AN ACT

To amend chapter 290, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to labor organizations, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 290, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section 290.589, to read as follows:

290.589. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Freedom to Work Act".

2. As used in this section, the term "labor organization" means any organization of any kind, agency, employee representation committee, or union that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning wages, rates of pay, hours of work, other conditions of employment, or other forms of compensation.

3. No person shall be required as a condition or continuation of employment to:

(1) Become or refrain from becoming a member of a labor organization;

(2) Pay any dues, fees, assessments, or other similar charges however denominated of any kind or amount to a labor organization; or

(3) In lieu of the payments listed under subdivision (2) of this subsection, pay to any charity or other third party any amount equivalent to, or on a pro rata basis, any dues, fees, assessments, or other charges required of members of a labor organization.

4. Any written, oral, implied, or express agreement, understanding, or practice between any labor organization and employer that violates the rights of employees as guaranteed under this section is unlawful, null and void, and of no legal effect.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in bold-face type in the above bill is proposed language.
5. Any person who directly or indirectly violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

6. (1) Any person injured as a result of any violation or threatened violation of this section shall be entitled to injunctive relief against any and all violators or persons threatening violations.

(2) Any person injured as a result of any violation or threatened violation of this section may recover any and all damages of any character resulting from such violation or threatened violation including costs and reasonable attorney fees. Such remedies shall be independent of and in addition to the other penalties and remedies permitted under this section.

7. The prosecuting attorney of each county and the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall investigate complaints of any violation or threatened violation of this section, prosecute any person violating this section, and use all means at their command to ensure the effective enforcement of this section.

8. This section shall not apply:

(1) To employers and employees covered by the federal Railway Labor Act, as amended;

(2) To federal employers and employees;

(3) To employers and employees on exclusive federal enclaves;

(4) Where this section conflicts with or is preempted by federal law; or

(5) To any collective bargaining agreement or any other type of agreement between an employer and a labor organization entered into before the effective date of this section but shall apply to any new agreement, renewal, or extension of any existing collective bargaining agreement.

9. This section shall apply only in any county that adopts the provisions of this section as provided in subsection 10.

10. (1) The governing body of each county may, by order or ordinance, adopt the provisions of this section. No such order or ordinance adopted under this section shall become effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters residing within the county a proposal to authorize the governing body to adopt the provisions of this section. Such proposal shall be submitted to the voters on the next date available to the county for public elections under chapter 115 after the adoption of the order or ordinance by the governing body. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order or ordinance shall become effective. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the order or ordinance shall not become
53 effective unless and until the proposal is resubmitted under this section to the qualified
54 voters and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the
55 proposal.
56
57 (2) If the governing body of any county receives a petition, signed by a number of
58 registered voters of the county equal to at least ten percent of the number of registered
59 voters of the county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to adopt
60 the provisions of this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to
61 adopt the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the
62 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the provisions of this section
63 shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such proposal
64 was approved by the voters. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified
65 voters voting thereon are opposed to the adoption of the provisions of this section, then the
66 provisions of this section shall not become effective unless and until the proposal is
67 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such proposal is approved by a
68 majority of the qualified voters voting on the proposal.
69
70 11. (1) The governing body of any county that has adopted the provisions of this
71 section may submit the question of repeal of the adoption of the provisions of this section
72 to the voters on any date available for elections for the county. If a majority of the votes
73 cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that
74 repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such
75 repeal was approved by the voters. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the
76 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the provisions of this section
77 shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified
78 voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the
79 question.
80
81 (2) If the governing body of any county that has adopted the provisions of this
82 section receives a petition, signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal to
83 at least ten percent of the number of registered voters of the county voting in the last
84 gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the adoption of the provisions of this
85 section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the provisions
86 of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting
87 thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-
88 first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved by the voters. If a majority
89 of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the
90 repeal, then the provisions of this section shall remain effective until the proposal for
repeal is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved
by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.