

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

First Regular Session, 99th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

FOURTH DAY, TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 2017

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Speaker Richardson in the Chair.

Prayer by Reverend Monsignor Robert A. Kurwicky, Chaplain.

Let us follow after the things which make for peace. (Romans 14:19)

Eternal God, Our Father, in whom our parents and grandparents trusted and were never let down, bless us this day as we bow before You in loving memory of those who laid down their lives for our country.

We thank You for men and women in time past who gave themselves that we might have freedom in our State, and we are grateful for those in time present who are giving themselves that liberty may continue to live in our land and in the world.

That these may not have lived and died in vain we pray You to unite our people in one great purpose to preserve the principles of freedom, justice, and goodwill, and by Your grace may we learn to live together in the spirit of true unity.

Pour out Your spirit upon us in such measure that we may turn from division to peace, from poverty to plenty, and from hate to love, through Your power and love.

And the House says, "Amen!"

The Pledge of Allegiance to the flag was recited.

The Speaker appointed the following to act as Honorary Pages for the Day, to serve without compensation: Kameron Judd, Jacob Simpson, David Cozort, and Jillian Rhoads.

The Journal of the third day was approved as printed by the following vote:

AYES: 153

Adams	Alferman	Anders	Anderson	Andrews
Arthur	Austin	Bahr	Bangert	Baringer
Barnes 28	Basye	Beard	Beck	Bernskoetter
Black	Bondon	Brattin	Brown 27	Brown 57
Brown 94	Burnett	Burns	Butler	Carpenter
Chipman	Christofanelli	Cierpiot	Conway 10	Conway 104
Cookson	Corlew	Cornejo	Crawford	Cross
Curtman	Davis	DeGroot	Dogan	Dohrman
Dunn	Eggleston	Ellebracht	Ellington	Engler
Evans	Fitzpatrick	Fitzwater 144	Fitzwater 49	Fraker

Francis	Franklin	Franks Jr	Frederick	Gannon
Gray	Green	Gregory	Grier	Haahr
Haefner	Hannegan	Hansen	Harris	Helms
Henderson	Higdon	Hill	Houghton	Houx
Hubrecht	Hurst	Johnson	Justus	Kelley 127
Kelly 141	Kendrick	Kidd	Kolkmeyer	Korman
Lant	Lauer	Lavender	Lichtenegger	Love
Lynch	Marshall	Mathews	Matthiesen	McCaherty
McCann Beatty	McCreery	McGaugh	McGee	Meredith 71
Merideth 80	Messenger	Miller	Mitten	Moon
Morgan	Morris	Mosley	Muntzel	Neely
Newman	Nichols	Pfautsch	Phillips	Pierson Jr
Pietzman	Pike	Plocher	Pogue	Quade
Razer	Redmon	Rehder	Reiboldt	Reisch
Remole	Rhoads	Roberts	Roden	Rone
Rowland 155	Rowland 29	Runions	Ruth	Schroer
Shaul 113	Shull 16	Shumake	Smith 85	Smith 163
Sommer	Spencer	Stacy	Stephens 128	Stevens 46
Tate	Taylor	Trent	Unsicker	Vescovo
Walker 3	Walker 74	Wessels	White	Wiemann
Wilson	Wood	Mr. Speaker		

NOES: 001

McDaniel

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 008

Barnes 60	Berry	Curtis	May	Peters
Roeber	Ross	Swan		

VACANCIES: 001

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

Representative Smith (85) offered House Resolution No. 35.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following House Joint Resolutions were read the second time:

HJR 19, relating to residency requirements of elected officials.

HJR 20, relating to local voter approval of tax modifications.

HJR 21, relating to the regulation and taxation of marijuana.

HJR 22, relating to the imposition of an additional fee for licenses and registrations.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were read the second time:

- HB 482**, relating to workers' compensation for firefighters.
- HB 483**, relating to petroleum storage tanks.
- HB 484**, relating to interest rates.
- HB 485**, relating to discrimination based on sexual orientation or gender identity.
- HB 486**, relating to tax credits for grocery stores.
- HB 487**, relating to criminal history inquiries of applicants for employment.
- HB 488**, relating to the donated food tax credit.
- HB 489**, relating to MO HealthNet services.
- HB 490**, relating to criminal nonsupport, with a penalty provision.
- HB 491**, relating to expungement of records due to identity theft or mistaken identity.
- HB 492**, relating to campaign finance, with a delayed effective date and penalty provisions.
- HB 493**, relating to real property owned by limited liability companies.
- HB 494**, relating to consumer cash rebate coupons.
- HB 495**, relating to sales taxes dedicated to public safety purposes.
- HB 496**, relating to automatic voter registration.
- HB 497**, relating to the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote Act.
- HB 498**, relating to courthouse security.
- HB 499**, relating to records of regularly conducted activity as evidence law.
- HB 500**, relating to senior citizens' property tax relief.
- HB 501**, relating to elections, with a delayed effective date for a certain section and penalty provisions.

HB 502, relating to fantasy sports contests, with penalty provisions.

HB 503, relating to a law enforcement officer identification numbering system.

HB 504, relating to video cameras for law enforcement officers.

HB 505, relating to full orders of protection for victims and witnesses of crimes, with penalty provisions.

HB 506, relating to the Missouri innocence commission.

HB 507, relating to parole eligibility.

HB 508, relating to improving the ability of inmates to obtain employment upon release from incarceration.

HB 509, relating to elementary and secondary education.

HB 510, relating to written consent to search vehicles.

HB 511, relating to crime victims' compensation fund claims.

HB 512, relating to the designation of El-Hajj Malik El-Shabazz observation day in Missouri.

HB 513, relating to the designation of Malcolm X observation day in Missouri.

HB 514, relating to the Malcolm X day commission.

HB 515, relating to high school graduation requirements.

HB 516, relating to the minimum wage rate.

HB 517, relating to the Missouri supporting families income tax holiday act.

HB 518, relating to employment practices relating to gender.

HB 519, relating to statute of limitations for certain offenses against a child, with penalty provisions.

HB 520, relating to visually impaired voters.

HB 521, relating to the labeling of genetically modified food products.

HB 522, relating to the establishment of the Intervention and Compliance Unit Pilot Program.

HB 523, relating to the small business equality act.

HB 524, relating to the Missouri death with dignity act, with penalty provisions.

HB 525, relating to driver's license issuance.

HB 526, relating to an economic development grant program.

HB 527, relating to charges imposed by utilities on customers.

HB 528, relating to criminal justice accountability.

HB 529, relating to the licensure of physicians.

HB 530, relating to the state legal expense fund.

HB 531, relating to automatic voter registration.

HB 532, relating to the Study Commission on State Tax Policy.

HB 533, relating to the crime or offense of littering, with penalty provisions.

HB 534, relating to mandatory driver's education and training, with a contingent effective date.

HB 535, relating to the operation of motorcycles or motortricycles, with penalty provisions.

HB 536, relating to uninsured motorists, with a penalty provision.

COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Employment Security.

Representative Wanda Brown, Chair
Representative Tila Hubrecht, Vice Chair
Representative Keith Frederick
Representative Jeff Pogue
Representative Tim Remole
Representative Kurt Bahr
Representative Dean Dohrman

Representative Dan Houx
Representative Jim Hansen
Representative Karla May - Ranking Member
Representative Joe Runions
Representative Doug Beck
Representative Jay Mosley

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Administrative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Government Oversight.

Representative Rick Brattin, Chair
Representative Mike Moon, Vice Chair
Representative Wanda Brown
Representative Phil Christofanelli
Representative Jeff Messenger
Representative Justin Hill
Representative Paul Fitzwater
Representative Jered Taylor
Representative Cheri Toalson Reisch
Representative Gina Mitten
Representative Peter Merideth - Ranking Member
Representative Jerome Barnes
Representative Crystal Quade

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Administrative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Homeland Security.

Representative Galen Higdon, Chair
Representative Bill Kidd, Vice Chair
Representative Shane Roden
Representative Donna Lichtenegger
Representative Chrissy Sommer
Representative Chuck Basye
Representative Paul Curtman
Representative Rick Francis
Representative Andrew McDaniel
Representative Sue Meredith
Representative Brandon Ellington
Representative Courtney Curtis

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Legislative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Innovation and Technology.

Representative TJ Berry, Chair
Representative Derek Grier, Vice Chair
Representative Jean Evans
Representative Travis Fitzwater
Representative Jeanie Lauer
Representative Delus Johnson
Representative Charlie Davis
Representative Becky Ruth
Representative Donna Pfautsch
Representative Bart Korman
Representative Greg Razer
Representative Alan Gray
Representative Tommie Pierson, Jr. - Ranking Member
Representative Sarah Unsicker

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Administrative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Small Business.

Representative John McCaherty, Chair
Representative Allen Andrews, Vice Chair
Representative Sonya Anderson
Representative Mike Henderson
Representative David Gregory
Representative Randy Pietzman
Representative Mike Stephens
Representative Ken Wilson
Representative Gary Cross
Representative Mike Kelley
Representative Ingrid Burnett
Representative Ben Harris
Representative Alan Green - Ranking Member
Representative DaRon McGee

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Administrative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Tourism.

Representative Jeff Justus, Chair
Representative Elaine Gannon, Vice Chair
Representative Steve Cookson
Representative Tom Hannegan
Representative Bryan Spencer
Representative Nate Tate
Representative Diane Franklin
Representative Mark Matthiesen
Representative Rocky Miller
Representative Gretchen Bangert
Representative Mary Nichols
Representative Richard Brown - Ranking Member
Representative Jerome Barnes

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Legislative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Special Committee on Urban Issues.

Representative Courtney Curtis, Chair
Representative Nick Marshall, Vice Chair
Representative Dean Plocher
Representative Rebecca Roeber
Representative Dan Stacy
Representative Shawn Rhoads
Representative Steve Helms
Representative Brandon Ellington

This Committee will report to the Committee on Rules – Legislative Oversight.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss, Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint Representative Kip Kendrick to the Missouri Health Facilities Review Committee.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

SUBCOMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Subcommittee on Appropriations – Agriculture, Conservation, Natural Resources, and Economic Development.

Representative Craig Redmon, Chair
Representative Bryan Spencer, Vice Chair
Representative Curtis Trent
Representative Don Rone
Representative Robert Ross

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Subcommittee on Appropriations – Education.

Representative Lyle Rowland, Chair
Representative Allen Andrews, Vice Chair
Representative Donna Lichtenegger
Representative Rusty Black
Representative Justin Alferman

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Subcommittee on Appropriations – General Administration.

Representative Kurt Bahr, Chair
Representative Jered Taylor, Vice Chair
Representative Phil Christofanelli
Representative Tila Hubrecht
Representative Justin Alferman

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Subcommittee on Appropriations – Health, Mental Health, and Social Services.

Representative David Wood, Chair
Representative Cody Smith, Vice Chair
Representative Marsha Haefner
Representative Kathryn Swan
Representative Justin Hill

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss, Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Office #317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101-6806

Dear Chief Clerk Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following members to the House Subcommittee on Appropriations – Health, Mental Health and Social Services:

Deb Lavender
Crystal Quade

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Gail McCann Beatty
House Minority Leader
District 26

January 10, 2017

Mr. Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri House of Representatives
State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Mr. Crumbliss:

I hereby appoint the following to serve on the Subcommittee on Appropriations – Public Safety, Corrections, Transportation, and Revenue.

Representative Kathie Conway, Chair
Representative Cloria Brown, Vice Chair
Representative Charlie Davis
Representative Bart Korman
Representative David Gregory

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Richardson
Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives
152nd District

REFERRAL OF HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The following House Concurrent Resolution was referred to the Committee indicated:

HCR 4 - General Laws

REFERRAL OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were referred to the Committee indicated:

HB 26 - Government Efficiency
HB 28 - Special Committee on Tourism
HB 29 - General Laws
HB 30 - Ways and Means
HB 32 - Judiciary
HB 34 - Judiciary
HB 35 - Judiciary
HB 36 - Local Government
HB 37 - Crime Prevention and Public Safety
HB 39 - Crime Prevention and Public Safety
HB 40 - Crime Prevention and Public Safety
HB 48 - Local Government
HB 49 - Special Committee on Tourism

- HB 50** - Judiciary
- HB 51** - Local Government
- HB 54** - Elections
- HB 58** - Health and Mental Health Policy
- HB 61** - Transportation
- HB 66** - Health and Mental Health Policy
- HB 69** - Local Government
- HB 71** - Special Committee on Small Business
- HB 72** - Judiciary
- HB 80** - Pensions
- HB 85** - Transportation
- HB 87** - Local Government
- HB 107** - Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 108** - Transportation
- HB 111** - General Laws
- HB 115** - Transportation
- HB 122** - Health and Mental Health Policy
- HB 128** - Transportation
- HB 129** - Ways and Means
- HB 136** - Special Committee on Government Oversight
- HB 142** - Utilities
- HB 152** - Judiciary
- HB 164** - Children and Families
- HB 169** - Special Committee on Government Oversight
- HB 171** - Judiciary
- HB 174** - Children and Families
- HB 180** - Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 183** - Special Committee on Urban Issues
- HB 186** - Crime Prevention and Public Safety
- HB 191** - Budget
- HB 200** - Local Government

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Consent and House Procedure, Chairman Pfautsch reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Consent and House Procedure, to which was referred **HR 8**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute** by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Beard, Black, Kelly (141), Love, Muntzel, Pfautsch, Pike, Schroer and Trent

Noes (4): Carpenter, Dunn, Kendrick and McCreery

Absent (0)

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 8

PROPOSED
RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
99th GENERAL ASSEMBLY

TIME OF MEETING

Rule 1. The time of meeting by the House, unless otherwise ordered, shall be 10:00 a.m.

~~[CONSTITUTIONAL MAJORITY DEFINED]~~

~~Rule 2. The term "constitutional majority", as used herein, shall mean eighty-two members of the House.]~~

ORDER OF BUSINESS

Rule ~~[3.]~~ **2. (1) *Administrative Order of Business.*** The first of each day, after the House is called to order, shall be employed as follows unless otherwise ordered by the House:

- (a) Prayer.
- (b) Pledge of Allegiance to the American Flag.
- (c) ~~[Order of Business]~~ **Introduction of petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and resolutions.**
- (d) **Introduction and first reading of House Joint Resolutions.**
- (e) **Introduction and first reading of House Bills.**
- (f) **First reading of Senate Joint Resolutions and Bills.**
- (g) **Second reading of House Bills, Joint Resolutions, and Concurrent Resolutions.**
- (h) **Second reading of Senate Bills, Joint Resolutions, and Concurrent Resolutions.**
- (i) **Reports of regular standing committees.**
- (j) **Reports of special standing committees.**
- (k) **Messages from the Senate.**

(2) *Regular Order of Business.* At the close of the administrative order of business, the Speaker or any member may call for the regular order of business. The administrative order of business may be dispensed with by unanimous consent of the House at any time. The regular order of business shall be employed as follows unless otherwise ordered by the House:

- ~~[(i)]~~ (a) Reading and approval of the Journal of the previous day's session.
- ~~[(ii)]~~ ~~Introduction and first reading of House Joint Resolutions.~~
- ~~[(iii)]~~ ~~Introduction and first reading of House Bills.~~
- ~~[(iv)]~~ ~~Second reading of House Bills and Joint Resolutions.~~
- ~~[(v)]~~ ~~Reports of regular standing committees.~~
- ~~[(vi)]~~ ~~Reports of special standing committees.~~
- ~~[(vii)]~~ ~~Reports of select standing committees.~~
- ~~[(viii)]~~ (b) Bills, reports, and other business on the table.
- ~~[(ix)]~~ (c) House Joint Resolutions to be perfected and printed.
- ~~[(x)]~~ (d) House Bills to be perfected and printed.
- ~~[(xi)]~~ (e) Third reading of House Joint Resolutions **and Concurrent Resolutions.**
- ~~[(xii)]~~ (f) Third reading of House Bills.
- ~~[(xiii)]~~ (g) Messages from the Senate.
- ~~[(xiv)]~~ ~~First reading of Senate Joint Resolutions and Senate Bills.~~
- ~~[(xv)]~~ ~~Second reading of Senate Joint Resolutions and Senate Bills.~~
- ~~[(xvi)]~~ (h) Third reading of Senate Joint Resolutions **and Concurrent Resolutions.**
- ~~[(xvii)]~~ (i) Third reading of Senate Bills.
- ~~[(xviii)]~~ ~~Introduction of petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and resolutions.~~
- ~~[(xix)]~~ (j) Adoption of petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and resolutions.

