

House \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Offered By \_\_\_\_\_

1 AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 11, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting after  
2 said section and line the following:

3  
4 "21.790. 1. There is hereby established the "Task Force on Substance Abuse Prevention and  
5 Treatment". The task force shall be composed of six members from the house of representatives, six  
6 members from the senate, and four members appointed by the governor. The senate members of the task  
7 force shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and the house members by the speaker of  
8 the house of representatives. There shall be at least two members from the minority party of the senate and at  
9 least two members from the minority party of the house of representatives. The members appointed by the  
10 governor shall include one member from the health care industry, one member who is a first responder or law  
11 enforcement officer, one member who is a member of the judiciary or a prosecuting attorney, and one  
12 member representing a substance abuse prevention advocacy group.

13 2. The task force shall select a chairperson and a vice-chairperson, one of whom shall be a member  
14 of the senate and one a member of the house of representatives. A majority of the members shall constitute a  
15 quorum. The task force shall meet at least once during each legislative session and at all other times as the  
16 chairperson may designate.

17 3. The task force shall:

18 (1) Conduct hearings on current and estimated future drug and substance use and abuse within the  
19 state;

20 (2) Explore solutions to substance abuse issues; and

21 (3) Draft or modify legislation as necessary to effectuate the goals of finding and funding education  
22 and treatment solutions to curb drug and substance use and abuse.

23 4. The task force may make reasonable requests for staff assistance from the research and  
24 appropriations staffs of the senate and house of representatives and the joint committee on legislative  
25 research. In the performance of its duties, the task force may request assistance or information from all  
26 branches of government and state departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and offices.

27 5. The task force shall report annually to the general assembly and the governor. The report shall  
28 include recommendations for legislation pertaining to substance abuse prevention and treatment.

29 191.1164. 1. Sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 shall be known and may be cited as the  
30 "Ensuring Access to High Quality Care for the Treatment of Substance Use Disorders Act".

31 2. As used in sections 191.1164 to 191.1168, the following terms shall mean:

32 (1) "Behavioral therapy", an individual, family, or group therapy designed to help patients engage in  
33 the treatment process, modify their attitudes and behaviors related to substance use, and increase healthy life  
34 skills;

35 (2) "Department of insurance", the department that has jurisdiction regulating health insurers;

36 (3) "Financial requirements", deductibles, co-payments, coinsurance, or out-of-pocket maximums;

37 (4) "Health care professional", a physician or other health care practitioner licensed, accredited, or  
38 certified by the state of Missouri to perform specified health services;

39 (5) "Health insurance plan", an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, health care  
40 items or services;

Action Taken \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1 (6) "Health insurer", any person or entity that issues, offers, delivers, or administers a health  
 2 insurance plan;

3 (7) "Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA)", the Paul Wellstone and  
 4 Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 found at 42 U.S.C. 300gg-26 and its  
 5 implementing and related regulations found at 45 CFR 146.136, 45 CFR 147.160, and 45 CFR 156.115;

6 (8) "Nonquantitative treatment limitation" or "NQTL", any limitation on the scope or duration of  
 7 treatment that is not expressed numerically;

8 (9) "Pharmacologic therapy", a prescribed course of treatment that may include methadone,  
 9 buprenorphine, naltrexone, or other FDA-approved or evidence-based medications for the treatment of  
 10 substance use disorder;

11 (10) "Pharmacy benefits manager", an entity that contracts with pharmacies on behalf of health  
 12 carriers or any health plan sponsored by the state or a political subdivision of the state;

13 (11) "Prior authorization", the process by which the health insurer or the pharmacy benefits manager  
 14 determines the medical necessity of otherwise covered health care services prior to the rendering of such  
 15 health care services. "Prior authorization" also includes any health insurer's or utilization review entity's  
 16 requirement that a subscriber or health care provider notify the health insurer or utilization review entity prior  
 17 to receiving or providing a health care service;

18 (12) "Quantitative treatment limitation" or "QTL", numerical limits on the scope or duration of  
 19 treatment, which include annual, episode, and lifetime day and visit limits;

