premium in default, a paid-up
13 nonforfeiture benefit on a plan stipulated in the policy, effective as of such due date, of such
14 amount as may be herein specified. In lieu of such stipulated paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, the
15 company may substitute, upon proper request not later than sixty days after the due date of the
16 premium in default, an actuarially equivalent alternative paid-up nonforfeiture benefit which
17 provides a greater amount or longer period of death benefits or, if applicable, a greater amount
18 or earlier payment of endowment benefits;

19 (2) That, upon surrender of the policy within sixty days after the due date of any
20 premium payment in default after premiums have been paid for at least three full years in the
21 case of ordinary insurance or five full years in the case of industrial insurance, the company will
22 pay, in lieu of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, a cash surrender value of such amount as may
23 be herein specified;

24 (3) That a specified paid-up nonforfeiture benefit shall become effective as specified in
25 the policy unless the person entitled to make such election elects another available option not
26 later than sixty days after the due date of the premium in default;

27 (4) That, if the policy shall have become paid up by completion of all premium payments
28 or if it is continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit which became effective on or after
29 the third policy anniversary in the case of ordinary insurance or the fifth policy anniversary in
30 the case of industrial insurance, the company will pay, upon surrender of the policy within thirty
31 days after any policy anniversary, a cash surrender value of such amount as may be herein
32 specified;

33 (5) In the case of policies which cause, on a basis guaranteed in the policy, unscheduled
34 changes in benefits or premiums, or which provide an option for changes in benefits or premiums
35 other than a change to a new policy, a statement of the mortality table, interest rate, and method
36 used in calculating cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under
37 the policy. In the case of all other policies, a statement of the mortality table and interest rate
38 used in calculating the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available

39 under the policy, together with a table showing the cash surrender value, if any, and paid-up
40 nonforfeiture benefit, if any, available under the policy on each policy anniversary either during
41 the first twenty policy years or during the term of the policy, whichever is shorter, such values
42 and benefits to be calculated upon the assumption that there are no dividends or paid-up
43 additions credited to the policy and that there is no indebtedness to the company on the policy;

44 (6) A statement that the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits
45 available under the policy are not less than the minimum values and benefits required by or
46 pursuant to the insurance law of the state in which the policy is delivered; an explanation of the
47 manner in which the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture benefits are altered by
48 the existence of any paid-up additions credited to the policy or any indebtedness to the company
49 on the policy; if a detailed statement of the method of computation of the values and benefits
50 shown in the policy is not stated therein, a statement that such method of computation has been
51 filed with the insurance supervisory official of the state in which the policy is delivered; and a
52 statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender value and paid-up
53 nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy on any policy anniversary beyond the last
54 anniversary for which such values and benefits are consecutively shown in the policy.

55 2. Any of the foregoing provisions or portions thereof not applicable by reason of the
56 plan of insurance may, to the extent inapplicable, be omitted from the policy.

57 3. The company shall reserve the right to defer the payment of any cash surrender value
58 for a period of six months after demand therefor with surrender of the policy.

59 4. (1) Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a
60 premium payment due on any policy anniversary, whether or not required by subsection [1] **1b**
61 **of this section**, shall be an amount not less than the excess, if any, of the present value, on such
62 anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy
63 if there had been no default, including any existing paid-up additions, over the sum of the then
64 present value of the adjusted premiums as defined in subsections 6, 7, 8, 8a, 9, 10, 10a, and 10b
65 **of this section** corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after such
66 anniversary, and the amount of any indebtedness to the company on the policy.

67 (2) For any policy issued on or after the operative date of subsection 10b of this section
68 which provides supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits at the option of the insured for
69 an identifiable additional premium by rider or supplemental policy provision, the cash surrender
70 value referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be an amount not less than the sum
71 of the cash surrender value for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such
72 rider or supplemental policy provision and the cash surrender value for a policy which provides
73 only the benefits otherwise provided by such rider or supplemental policy provision.

74 (3) For any family policy issued on or after the operative date of subsection 10b of this
75 section which defines a primary insured and provides term insurance on the life of the spouse
76 of the primary insured expiring before the spouse's age seventy-one, the cash surrender value
77 referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be an amount not less than the sum of the
78 cash surrender value for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such term
79 insurance on the life of the spouse and the cash surrender value for a policy which provides only
80 the benefits otherwise provided by such term insurance on the life of the spouse.