~~[(xx)]~~ (k) **Reports of subcommittees.**

(l) Such other orders of business as deemed necessary pursuant to law.

HEADINGS ON HOUSE CALENDAR

Rule [4. There shall be provided on the House calendar the following divisions:-

- ~~_____ (a) House Bills for second reading.~~
- ~~_____ (b) House Joint Resolutions for second reading.~~
- ~~_____ (c) House Bills to be perfected and printed.~~
- ~~_____ (d) House Joint Resolutions to be perfected and printed.~~
- ~~_____ (e) House Appropriation Bills to be perfected and printed.~~
- ~~_____ (f) House Revision Bills to be perfected and printed.~~
- ~~_____ (g) House Bills — Federal Mandate to be perfected and printed.~~
- ~~_____ (h) House Bills to be perfected and printed — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (i) House Joint Resolutions to be perfected and printed — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (j) House Appropriation Bills to be perfected and printed — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (k) House Revision Bills to be perfected and printed — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (l) House Bills — Federal Mandate to be perfected and printed — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (m) House Bills to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (n) House Joint Resolutions to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (o) House Appropriation Bills to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (p) House Revision Bills to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (q) House Bills — Federal Mandate to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (r) House Bills to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (s) House Joint Resolutions to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (t) House Appropriation Bills to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (u) House Revision Bills to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (v) House Bills — Federal Mandate to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (w) House Bills reported out of committee by consent and placed upon the Consent Calendar for Perfection.~~
- ~~_____ (x) House Bills perfected by consent to be agreed to and placed upon third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (y) Senate Bills for second reading.~~
- ~~_____ (z) Senate Joint Resolutions for second reading.~~
- ~~_____ (aa) Senate Bills for third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (bb) Senate Joint Resolutions for third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (cc) Senate Revision Bills for third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (dd) Senate Bills — Federal Mandate for third reading and final passage.~~
- ~~_____ (ee) Senate Bills for third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (ff) Senate Joint Resolutions for third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (gg) Senate Revision Bills for third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (hh) Senate Bills — Federal Mandate for third reading and final passage — laid over informally.~~
- ~~_____ (ii) Senate Bills for third reading and final passage — Consent Calendar.~~
- ~~_____ (jj) House Resolutions and Concurrent Resolutions Calendar.~~
- ~~_____ (kk) Senate Concurrent Resolutions Calendar.~~
- ~~_____ (ll) Bills in Conference.~~
- ~~_____ (mm) House Bills with Senate Amendments.~~
- ~~_____ (nn) House Bills taken from Committee, as provided by the Constitution.~~
- ~~_____ (oo) Such other calendars as deemed necessary.]~~

3. The House may keep calendars for organizational purposes and to facilitate the consideration of legislation. Calendars may be created as deemed necessary by the Speaker.

FIRST AND SECOND READING OF BILLS

Rule ~~[5:]~~ 4. A bill shall be read the first time by journal entry of the title of the bill on the legislative day of its filing. It shall be second read on the following legislative day by journal entry of the title of the bill. The reading of a bill by its title shall be deemed sufficient reading unless the further reading be called for. If the further reading be called for and no objection made, the bill shall be read at length; if, however, objection be made, the question shall be determined by the majority of the members present.

ORDERS OF THE DAY

Rule ~~[6:]~~ 5. Upon recess or adjournment, the Majority Floor Leader shall advise the entire membership of the business anticipated to be conducted during the remainder of the legislative day and during the next legislative day.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS
GENERALLY

Election; Oath; Compensation

Rule ~~[7:]~~ 6. The House shall elect by recorded vote the following officers at the commencement of the first regular session of each general assembly: its presiding officer, who shall be called Speaker of the House, a Speaker Pro Tem, a Chief Clerk, a Sergeant-at-Arms, a Doorkeeper, and a Chaplain, who shall hold office during all sessions until the convening of the succeeding General Assembly, unless sooner removed by a vote of the majority of the members. Each shall receive such compensation as may be provided for by law. Each shall take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and of this State and to faithfully demean himself or herself in office and to keep the secrets of the House. Such oath shall be administered to the Speaker and Speaker Pro Tem by a Judge of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, or a Circuit Court and by the Speaker to the other officers. All other officers of the House shall be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the Speaker and receive such compensation as provided by law.

SPEAKER

Speaker to Call Members to Order

Rule ~~[8:]~~ 7. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House has been adjourned and immediately call the members to order and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the Journal of the preceding day to be read unless otherwise ordered by the House, which may then be corrected by the House.

Parliamentary Rulings; Referral to Parliamentary Committee

Rule ~~[9:]~~ 8. Parliamentary rulings may be made only by the Speaker or the Speaker Pro Tem. At ~~[their]~~ **his or her** option or at the request from a member of the Parliamentary Committee ~~[they]~~ , **he or she** may refer points of order to the Parliamentary Committee for an advisory opinion. In their absence, rulings shall be made by a parliamentary committee. The Committee on Parliamentary Procedure shall be composed of the Speaker, the Majority Floor Leader, and the Minority Floor Leader~~[-]~~ or their designees. No member who is temporarily in the chair may rule on points of order, except the Speaker or Speaker Pro Tem, until and unless the Parliamentary Committee has been called and ruled. It shall be the duty of the temporary Speaker to call such Parliamentary Committee at the time the point of order is raised and before any discussion on such point of order takes place. It shall be at the Speaker's discretion whether members may speak on points of order. **The Speaker or the Speaker Pro Tem may take points of order under advisement; provided that, he or she rules on the point of order before any other motion to amend is entertained.**

Speaker May Speak on Points of Order

Rule ~~[10:]~~ 9. The Speaker may speak on points of order in preference to any other member, arising from his or her seat for that purpose, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House, upon which appeal no member shall speak more than once, except by leave of the House. No member shall inquire of another member nor debate with other members on points of order but shall address his or her remarks only to the chair.

Appeal from a Ruling of the Chair

Rule ~~[11-]~~ **10.** Should there be an appeal from any ruling of the chair, the question, "Shall the chair be sustained?" shall be immediately put and determined before the House proceeds to other business.

Speaker Has General Supervision of Hall

Rule ~~[12-]~~ **11.** The Speaker shall have general direction and supervision of the House and shall preserve decorum and order in the Hall.

Supervision of House Employees

Rule ~~[13-]~~ **12.** The Speaker shall have general supervision and control over all employees of the House.

Speaker May Substitute Member to Perform Duties

Rule ~~[14-]~~ **13.** The Speaker may substitute any member to perform the duties of the chair in the absence of the Speaker Pro Tem.

Speaker Shall Sign Bills

Rule ~~[15-]~~ **14.** The Speaker shall sign all bills, and perform all other duties in relation thereto, as required by the Constitution. He or she shall also sign all joint resolutions and addresses; and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the House shall be under his or her hand, attested by the Chief Clerk.

Speaker May Clear Hall

Rule ~~[16-]~~ **15.** In case of disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobbies or galleries, the Speaker, temporary Speaker, or Chair of the Committee of the Whole House shall have power to order the same cleared. ~~[They]~~ **He or she** shall not, however, have the power to remove members from the floor of the House, except by a majority vote of those present.

Manner of Putting Questions

Rule ~~[17-]~~ **16.** The Speaker shall rise to state and put questions. Questions shall be in the following form: "As many as are in favor (**if** by electronic roll call) vote 'Aye'. As many as are opposed (if by electronic roll call) vote 'No'". ~~[(Of)]~~ If by voice vote say "Aye" or ~~["No-"]~~ **"No"**. If the Speaker doubts on a voice vote, voting shall be ordered by electronic device. The Speaker may require a recorded vote on any motion.

OTHER OFFICERS

Speaker Pro Tem

Rule ~~[18-]~~ **17.** The Speaker Pro Tem shall perform the duties of Speaker during the sickness or absence of the Speaker, except while some member is discharging such duties as a substitute under Rule ~~[14]~~ **13.**

Chief Clerk

Rule ~~[19-]~~ **18.** It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk to serve also as Chief Administrator of the House and to attend the House during its sittings. The Chief Clerk, under the direction of the Speaker, shall prepare and keep the House Journal and seasonably record the proceedings of the House; keep regular files of House papers; attest all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the House; keep an account of all fines imposed by the House; maintain a record of the members' attendance; keep an account of the traveling and expense allowances of all the members; transmit to the Senate messages, communications, copies, and documents of the House; keep a docket of proceedings on all bills, resolutions, and acts; and execute the commands of the House from time to time.

Sergeant-at-Arms; Doorkeeper ~~[and]~~ ; Chaplain

Rule ~~[20-(a)]~~ **19. (1) *Sergeant-at-arms.*** It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms to attend the House during its sittings; to execute the commands of the House from time to time, together with such process issued by authority thereof as shall be directed to him or her by the Speaker. He or she shall preserve order in the galleries and lobby and keep the entry to the aisle cleared during the session of the House.

~~[(b)]~~ **(2) *Doorkeeper.*** It shall be the duty of the Doorkeeper, subject to the orders of the Speaker, to attend the sittings of the House. The Doorkeeper shall allow no person to come or remain within the Hall or galleries except as are admitted by the rules or orders of the House. He or she shall execute the commands of the Speaker in relation to his or her duties and shall obey such other orders as may be made by the House.

~~[(c)]~~ **(3) *Chaplain.*** It shall be the duty of the Chaplain, or a person designated by the Speaker, to attend at the commencement of each day's sitting of the House, to open the sessions thereof with a prayer, visit any member who may be sick, and to preach in the Hall of the House of Representatives whenever requested by a vote of the House.

Employees

Rule ~~[24-]~~ **20.** The House may employ, and the Speaker appoint, such employees as are necessary to perform the duties of the House. No person shall be initially hired by the House ~~[of Representatives]~~ who is related to any member of the House within the fourth degree, by consanguinity or by affinity.

COMMITTEES

By Whom Appointed; Composition of Membership

Rule ~~[22-]~~ **21. (1)** All regular ~~[and select]~~ standing, **select**, conference, interim, and statutory committees shall be appointed by the Speaker who, when appointing a committee, shall designate a member thereof as chair, designate another member as vice chair, and designate the total number of members to serve on each committee, except the minority members of each regular ~~[and select]~~ standing committee shall be appointed by the Minority Floor Leader. The vice chair or a designee of the chair shall preside at all committee meetings in the absence of the chair.

(2) The Speaker of the House, the Speaker Pro Tem, the Majority Floor Leader, the Assistant Majority Floor Leader, the Majority Whip, the Minority Floor Leader, the Assistant Minority Floor Leader, and the Minority Whip shall be ex-officio members of all committees of the House, the chair of the ~~[budget committee]~~ **Committee on Budget** and one member of the committee designated by the Minority **Floor** Leader shall be ex-officio members of all ~~[appropriations committees of the House, and the chair of the select standing committee to which a regular standing committee shall report bills and one member of such select committee designated by the Minority Leader shall be ex-officio members to the appropriate regular standing committees of the House.]~~ **subcommittees of the Committee on Budget, and the chair of each regular and special standing committee shall be an ex-officio member of each subcommittee of such regular or special standing committee** for the purpose of a quorum and inquiry but shall have no vote unless they are duly appointed members of the committee.

(3) The membership of all regular ~~[and select]~~ standing committees and all other committees and commissions, unless otherwise provided by the act or resolution creating them, shall be composed as nearly as may be, of majority and minority party members in the same proportion as the number of majority and minority party members in the House bears to the total membership of the House, except for the Ethics Committee. The Ethics Committee shall consist of an equal number of members from the majority and minority party.

(4) The Speaker may appoint such special standing committees as he or she deems necessary. Any special standing committee shall have the authority and duties of a regular standing committee if so designated by the Speaker. The Minority Floor Leader may make recommendations to the Speaker regarding minority membership of special standing committees. The Speaker may dissolve or discharge the members of any conference, interim, or special standing committee at any time and reappoint the members thereof.

Time of Sitting

Rule ~~[23-]~~ **22.** No committee shall meet except during those times so designated by the Speaker. No committee shall sit during the session of the House without leave of the House.

The Regular Standing Committees Enumerated

Rule ~~[24.]~~ **23.** The regular standing committees of the House shall be as follows:

- ~~[1.]~~ (1) Administration and Accounts.
- ~~[2.]~~ (2) Agriculture Policy.
- ~~[3. Appropriations—Agriculture, Conservation, and Natural Resources.~~
- ~~4. Appropriations—Elementary and Secondary Education.~~
- ~~5. Appropriations—General Administration.~~
- ~~6. Appropriations—Health, Mental Health, and Social Services.~~
- ~~7. Appropriations—Higher Education.~~
- ~~8. Appropriations—Public Safety and Corrections.~~
- ~~9. Appropriations—Revenue, Transportation, and Economic Development.~~
- ~~10. Banking.]~~ (3) **Budget.**
- ~~[11.]~~ (4) Children and Families.
- ~~[12. Civil and Criminal Proceedings.~~
- ~~13.]~~ (5) **Consent and House Procedure.**
- (6) Conservation and Natural Resources.
- ~~[14. Consumer Affairs.~~
- ~~15.]~~ (7) Corrections **and Public Institutions.**
- ~~[16.]~~ (8) **Crime Prevention and Public Safety.**
- (9) Economic Development [~~and Business Attraction and Retention~~].
- ~~[17.]~~ (10) Elections **and Elected Officials.**
- ~~[18.]~~ (11) Elementary and Secondary Education.
- ~~[19. Emerging Issues.~~
- ~~20. Emerging Issues in Education.~~
- ~~21. Employment Security.~~
- ~~22. Energy and the Environment.~~
- ~~23.]~~ (12) Ethics.
- ~~[24.]~~ (13) **Financial Institutions.**
- (14) Fiscal Review.
- ~~[25.]~~ (15) **General Laws.**
- (16) Government Efficiency.
- ~~[26. Government Oversight and Accountability.~~
- ~~27.]~~ (17) Health and Mental Health Policy.
- ~~[28. Health Insurance.~~
- ~~29.]~~ (18) Higher Education.
- ~~[30.]~~ (19) **Insurance Policy.**
- (20) **Judiciary.**
- (21) Local Government.
- ~~[31.]~~ (22) Pensions.
- ~~[32.]~~ (23) Professional Registration and Licensing.
- ~~[33. Property, Casualty, and Life Insurance.~~
- ~~34. Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness.~~
- ~~35. Small Business.~~
- ~~36. Telecommunications.~~
- ~~37. Trade and Tourism.~~
- ~~38.]~~ (24) **Rules - Administrative Oversight.**
- (25) **Rules - Legislative Oversight.**
- (26) Transportation.
- ~~[39. Utility Infrastructure.]~~ (27) **Utilities.**
- ~~[40.]~~ (28) Veterans.
- ~~[41.]~~ (29) Ways and Means.
- ~~[42.]~~ (30) Workforce [~~Standards and~~] Development.

