

HB 431 -- STATE SEXUAL OFFENDER REGISTRY

SPONSOR: Bahr

Currently, individuals who are required to register with the Missouri sexual offender registry must register within three days of adjudication, release from incarceration, or placement on probation, or, for juveniles, within three days of adjudication or release from commitment to the Division of Youth Services, the Department of Mental Health, or other placement. This bill amends the requirement for registry to be within three business days. Additionally, registration requirements are lifetime requirements, subject to some exceptions. The bill sets out and defines different tiers for offenses, which carry different reporting and registration requirements. The different tier registration requirements include registration duration and provisions for registration duration reduction. The bill also specifies which individuals are exempt from the registration requirements.

Individuals on the sex offender registry may file a petition for removal, according to the procedure in the bill, in the circuit in which the qualifying offense was adjudicated, and individuals who were required to register in Missouri because of an offense committed in another state must file for removal based on the laws of the jurisdiction in which the offense was adjudicated. Once the petition for removal is granted in the other jurisdiction, the judgment can be registered in Missouri, in the county in which the individual is required to register, by following the procedures specified in the bill.

The bill specifies what information a petition for removal or exemption must include and when a petition for removal or exemption shall be dismissed without prejudice. The person seeking removal or exemption from the registry must provide the appropriate prosecuting attorney with notice of the petition so the prosecuting attorney may present evidence in opposition to the requested relief or may otherwise demonstrate the reasons the petition should be denied. The prosecuting attorney shall have access to all applicable records concerning the petitioner, and the prosecuting attorney must make reasonable efforts to inform the victim of the crime for which the offender was required to register of the petition and dates and times of any hearings or proceedings in connection with the petition. The court shall not enter an order directing the removal of the petitioner's name from the sexual offender registry unless the court finds the petitioner qualifies according to the provisions specified in the bill.

If the petition is denied because the petitioner has been adjudicated or has charges pending for an additional nonsexual

felony offenses within one year from the date the petitioner was required to register, or because the petitioner has been adjudicated or has charges pending for any additional sexual offense that would require registration, then the petitioner may not file another petition until a certain length of time has passed as specified by the petitioner's particular tier. If the original petition is denied for other reasons, the petitioner may not file another petition for at least five years from the date the original petition was denied. The court shall not deny the petition unless the petition violated the requirements specified in the bill or the prosecuting attorney provided evidence demonstrating the petition should be denied.

Currently, there is limited information that must be provided to the public in a registered sexual offender search. This bill specifies that the limited information may be provided, but it is not required. Individuals who are required to register but who have committed certain specified offenses are exempt from the public notification requirements if they satisfy specified elements. Juveniles required to register shall be exempt from public notification.

Individuals who are released from a correctional facility, mental health institution, private jail, or any other private facility recognized or contracted with the Department of Corrections shall be informed by the person in charge of the facility of the individuals' duty to register, and the official in charge shall complete the initial registration notification at least seven days before an offender's release. The official shall also forward the offender's registration within three business days of the offender's release to the Missouri Highway Patrol and the chief law enforcement official where the offender is expected to reside. The bill specifies requirements for registration, including a photograph of the offender, updated as often as is specified in the bill.

The Missouri Highway Patrol shall maintain all required registration information in digitized form. When the Highway Patrol receives changes to an offender's registration information, the Highway Patrol must immediately notify all other jurisdictions in which the offender is registered or required to register. It is up to the offender to appear in person before the chief law enforcement officer where the offender resides to update any changes in information specified in the bill. Additionally, there are reporting requirements for offenders depending on the tier of their offense.