81 (4) Any cash surrender value available within thirty days after any policy anniversary
82 under any policy paid up by completion of all premium payments or any policy continued under
83 any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, whether or not required by subsection [1] **1b of this section**,
84 shall be an amount not less than the present value, on such anniversary, of the future guaranteed
85 benefits provided for the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, decreased by any
86 indebtedness to the company on the policy.

87 5. Any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in the event of default
88 in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary shall be such that its present value as of
89 such anniversary shall be at least equal to the cash surrender value then provided for by the
90 policy or, if none is provided for, that cash surrender value which would have been required by
91 this section in the absence of the condition that premiums shall have been paid for at least a
92 specified period.

93 6. This subsection and subsections 7, 8, 8a, and 9 of this section shall not apply to
94 policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection 10b of this section. Except as
95 provided in subsection 8a **of this section**, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be
96 calculated on an annual basis and shall be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums
97 specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding any extra premiums charged because of
98 impairments or special hazards, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all
99 such adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of:

100 (1) The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy;

101 (2) Two percent of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or
102 of the equivalent uniform amount, as herein defined, if the amount of insurance varies with
103 duration of the policy;

104 (3) Forty percent of the adjusted premium for the first policy year;

105 (4) Twenty-five percent of either the adjusted premiums for the first policy year or the
106 adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or equivalent uniform amount with
107 uniform premiums for the whole of life issued at the same age for the same amount of insurance,
108 whichever is less.

109 7. Provided, however, that in applying the percentages specified in subdivisions (3) and
110 (4) of subsection 6 **of this section**, no adjusted premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent
111 of the amount of insurance or uniform amount equivalent thereto. The date of issue of a policy
112 for the purpose of subsections 6, 7, 8, 8a and 9 **of this section** shall be the date as of which the
113 rated age of the insured is determined.

114 8. In the case of a policy providing an amount of insurance varying with duration of the
115 policy, the equivalent uniform amount thereof for the purpose of subsections 6, 7, 8, 8a and 9 **of**
116 **this section** shall be deemed to be the uniform amount of insurance provided by an otherwise
117 similar policy, containing the same endowment benefit or benefits, if any, issued at the same age
118 and for the same term, the amount of which does not vary with duration and the benefits under
119 which have the same present value at the date of issue as the benefits under the policy; provided,
120 however, that in the case of a policy providing a varying amount of insurance issued on the life
121 of a child under age ten, the equivalent uniform amount may be computed as though the amount
122 of insurance provided by the policy prior to the attainment of age ten were the amount provided
123 by such policy at age ten.

124 8a. The adjusted premiums for any policy providing term insurance benefits by rider or
125 supplemental policy provision shall be equal to (a) the adjusted premiums for an otherwise
126 similar policy issued at the same age without such term insurance benefits, increased, during the
127 period for which premiums for such term insurance benefits are payable, by (b) the adjusted
128 premiums for such term insurance, the foregoing items (a) and (b) being calculated separately
129 and as specified in subsections 6, 7 and 8 **of this section** except that, for the purposes of
130 subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 6 **of this section**, the amount of insurance or
131 equivalent uniform amount of insurance used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums
132 referred to in (b) shall be equal to the excess of the corresponding amount determined for the
133 entire policy over the amount used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums in (a).

134 9. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 10 and 10a **of this section**, all adjusted
135 premiums and present values referred to in this section shall, for all policies of ordinary
136 insurance, be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality
137 Table, provided that for any category of ordinary insurance issued on and after the effective date
138 of this amendment on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated
139 according to an age not more than three years younger than the actual age of the insured and such
140 calculations for all policies of industrial insurance shall be made on the basis of the 1941
141 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. All calculations shall be made on the basis of the rate of
142 interest, not exceeding three and one-half percent per annum, specified in the policy for
143 calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits; provided, however, that in
144 calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment,

145 if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than
146 one hundred and thirty percent of the rates of mortality according to such applicable table;
147 provided, further, that for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such
148 adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be
149 specified by the company and approved by the director.