Duties of the Regular Standing Committees

Rule ~~[25.]~~ 24. (1) *Duties Generally.* Regular standing committees shall have the authority to consider bills and resolutions that have been referred to them and ~~[report the bill as "Do Pass", "without recommendation" or "Do Pass— as amended" to the appropriate select standing committee along with any amendments that were adopted by the committee. Regular standing committees shall not report committee substitutes to the appropriate select standing committees.]:~~

(a) Report the bill or resolution “Do Pass”, “Without Recommendation”, or “Do Pass - Consent” to the Speaker.

(b) Report the bill or resolution “Do Pass with recommended committee amendment” to the Speaker.

(c) Report the bill or resolution as a “House Committee Substitute - Do Pass” or “House Committee Substitute - Without Recommendation” to the Speaker.

(2) *Administration and Accounts.*

(a) *Duties generally.* The Committee on Administration and Accounts shall superintend and have sole and complete control of all financial obligations and business affairs of the House except those employees appointed by or assigned to the Speaker, or assigned to the Budget Committee Chair, the Speaker Pro Tem, the Majority Floor Leader, the Minority Floor Leader, and the Officers of the House. The committee shall provide for the receiving and receipt of all supplies, equipment, and furnishings purchased from the account of the House and shall further provide for the use and distribution thereof.

(b) *Funds for operation of member's individual offices.* The committee shall also prescribe rules governing the expenditure of funds allotted to individual members for the operation of their offices. Such rules shall be applied equally to, and shall require the equal treatment of, all members with regard to the expenditure of such funds. Subject to such rules, each member shall have discretion to expend such funds, for the use of his or her office, without the approval of the committee.

(c) *Allotment of offices, chamber seats, and parking spaces.* Each member shall be allotted his or her own office, chamber seat, and parking assignment. The committee shall assign all offices, chamber seats, and parking spaces under its control and reserved for members. The committee may make assignments to the party caucuses for those caucuses to assign to their respective members. The House officers, the floor leaders and assistant floor leaders of each party, the Budget Committee Chair, and the chair and ranking minority member of the Administration and Accounts Committee, without respect to the seniority of those members, shall have priority with respect to such assignments within their respective caucuses.

(d) *Duties of the Chief Clerk in Respect to Committee.* The Chief Clerk of the House may be authorized to act for the committee, but only in the manner and to the extent as may have been previously authorized by the committee. Such authorization shall be entered in the minutes of the committee. The Chief Clerk shall maintain financial records for the House ~~[of Representatives]~~ in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Chief Clerk of the House shall keep a detailed accounting of all transactions and shall furnish each member of the committee and the Speaker with a copy of such account on a quarterly basis.

(e) *Recognition of Caucuses.* The committee may approve and prescribe for the recognition of caucuses. Any group of five or more House members may seek designation as a caucus for the purpose of identifying and collaborating on issues within a common sphere of public interest.

(3) *The Committee on Agriculture Policy.* The Committee on Agriculture Policy may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the protection, promotion, and encouragement of agriculture in this state.

(4) ~~[The Committee on Appropriations—Agriculture, Conservation, and Natural Resources. The Committee on Appropriations—Agriculture, Conservation, and Natural Resources shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Natural Resources, and the Department of Conservation.~~

~~(5) The Committee on Appropriations—Elementary and Secondary Education. The Committee on Appropriations—Elementary and Secondary Education shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.~~

~~—————(6) *The Committee on Appropriations—General Administration.* The Committee on Appropriations—General Administration shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the public debt, elected officials, the Office of Administration, the General Assembly, the judiciary, and the public defender.~~

~~—————(7) *The Committee on Appropriations—Health, Mental Health, and Social Services.* The Committee on Appropriations—Health, Mental Health, and Social Services shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of Mental Health, and the Department of Social Services.~~

~~—————(8) *The Committee on Appropriations—Higher Education.* The Committee on Appropriations—Higher Education shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the Department of Higher Education.~~

~~—————(9) *The Committee on Appropriations—Public Safety and Corrections.* The Committee on Appropriations—Public Safety and Corrections shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Corrections.~~

~~—————(10) *The Committee on Appropriations—Revenue, Transportation, and Economic Development.* The Committee on Appropriations—Revenue, Transportation, and Economic Development shall report to the Budget Committee upon all bills, measures, and questions referred to it by the Speaker of the House pertaining to the appropriations and disbursements of public money for the funding of the Department of Transportation, the Department of Economic Development, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration, and the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations.~~

~~—————(11) *The Committee on [Banking.* The Committee on Banking may consider all bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies by the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration or any other agency or governmental unit thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution or statutes relating to the operation of banks, credit unions, or other lending or depository institutions.] *Budget.*~~

(a) The Chair of the Committee on Budget shall have the sole responsibility of filing all appropriations bills. The Committee on Budget shall have the responsibility for any other bills, measures, or questions referred to it pertaining to the appropriation and disbursement of public moneys.

(b) *Other duties.* The committee may consider and report upon any bill or resolution referred to it which, in the opinion of the Speaker, merits special consideration. The committee may also consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the reorganization, consolidation, and abolition of boards, bureaus, commissions, and other offices and buildings of the state, including the Division of Facilities Management, Design and Construction, the capitol grounds, and the state and legislative libraries. The committee is empowered to study and investigate the efficiency and economy of all branches of government, including the possible existence of fraud, misfeasance, malfeasance, collusion, mismanagement, incompetence, corruption, waste, conflicts of interest, and the improper expenditure of government funds in transactions, contracts, and activities of the government or government officials and employees. The committee is authorized to hold hearings, sit, and act at any time or place within the state of Missouri during the recess and adjournment periods of the House, administer oaths, and take testimony, either orally or by sworn written statement. If the committee, after hearing and upon findings incorporated in a report, deems that a particular activity, bureau, agency, committee, commission, department, or any other entity of state government should be discontinued, it shall report such finding to the House for further action by the House.

(c) The Committee on Budget shall have the following subcommittees:

a. *The Subcommittee on Appropriations - Agriculture, Conservation, Natural Resources, and Economic Development.*

b. *The Subcommittee on Appropriations - Education.*

c. *The Subcommittee on Appropriations - General Administration.*

d. *The Subcommittee on Appropriations - Health, Mental Health, and Social Services.*

e. *The Subcommittee on Appropriations - Public Safety, Corrections, Transportation, and Revenue.*

~~[(42)]~~ (5) *The Committee on Consent and House Procedure.*

(a) The Committee on Consent and House Procedure may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it which, in the opinion of the Speaker, merit special consideration.

(b) If a bill is automatically referred to the Committee on Consent and House Procedure with a recommendation that it “Do Pass - Consent”, the committee shall review the bill for the purpose of determining whether it should have consent status. The committee may decide, by a majority of those present, whether to place the bill on the appropriate consent calendar. If the committee declines to place the bill on the appropriate consent calendar, it may consider whether to report the bill to the House with a “Do Pass” recommendation without consent status.

(c) The Committee on Consent and House Procedure shall formulate and present for consideration the rules of the House and shall consider and report upon all propositions to amend or change the rules, which propositions shall stand referred without reading or consideration and without discussion, explanation, or debate to the Committee on Consent and House Procedure.

(d) The Chief Clerk, under the direction of the committee, shall supervise the printing of all bills ordered perfected and printed, assuring that procedures are followed in which all amendments to every such bill are incorporated therein before the bill is printed and that the printed copies of the bill on the designated desks of the members are true and accurate copies of the bill as ordered perfected and printed. The committee shall also supervise the printing of all bills which are truly agreed to and finally passed, assuring that procedures are followed in which every bill is a true copy of the bill as passed with clerical errors corrected.

(6) *The Committee on Children and Families.* The Committee on Children and Families may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the Department of Social Services, the Department of Health and Senior Services, and other matters relating to the fostering and promotion of children, families, and persons with disabilities in this state.

~~[(13) *The Committee on Civil and Criminal Proceedings.* The Committee on Civil and Criminal Proceedings may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the functions and operations of the judiciary and all powers thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution and statutes in the administration of justice.~~

~~—(14)~~ (7) *The Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources.* The Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the functions and operations of the Department of Conservation ~~[or]~~ and the Department of Natural Resources and all powers thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution and statutes.

~~[(15) *The Committee on Consumer Affairs.* The Committee on Consumer Affairs may consider and report on all bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies by the Secretary of State, Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration, or any agency or governmental unit and all powers thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution and statutes regarding the protection of consumers within any commercial or financial transaction.~~

~~—(16)~~ (8) *The Committee on Corrections and Public Institutions.* The Committee on Corrections and Public Institutions may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to adult and juvenile penal and correctional problems, the administration of correctional institutions, and the state penitentiary.

~~[(17)]~~ (9) *The Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety.* The Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to criminal laws, law enforcement, and public safety matters.

(10) *The Committee on Economic Development [and Business Attraction and Retention].* The Committee on Economic Development ~~[and Business Attraction and Retention]~~ may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to commerce, industrial growth, expansion, and development.

~~[(18)]~~ (11) *The Committee on Elections and Elected Officials.* The Committee on Elections and Elected Officials may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to elections and election contests involving members of the House and on the qualifications and terms of elected officials.

~~[(19)]~~ (12) *The Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education.* The Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to elementary and secondary education and life-long learning in this state, including teachers, financing, property, indebtedness, and curriculum.

~~[(20) *The Committee on Emerging Issues.* The Committee on Emerging Issues may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to general or miscellaneous issues as determined by the Speaker of the House.~~

~~—(21) *The Committee on Emerging Issues in Education.* The Committee on Emerging Issues in Education may consider matters referred to it relating to financing facilities, staff, curriculum and student learning in elementary and secondary education or higher education in this state.~~

~~—————(22) *The Committee on Employment Security.* The Committee on Employment Security may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of employment security systems by the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations pursuant to the powers thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution and statutes.~~

~~—————(23) *The Committee on Energy and the Environment.* The Committee on Energy and the Environment may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it regarding the regulation and administration of state policies by any agency or governmental unit conferred upon by the Missouri constitution or statutes regarding the development and protection of energy and environmental resources.~~

~~—————(24)]~~ **(13) *The Committee on Ethics.*** The Committee on Ethics may consider and report upon complaints referred to it relating to a member of the House involving the commission of a crime, misconduct, willful neglect of duty, corruption in office, or other complaints relating to the ethical conduct of a member. The committee is authorized to sit and act at any time or place within the State of Missouri during the recess and adjournment periods of the House, administer oaths, and take testimony, either orally or by sworn written statement.

~~[(25)]~~ **(14) *The Committee on Financial Institutions.*** **The Committee on Financial Institutions may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to banks, banking, savings and loans, credit unions, and other financial institutions.**

(15) *The Committee on Fiscal Review.*

(a) The Committee on Fiscal Review shall consider any bill which requires net additional expenditures of state money in excess of \$100,000 or which reduces net state revenue by more than \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years immediately following the effective date or at full implementation of the bill. Any such House bill, after having been perfected and ordered printed by the House, shall be referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review for its consideration prior to the bill's submission to the House for third reading and final passage.

Any House bill with Senate amendments or any House bill with a Senate substitute ~~[which requires net additional expenditure of state money in excess of \$100,000 or which reduces net state revenue by more than \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years immediately following the effective date or at full implementation of the bill]~~, **except for appropriations bills**, shall be referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review for its consideration prior to the bill's submission to the House. Any such Senate bill, after having been approved by the regular~~], special, or select~~ standing **or special** committee to which it was referred, shall be referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review for its consideration prior to its submission to the House for third reading and final passage.

Any Senate or House bill amended so as to increase net expenditures or reduce net revenues shall, upon timely motion adopted by the members, be referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review. Such motion shall only be timely for a House bill when the sponsor or handler of the House bill moves that the bill be third read and passed and before the Speaker restates that motion. The primary sponsor or, in the case of a Senate bill, the floor handler of a bill referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review shall be entitled to a hearing on the bill but such hearing shall be limited to the reception of testimony by the primary sponsor or floor handler, as the case may be, in person and none other, without leave of the committee chair.

For the purposes of this rule, "net" is defined as the sum of revenues and expenditures, after reductions and increases brought about by a bill have been calculated.

The Committee on Fiscal Review may, with the consent of the House sponsor or floor handler, amend an effective date onto any bill referred to the Committee **except for a House bill with Senate amendments, House bill with a Senate substitute, or a bill in conference.** **The Committee on Fiscal Review shall have the authority to amend any emergency clause on a bill referred to it.**

(b) Every conference report for a House bill or a Senate bill, **except appropriations bills**, shall be referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review for its consideration prior to the submission of the report and any amendments, bill, or substitute the report recommends for passage by the House.

~~[(26)]~~ **(16) *The Committee on General Laws.*** **The Committee on General Laws may consider matters referred to it relating to general or miscellaneous issues as determined by the Speaker.**

(17) *The Committee on Government Efficiency.* The Committee on Government Efficiency may consider matters referred to it relating to reducing the size of state government and its programs.

~~[(27) *The Committee on Government Oversight and Accountability.* The Committee on Government Oversight and Accountability may consider and report on bills and matters referred to it relating to the oversight of government programs and policies and to ensure accountability of the executive and judicial branches of government.~~

~~—————(28)]~~ **(18) *The Committee on Health and Mental Health Policy.*** The Committee on Health and Mental Health Policy may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the health care of the citizens of the State, including mental health, ~~[and]~~ the Department of Health and Senior ~~[Service]~~ **Services**, and the

Department of Mental Health. The committee may also consider and report on bills and matters referred to it relating to Medicaid and related matters.

~~[(29) *The Committee on Health Insurance.* The Committee on Health Insurance may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to insurance coverage for health and medical issues.~~

~~—————(30) (19) *The Committee on Higher Education.* The Committee on Higher Education may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it related to higher education, including matters relating to financing, facilities, staff, curriculum, and related matters.~~

~~[(31) (20) *The Committee on Insurance Policy.* The Committee on Insurance Policy may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to insurance, insurance companies, and the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration.~~

(21) *The Committee on Judiciary.* The Committee on Judiciary may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the judicial branch of the state and the practices and procedures of the courts of this state, on matters pertaining to civil and administrative laws and procedures, and on matters relating to the ethics of public officials.

(22) *The Committee on Local Government.* The Committee on Local Government may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to counties, cities, towns, villages, other political subdivisions of the state, and local government generally.