20 (13) "Step therapy", a protocol or program that establishes the specific sequence in which  
 21 prescription drugs for a medical condition that are medically appropriate for a particular patient are  
 22 authorized by a health insurer or prescription drug management company;

23 (14) "Urgent health care service", a health care service with respect to which the application of the  
 24 time period for making a non-expedited prior authorization, in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of  
 25 the enrollee's medical condition:

26 (a) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the subscriber or the ability of the enrollee to  
 27 regain maximum function; or

28 (b) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care or  
 29 treatment that is the subject of the utilization review.

30 3. For the purpose of this section, "urgent health care service" shall include services provided for the  
 31 treatment of substance use disorders.

32 191.1165. 1. Medication-assisted treatment (MAT) shall include pharmacologic therapies. A  
 33 formulary used by a health insurer or managed by a pharmacy benefits manager, or medical benefit coverage  
 34 in the case of medications dispensed through an opioid treatment program, shall include:

35 (1) Buprenorphine tablets;

36 (2) Methadone;

37 (3) Naloxone;

38 (4) Extended-release injectable naltrexone; and

39 (5) Buprenorphine/naloxone combination.

40 2. All MAT medications required for compliance in this section shall be placed on the lowest cost-  
 41 sharing tier of the formulary managed by the health insurer or the pharmacy benefits manager.

42 3. MAT medications provided for in this section shall not be subject to any of the following:

43 (1) Any annual or lifetime dollar limitations;

44 (2) Financial requirements and quantitative treatment limitations that do not comply with the Mental  
 45 Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), specifically 45 CFR 146.136(c)(3);

46 (3) Step therapy or other similar drug utilization strategy or policy when it conflicts or interferes  
 47 with a prescribed or recommended course of treatment from a licensed health care professional; and

48 (4) Prior authorization for MAT medications as specified in this section.

49 4. MAT medications outlined in this section shall apply to all health insurance plans delivered in the  
 50 state of Missouri.

51 5. Any entity that holds itself out as a treatment program or that applies for licensure by the state to  
 52 provide clinical treatment services for substance use disorders shall be required to disclose the MAT services  
 53 it provides, as well as which of its levels of care have been certified by an independent, national, or other

1 organization that has competencies in the use of the applicable placement guidelines and level of care  
 2 standards.

3 6. The MO HealthNet program shall cover the MAT medications and services provided for in this  
 4 section and include those MAT medications in its preferred drug lists for the treatment of substance use  
 5 disorders and prevention of overdose and death. The preferred drug list shall include all current and new  
 6 formulations and medications that are approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for the treatment  
 7 of substance use disorders.

8 7. Drug courts or other diversion programs that provide for alternatives to jail or prison for persons  
 9 with a substance use disorder shall be required to ensure all persons under their care are assessed for  
 10 substance use disorders using standard diagnostic criteria by a licensed physician who actively treats patients  
 11 with substance use disorders. The court or other diversion program shall make available the MAT services  
 12 covered under this section, consistent with a treatment plan developed by the physician, and shall not impose  
 13 any limitations on the type of medication or other treatment prescribed or the dose or duration of MAT  
 14 recommended by the physician.

15 8. Requirements under this section shall not be subject to a covered person's prior success or failure  
 16 of the services provided.

17 191.1167. Any contract provision, written policy, or written procedure in violation of sections  
 18 191.1164 to 191.1168 shall be deemed to be unenforceable and shall be null and void.