150 10. This subsection shall not apply to ordinary policies issued on or after the operative
151 date of subsection 10b **of this section**. In the case of ordinary policies issued on or after the
152 operative date provided in this subsection, all adjusted premiums and present values referred to
153 in this section shall be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary
154 Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender
155 values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, provided that such rate of interest shall not exceed
156 three and one-half percent per annum, except that a rate of interest not exceeding four percent
157 per annum may be used for policies issued on or after September 28, 1975, and prior to
158 September 28, 1979, and a rate of interest not exceeding five and one-half percent per annum
159 may be used for policies issued on or after September 28, 1979, and provided that for any
160 category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may
161 be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger than the actual age of the
162 insured; provided, however, that in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance
163 with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of
164 mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1958 Extended
165 Term Insurance Table; provided, further, that for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the
166 calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table
167 of mortality as may be specified by the company and approved by the director. After the date
168 when this subsection becomes effective, any company may file with the director a written notice
169 of its election to comply with the provisions of this subsection after a specified date before
170 January 1, 1966. After the filing of such notice, then upon such specified date, which shall be
171 the operative date of this subsection for such company, this subsection shall become operative
172 with respect to the ordinary policies thereafter issued by such company. If a company makes no
173 such election, the operative date of this subsection for such company shall be January 1, 1966.

174 10a. This subsection shall not apply to industrial policies issued on or after the operative
175 date of subsection 10b **of this section**. In the case of industrial policies issued on or after the
176 operative date of this subsection as defined herein, all adjusted premiums and present values
177 referred to in this section shall be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1961 Standard
178 Industrial Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash
179 surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, provided that such rate of interest shall not
180 exceed three and one-half percent per annum, except that a rate of interest not exceeding four

181 percent per annum may be used for policies issued on or after September 28, 1975, and prior to
182 September 28, 1979, and a rate of interest not exceeding five and one-half percent per annum
183 may be used for policies issued on or after September 28, 1979; provided, however, that in
184 calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment,
185 if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than
186 those shown in the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table; provided,
187 further, that for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted
188 premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified
189 by the company and approved by the director. After the date when this subsection becomes
190 effective, any company may file with the director a written notice of its election to comply with
191 the provisions of this subsection after a specified date before January 1, 1968. After the filing
192 of such notice, then upon such specified date, which shall be the operative date of this subsection
193 for such company, this subsection shall become operative with respect to the industrial policies
194 thereafter issued by such company. If a company makes no such election, the operative date of
195 this subsection for such company shall be January 1, 1968.

196 10b. (1) This subsection shall apply to all policies issued on or after the operative date
197 of this subsection as defined herein. Except as provided in subdivision (7) of this subsection,
198 the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be such
199 uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year,
200 excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments or special hazards and also
201 excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement
202 of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture
203 benefits, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all adjusted premiums shall
204 be equal to the sum of:

205 (a) The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy;

206 (b) One percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount,
207 or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years; and

208 (c) One hundred twenty-five percent of the nonforfeiture net level premium as
209 hereinafter defined. In applying the percentage specified in paragraph (c) above, no nonforfeiture
210 net level premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent of either the amount of insurance, if
211 the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each
212 of the first ten policy years. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this subsection shall
213 be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.

214 (2) The nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the present value, at the date
215 of issue of the policy, of the guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy divided by the present

216 value, at the date of issue of the policy, of an annuity of one per annum payable on the date of
217 issue of the policy and on each anniversary of such policy on which a premium falls due.

218 (3) In the case of policies which cause, on a basis guaranteed in the policy, unscheduled
219 changes in benefits or premiums, or which provide an option for changes in benefits or premiums
220 other than a change to a new policy, the adjusted premiums and present values shall initially be
221 calculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those
222 stipulated at the date of issue of the policy. At the time of any such change in the benefits or
223 premiums the future adjusted premiums, nonforfeiture net level premiums and present values
224 shall be recalculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from
225 those stipulated by the policy immediately after the change.

226 (4) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (7) of this subsection, the recalculated
227 future adjusted premiums for any such policy shall be such uniform percentage of the respective
228 future premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra
229 premiums to cover impairments and special hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual
230 contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the method to be used in
231 calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value,
232 at the time of change to the newly defined benefits or premiums, of all such future adjusted
233 premiums shall be equal to the excess of (A) the sum of the then present value of the then future
234 guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy and the additional expense allowance, if any, over
235 (B) the then cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit
236 under the policy.