~~[(32) (23) *The Committee on Pensions.* The Committee on Pensions may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies conferred upon any agency or governmental unit pursuant to the Missouri constitution and statutes of publicly financed or publicly supported pension systems.~~

~~[(33) (24) *The Committee on Professional Registration and Licensing.* The Committee on Professional Registration and Licensing may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the licensing of professionals in this state.~~

~~[(34) *The Committee on Property, Casualty, and Life Insurance.* The Committee on Property, Casualty, and Life Insurance may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies conferred upon the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration or any agency or governmental unit pursuant to the Missouri constitution and statutes relating to the provision of property, casualty, and life insurance.~~

~~—————(35) *The Committee on Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness.* The Committee on Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to regulation and administration of state policies conferred upon the Department of Public Safety, the Missouri National Guard, or any agency or governmental unit pursuant to the Missouri constitution or statutes relating to public safety and emergency preparedness.~~

~~—————(36) *The Committee on Small Business.* The Committee on Small Business may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the establishment, growth, development, expansion, retention, and operations of small businesses in the state.~~

~~—————(37) *The Committee on Telecommunications.* The Committee on Telecommunications may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies by the Public Service Commission or any agency or governmental unit thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution or statutes regarding the operation, transmission, or distribution of telecommunication technology services.~~

~~—————(38) *The Committee on Trade and Tourism.* The Committee on Trade and Tourism may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies by the Department of Economic Development or any agency or governmental unit thereto conferred upon by the Missouri constitution or statutes regarding the development and promotion of trade relations, retention, and expansion of national and international marketplaces, travel, tourism, recreation, the arts, and cultural affairs.~~

~~—————(39) (25) *The Committees on Rules.*~~

(a) There shall be a Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight and a Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight. Each Committee on Rules shall have the same duties and shall consider and report upon all matters referred to it by any of its regular standing committees. The Speaker may assign special standing committees to either Committee on Rules.

(b) The Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight shall have the following regular standing committees report to it: Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources; Committee on Elections and Elected Officials; Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education; Committee on Health and Mental

Health Policy; Committee on Higher Education; Committee on Local Government; Committee on Pensions; Committee on Professional Registration and Licensing; Committee on Transportation; Committee on Utilities; Committee on Ways and Means; and Committee on Workforce Development.

(c) The Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight shall have the following regular standing committees report to it: Committee on Agriculture Policy; Committee on Budget; Committee on Children and Families; Committee on Corrections and Public Institutions; Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety; Committee on Economic Development; Committee on Financial Institutions; Committee on General Laws; Committee on Government Efficiency; Committee on Insurance Policy; Committee on Judiciary; and Committee on Veterans.

(d) *Duties generally.*

a. If a committee reports a bill, except an appropriations bill, with a recommendation that it “Do Pass” or “Without Recommendation”, the bill shall stand automatically referred to its Committee on Rules. The committee is hereby authorized to:

(i) Report the bill “Do Pass” to the House without a limitation on time of debate on the bill or amendments.

(ii) Report the bill “Do Pass” to the House with a limitation on the time of debate.

(iii) Send the bill back to the originating committee in the form as originally referred by the Speaker. If a Committee on Rules sends the bill back to the originating committee, that committee may amend the bill and report the bill again without the need to reconsider the initial vote by which the committee voted the bill “Do Pass”.

b. If a bill is automatically referred to a Committee on Rules with a recommendation that it “Do Pass - Federal Mandate”, the committee shall review the bill for the purpose of determining whether it should have federal mandate status. The committee may decide, by a majority of those present, whether to place the bill on the appropriate federal mandate calendar. If the committee declines to place the bill on the appropriate federal mandate calendar, it may consider whether to report the bill to the House with a “Do Pass” recommendation without federal mandate status. The authority of the committee with respect to limiting debate shall apply to bills reported by it as “Do Pass - Federal Mandate”.

c. If a Committee on Rules shall place a limitation on the time of floor debate on a bill or on amendments, such time shall be divided equally between and controlled by the floor handler of the bill and the floor leader of the political party other than that of the floor handler or their respective designees. The floor handler shall have the right to have the final one minute of designated time. If time has been allocated and unused by either side and no member from that side is seeking recognition, the Speaker may declare additional time waived and recognize the members of the other side to complete the use of their time. Nothing in this rule shall entitle any member to speak longer than the House Rules otherwise allow.

d. In reviewing bills automatically referred to it from another committee, a Committee on Rules may, but is not required to, take such testimony as it deems appropriate to make its decisions. The committee shall not amend any bill that was not initially referred to a Committee on Rules.

e. If a committee has reported a bill “Do Pass” with committee amendments, a Committee on Rules shall take such action as it deems proper on the entire package of the bill with committee amendments as though the committee amendments were already incorporated into the bill.

f. If a Committee on Rules is the original committee to which a bill is referred, when the committee reports such bill as “Do Pass” or “Without Recommendation”, such bill shall not be subject to the automatic referral referenced in Rule 24(25)(d)a. above. However, in reporting such bill, the committee may take any action on such bill as though the bill were referred to it after a “Do Pass” or “Without Recommendation” report from another committee.

(26) *The Committee on Transportation.* The Committee on Transportation may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the Department of Transportation, all means of transportation, including roads, highways, bridges, ferries, airports, railroads, and other means of transportation. The Committee may also consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to motor vehicles and traffic regulations.

~~[(40)]~~ (27) *The Committee on ~~[Utility Infrastructure]~~ Utilities.* The Committee on ~~[Utility Infrastructure]~~ Utilities may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the development, ~~[expansion, and preservation of public utility infrastructure]~~ use, and regulation of utilities, communications, and technology and the development, use, and conservation of energy and other energy-related concerns, environmental impact, pollution, and public health and safety as it relates to the issue of energy.

~~[(41)]~~ (28) *The Committee on Veterans.* The Committee on Veterans may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to terrorism and security against terrorism~~;~~, veterans affairs ~~[and]~~, the promotion and strengthening of states’ rights, and military and naval affairs of the State.

~~[(42)] (29) The Committee on Ways and Means.~~ The Committee on Ways and Means may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the taxes of the state, tax credits, revenue and public debt of the state, and the interest thereon, and the administration of taxation and revenue laws. The committee may also inquire into and suggest to the House such changes, if any, that should be made in respect to existing sources of revenue and such new sources of revenue, if any, that in the judgment of the committee should be considered by the House. The committee may also inquire into and suggest to the House such changes, if any, that should be made in respect to eliminating any existing sources of revenue, if any, that in the judgment of the committee should be considered by the House.

~~[(43)] (30) The Committee on Workforce [Standards and] Development.~~ The Committee on Workforce ~~[Standards and]~~ Development may consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of state policies by the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations regarding the attraction, training, retention, and safety of the workforce.

[The Select Standing Committees Enumerated

Rule 26.—The select standing committees of the House shall be as follows:

1. Agriculture.
2. Budget.
3. Commerce.
4. Education.
5. Financial Institutions and Taxation.
6. General Laws.
7. Insurance.
8. Judiciary.
9. Labor and Industrial Relations.
10. Rules.
11. Social Services.
12. State and Local Governments.
13. Utilities.

Duties of the Select Standing Committees

Rule 27. (1) ~~Duties of Select Standing Committees—Generally.~~ Except for the Select Standing Committee on Rules, the select standing committees shall consider and report upon all matters referred to them by their regular standing committees specifically enumerated in Rule 25. Should any of these regular standing committees report a bill "Do Pass" or "without recommendation", such bill shall automatically stand referred to the regular standing committee's select standing committee. At the discretion of the chair, the select standing committees may examine and consider any bill automatically referred to it by a regular standing committee. Such consideration may be limited to a presentation of the bill and any amendments thereto, if necessary, to the select standing committee by its sponsor, or the House handler in the event of a Senate bill, or the chair of the regular standing committee from which it was automatically referred. Upon consideration, the select standing committee shall be authorized to:

- (a) Create a house committee substitute on any bill or resolution in its possession.
- (b) Report the bill or resolution "Do Pass" or "without recommendation" to the Speaker.
- (c) Report the bill or resolution "Do Pass with recommended committee amendment" to the Speaker provided that the Committee shall not consider any substitute under color of amendment.
- (d) Report the bill or resolution as a "House Committee Substitute—Do Pass" or "House Committee Substitute—without recommendation" to the Speaker.
- (e) Return the bill or resolution to the Regular Standing Committee from which it was referred in its original form as first read.

— (2) ~~The Select Standing Committee on Agriculture.~~ The Select Standing Committee on Agriculture shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Agriculture Policy and the Regular Standing Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources.

— (3) ~~The Select Standing Committee on Budget.~~

~~——— (a) *Duties concerning appropriations.* The Select Standing Committee on Budget shall have the responsibility of filing all appropriations bills, and shall report upon all bills recommended to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—Agriculture, Conservation, and Natural Resources; the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—Elementary and Secondary Education; the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—General Administration; the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—Health, Mental Health, and Social Services; the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—Higher Education; the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—Public Safety and Corrections; and the Regular Standing Committee on Appropriations—Revenue, Transportation, and Economic Development; and any other bills, measures, or questions referred to it pertaining to the appropriation and disbursement of public money.~~

~~——— (b) *Other duties.* The Committee may consider and report upon any bill or resolution referred to it which, in the opinion of the Speaker, merits special consideration. The Committee may also consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the reorganization, consolidation, and abolition of boards, bureaus, commissions, and other offices and buildings of the state, including the Division of Facilities Management, Design and Construction, the capitol grounds, and the state and legislative library. The Committee is empowered to study and investigate the efficiency and economy of all branches of government including the possible existence of fraud, misfeasance, malfeasance, collusion, mismanagement, incompetence, corruption, waste, conflicts of interest, and the improper expenditure of government funds in transactions, contracts, and activities of government or government officials and employees. The Committee is authorized to hold hearings, sit and act at any time or place within the state of Missouri during the recess and adjournment periods of the House, administer oaths, and take testimony, either orally or by sworn written statement. If the Committee, after hearing, and upon findings incorporated in a report, deems that a particular activity, bureau, agency, committee, commission, department, or any other entity of state government should be discontinued, it shall report such finding to the House for further action by the House. The Committee shall also consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the efficiency of government in the state.~~

~~——— (4) *The Select Standing Committee on Commerce.* The Select Standing Committee on Commerce shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Economic Development and Business Attraction and Retention, the Regular Standing Committee on Trade and Tourism, and the Regular Standing Committee on Small Business.~~

~~——— (5) *The Select Standing Committee on Education.* The Select Standing Committee on Education shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Elementary and Secondary Education, the Regular Standing Committee on Higher Education, and the Regular Standing Committee on Emerging Issues in Education.~~

~~——— (6) *The Select Standing Committee on Finance and Taxation.* The Select Standing Committee on Finance and Taxation shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Banking, the Regular Standing Committee on Ways and Means, and the Regular Standing Committee on Pensions.~~

~~——— (7) *The Select Standing Committee on General Laws.* The Select Standing Committee on General Laws shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Professional Registration, the Regular Standing Committee on Government Efficiency, and the Regular Standing Committee on Emerging Issues.~~

~~——— (8) *The Select Standing Committee on Insurance.* The Select Standing Committee on Insurance shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Health Insurance and the Regular Standing Committee on Property, Casualty, and Life Insurance.~~

~~——— (9) *The Select Standing Committee on Judiciary.* The Select Standing Committee on Judiciary shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Civil and Criminal Proceedings, the Regular Standing Committee on Corrections, and the Regular Standing Committee on Consumer Affairs.~~

~~——— (10) *The Select Standing Committee on Labor and Industrial Relations.* The Select Standing Committee on Labor and Industrial Relations shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Workforce Standards and Development and the Regular Standing Committee on Employment Security.~~

~~——— (11) *The Select Standing Committee on Rules.*~~

~~——— (a) *Duties generally.* The Select Standing Committee on Rules shall formulate and present for consideration the rules of the House and shall consider and report upon all propositions to amend or change the rules, which propositions shall stand referred without reading or consideration and without discussion, explanation, or debate to the Select Standing Committee on Rules.~~

~~———— (b) *Duties related to printing and proofing bills.* The Chief Clerk, under the direction of the Committee shall supervise the printing of all bills ordered perfected and printed, assuring that procedures are followed in which all amendments to every such bill are incorporated therein before the bill is printed and that the printed copies of the bill on the desks of the members are true and accurate copies of the bill as ordered perfected and printed. The Committee shall also supervise the printing of all bills which are truly agreed and finally passed, assuring that procedures are followed in which every bill is a true copy of the bill as passed with clerical errors corrected.~~

~~———— (c) *Duties relating to the issuance of courtesy resolutions.* A courtesy resolution is a noncontroversial resolution in the nature of congratulations on the birth of a child, celebration of a wedding anniversary, congratulations on an outstanding citizen achievement, or a similar event which is in the practice and procedure of the House to consider as a courtesy resolution shall require action by the House as provided for by the House Rules. The Chief Clerk, under the direction of the Committee, shall maintain a list of all courtesy resolutions issued under this rule for inspection. Any resolution that is not a courtesy resolution shall require action by the House as provided for by the House Rules.~~

~~———— (d) *Review of bills.*~~

~~———— 1. The Select Standing Committee on Rules shall have bills and resolutions reported to it:~~

~~———— a. Automatically by virtue of consent status from a regular standing committee.~~

~~———— b. By direct referral from the Speaker if the legislation is a resolution.~~

~~———— c. By referral from the Speaker after the bill or resolution has been reported out of another select standing committee.~~

~~———— d. By any special standing committee created by the Speaker and designated in its creation as required to report to the Select Standing Committee on Rules.~~

~~———— 2. If the Select Standing Committee on Rules has received a bill with consent status it may report it as "Do Pass Consent" with a majority of the members present voting favorably or send the bill back to the regular standing committee from which it was received in the bill's original form.~~

~~———— 3. If the Select Standing Committee on Rules has received a resolution upon direct referral from the Speaker, the Committee shall use the powers given to it under Rule 27(1) to act upon the resolution.~~

~~———— 4. If the Select Standing Committee on Rules has received a bill by referral from the Speaker and the bill has been reported from another Select Standing Committee, the Committee may place a time limitation on the bill or amend an effective or implementation date by amendment only. When the Select Standing Committee shall place a limitation on the time of floor debate on a bill, or on amendments, such time shall be divided equally between, and controlled by, the floor handler of the bill and the floor leader of the political party other than that of the floor handler, or their respective designees. The floor handler shall always have the right to have the final one minute of designated time. If time has been allocated and unused by either side and no member from that side is seeking recognition, the Speaker may declare additional time waived and recognize the members of the other side to complete use of their time. Nothing in this rule shall entitle any member to speak longer than the House Rules otherwise allow.~~

~~———— 5. If the Select Standing Committee on Rules has received a bill from any special standing committee required to report to the Committee, the Committee shall use the powers given to it under Rule 27(1) to act upon the bill.~~

~~———— (12) *The Select Standing Committee on Social Services.* The Select Standing Committee on Social Services shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Health and Mental Health Policy, the Regular Standing Committee on Children and Families, and the Regular Standing Committee on Veterans.~~

~~———— (13) *The Select Standing Committee on State and Local Government.* The Select Standing Committee on State and Local Government shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Elections, the Regular Standing Committee on Local Government, the Regular Standing Committee on Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness, and the Regular Standing Committee on Transportation.~~

~~———— (14) *The Select Standing Committee on Utilities.* The Select Standing Committee on Utilities shall consider and report on all matters referred to it by the Regular Standing Committee on Telecommunications, the Regular Standing Committee on Energy and the Environment, and the Regular Standing Committee on Utility Infrastructure.]~~

Subcommittees

Rule 25. (1) *Establishment and Membership.* The Speaker, or the chair of any regular or special standing committee with the advice and consent of the Speaker, may establish a subcommittee of a regular or special standing committee. A subcommittee shall consist of no more than one-half of the number of members of its regular or special standing committee. Members of the subcommittee shall be appointed by the chair of the regular or special standing committee with the advice and consent of the Speaker, except the minority members of the subcommittee shall be appointed by the ranking minority member of the regular or special standing committee with the advice and consent of the Minority Floor Leader. The membership of all subcommittees shall be composed, as nearly as may be, of majority and minority party members in the same proportion as the number of majority and minority party members in the House bears to the total membership of the House. When establishing a subcommittee, the Speaker or chair of the regular or special standing committee shall designate a member of the subcommittee as chair and may designate another member as vice chair.