19 191.1168. If any provision of sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 or the application thereof to any person  
 20 or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of sections  
 21 191.1164 to 191.1168 which may be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end  
 22 the provisions of sections 191.1164 to 191.1168 are severable."; and

23  
 24 Further amend said bill, Page 2, Section 194.225, Line 37, by inserting after all of said section and line the  
 25 following:

26  
 27 "195.060. 1. Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, a pharmacist, in good faith, may sell  
 28 and dispense controlled substances to any person only upon a prescription of a practitioner as authorized by  
 29 statute, provided that the controlled substances listed in Schedule V may be sold without prescription in  
 30 accordance with regulations of the department of health and senior services. All written prescriptions shall be  
 31 signed by the person prescribing the same, except for electronic prescriptions. All prescriptions shall be  
 32 dated on the day when issued and bearing the full name and address of the patient for whom, or of the owner  
 33 of the animal for which, the drug is prescribed, and the full name, address, and the registry number under the  
 34 federal controlled substances laws of the person prescribing, if he or she is required by those laws to be so  
 35 registered. If the prescription is for an animal, it shall state the species of the animal for which the drug is  
 36 prescribed. The person filling the prescription shall either write the date of filling and his or her own  
 37 signature on the prescription or retain the date of filling and the identity of the dispenser as electronic  
 38 prescription information. The prescription or electronic prescription information shall be retained on file by  
 39 the proprietor of the pharmacy in which it is filled for a period of two years, so as to be readily accessible for  
 40 inspection by any public officer or employee engaged in the enforcement of this law. No prescription for a  
 41 drug in Schedule I or II shall be filled more than six months after the date prescribed; no prescription for a  
 42 drug in Schedule I or II shall be refilled; no prescription for a drug in Schedule III or IV shall be filled or  
 43 refilled more than six months after the date of the original prescription or be refilled more than five times  
 44 unless renewed by the practitioner.

45 2. A pharmacist, in good faith, may sell and dispense controlled substances to any person upon a  
 46 prescription of a practitioner located in another state, provided that the:

47 (1) Prescription was issued according to and in compliance with the applicable laws of that state and  
 48 the United States; and

49 (2) Quantity limitations in subsection 4 of section 195.080 apply to prescriptions dispensed to  
 50 patients located in this state.

51 3. The legal owner of any stock of controlled substances in a pharmacy, upon discontinuance of  
 52 dealing in such drugs, may sell the stock to a manufacturer, wholesaler, or pharmacist, but only on an official  
 53 written order.

1           4. A pharmacist, in good faith, may sell and dispense any Schedule II drug or drugs to any person in  
2 emergency situations as defined by rule of the department of health and senior services upon an oral  
3 prescription by an authorized practitioner.

4           5. Except where a bona fide physician-patient-pharmacist relationship exists, prescriptions for  
5 narcotics or hallucinogenic drugs shall not be delivered to or for an ultimate user or agent by mail or other  
6 common carrier.

7           195.080. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and chapter 579, this chapter and chapter  
8 579 shall not apply to the following cases: prescribing, administering, dispensing or selling at retail of  
9 liniments, ointments, and other preparations that are susceptible of external use only and that contain  
10 controlled substances in such combinations of drugs as to prevent the drugs from being readily extracted from  
11 such liniments, ointments, or preparations, except that this chapter and chapter 579 shall apply to all  
12 liniments, ointments, and other preparations that contain coca leaves in any quantity or combination.

13           2. Unless otherwise provided in sections 334.037, 334.104, and 334.747, a practitioner, other than a  
14 veterinarian, shall not issue an initial prescription for more than a seven-day supply of any opioid controlled  
15 substance upon the initial consultation and treatment of a patient for acute pain. Upon any subsequent  
16 consultation for the same pain, the practitioner may issue any appropriate renewal, refill, or new prescription  
17 in compliance with the general provisions of this chapter and chapter 579. Prior to issuing an initial  
18 prescription for an opioid controlled substance, a practitioner shall consult with the patient regarding the  
19 quantity of the opioid and the patient's option to fill the prescription in a lesser quantity and shall inform the  
20 patient of the risks associated with the opioid prescribed. If, in the professional medical judgment of the  
21 practitioner, more than a seven-day supply is required to treat the patient's acute pain, the practitioner may  
22 issue a prescription for the quantity needed to treat the patient; provided, that the practitioner shall document  
23 in the patient's medical record the condition triggering the necessity for more than a seven-day supply and  
24 that a nonopioid alternative was not appropriate to address the patient's condition. The provisions of this  
25 subsection shall not apply to prescriptions for opioid controlled substances for a patient who is currently  
26 undergoing treatment for cancer or sickle cell disease, is receiving hospice care from a hospice certified under  
27 chapter 197 or palliative care, is a resident of a long-term care facility licensed under chapter 198, or is  
28 receiving treatment for substance abuse or opioid dependence.