237 (5) The additional expense allowance, at the time of the change to the newly defined
238 benefits or premiums, shall be the sum of:

239 (a) One percent of the excess, if positive, of the average amount of insurance at the
240 beginning of each of the first ten policy years subsequent to the change over the average amount
241 of insurance prior to the change at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years subsequent
242 to the time of the most recent previous change, or, if there has been no previous change, the date
243 of issue of the policy; and

244 (b) One hundred twenty-five percent of the increase, if positive, in the nonforfeiture net
245 level premium.

246 (6) The recalculated nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the result obtained
247 by dividing (a) by (b) where:

248 (a) Equals the sum of:

249 a. The nonforfeiture net level premium applicable prior to the change times the present
250 value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or subsequent

251 to the date of the change on which a premium would have fallen due had the change not
252 occurred; and

253 b. The present value of the increase in future guaranteed benefits provided for by the
254 policy; and

255 (b) Equals the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary
256 of the policy on or subsequent to the date of change on which a premium falls due.

257 (7) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection to the contrary, in the case
258 of a policy issued on a substandard basis which provides reduced graded amounts of insurance
259 so that in each policy year such policy has the same tabular mortality cost as an otherwise similar
260 policy issued on the standard basis which provides higher uniform amounts of insurance,
261 adjusted premiums and present values for such substandard policy may be calculated as if it were
262 issued to provide such higher uniform amounts of insurance on the standard basis.

263 (8) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this section shall for all
264 policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1980 Standard
265 Ordinary Mortality Table or, at the election of the company for any one or more specified plans
266 of life insurance, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten-Year
267 Select Mortality Factors. All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this section
268 shall for all policies of industrial insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1961
269 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this
270 section shall for all policies issued in a particular calendar year be calculated on the basis of a
271 rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate as defined in this subsection for
272 policies issued in that calendar year.

273 (9) Except as provided in subdivision (8) of this subsection:

274 (a) At the option of the company, calculations for all policies issued in a particular
275 calendar year may be made on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture
276 interest rate, as defined in this subsection, for policies issued in the immediately preceding
277 calendar year;

278 (b) Under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, including any paid-up dividend additions,
279 any cash surrender value available, whether or not required by subsection [1] **1b** of this section,
280 shall be calculated on the basis of the mortality table and rate of interest used in determining the
281 amount of such paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and paid-up dividend additions, if any;

282 (c) A company may calculate the amount of any guaranteed paid-up nonforfeiture benefit
283 including any paid-up additions under the policy on the basis of an interest rate no lower than
284 that specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values;

285 (d) In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying
286 pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may

287 be not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table for
288 policies of ordinary insurance and not more than the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended
289 Term Insurance Table for policies of industrial insurance;

290 (e) For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted
291 premiums and present values may be based on appropriate modifications of the tables listed in
292 [subdivision] **paragraph (d)** of this [subsection] **subdivision**;

293 (f) **For policies issued prior to the operative date of the valuation manual**, any
294 ordinary mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance
295 Commissioners] **NAIC**, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the director for use in
296 determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for the Commissioners 1980
297 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with or without Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors or for the
298 Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table;

299 (g) **For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual, the**
300 **valuation manual shall provide the mortality table for use in determining the minimum**
301 **nonforfeiture standard that may be substituted for the Commissioners 1980 Standard**
302 **Ordinary Mortality Table with or without Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors or for the**
303 **Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table. If the director approves by**
304 **regulation any ordinary mortality table adopted by the NAIC for use in determining the**
305 **minimum nonforfeiture standard for policies issued on or after the operative date of the**
306 **valuation manual, such minimum nonforfeiture standard supersedes the minimum**
307 **nonforfeiture standard provided by the valuation manual**;

308 (h) **For policies issued prior to the operative date of the valuation manual**, any
309 industrial mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the [National Association of Insurance
310 Commissioners] **NAIC**, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the director for use in
311 determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for the Commissioners 1961
312 Standard Industrial Mortality Table or for the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term
313 Insurance Table;