(2) *Duties.* Subcommittees shall consider all issues or matters referred to them by their respective regular or special standing committee and shall report upon such issues or matters to their respective regular or special standing committee. No bill or substitute shall be taken up for consideration by any subcommittee. Subcommittees, except for appropriations subcommittees, shall be authorized to hold hearings, sit, and act only during the hearing times allocated for their respective regular or special standing committees, unless otherwise granted by the Speaker. Subcommittees shall be authorized to administer oaths and take testimony, either orally or by sworn written statement.

(3) *Reports.* Subcommittees may report to the House upon issues or matters referred to them. The Majority Floor Leader may call for reports from subcommittees at any time during the administrative order of business or during the regular order of business. A quorum of the House need not be present to receive a report from a subcommittee. Reports from subcommittees shall not be amended, no vote shall be taken, and no other motion shall be in order during receipt of a subcommittee report. After receipt of a report from a subcommittee, debate and inquiry shall be allowed, but no member shall be allowed to speak or inquire for more than five minutes, except by leave of the Speaker.

Duties of Committee Chair; Committee Organization

Rule [28:] **26. [(a)] (1) *Duty to preside.*** It is the duty of the chair to preside at all sessions of the committee. In the absence of the chair, the vice chair of the committee or a designee of the chair shall preside.

[(b)] (2) *Duty to maintain minute book.* The chair shall see that a minute book is kept for his or her committee. The minute book shall contain the attendance and voting records of the committee members, a brief statement of the business that comes before the committee, the names of the persons and witnesses appearing before the committee and what side of a proposition they appeared on behalf of at the committee hearing, or if the appearance was informational in nature and neither for or against the proposition. The Chief Clerk shall be the repository of the minute book after each session of the general assembly and shall submit the same to the Secretary of State prior to the next regular session.

[(c)] (3) *Duty to preserve order.* The chair, while the committee is in session, shall preserve order and decorum in and adjacent to the committee room and shall conduct all hearings in accordance with the Rules of the House including the provisions that relate to decorum, debate, and dress code. The chair may punish breaches of order and decorum by censure and exclusion from the hearings.

[(d)] (4) *Bills, reports, and other documents.* The chair shall have custody of all bills, papers, and other documents referred to the committee and shall make reports authorized by the committee and submit the same to the House without delay.

[(e)] (5) *When a bill fails.* Whenever a motion that a bill "Do Pass" shall fail, or if there be an even division on the question, the chair shall report such bill back to the House "Do Not Pass" unless such bill is otherwise disposed of by another motion.

[(f)] (6) When a motion has been decided by a committee, any member voting on the prevailing side may move to reconsider the vote provided that:

[(+)] (a) The chair still has possession of the bill; and

[(++)] (b) The motion to reconsider is made on the same day on which the motion was decided or within the next three occurrences in which the committee convenes with a quorum present at a properly scheduled meeting at which the original motion would be in order.

A majority of the members appointed to the committee is required to sustain any motion to reconsider. The motion to reconsider shall be a recorded vote.

Committee Hearings

Rule [29-] 27. All bills afforded a committee hearing shall be considered by giving the sponsor or handler, the proponents, the opponents, and those testifying for informational purposes a reasonable opportunity to be heard. Persons addressing the committee ~~must~~ shall keep their remarks to the point and avoid repetition and are subject to call to order by the chair for failure to do so. In the discretion of the committee chair, the length of time allowed one speaker or questioner may be limited.

Quorum

Rule [30-] 28. A majority of all committees of thirty or less, and fifteen members of all committees consisting of more than thirty members, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Meetings - How Announced

Rule [34-] 29. Announcement of all meetings of committees shall include a statement of all matters to be considered at the meeting, shall include the bill or resolution numbers to be considered and shall be entered in the Journal prior to the day on which the meeting is to take place. Such journal entry shall reflect the date, time, and location of the meeting.

The chair of each committee shall give written notice of the time, date, place, and agenda of the meetings, including executive sessions, of his or her committee and each committee having matters pending before it shall hold a meeting at such time, date, and place unless excused by the Speaker ~~[of the House]~~. Notice shall be given at least one legislative day in advance of the committee meeting. Notice may be reduced to twenty-four hours by unanimous consent of all members of the committee, whether in attendance or not. Notice shall never be less than twenty-four hours. All notices shall include posting of the notice on the bulletin board outside the Speaker's office.

Committees shall comply with the requirements of the statutes pertaining to open meetings.

Committee Substitutes

Rule [32-] 30. No bill or substitute may be taken up for consideration by a committee unless such bill or substitute shall have been distributed to the members of the committee at least one legislative day and twenty-four hours in advance of such consideration. Electronic distribution shall be an acceptable form of distribution. This rule may be waived by unanimous consent of all members of the committee, whether in attendance or not. Failure to take the bill up for consideration at the designated time requires that ~~the~~ one legislative day and twenty-four hours' notice be given again before it is taken up for consideration.

House Committee Bills

Rule 31. (1) Any regular or special standing committee shall have the authority to introduce upon report a House Committee Bill. The chair of the committee or his or her designee shall be the handler of the bill. No committee shall introduce upon report any House Committee Bill until February 15, and not after April 1. The number of House Committee Bills allowed to be introduced by a regular or special standing committee shall be limited by the Speaker. The total number of House Committee Bills allowed to be introduced by all regular and special standing committees shall not exceed twice the number of regular standing committees.

(2) No House Committee Bill shall be taken up for consideration by a committee unless a draft of such bill shall have been distributed to the members of the committee at least one legislative day and twenty-four hours in advance of such consideration. Electronic distribution shall be an acceptable form of distribution.

(3) Upon motion, the committee is authorized to report that the draft House Committee Bill be introduced. After being read a first and second time, the House Committee Bill shall stand automatically referred to its Committee on Rules.

(4) The Committee on Rules is hereby authorized to report the bill “Do Pass” to the House or send the bill back to the originating committee in its original form. If a Committee on Rules sends the bill back to the originating committee, that committee may amend the bill and report the bill again without the need to reconsider the initial vote. In reviewing bills automatically referred to it from another committee, a Committee on Rules may conduct a hearing and take such testimony as it deems appropriate to make its decisions. Upon the written request of any member of the House, a Committee on Rules shall conduct a hearing on any House Committee Bill in its possession. The Committee on Rules shall not amend any House Committee Bill.

Other Duties

Rule ~~[33.]~~ **32.** Each committee, in addition to the ~~[duty]~~ **duties** above prescribed, shall perform such other duties as may be required by the House. If it shall become necessary to compel the presence of any person before a committee, the production of records or documents, or to receive sworn testimony before a committee, a subpoena may be issued under the hand of the Speaker as provided by law and an oath or affirmation may be administered by the chair of the committee as provided by law.

Attendance

Rule ~~[34.]~~ **33.** The secretary of each committee shall keep a record of the attendance of each committee meeting in the minute book of the committee, which shall be available to any person upon request. Any member of a committee absent, without good cause, from three consecutive meetings of the committee, as shown by the records of the committee, may be dropped therefrom by a statement to that effect entered into the House Journal by the Speaker. The roll shall be recorded by the chair or secretary of a committee at each meeting.

Minority Views

Rule ~~[35.]~~ **34.** The minority of a committee may not make a report or present to the House an alternative report, but has the right to file views to accompany the report.

Committee Relieved of Bill - When

Rule ~~[36.]~~ **35.** No bill shall be taken away from any regular standing committee~~[,] or special standing committee[~~-, or select standing committee of the House~~]~~, as provided by the Constitution, until after ten legislative days have expired after referral to the committee by the Speaker. Pursuant to the Constitution, one-third of the members of the House shall have the power to relieve a committee of any bill. Such power may be exercised by filing a petition to that effect with the Chief Clerk ~~[of the House]~~. Upon receipt of such petition containing the signatures of at least fifty-five members, the Chief Clerk shall publish such petition in the Journal and place the discharged bill upon the regular calendar of House Bills taken from Committee, as provided by the Constitution.

Election Contest

Rule ~~[37.]~~ **36.** Whenever there shall be filed with the Speaker a notice of contest of the election of a member of the House, he or she shall refer the same, without discussion, either to the regular standing Committee on Elections **and Elected Officials** or a special standing committee appointed to hear the matter. Such committee shall examine the timeliness and sufficiency of the notice, the depositions, and other documents submitted and report to the House its recommendations, whereupon the House shall act by resolution to sustain or reject the committee recommendations.

Ethics Committee

Complaints of Ethical Misconduct

Rule ~~[38.]~~ **37.** ~~[(a)]~~ **(1)** The Speaker shall appoint a Committee on Ethics and name the committee's chair. The Minority Floor Leader shall name the committee's vice chair and minority members. The committee shall have an equal number of members of the majority and minority party.

~~[(b)]~~ **(2)** The committee may consider and report upon complaints referred to it relating to a member of the House involving the commission of a crime, misconduct, willful neglect of duty, corruption in office, or other

complaints relating to the ethical conduct of a member. The committee is authorized to sit and act at any time or place within the State of Missouri during the recess and adjournment periods of the House, administer oaths, and take testimony, either orally or by sworn written statement.

~~[(e)]~~ (3) Within twenty calendar days of the commencement of the first regular session of each general assembly, the Committee on Ethics shall adopt Rules of Procedure for the investigation of complaints of ethical misconduct referred to it involving a member of the House. The proposed Rules of Procedure shall be filed by the committee in the form of a House Resolution with the Clerk of the House, reported in the Journal, and placed on the House Resolutions Calendar.

~~[(e)]~~ (4) Upon receipt of a complaint, in writing and under oath, of ethical misconduct by a member of the House made by another member, the Speaker shall refer the same, within ten days, without discussion, to the Committee on Ethics. The complaint shall be confidential. The Committee shall examine the sufficiency of the complaint and proceed to conduct an investigation as provided in the Committee's Rules of Procedure, if a majority of the Committee appointed so votes upon a roll call. When a motion to proceed to conduct an investigation fails on a recorded vote, the complaint shall be immediately dismissed.

~~[(e)]~~ (5) At the conclusion of the investigation, the Committee shall report its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the House, whereupon the House shall act by resolution to sustain or reject the Committee recommendations. The Committee may recommend that the House expel the member as provided in Article III, Section 18 of the Missouri Constitution, or that the House punish the member as provided in Article III, Section 18 of the Missouri Constitution, by reprimand on the adoption of the resolution or by censure by the Speaker in open session.

~~[(e)]~~ (6) All rules that pertain to regular or special standing committees shall apply to the Committee on Ethics to the extent consistent with this rule and any rules of procedure adopted pursuant to this rule.

BILLS

Referral

Rule 38. The Speaker shall refer all bills and resolutions to a committee. The Speaker may re-refer any bill or resolution previously referred to a committee prior to a public hearing being held on the bill.

Introduced - Manner of Setting Forth New and Old Material

Rule 39. ~~[(a)]~~ (1) *When.* Bills may be introduced only on the report of a committee or by any member of the House, in the **administrative or** regular order of business. No member shall file a bill, other than an appropriation bill, after March ~~15~~ 1, without leave of the House. **No committee shall introduce upon report any House Committee Bill after April 1.**

~~[(b)]~~ (2) *Manner of Printing.* Any bill shall have the matter which is being repealed from current law enclosed in bold-faced brackets and the matter which is being added to the law underscored when typewritten and in bold-faced type when printed. **In addition, the Chief Clerk may adjust the formatting of printed bills in the House in order to increase readability.** A footnote shall be annexed to the first page of each bill which contains material enclosed in bold-faced brackets to the following effect:

"EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in bold-face type in the above bill is proposed language."

Where a section is completely rewritten, the existing section shall be set forth in small type in bold-faced brackets in a note following the new section but the changes need not be distinguished. Any House bill or substitute thereof which does not comply with this rule shall not be placed upon the calendar.

~~[(c)]~~ (3) *Numbering of Bills.* The Chief Clerk shall number bills in the order of their filing, reserving numbers for appropriations bills.

~~[(d)]~~ (4) *Withdrawal.* Any bill may be withdrawn by the sponsor before the bill has been referred to any regular, select, or special standing committee.

Number of Copies Printed

Rule 40. The Chief Clerk shall print such number of copies of all House Bills and House Joint Resolutions as he or she shall deem appropriate.

Federal Mandate Calendar

Rule 41. ~~[(a)]~~ (1) When a federal mandate bill is reported from the appropriate committee with recommendation that it "Do Pass" or "Without Recommendation", it shall go upon the calendar of the House.

~~[(b)]~~ (2) No bill shall be placed on the Federal Mandate Calendars unless it is federally mandated, immediate in nature, and reduces revenues or savings if not enacted. A federal mandate bill may only contain subject matter concerning the federal mandate. A member wishing for his or her bill to be considered for placement on the Federal Mandate Calendar shall request in writing to the chair of the committee where such bill has been referred. The written request shall state the deadline by which the state must comply with the federal mandate and what will happen if the state fails to take action by such date. A copy for each committee member of the federal statute or regulation mandating such action shall accompany the request. After the committee has voted "Do Pass" on a bill with such a request, it shall take a second recorded vote on whether ~~[or not]~~ to recommend that it be placed on the Federal Mandate Calendar. If said bill is reported "Do Pass" by a regular standing committee with a recommendation that same be placed on the Federal Mandate Calendar, ~~[and the appropriate select standing committee concurs therein,]~~ the chair of the ~~[appropriate select standing]~~ committee shall submit to the Speaker a copy of the original written request, along with a copy of the federal statute or regulation mandating State action. If the Speaker concurs with the ~~[committees]~~ committee that the bill complies with the requirements of this rule, he or she shall advise the Chief Clerk to place same on the Federal Mandate Calendar. If the Speaker does not concur, he or she may place the bill on the Perfection Calendar. Each bill placed upon the Federal Mandate Calendars shall have attached thereto a copy of the federal statute or regulation that mandates the bill, along with a copy of the request to place the bill on the Federal Mandate Calendar and shall be distributed to all members at least twenty-four hours prior to consideration by the entire House.

Revision Bills

Rule 42. Any bill denominated as a revision bill by the appropriate committee shall contain only that subject matter approved by the committee on legislative research, and additional material may not be amended thereto, unless needed as a technical correction.