29           3. A pharmacist or pharmacy shall not be subject to disciplinary action or other civil or criminal  
30 liability for dispensing or refusing to dispense medication in good faith pursuant to an otherwise valid  
31 prescription that exceeds the prescribing limits established by subsection 2 of this section.

32           4. Unless otherwise provided in this section, the quantity of Schedule II controlled substances  
33 prescribed or dispensed at any one time shall be limited to a thirty-day supply. The quantity of Schedule III,  
34 IV or V controlled substances prescribed or dispensed at any one time shall be limited to a ninety-day supply  
35 and shall be prescribed and dispensed in compliance with the general provisions of this chapter and chapter  
36 579. The supply limitations provided in this subsection may be increased up to three months if the physician  
37 describes on the prescription form or indicates via telephone, fax, or electronic communication to the  
38 pharmacy to be entered on or attached to the prescription form the medical reason for requiring the larger  
39 supply. The supply limitations provided in this subsection shall not apply if:

40           (1) The prescription is issued by a practitioner located in another state according to and in  
41 compliance with the applicable laws of that state and the United States and dispensed to a patient located in  
42 another state; or

43           (2) The prescription is dispensed directly to a member of the United States Armed Forces serving  
44 outside the United States.

45           5. The partial filling of a prescription for a Schedule II substance is permissible as defined by  
46 regulation by the department of health and senior services.

47           195.100. 1. It shall be unlawful to distribute any controlled substance in a commercial container  
48 unless such container bears a label containing an identifying symbol for such substance in accordance with  
49 federal laws.

50           2. It shall be unlawful for any manufacturer of any controlled substance to distribute such substance  
51 unless the labeling thereof conforms to the requirements of federal law and contains the identifying symbol  
52 required in subsection 1 of this section.

53           3. The label of a controlled substance in Schedule II, III or IV shall, when dispensed to or for a

1 patient, contain a clear, concise warning that it is a criminal offense to transfer such narcotic or dangerous  
2 drug to any person other than the patient.

3 4. Whenever a manufacturer sells or dispenses a controlled substance and whenever a wholesaler  
4 sells or dispenses a controlled substance in a package prepared by him or her, the manufacturer or wholesaler  
5 shall securely affix to each package in which that drug is contained a label showing in legible English the  
6 name and address of the vendor and the quantity, kind, and form of controlled substance contained therein.  
7 No person except a pharmacist for the purpose of filling a prescription under this chapter, shall alter, deface,  
8 or remove any label so affixed.

9 5. Whenever a pharmacist or practitioner sells or dispenses any controlled substance on a  
10 prescription issued by a physician, physician assistant, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or advanced practice  
11 registered nurse, the pharmacist or practitioner shall affix to the container in which such drug is sold or  
12 dispensed a label showing his or her own name and address of the pharmacy or practitioner for whom he or  
13 she is lawfully acting; the name of the patient or, if the patient is an animal, the name of the owner of the  
14 animal and the species of the animal; the name of the physician, physician assistant, dentist, podiatrist,  
15 advanced practice registered nurse, or veterinarian by whom the prescription was written; the name of the  
16 collaborating physician if the prescription is written by an advanced practice registered nurse or ~~the~~  
17 ~~supervising physician if the prescription is written by~~ a physician assistant, and such directions as may be  
18 stated on the prescription. No person shall alter, deface, or remove any label so affixed.