314 (i) **For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual, the**
315 **valuation manual shall provide the mortality table for use in determining the minimum**
316 **nonforfeiture standard that may be substituted for the Commissioners 1961 Standard**
317 **Industrial Mortality Table or the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term**
318 **Insurance Table. If the director approves by regulation any industrial mortality table**
319 **adopted by the NAIC for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard for**
320 **policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual, such minimum**
321 **nonforfeiture standard supersedes the minimum nonforfeiture standard provided by the**
322 **valuation manual.**

323 (10) The nonforfeiture interest rate **is defined as follows:**

324 (a) **For policies issued prior to the operative date of the valuation manual, the**
325 **nonforfeiture rate** per annum for any policy issued in a particular calendar year shall be equal
326 to one hundred twenty-five percent of the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for such
327 policy as defined in section 376.380 rounded to the nearer one-quarter of one percent;

328 (b) **For policies issued on or after the operative date of the valuation manual, the**
329 **nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any policy issued in a particular calendar year**
330 **shall be provided by the valuation manual;**

331 (11) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any refiling of
332 nonforfeiture values or their methods of computation for any previously approved policy form
333 which involves only a change in the interest rate or mortality table used to compute nonforfeiture
334 values shall not require refiling of any other provisions of that policy form;

335 (12) After the effective date of this subsection, any company may file with the director
336 a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this subsection after a specified
337 date before January 1, 1989, which shall be the operative date of this subsection for such
338 company. If a company makes no such election, the operative date of this subsection for such
339 company shall be January 1, 1989.

340 10c. In the case of any plan of life insurance which provides for future premium
341 determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the insurance company based on
342 then estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan of life insurance which is of such
343 a nature that minimum values cannot be determined by the methods described in subsections 1
344 to 10b of this section, then:

345 (1) The director must be satisfied that the benefits provided under the plan are
346 substantially as favorable to policyholders and insureds as the minimum benefits otherwise
347 required by subsections 1 to 10b of this section;

348 (2) The director must be satisfied that the benefits and the pattern of premiums of that
349 plan are not such as to mislead prospective policyholders or insureds;

350 (3) The cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided by the plan
351 must not be less than the minimum values and benefits required for the plan computed by a
352 method consistent with the principles of this section, as determined by regulations promulgated
353 by the director.

354 11. Any cash surrender value and any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, available under the
355 policy in the event of default in a premium payment due at any time other than on the policy
356 anniversary, shall be calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of
357 fractional premiums beyond the last preceding policy anniversary. All values referred to in
358 subsections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8a, 9, 10, 10a and 10b of this section may be calculated upon the

359 assumption that any death benefit is payable at the end of the policy year of death. The net value
360 of any paid-up additions, other than paid-up term additions, shall be not less than the amounts
361 used to provide such additions.

362 12. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 4 **of this section**, additional benefits
363 payable:

364 (1) In the event of death or dismemberment by accident or accidental means;

365 (2) In the event of total and permanent disability;

366 (3) As reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity benefits;

367 (4) As term insurance benefits provided by a rider or supplemental policy provision to
368 which, if issued as a separate policy, this section would not apply;

369 (5) As term insurance on the life of a child or on the lives of children provided in a
370 policy on the life of a parent of the child, if such term insurance expires before the child's age is
371 twenty-six, is uniform in amount after the child's age is one, and has not become paid up by
372 reason of the death of a parent of the child; and

373 (6) As other policy benefits additional to life insurance and endowment benefits, and
374 premiums for all such additional benefits; shall be disregarded in ascertaining cash surrender
375 values and nonforfeiture benefits required by this section, and no such additional benefits shall
376 be required to be included in any paid-up nonforfeiture benefits.

377 12a. (1) This subsection, in addition to all other applicable subsections of this section,
378 shall apply to all policies issued on or after January 1, 1986. Any cash surrender value available
379 under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary
380 shall be in an amount which does not differ by more than two-tenths of one percent of either the
381 amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance
382 at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years, from the sum of the greater of zero and the
383 basic cash value hereinafter specified and the present value of any existing paid-up additions less
384 the amount of any indebtedness to the company under the policy.