Motion To Place On Calendar

Rule 43. If any bill is reported from committee with the recommendation that it "Do Not Pass" it shall not go on the calendar of the House unless ordered by a constitutional majority. At the same time the bill is reported to the House, the committee chair shall notify the sponsor or handler of the bill that such report is being made. A motion to have a bill placed upon the calendar ~~[must]~~ **shall** be made within three legislative days after the bill is reported and when the sponsor of the bill is present or the motion is made by a member upon the sponsor's written request. If no such action is taken within such time, the bill shall lie on the table. If such a motion is sustained, the bill shall stand automatically referred to ~~[the Select Standing]~~ a Committee on Rules for further action thereon.

Timing of Placement on Calendar

Rule 44. No House bill shall be taken up for consideration by the House unless it has been upon the calendar for at least one legislative day.

Bills Laid Over Informally

Rule 45. When a bill is reached, in its order, to be perfected and printed, or to be ~~[agreed to and read a third time and placed upon its final passage]~~ **third read and finally passed**, it may, upon the request of the Majority Floor Leader~~[-]~~ or the sponsor or handler thereof~~[-]~~ if a House Bill, ~~[or upon the request of its handler in the House~~[-]~~]~~ if a Senate Bill~~[-]~~, hold its place on the calendar~~[-]~~ or be laid over informally~~[-]~~ and thereafter be called up at any time when otherwise in order.

To Appear In Order

Rule 46. All bills laid over informally and not taken up and disposed of the same day~~[-]~~ shall appear in order upon the calendar for the next legislative day following.

Ten Day Rule

Rule 47. If a bill laid over informally is not taken up for further consideration within ten legislative days after being laid over, it shall lie on the table and be dropped from the calendar of the House without further action of the House.

Consent Calendar

Rule 48. ~~[(a)]~~ (1) *Which Bills May Be Placed on the Consent Calendar.* Each regular standing committee, after a favorable vote on a bill, may further determine by a second and affirmative vote of every member present whether or not such bill is of a noncontroversial nature. Any bill which increases net expenditures of the state, reduces net revenue of the state, or creates or expands a penalty provision[,] shall not be considered by the committee for consent; provided however, any bill which specifically authorizes an easement or right-of-way involving state property may be considered by the committee for placement on the Consent Calendar. If it has been determined by the regular standing committee that such bill is of a noncontroversial nature and meets all consent requirements, the regular standing committee shall report the bill to the ~~[Select Standing]~~ Committee on ~~[Rules]~~ **Consent and House Procedure** as "Do Pass - Consent". The ~~[Select Standing]~~ Committee on ~~[Rules]~~ **Consent and House Procedure** may decide by a majority affirmative vote of those present whether to place the bill on the appropriate consent calendar.

~~[(b)]~~ (2) *Procedure on House Bills.* If the regular standing committee shall so determine, the appropriate committee report shall include a request that a bill be placed on the ["]House Consent Calendar for Perfection["]. Any bill so reported shall automatically be referred to the ~~[Select Standing]~~ Committee on ~~[Rules]~~ **Consent and House Procedure**. Any bill reported by the ~~[Select Standing]~~ Committee on ~~[Rules]~~ **Consent and House Procedure** with the recommendation that it be placed on the House Consent Calendar for Perfection ~~[shall]~~ **may** be placed on that calendar ~~[and]~~ **if the Speaker concurs with the recommendation. If the Speaker does not concur, he or she may place the bill on the Perfection Calendar.** After such bill has remained on the ["]House Consent Calendar for Perfection["] for five legislative days, it shall be ordered perfected and advanced to the ["]House Consent Calendar for Third Reading and Final Passage["] without further action of the House, unless five members, with at least two from each political party, have filed written objection with the Chief Clerk. If such objections are filed, the bill shall be placed on the House Bills to be Perfected and Printed Calendar. An objection made by five members under this rule cannot be rescinded.

~~[(c)]~~ (3) *Senate Bills - Consent.* When the Senate passes a bill by its procedure for consent bills, such bill shall be considered for treatment as a consent bill by the House committee without further request; provided however, that the same committee procedures, votes, and requirements for House Bills being considered for consent shall be applied to Senate Bills being considered for consent. A Senate Bill may be considered by the committee for consent even if it was not a consent bill in the Senate.

~~[(d)]~~ (4) *Procedure on Senate Bills.* Senate Bills passed out of the appropriate House regular standing committee and the ~~[Select Standing]~~ Committee on ~~[Rules]~~ **Consent and House Procedure** with the request that the bill be placed on the Senate Bills for Third Reading and Final Passage - Consent Calendar are subject to the five member objection provision of this rule.

~~[(e)]~~ (5) *Deadline for Placing Senate Consent Bills on the Calendar.* No Senate consent bills shall be placed on the consent calendar after April 15.

~~[(f)]~~ (6) *Amendments.* House bills may be considered for consent after they are amended in committee but may not be amended on the floor of the House.

Senate consent bills may be amended in committee but not on the floor of the House unless the Senate Rules allow amendment of House consent bills on the floor of the Senate, in which case Senate consent bills may be amended on the floor of the House. House committee amendments to Senate consent bills shall be deemed adopted on the fifth legislative day.

AMENDMENTS AND SUBSTITUTES

Rule 49. ~~[(a)]~~ (1) *In Writing and Distributed in Advance.* Proposed amendments ~~[must]~~ **shall** be reduced to writing. Every amendment shall be distributed in advance of the time the bill is initially taken up for consideration. An amendment shall be considered to have been distributed if it has been either transmitted electronically and made available on each member's chamber laptop computer and a copy in paper form placed on the desk of the Majority Floor Leader and Minority Floor Leader or placed on the members' desks in paper form, except for the desk of any

member who has waived receipt of amendments. The sponsor of an amendment that has been distributed may make technical corrections at the time the amendment is offered or under consideration. Any technical corrections shall be read in full by the clerk. Technical corrections shall be subject to a point of order that they are not truly technical in nature. **The sponsor of an amendment shall not otherwise amend his or her own amendment.** Every proposed amendment to the amendment and substitute amendment may be offered after the time a bill is initially taken up for consideration but shall be distributed prior to the offeror being recognized for a motion on such amendment.

~~[(b)]~~ **(2) What Amendments and Substitute Amendments are in Order.** When a bill, motion, or proposition is under consideration, a motion to amend and a motion to amend that amendment shall be in order, and it also shall be in order to offer a further amendment by way of substitute for the original motion to amend, to which one amendment may be offered. It shall not be in order to offer a substitute amendment to an amendment to an amendment. When an amendment is offered, a substitute for that amendment is offered, and an amendment to the substitute is offered, it shall not be in order to offer a substitute for the amendment to the substitute. Any proposed amendment in the third degree shall be out of order. Any motion to adopt an amendment may be withdrawn by the sponsor before decision thereon. Once a bill has been amended, it shall be in the possession of the House. **If a proposed amendment has been defeated, the same amendment shall not be proposed again. An amendment identical to one previously decided on the same bill is not in order, except for amendments to appropriations bills.**

~~[(c)]~~ **(3) Committee Substitutes Treated as Original.** A House Committee Substitute shall be considered as an original bill for purposes of amendment.

~~[(d)]~~ **(4) House Substitute.** No House Substitute will be in order. A House Substitute is an amendment which, in the opinion of the Speaker, is effectually replacing the underlying bill or committee substitute.

~~[(e)]~~ **(5) When Federal Mandate Bills can be Amended.** Amendments to House and Senate bills-Federal Mandate are permitted only within the scope of the federal mandate. Perfecting amendments are permitted to make technical amendments.

~~[(f)]~~ **(6) Appropriations Bills.** ~~[(a)]~~ **(a)** No amendment to the appropriations bills of the state budget shall be in order if it increases the total amount of general revenue or general revenue equivalent appropriated in the House appropriations bills. Any amendment that increases the amount of general revenue or general revenue equivalent appropriated in the House appropriations bills shall be required to be submitted with a separate amendment that makes an equal reduction in general revenue or general revenue equivalent in the same bill or any other of the bills still pending. If the reduction is in another bill, the decreasing amendment shall be taken up first, and the increasing amendment may be taken up only if the decreasing amendment is adopted. When a pair of amendments is submitted, the decreasing amendment shall be required to clearly identify the corresponding increasing amendment.

~~[(2)]~~ **(b)** If a member's decreasing amendment is adopted and the same member's increasing amendment is defeated, the decreasing amendment's adoption is void.

~~[(3)]~~ **(c)** The offering and adoption of an amendment decreasing the amount of general revenue or general revenue equivalent appropriated without a balancing increase creates no right of another member to offer an increasing amendment in any amount up to the amount of the decrease effected by the decreasing amendment, and no member may be recognized for the purpose of making such an amendment.

~~[(4)]~~ **(d)** For the perfection of the House appropriations bills of the state budget only, it shall be permissible to amend any line item as often as the House pleases, as long as prior adopted amendments to the line item are taken into account.

~~[(5)]~~ **(e)** Notwithstanding any rule to the contrary, neither substitute amendments nor amendments to amendments shall be in order for any appropriations bill other than technical corrections under Rule ~~[(49(a))]~~ **49(1)**.

Committee Substitute Printed

Rule 50. When a ~~[select standing]~~ committee recommends a substitute for a bill, the original bill will accompany the substitute. The substitute shall be handled on the floor of the House by the committee chair or any member designated by the committee chair. The Chief Clerk shall have an appropriate number of copies of the substitute printed. No committee substitute shall be called from the calendar of the House until the printed copies have been distributed for at least one legislative day. Amendments, if any, may be offered to the substitute before the vote on the motion to adopt the substitute is taken. If the substitute is defeated, the original bill shall be before the House for perfection and shall be considered and shall be handled on the floor by the original sponsor of the bill.

Order of Amendments

Rule 51. When amendments to any bill, motion, or proposition are pending, they shall be voted on in the following order:

(1) Amendments to the amendment are disposed of before the substitute is taken up. Only one amendment to the amendment is in order at one time; but as rapidly as one is disposed of by rejection or incorporation as a part of the amendment, another is in order as long as any member desires to offer one.

(2) Amendments to the substitute are next voted on, and may be offered, one at a time, and as rapidly as one is disposed of by rejection or incorporation as a part of the substitute amendment, another is in order as long as any member desires to offer one, until the substitute amendment is adopted.

(3) The substitute amendment, as amended, is next voted on. If the substitute amendment is adopted, the underlying amendment to which it was offered shall not be voted upon, but the substitute amendment shall become part of the bill.

(4) The amendment is voted on last. If any substitute has not been agreed to, the vote comes on the amendment as amended.

(5) The House Committee Substitute is next voted upon, after opportunity for amendment. If the House Committee Substitute is adopted, there shall be an additional vote for the perfection of the bill, as amended.

(6) If there is no House Committee Substitute, or if the House Committee Substitute is not adopted, the original House Bill is next voted upon, after opportunity for amendment.

Amendments Incorporated In Bill

Rule 52. All amendments adopted by the House to a bill originating in the House shall be incorporated in the bill as perfected, and the bill, as thus perfected, shall be printed for the use of the members before its final passage, **provided that the bill shall be subject to a titling motion before the vote on perfection is taken.** The perfecting and printing shall be done under the supervision of the Chief Clerk who shall assure that the bill is truly perfected and the printed copies furnished to the members are correct.

Emergency Clauses

Rule 53. Any House bill which has been amended on the floor prior to being perfected or any Senate bill which has been amended on the floor prior to being third read and passed to contain an emergency clause shall be automatically referred to the Committee on Fiscal Review to consider whether the emergency clause is appropriate.

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Ayes and Noes Taken

Rule ~~[53.]~~ **54.** When a bill shall have passed the House and been returned from the Senate with amendments, such amendments may be concurred in collectively by a constitutional majority, unless objection be made, in which case the vote shall be taken severally, and no amendment or amendments shall be concurred in by the House except by a constitutional majority and the names of those voting for and against recorded upon the Journal of the House.

Repassage

Rule ~~[54.]~~ **55.** When all Senate amendments to House Bills have been concurred in by a constitutional majority of the House, the question shall then be put: "Shall the bill as amended be passed?". On this question the ayes and noes shall be called for, and as on first passage, a constitutional majority shall be necessary to the final passage of the bill.

Majority to Perfect

Rule ~~[55.]~~ **56.** A quorum being present, a majority of those voting aye and no shall be sufficient to perfect a bill and order it printed.

Amending After Perfection; Perfecting Amendments

Rule ~~[56-]~~ **57.** No bill shall be amended after being perfected and printed without a reconsideration of the vote by which it was ordered perfected and printed and if such bill be amended, it shall again be perfected and printed, except that a perfecting amendment to make technical corrections is in order after the bill has been ordered perfected and printed and before it has been read the third time.

Motion for Passage

Rule ~~[57-]~~ **58.** When the Chief Clerk presents a bill as truly perfected and printed, it shall go upon the calendar to be agreed to and passed. When the bill is taken up in its order, the question shall then be: "Shall the bill be third read and passed?". It shall require a constitutional majority to sustain the question.

Course After Passage

Rule ~~[58-]~~ **59.** When a bill or joint or concurrent resolution passes the House, it shall be certified by the Chief Clerk, noting the day of its passage at the foot thereof.

Perfecting Amendments on Bills Returned From the Senate

Rule ~~[59-]~~ **60.** No bill or joint or concurrent resolution that has been returned from the Senate may be further amended without placing the bill in conference, except that a perfecting amendment to make technical corrections is in order in the house of origin when the bill is taken up for final passage as amended by the other house. The perfecting amendment may be directed to the bill or to amendments to the bill. If a perfecting amendment is adopted, the bill as finally passed with the perfecting amendment shall be returned to the other house for its concurrence in the perfecting amendment.

Conference Reports

Rule ~~[60-(a)]~~ **61. (1) Signatures on a Conference Report.** All conference committees shall be composed of five conferees from each house. No conference report shall be submitted to either house unless approved by a majority vote of the full committee with not less than three conferees from the House and two conferees from the Senate signing the report.

~~[(b)]~~ **(2) Review for Correctness.** Before a conference report is referred to the Regular Standing Committee on Fiscal Review, it shall be reviewed for the technical correctness of the report and of any amendments, bill, or substitute the report recommends for passage by the House.

~~[(c)]~~ **(3) Notice Requirements.** No conference committee report shall be taken up and considered unless the same has been distributed to the members, except members who have waived receipt of conference committee reports, at least one legislative day prior to consideration.

~~[(d)]~~ **(4) Exceeding the Differences.** Unless authority is granted by the House to exceed the differences, the conferees ~~[must]~~ **shall** confine themselves to matters that are within the scope of the differences between the House position and the Senate position. When a report is offered for adoption, the point of order that the conferees have exceeded the differences shall be in order. The Speaker may rule on the point of order or may place the question of whether the conferees have exceeded the differences before the House for a vote. A majority of members voting prevails on the question.

RESOLUTIONS

Joint and Concurrent Resolutions

Rule ~~[64-]~~ **62.** All joint and concurrent resolutions designed to submit to the qualified voters of the state amendments to the Constitution of the State of Missouri, to be voted upon by such voters, shall be read on three separate days, and shall be reported upon by the committee of the House, and shall otherwise be proceeded upon in like manner as a bill.

[~~Joint and Concurrent~~] Resolutions of Congress

Rule [~~62-~~] **63.** All joint and concurrent resolutions of the Congress of the United States designed to submit to the legislature an amendment to the Constitution of the United States shall be submitted as a Concurrent Resolution and read on three separate days, shall be reported upon by a committee, shall be adopted only by a constitutional majority and shall otherwise be proceeded upon in like manner as a bill. The text of the amendment as proposed by the Congress of the United States shall not be amended.

