House Concurrent Resolution No. 69

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE MILLER.

5388H.01I

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

WHEREAS, diverse, reliable, and affordable energy supply is vital to economic growth 2 in Missouri; and

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WHEREAS, the United States has abundant natural resources that have contributed to
Missouri's growth and development, and Missouri benefits from a diverse mix of energy sources
that include coal, natural gas, nuclear power, and renewable energy; and

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8 WHEREAS, on June 2, 2014, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) 9 proposed the Clean Power Plan to reduce carbon dioxide emissions from fossil fuel-fired power 10 plants, requiring Missouri to significantly reduce the carbon dioxide emissions rate of its 11 electricity-generating fleet; and

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WHEREAS, the North American Electric Reliability Corporation and Regional Transmission Organizations are raising concerns about the reliability of the nation's electric grid in light of the projected national retirement of more than sixty gigawatts (GW) of generating capacity prior to 2020 due to economic considerations and compliance with more stringent environmental requirements; and

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WHEREAS, on August 3, 2015, the EPA predicted in its regulatory impact analysis for its final Clean Power Plan that up to twenty-nine GW of coal-fired generating units would close in the United States by 2025 with eleven GW more closing by 2030, and many of these units are in or serving states that are members of the Southern States Energy Board; and

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24 25 26	WHEREAS, some studies project that the EPA's proposed Clean Power Plan may cause double-digit electricity price increases in many states, including the sixteen states and two territories comprising the Southern States Energy Board; and
27 28 29 30	WHEREAS , Missouri burns coal for more than eighty percent of its electricity, and the state's carbon reduction goal under the final rule is much tougher than in the draft proposal; and
31 32 33	WHEREAS , Missouri must reduce its power-sector carbon emissions rate to 1,272 pounds of carbon dioxide per megawatt-hour of power produced, much stiffer than the 1,544 pounds per megawatt-hour level in the draft rule; and
34 35 36 37 38	WHEREAS, the Clean Power Plan is based on emission reduction measures that interfere with the regulation of electricity by individual states and that will have a major impact on energy resources, electricity ratepayers, grid reliability, jobs, and the economy of the United States; and
 39 40 41 42 	WHEREAS , twenty-nine states do not believe that the Clean Power Plan is consistent with the EPA's authority under the Clean Air Act; and
43 44 45	WHEREAS, the final Clean Power Plan may be overturned as the result of legal challenges by multiple states:
46 47 48 49	NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the House of Representatives of the Ninety-eighth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the Senate concurring therein, hereby find that the EPA's Clean Power Plan interferes with the sovereign powers of the states to regulate electricity within their borders and to ensure a reliable and

49 powers of the states to regulate electricity within th50 affordable supply of electricity for their citizens; and

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52 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the members of the House of Representatives of 53 the Ninety-eighth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the Senate concurring therein, hereby urge the attorney general to take necessary legal actions regarding EPA's final Clean 54 55 Power Plan to prevent unlawful obligations from being imposed on states, electricity providers, 56 businesses, and citizens; and that pending resolution of all such legal actions, encourage the governor to take such additional actions as may be appropriate to protect the best interests of 57 58 Missouri including, but not limited to, requesting a two-year extension of the deadline to submit 59 a final state plan, refusing to submit a Clean Power Plan under Section 111(d) of the federal 60 Clean Air Act, or working with state environmental agencies to submit an implementation plan that the state deems to be feasible and legally sound regardless of whether the plan conforms to 61 62 the final rule; and

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64 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of 65 Representatives be instructed to prepare a properly inscribed copy of this resolution for the EPA, 66 the Congress of the United States, governors, lieutenant governors, applicable state regulators,

67 and legislative presiding officers.

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