385 (2) The basic cash value shall be equal to the present value, on such anniversary, of the
386 future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, excluding any
387 existing paid-up additions and before deduction of any indebtedness to the company, if there had
388 been no default, less the then present value of the nonforfeiture factors, as defined in subdivision

389 (3) of this subsection, corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after such
390 anniversary. The effects on the basic cash value of supplemental life insurance or annuity
391 benefits or of family coverage, as described in subsection 4 of this section or in subsections 6,
392 7, 8, 8a and 9 of this section, whichever is applicable, shall be the same as are the effects
393 specified in subsection 4 of this section or in subsections 6, 7, 8, 8a and 9 of this section,
394 whichever is applicable on the cash surrender values defined in that subsection.

395 (3) The nonforfeiture factor for each policy year shall be an amount equal to a percentage
396 of the adjusted premium for the policy year, as defined in subsections 6, 7, 8, 8a and 9 of this
397 section or in subsection 10b of this section, whichever is applicable. Except as is required by
398 subdivision (4) of this subsection, such percentage:

399 (a) Must be the same percentage for each policy year between the second policy
400 anniversary and the later of the fifth policy anniversary or the first policy anniversary at which
401 there is available under the policy a cash surrender value in an amount, before including any
402 paid-up additions and before deducting any indebtedness, of at least two-tenths of one percent
403 of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount
404 of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years; and

405 (b) Must be such that no percentage after the later of the two policy anniversaries
406 specified in paragraph (a) of this subdivision may apply to fewer than five consecutive policy
407 years. No basic cash value may be less than the value which would be obtained if the adjusted
408 premiums for the policy, as defined in subsections 6, 7, 8, 8a and 9 of this section or in
409 subsection 10b of this section, whichever is applicable, were substituted for the nonforfeiture
410 factors in the calculation of the basic cash value.

411 (4) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this subsection shall for a
412 particular policy be calculated on the same mortality and interest bases as are used in
413 demonstrating the policy's compliance with the other subsections of this section. The cash
414 surrender values referred to in this subsection shall include any endowment benefits provided
415 for by the policy.

416 (5) Any cash surrender value available other than in the event of default in a premium
417 payment due on a policy anniversary, and the amount of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit
418 available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment shall be determined in
419 manners consistent with the manners specified for determining the analogous minimum amounts
420 in subsections 3, 4, 5, 10b and 11 of this section. The amounts of any cash surrender values and
421 of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefits granted in connection with additional benefits such as those
422 listed as subdivisions (1) to (6) in subsection 12 shall conform with the principles of this
423 subsection.

424 13. (1) This section shall not apply to any of the following:

- 425 (a) Reinsurance;
- 426 (b) Group insurance;
- 427 (c) Pure endowments;
- 428 (d) Annuities or reversionary annuity contracts;

429 (e) Term policies of uniform amounts, which provide no guaranteed nonforfeiture or
430 endowment benefits, or renewals thereof of twenty years or less expiring before age seventy-one,
431 for which uniform premiums are payable during the entire term of the policy;

432 (f) Term policies of decreasing amounts, which provide no guaranteed nonforfeiture or
433 endowment benefits, on which each adjusted premium calculated as specified in subsections 6,
434 7, 8, 8a, 9, 10, 10a, and 10b **of this section** is less than the adjusted premium so calculated on
435 a term policy of uniform amount, or renewal thereof, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture
436 or endowment benefits, issued at the same age and for the same initial amount of insurance, and
437 for a term of twenty years or less expiring before age seventy-one, for which uniform premiums
438 are payable during the entire term of the policy;

439 (g) Policies, which provide no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, for
440 which no cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, at
441 the beginning of any policy year, calculated as specified in subsections 4 to 10b of this section,
442 exceeds two and one-half percent of the amount of insurance at the beginning of the same policy
443 year;

444 (h) Policies which shall be delivered outside this state through an agent or other
445 representative of the company issuing the policies.

446 (2) For purposes of determining the applicability of this section, the expiration date for
447 a joint term life insurance policy shall be the age at expiry of the oldest life.

448 14. After the effective date of this section, any company may file with the director a
449 written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this section after a specified date
450 before January 1, 1948. After the filing of such notice, then upon such specified date, which
451 shall be the operative date for such company, this section shall become operative with respect
452 to the policies thereafter issued by such company. If a company makes no such election, the
453 operative date of this section for such company shall be January 1, 1948.

✓