Reference of Resolutions, etc. Stand Referred

Rule [~~63-~~] **64. (1)** All petitions, memorials, remonstrances, resolutions, and other papers offered shall stand referred, without reading, consideration, discussion, explanation, or debate, to the [~~Select Standing~~] Committee on [~~Rules~~] **Consent and House Procedure** unless timely referred to some other appropriate committee by the Speaker[~~;~~ ~~provided however, that~~]. Resolutions informing the Governor or the Senate that the House has convened, taken some action, or adjourned, resolutions to elect officers of the House, resolutions expressing the appreciation of the House to public officials, resolutions to adopt temporary rules, and concurrent resolutions to convene joint sessions may be adopted by the House upon introduction without referral to committee. Those papers that are favorably recommended by the committee for adoption by the House shall be listed in the Journal and placed upon a resolutions calendar.

(2) Joint courtesy resolutions shall be allowed if established by the rules of the Senate.

(3) Any resolution offered to request an investigation of a state official for the purposes of impeachment shall be referred to [~~the Select Standing Committee on Rules or to any other committee as~~] **any committee** designated by the Speaker. **Articles of impeachment shall only be introduced by the committee designated to investigate the matter and shall be read by title on three separate days.**

SENATE BILLS

Referral

Rule [~~64-~~] **65.** Each Senate Bill shall, upon second reading, be referred to the appropriate committee of the House.

Go Upon The Calendar

Rule [~~65-~~] **66.** When a Senate Bill is reported from the committee to which it was referred with the recommendation that it "Do Pass", or "Without Recommendation", it shall [~~be referred to the appropriate select standing committee, as delineated by Rule 27~~] **stand automatically referred to its Committee on Rules.** When a Senate Bill is reported from [~~the Select Standing~~] a Committee on Rules [~~or the appropriate select standing committee~~] with the recommendation that it "Do Pass", or "Without Recommendation", it shall go upon the House Calendar for the third reading and final passage, provided that no Senate Bill shall be taken up for consideration by the House unless it has been upon the Calendar for at least one legislative day.

Senate Bills Reported "Do Not Pass"

Rule [~~66-~~] **67.** If a Senate Bill is reported from the committee to which **it was** referred with the recommendation that it "Do Not Pass" it shall not go upon the calendar of the House for third reading and final passage, unless so ordered by a constitutional majority of the House. In such case, the motion to place the bill on the calendar shall be made within three legislative days of the report and by a member who has been requested by the Senate sponsor of the bill. If such a motion is sustained, the bill shall stand automatically referred to [~~the Select Standing~~] a Committee on Rules for further action thereon.

Amendments

Rule [~~67-~~] **68.** Senate Bills may be amended by the House when placed upon third reading and final passage, **and any Senate bill so amended shall be subject to a titling motion** before the **final** vote is taken thereon.

BILLS NOT TO BE PASSED ON PREVIOUS ROLL CALL

Rule ~~[68:]~~ **69.** No bill shall be passed by any roll call previously taken on another bill, nor shall more than one bill be passed on any one roll call.

MOTIONS, **DEBATE, and FLOOR PROCEEDINGS**

~~[Must]~~ **Shall** Be Read or Stated Before Debate

Rule ~~[69:]~~ **70.** When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the chair before being debated.

When In Possession of the House

Rule ~~[70:]~~ **71.** When a motion is stated by the Speaker, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House. The motion may be withdrawn by the author at any time before a decision ~~[or amendment]~~.

To Be Reduced to Writing

Rule ~~[71:]~~ **72.** Every motion shall be reduced to writing if the Speaker or any member demands it.

~~[Must]~~ **Shall** Be Germane

Rule ~~[72:]~~ **73.** No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.

Privileged

Rule ~~[73:]~~ **74.** When a question is under debate, no motion shall be entertained but to adjourn; to take a recess; to lay on the table; for the previous question; to postpone to a certain day; to recommit to committee; ~~[or]~~ to postpone indefinitely; **or to consider a veto or withhold override**; which several motions shall have precedence in the order herein set forth.

Dilatory

Rule ~~[74:]~~ **75.** When any ~~[of the motions enumerated in the preceding rule have]~~ **motion has** been made and lost, no similar motion shall be entertained until some other business is transacted by the House.

Privileged Motions In Order - When

Rule ~~[75:]~~ **76.** Except as otherwise limited herein, and except when a member is speaking or the roll is being called, the privileged motions set forth in Rule ~~[73]~~ **74** are always in order, and pending the result of such a motion, no member shall leave his or her seat in the House.

Previous Question

Rule ~~[76:]~~ **77.** Any member may move the previous question. The motion shall be restated by the Speaker in this form: "Shall the question under immediate consideration be now put?". It may be moved like any other question but it shall only prevail when supported by a constitutional majority and until decided shall preclude amendments and debate. If the motion is sustained, the proponent of the matter under consideration shall be allowed one minute in which to make a closing statement before the House votes on the question. A failure to sustain the motion shall not take the matter under consideration from further consideration of the House; but the House shall proceed as if the motion had not been made.

Not Debatable

Rule ~~[77:]~~ **78.** Motions to adjourn and for the previous question shall be decided without debate; provided however, that a motion to adjourn is subject to a request by five members for a roll call vote. All other privileged motions are debatable.

Division of Questions

Rule [78.] 79. Any member may have, as a personal right, a division of the question where the sense will admit of it. **The question shall be divided into clearly separate and distinct propositions. The Speaker may take a division of the question under advisement; provided that, he or she rules on the division before any other action on the question.** When the question having been divided is a Senate Bill for Third Reading, each part of the bill shall be voted upon separately and a subsequent separate vote shall be taken on the entire bill. When a bill is divided for consideration, the title and enacting clause shall be considered a separate part and shall, unless otherwise amended, be technically changed to reflect any amendments or deletions to the bill. No House Bill shall be subject to a division of the question after its perfection.

Indefinite Postponement

Rule [79.] 80. When a question is postponed indefinitely, the same shall not be acted upon again during the session.

Question Laid on the Table - How Taken Up

Rule [80.] 81. When a question has been laid on the table, the same cannot be taken up again without a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

Motion to Recommit to Committee

Rule [81.] 82. Any member may make a motion, at any time prior to the time such bill is third read and passed, that a bill be recommitted to the ~~select standing~~ committee from which it was reported or that a bill be committed to another specifically named committee in the original form of the bill as it was referred to the committee of origin, which shall be sustained if a majority of the members present vote in the affirmative.

Motion to Reconsider - ~~Must~~ **Shall** Be Made Within Three Days

Rule [82.] 83. When a motion that a bill be perfected and printed, or that a bill be agreed to, read a third time, and placed upon its passage fails, or when any other question is decided by the House, any member voting on the prevailing side may move to reconsider the vote, provided that the motion to reconsider is made within three legislative days after the day on which the vote was taken.

Procedure for Motion to Reconsider

Rule [83.] 84. A constitutional majority is required to sustain any motion to reconsider. If the motion to reconsider is sustained, the House shall proceed to the original question or motion immediately before proceeding to other questions; whereupon the original question shall be voted upon before any other business of the House is transacted. This shall not preclude further debate or amendment of the proposition, if otherwise appropriate. Any motion to reconsider having failed once shall not be reconsidered again, except to reconsider the vote by which an appropriation bill failed to pass. In the case of an appropriation bill, the motion to reconsider may be considered as many times as the House chooses.

[DECORUM AND DEBATE]

On Speaking

Rule [84.] 85. When any member is about to speak in a debate or deliver a matter to the House, he or she shall rise from his or her seat and respectfully address himself or herself to "Mr. Speaker" or "Madam Speaker". The member shall refer, as appropriate, to other members as "Lady", "Gentleman" or "Representative". The member shall confine himself or herself to the questions under debate and avoid personality and derogatory personal comments. If any member violates the rules of the House, the Speaker, or any member, may call him or her to order. Any member called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain, and the House shall, if appealed to, decide the case.

Appeals

Rule ~~[85.]~~ **86.** If there is no appeal, the decision of the Speaker is final. If the decision of the Speaker is in favor of the member called to order, he or she may proceed; if otherwise, and the case requires it, he or she shall be liable to the censure of the House.

Member to Rise or Seek Recognition

Rule ~~[86.]~~ **87.** The Speaker shall not recognize any member desiring to speak unless such member arises or appropriately seeks recognition at or near his or her desk. When two or more members seek recognition at the same time, the Speaker shall name the member who is to speak first, the other members having the preference next to speak.

Member May Speak - How Often

Rule ~~[87.]~~ **88.** No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the House, nor more than once until all other members desiring to speak have spoken. Except when reporting a bill or resolution from a committee, no member may speak or inquire for more than fifteen minutes unless by unanimous consent of the House. **When the question is to third read and pass a House Bill or House Joint Resolution, no member may speak or inquire for more than ten minutes unless by unanimous consent of the House.** When the question is to third read and pass a House Consent Bill or a Senate Consent Bill, the floor handler of the bill and the ranking committee member from the party not the same as the bill handler[-] shall not speak or inquire for more than ten minutes. Other members shall not speak or inquire for more than five minutes on such bills. The provisions of this rule shall not take precedence over any limitations set pursuant to Rule ~~[27(11)]~~ **24(25)**.

No Member Shall Name Another Member in Debate

Rule ~~[88.]~~ **89.** No member shall name another member in debate, but shall refer to the member by district number or county.

Members Not to Use Profanity

Rule ~~[89.]~~ **90.** No member may use profanity either while speaking on the floor or in committee.

Members Not to Walk Across House - When

Rule ~~[90.]~~ **91.** While the Speaker is putting any question or addressing the House, no one shall walk out of or cross the House. When a member is speaking or the Journal is being read, no member shall engage in any private conversation; nor while a member is speaking shall anyone pass between him or her and the Speaker. No member shall walk between two members who are engaged in debate or inquiries in the Hall of the House.

Order of Questions

Rule ~~[91.]~~ **92.** Except as otherwise set forth in these rules, all questions shall be propounded in the order in which they are moved except privileged questions, which shall be propounded as stated in Rule ~~[73]~~ **74**.

CONSTITUTIONAL MAJORITY AND QUORUM

Rule 93. The term "constitutional majority", as used herein, shall mean eighty-two members of the House. A quorum shall be required at any time bills are considered, motions are made, or votes are taken.

Voting

Rule ~~[92.]~~ **94.** ~~[(a)]~~ **(1)** Every member shall be present within the hall of the House during its sittings, unless excused or necessarily prevented, and shall vote on each question put, unless he or she has a direct personal or pecuniary interest in such question. No member shall be recorded as voting when he or she was not present when the vote was taken. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a member from voting "Present" on a question, and such vote shall be

recorded in the Journal. In the case of equal division, the question shall be lost. In the event that a member's vote [~~(c)~~or absence~~(d)~~] is incorrectly recorded in the Journal, he or she shall file with the Chief Clerk an affidavit stating that he or she was in the chamber at the time the vote was taken, that he or she did in fact vote, that the vote [~~(c)~~or absence~~(d)~~] was incorrectly recorded, and the correct vote that should have been recorded. In addition to any other penalty provided by rule or law, the filing of a false affidavit shall subject that member to censure by the House.

~~(b)~~ (2) A member may not authorize any other person to cast his or her vote or record his or her presence. No other person may cast a member's vote or record a member's presence. A vote by a member of a committee with respect to any measure or matter may not be cast by proxy.

Verification of the Roll

Members Not to Interrupt Calling of Ayes and Noes; Changing Vote

Rule ~~[93:]~~ 95. Except as otherwise specifically allowed by these rules, no member shall be permitted to interrupt a roll call, and no member shall be allowed to vote or change his or her vote [~~(c)~~], except to have his or her vote correctly recorded~~(d)~~, after a verification has begun~~(e)~~ or after the final vote is announced.

Demand for Verification

Rule ~~[94:]~~ 96. Any five members may demand a verification of the roll call if such is made at any time prior to the time the voting has ended; which, in the event of electronic voting, shall be when the Speaker orders the voting board closed. A demand for verification and a call for absentees are the only reasons for which a member may interrupt a roll call vote.

Bell to Signal Recorded Vote

Rule ~~[95:]~~ 97. At a reasonable time prior to the beginning of calling the ayes and noes on any question, a bell notifying the members of a roll call shall be sounded. After the votes are registered, the absentees shall be noted and upon demand of any member, another bell signifying that a call of absentees is being taken shall be sounded and a reasonable time shall be allowed after the sounding of the bell before the voting is closed.

Roll Call Votes

Rule ~~[96:]~~ 98. In all cases where a rule of the House of Representatives refers to the "calling of the names of the members" or "calling of the ayes or noes" or "calling of the roll", such reference shall be understood to refer also to the "taking" of the vote by electronic roll call system. There shall be a taking of the vote by electronic roll call system on the motion of any one member which is seconded by four other members immediately standing. A vote by electronic roll call shall be limited to thirty minutes, except in the cases of quorum calls. In the event that the electronic roll call system is inoperable, the taking and recording of such vote shall be done by calling the name of each member and recording the respective aye, no, or present votes. Any member not responding when his or her name is called shall be recorded as absent.

Dress Code

Rule ~~[97:]~~ 99. At all times when the House is seated, proper attire for gentlemen shall be business attire, including coat, tie, dress trousers, and dress shoes or boots. Proper attire for women shall be dresses or skirts or slacks worn with a blazer or sweater and appropriate dress shoes or boots. This rule shall apply to all members and staff on the floor of the House and lower gallery.

Eating, Smoking, Distracting Activities

Rule ~~[98:]~~ 100. No food, newspapers, or other items or activities distractive to House deliberations shall be permitted on the floor of the House while the House is in session. Smoking is prohibited in the Hall of the House, upper and lower galleries. The majority and minority caucuses shall adopt policies for its individual member's office space within the Capitol as it relates to the use of tobacco and alcohol products.

Sexual Harassment Complaints

Rule 101. In any instance of a complaint of sexual harassment made either by or against a member, the Chief Clerk of the House shall contract with outside legal counsel for the purpose of investigating the complaint. All complaints shall be kept confidential. The Chief Clerk shall ensure the complaint and any results of an investigation shall be referred within fourteen days of receipt of the complaint to the chair and ranking minority party member of the Committee on Ethics.

Electronic Devices

Rule ~~[99-]~~ **102.** Tape recorders, portable phones, video equipment, television equipment, photography equipment, or any other electronic recording devices are not authorized for use on the floor of the House or in any gallery of the House unless permission has been granted by the Speaker and notice has been given to the body. Nothing contained in this rule shall prevent any member from using a portable laptop computer, which is hereby specifically authorized.

Ascending the Dais

Rule ~~[100-]~~ **103.** No person shall ascend to the Dais without first being recognized to do so by the Speaker. The Speaker may invite any person to ascend the dais.

INTERIM PROCEDURE

Bills - End of First Regular Session

Rule ~~[101-]~~ **104.** All House Bills or House Joint and Concurrent Resolutions in possession of the House and not finally acted upon shall, at 5:59 p.m. on the first Friday following the second Monday in May in odd-numbered years, be laid on the Speaker's desk. All Senate Bills and Senate Joint and Concurrent Resolutions in possession of the House and not finally acted upon shall, at 5:59 p.m. on the first Friday following the second Monday in May in odd-numbered years, be laid on the President Pro Tem's desk.