19 195.550. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or any other law to the contrary,  
20 beginning January 1, 2021, no person shall issue any prescription in this state for any Schedule II, III, or IV  
21 controlled substance unless the prescription is made by electronic prescription from the person issuing the  
22 prescription to a pharmacy, except for prescriptions:

23 (1) Issued by veterinarians;

24 (2) Issued in circumstances where electronic prescribing is not available due to temporary  
25 technological or electrical failure;

26 (3) Issued by a practitioner to be dispensed by a pharmacy located outside the state;

27 (4) Issued when the prescriber and dispenser are the same entity;

28 (5) Issued that include elements that are not supported by the most recently implemented version of  
29 the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Prescriber/Pharmacist Interface SCRIPT Standard;

30 (6) Issued by a practitioner for a drug that the federal Food and Drug Administration requires the  
31 prescription to contain certain elements that are not able to be accomplished with electronic processing;

32 (7) Issued by a practitioner allowing for the dispensing of a nonpatient specific prescription pursuant  
33 to a standing order, approved protocol for drug therapy, collaborative drug management or comprehensive  
34 medication management, in response to a public health emergency, or other circumstances where the  
35 practitioner may issue a nonpatient specific prescription;

36 (8) Issued by a practitioner prescribing a drug under a research protocol;

37 (9) Issued by practitioners who have received an annual waiver, or a renewal thereof, from the  
38 requirement to use electronic prescribing, pursuant to a process established in regulation by the department of  
39 health and senior services, due to economic hardship, technological limitations, or other exceptional  
40 circumstances demonstrated by the practitioner;

41 (10) Issued by a practitioner under circumstances where, notwithstanding the practitioner's present  
42 ability to make an electronic prescription as required by this subsection, such practitioner reasonably  
43 determines that it would be impractical for the patient to obtain substances prescribed by electronic  
44 prescription in a timely manner, and such delay would adversely impact the patient's medical condition; or

45 (11) Issued where the patient specifically requests a written prescription.

46 2. A pharmacist who receives a written, oral, or faxed prescription is not required to verify that the  
47 prescription properly falls under one of the exceptions from the requirement to electronically prescribe.  
48 Pharmacists may continue to dispense medications from otherwise valid written, oral, or fax prescriptions  
49 that are consistent with state and federal laws and regulations.

50 3. An individual who violates the provisions of this section may be subject to discipline by his or her  
51 professional licensing board.

52 196.100. 1. Any manufacturer, packer, distributor or seller of drugs or devices in this state shall  
53 comply with the current federal labeling requirements contained in the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act,

1 as amended, and any federal regulations promulgated thereunder. Any drug or device which contains  
2 labeling that is not in compliance with the provisions of this section shall be deemed misbranded.

3 2. A drug dispensed on an electronic prescription or a written prescription signed by a licensed  
4 physician, dentist, or veterinarian, except a drug dispensed in the course of the conduct of a business of  
5 dispensing drugs pursuant to a diagnosis by mail, shall be exempt from the requirements of this section if  
6 such physician, dentist, or veterinarian is licensed by law to administer such drug, and such drug bears a label  
7 containing the name and place of business of the dispenser, the serial number and date of such prescription,  
8 and the name of such physician, dentist, or veterinarian.

9 3. The department is hereby directed to promulgate regulations exempting from any labeling or  
10 packaging requirement of sections 196.010 to 196.120, drugs and devices which are, in accordance with the  
11 practice of the trade, to be processed, labeled, or repacked in substantial quantities at establishments other  
12 than those where originally processed or packed, on condition that such drugs and devices are not adulterated  
13 or misbranded under the provisions of said sections upon removal from such processing, labeling, or  
14 repacking establishment."; and

15  
16 Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 208.225, Line 21, by inserting after all of said section and line the  
17 following:

18  
19 "208.790. 1. The applicant shall have or intend to have a fixed place of residence in Missouri, with  
20 the present intent of maintaining a permanent home in Missouri for the indefinite future. The burden of  
21 establishing proof of residence within this state is on the applicant. The requirement also applies to persons  
22 residing in long-term care facilities located in the state of Missouri.

23 2. The department shall promulgate rules outlining standards for documenting proof of residence in  
24 Missouri. Documents used to show proof of residence shall include the applicant's name and address in the  
25 state of Missouri.