Bills - Pre-Filing

Rule ~~[102-]~~ **105.** A member or member-elect of the House of Representatives may file a bill or joint resolution by mail or in person with the Chief Clerk of the House at any time during the period beginning on December first and ending on the day before a regular session begins which next precedes the session at which the bill or joint resolution is to be considered. Upon receiving a bill or joint resolution filed during the pre-filing period preceding a regular session of the General Assembly in odd-numbered years, the Chief Clerk of the House shall immediately date, number, and have the bill or joint resolution printed in the most economical manner as approved by the ~~[House Rules]~~ **Committee on Consent and House Procedure** and made available according to the rules and practices of the General Assembly next preceding that for which the bill or joint resolution is filed and those bills and joint resolutions received during the filing period preceding a regular session in an even-numbered year shall be printed and made available according to the then effective rules of that General Assembly. All bills or joint resolutions that are pre-filed shall be deemed filed on the day the House begins its regular session.

Interim Committees

Rule ~~[103-]~~ **106.** All regular or special standing committees named during the first regular session of a General Assembly may meet to consider bills or perform any other necessary legislative function during the interim between the session ending on the thirtieth day of May and the session commencing on the first Wednesday after the first Monday of January; except the Speaker may appoint a subcommittee, made up of members of the regular or special standing committee, to act in place of the regular or special standing committee during the interim. The Speaker may appoint special interim committees to consider bills or perform other necessary legislative duties. Members of each of the committees, or any subcommittee thereof, shall be reimbursed for their necessary and actual expenses incurred while attending meetings of the committee or subcommittee, if approved by the Speaker.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

Names of Absentees to Be Called

Rule [404.] **107.** A call of the House may be made at any time on motion seconded by ten members and sustained by a majority of those present; (names of members may be called orally or by electronic roll call) and under a call of the House a majority of those present may send for and compel the attendance of absent members; and a majority of all the members present shall be a sufficient number to adjourn.

Absent Members May Be Sent For

Rule [405.] **108.** Upon the call of the House, the names of those members present shall be recorded and the absentees noted, and those whose names do not appear may be sent for and taken into custody wherever found by the Sergeant-at-Arms or special messenger appointed.

Prohibited While Voting In Progress

Rule [406.] **109.** No call of the House shall be made after the Speaker has directed the clerk to open the electronic voting device to record the names of the members and until the vote be announced.

Majority Not Under Arrest May Censure And Fine Delinquent Members

Rule [407.] **110.** The majority of those present, not under arrest, may make an order for the censure or fine of delinquent members and prescribe the terms under which they shall be discharged.

Release from Custody

Rule [408.] **111.** When a member shall have been discharged from custody and admitted to his or her seat, the House shall decide whether such discharge shall be with or without fees; and, in like manner, whether a delinquent member, taken into custody by a special messenger shall defray the expense of such special messenger.

COMMITTEE OF WHOLE HOUSE

When Permitted

Rule [409.] **112.** On motion, the House may resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole House for consideration of any business which may properly come before it.

Chair Appointed by Speaker

Rule [440.] **113.** In forming a Committee of the Whole House, the Speaker shall leave his or her chair, and a chair preside in the Committee, who shall be appointed by the Speaker.

Procedure upon Bills

Rule [441.] **114.** Upon a bill being committed to a Committee of the Whole House, the same shall be ~~[first]~~ read ~~[at length by the Clerk, and then again read]~~ and debated by clauses **or sections, as determined by the committee,** leaving the preamble to be last considered. After report, the bill shall again be subject to debate and ~~[amended by clauses, as before]~~ **amendment before being perfected and printed.**

Amendment to Motion ~~[Must]~~ **Shall** Be Incorporated in Original Motion

Rule [442.] **115.** All amendments made to an original motion in Committee of the Whole House shall be incorporated with the motion and so reported.

Amendments Shall Be Noted

Rule [443-] 116. All amendments made to reports, resolutions, or other matters committed to a Committee of the Whole House shall be noted and reported, as in case of bills.

Rules of Proceedings

Rule [444-] 117. Rules and proceedings of the House shall be observed in Committee of the Whole House, as far as they are applicable, except that limiting the number of times of speaking.

Quorum

Rule [445-] 118. A majority of the members elected shall be a quorum to do business, and if, at any time, a sufficient number shall not be present in Committee of the Whole House, and the Committee shall arise, and the Speaker shall resume the chair and the chair report the cause of the rising of the Whole Committee.

VETO AND WITHHOLD OVERRIDE PROCEDURES

Rule 119. *Veto Procedures.* Any bill, or item or portion of an item in an appropriations bill, vetoed by the Governor and returned to the House by the Governor or received from the Senate shall stand as reconsidered and such action shall be taken as prescribed by the Constitution and the rules contained herein. Upon receipt, the message containing the Governor's actions may be read and shall be entered into the Journal. Consideration of a vetoed bill, or item or portion of an item in an appropriations bill, shall be in order at any time during sessions of the House. Consideration of a vetoed bill, or item or portion of an item in an appropriations bill, shall have priority of business and shall have precedence over and may supersede the order of business, but shall not interrupt a calling of the roll.

Rule 120. *Withhold Override Procedures.* (1) Any appropriation for which the rate of expenditure of allotments is not equal quarterly allotments, the sum of which shall be equal to the amount of the appropriation, shall stand as reconsidered with respect to such allotments and such action shall be taken as prescribed by the Constitution and the rules contained herein. Upon receipt, any proclamation issued by the Governor relating to such allotments may be read and shall be entered into the Journal. Reconsideration of the allotments of any appropriation shall be in order at any time during sessions of the House. Reconsideration of the allotments of any appropriation shall have priority of business and shall have precedence over and may supersede the order of business, but shall not interrupt a calling of the roll.

(2) Any appropriation for which the Governor reduces the expenditures of the state or any of its agencies below their appropriations shall stand as reconsidered with respect to such reductions and such action shall be taken as prescribed by the Constitution and the rules contained herein. Upon receipt, any proclamation issued by the Governor relating to such reductions may be read and shall be entered into the Journal. Reconsideration of the reduction of any appropriation shall be in order at any time during sessions of the House. Reconsideration of the reduction of any appropriation shall have priority of business and shall have precedence over and may supersede the order of business, but shall not interrupt a calling of the roll.

ADMISSION TO HALL

Definitions

Rule [446-] 121. The space between the granite columns shall be known as the floor of the House and the space beyond the granite columns on either side shall be known as the lower gallery, and the space on the upper floor of the House shall be known as the upper gallery.

Admission to House Floor

Rule [447-] 122. No person shall be admitted to the floor of the House or the House East Gallery other than the officers and members of the House and the staffs of the Speaker, Speaker Pro Tem, Majority and Minority Floor Leaders, Assistant Majority and Minority Floor Leaders, Majority and Minority Whips, and Chair of the Budget Committee and, at the request of the Speaker, technical support staff needed to maintain data processing equipment

and other equipment. Other persons may be admitted to the floor and East Gallery with the consent of the House. For the purposes of this rule, the Chief Clerk's staff, the Assistant Chief Clerk, any doormen, sergeant-at-arms and House Photographer are considered officers of the House. Guests may upon written request, submitted five days in advance and with the consent of the Speaker, address the House from the dais at the beginning or adjournment of a daily legislative session or any recess thereof.

Admission to Lower Gallery

Rule ~~[448.]~~ **123.** No person shall be admitted to the lower gallery of the House except members of the General Assembly, spouses of members, employees of the General Assembly, Joint Committee staff, the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of State, the State Auditor, the State Treasurer, the State Attorney General, Judges of the Supreme Court, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Courts of Appeal or Circuit Courts, Members of Congress, the Governor's Chief of Staff and former members of the General Assembly who are not registered lobbyists or who do not lobby for an individual or organization, and physically disabled persons. No official or other person, except current members of the General Assembly, otherwise allowed to enter the lower gallery by this rule shall engage in any activity supporting or opposing any bill or resolution before the House from the lower gallery. Other persons may be admitted to the gallery by the Speaker upon special request of any Representative when the House is in session. Members of the press may enter the lower galleries while the House is in session for the purpose of interviewing members of the House.

Admission to Upper Gallery

Rule ~~[449.]~~ **124.** The gallery at the front of the chamber above the Speaker's dais shall be reserved for members of the Missouri Capitol News Association holding valid credentials issued by the Speaker and any other member of the press issued credentials by the Speaker. All other upper galleries shall be open to the public.

RULES

May Be Rescinded or Amended - How

Rule ~~[420.]~~ **125.** Any motion or resolution purporting to rescind or change the standing rules of the House or to introduce a new rule shall stand without reading or consideration and without discussion, explanation, or debate to the ~~[Select Standing]~~ Committee on ~~[Rules]~~ **Consent and House Procedure.** Such motions or resolutions as shall be favorably recommended by such committee for adoption by the House shall, upon such recommendation, be printed in the Journal and shall be placed upon a Resolutions Calendar. A constitutional majority shall be required to pass such a resolution. Nothing herein shall prohibit a member from offering substitute rules or amendments to rules recommended by the committee.

May Be Dispensed With

Rule ~~[424.]~~ **126.** Rules ~~[73, 82, 83,]~~ **74, 83, 84,** and ~~[424]~~ **this rule** of the House shall not be suspended or dispensed with, unless by unanimous consent or unless two-thirds (2/3) of the elected members concur therein. No other standing rule or order of the House shall be dispensed with, except by unanimous consent or unless a constitutional majority concurs therein and motions for that purpose shall be limited to the question or proposition under consideration.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL

Rule ~~[422.]~~ **127.** The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in "Jefferson's Manual" and the "Rules of the House of Representatives of the United States", and the official collection of precedents and interpretations of the rules by parliamentary authorities of the United States House of Representatives shall govern the House in all cases in which they are applicable and not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the House and the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives. The Chief Clerk, the Speaker, the Speaker Pro Tem, the Majority Floor Leader, the Assistant Majority Floor Leader, the Minority Floor Leader, and the Assistant Minority Floor Leader will make available copies of these documents in their offices to any member who so requests. Three copies of these documents

shall be available during sessions of the House: one copy shall be at a location determined by the majority party and one copy shall be at a location determined by the minority party and one copy shall be in the possession of the Chief Clerk or his or her designee. The documents shall be purchased by the House and shall be the property of the House and not of the individual holding office. The Manual, Rules, precedents, and interpretations above referred to shall be taken as authority in deciding questions not otherwise provided for in these rules.

Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight, Chairman Rhoads reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight, to which was referred **HB 60**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass** by the following vote:

Ayes (11): Bondon, Brown (94), Curtis, Dogan, Eggleston, Fitzwater (49), Haahr, Rhoads, Rone, Shull (16) and Shumake

Noes (3): Butler, Lavender and Wessels

Absent (0)

INTRODUCTION OF HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The following House Concurrent Resolutions were read the first time and copies ordered printed:

HCR 9, introduced by Representative Gannon, relating to Joachim Creek in Jefferson and St. Francois Counties.

HCR 10, introduced by Representative Basye, relating to an application to Congress for the calling of an Article V convention of states to propose an amendment to the United States Constitution regarding term limits for members of Congress.

INTRODUCTION OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following House Joint Resolutions were read the first time and copies ordered printed:

HJR 23, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to compensation of public officials.

HJR 24, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to property exempt from taxation.

INTRODUCTION OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were read the first time and copies ordered printed:

HB 537, introduced by Representative Hubrecht, relating to the unborn child protection from dismemberment abortion act, with penalty provisions.

HB 538, introduced by Representative Fitzwater (144), relating to the conveyance of state property easements.

HB 539, introduced by Representative Cornejo, relating to fines for failing to yield the right-of-way, with penalty provisions.

HB 540, introduced by Representative Lichtenegger, relating to the senior services growth and development program.

HB 541, introduced by Representative May, relating to the joint committee on Missouri division of workers' compensation.

HB 542, introduced by Representative Korman, relating to compliance with the federal transportation laws.

HB 543, introduced by Representative Barnes (60), relating to the regional convention and sports complex authority.

HB 544, introduced by Representative Barnes (60), relating to primary care providers.

HB 545, introduced by Representative Vescovo, relating to the sale of public bonds.

HB 546, introduced by Representative Hansen, relating to text messaging while operating motor vehicles.

HB 547, introduced by Representative Curtman, relating to income taxes.

HB 548, introduced by Representative Curtman, relating to the use of public funds for lobbying activities, with a penalty provision.

HB 549, introduced by Representative Frederick, relating to predetermination of health care benefits, with a delayed effective date.

HB 550, introduced by Representative McGaugh, relating to unlawful discriminatory practices.

HB 551, introduced by Representative Bernskoetter, relating to sexual assault reporting.

HB 552, introduced by Representative Austin, relating to unlawful discriminatory practices.

HB 553, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to the sale of certain lands acquired through legal settlements, with an emergency clause.

HB 554, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to state lands.

HB 555, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to safe schools.

HB 556, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to the navigability of Missouri's waters.

HB 557, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to land surveyors.

HB 558, introduced by Representative Ross, relating to boat passengers.

HB 559, introduced by Representative Arthur, relating to employment practices relating to gender.

HB 560, introduced by Representative Redmon, relating to school bus driver qualifications.

HB 561, introduced by Representative Walker (3), relating to the retirement system for prosecuting and circuit attorneys.

HB 562, introduced by Representative Ellington, relating to fathers' parental rights.

HB 563, introduced by Representative Ruth, relating to the first-time home buyer savings account act.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **HCR 1**.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **HCR 2**.

WITHDRAWAL OF HOUSE BILLS

January 10, 2017

Adam Crumbliss
Chief Clerk
Missouri State Capitol, Room 317A
Jefferson City, MO 65101

Mr. Chief Clerk:

I respectfully request that **HB 235** be withdrawn.

HB 235 specifies that only motorcycle riders under the age of eighteen operating with a motorcycle training permit shall wear a helmet and requires all other riders who wish to ride without a helmet to show proof of health insurance.

Thank you for your time and attention in this matter.

/s/ Representative Shane Roden
District 111

The following members' presence was noted: Barnes (60), Berry, Curtis, May, Roeber, Ross, and Swan.

ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Representative Cierpiot, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 11, 2017.

COMMITTEE HEARINGS

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Wednesday, January 11, 2017, 12:30 PM, House Hearing Room 7.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Executive session of the Economic Development Committee.

JOINT INTERIM COMMITTEE ON STATE EMPLOYEE WAGES

Wednesday, January 11, 2017, 1:00 PM, House Hearing Room 3.

Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

Informational meeting and presentation by CBIZ regarding the Missouri state employee total compensation salary study.

HOUSE CALENDAR

FIFTH DAY, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11, 2017

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR SECOND READING

HCR 9 and HCR 10

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR SECOND READING

HJR 23 and HJR 24

HOUSE BILLS FOR SECOND READING

HB 537 through HB 563

HOUSE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

HB 60 - Alferman

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

HCS HR 8 - Cierpiot

ACTIONS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE IV, SECTION 27

HCS HB 2001 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2002 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2003 - Fitzpatrick

CCS SCS HCS HB 2004 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2005 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2006 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2007 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2008 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2009 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2010 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2011 - Fitzpatrick
CCS SCS HCS HB 2012 - Fitzpatrick
HCS HB 2013 - Fitzpatrick
SCS HCS HB 2017 - Fitzpatrick
SS SCS HCS HB 2018 - Fitzpatrick