26 3. Applicant household income limits for eligibility shall be subject to appropriations, but in no  
27 event shall applicants have household income that is greater than one hundred eighty-five percent of the  
28 federal poverty level for the applicable family size for the applicable year as converted to the MAGI  
29 equivalent net income standard. [~~The provisions of this subsection shall only apply to Medicaid dual eligible~~  
30 ~~individuals.]~~

31 4. The department shall promulgate rules outlining standards for documenting proof of household  
32 income.

33 221.111. 1. A person commits the offense of possession of unlawful items in a prison or jail if such  
34 person knowingly delivers, attempts to deliver, possesses, deposits, or conceals in or about the premises of  
35 any correctional center as the term "correctional center" is defined under section 217.010, or any city, county,  
36 or private jail:

37 (1) Any controlled substance as that term is defined by law, except upon the written or electronic  
38 prescription of a licensed physician, dentist, or veterinarian;

39 (2) Any other alkaloid of any kind or any intoxicating liquor as the term intoxicating liquor is  
40 defined in section 311.020;

41 (3) Any article or item of personal property which a prisoner is prohibited by law, by rule made  
42 pursuant to section 221.060, or by regulation of the department of corrections from receiving or possessing,  
43 except as herein provided;

44 (4) Any gun, knife, weapon, or other article or item of personal property that may be used in such  
45 manner as to endanger the safety or security of the institution or as to endanger the life or limb of any  
46 prisoner or employee thereof.

47 2. The violation of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section shall be a class D felony; the  
48 violation of subdivision (2) of this section shall be a class E felony; the violation of subdivision (3) of this  
49 section shall be a class A misdemeanor; and the violation of subdivision (4) of this section shall be a class B  
50 felony.

51 3. The chief operating officer of a county or city jail or other correctional facility or the administrator  
52 of a private jail may deny visitation privileges to or refer to the county prosecuting attorney for prosecution  
53 any person who knowingly delivers, attempts to deliver, possesses, deposits, or conceals in or about the

1 premises of such jail or facility any personal item which is prohibited by rule or regulation of such jail or  
2 facility. Such rules or regulations, including a list of personal items allowed in the jail or facility, shall be  
3 prominently posted for viewing both inside and outside such jail or facility in an area accessible to any  
4 visitor, and shall be made available to any person requesting such rule or regulation. Violation of this  
5 subsection shall be an infraction if not covered by other statutes.

6 4. Any person who has been found guilty of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this  
7 section involving any alkaloid shall be entitled to expungement of the record of the violation. The procedure  
8 to expunge the record shall be pursuant to section 610.123. The record of any person shall not be expunged if  
9 such person has been found guilty of knowingly delivering, attempting to deliver, possessing, depositing, or  
10 concealing any alkaloid of any controlled substance in or about the premises of any correctional center, or  
11 city or county jail, or private prison or jail."; and  
12

13 Further amend said bill, Page 6, Section 302.171, Line 114, by inserting after all of said section and line the  
14 following:  
15

16 "332.361. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

17 (1) "Acute pain", shall have the same meaning as in section 195.010;

18 (2) "Long-acting or extended-release opioids", formulated in such a manner as to make the contained  
19 medicament available over an extended period of time following ingestion.

20 2. Any duly registered and currently licensed dentist in Missouri may write, and any pharmacist in  
21 Missouri who is currently licensed under the provisions of chapter 338 and any amendments thereto, may fill  
22 any prescription of a duly registered and currently licensed dentist in Missouri for any drug necessary or  
23 proper in the practice of dentistry, provided that no such prescription is in violation of either the Missouri or  
24 federal narcotic drug act.

25 ~~[2-]~~ 3. Any duly registered and currently licensed dentist in Missouri may possess, have under his  
26 control, prescribe, administer, dispense, or distribute a "controlled substance" as that term is defined in  
27 section 195.010 only to the extent that:

28 (1) The dentist possesses the requisite valid federal and state registration to distribute or dispense  
29 that class of controlled substance;

30 (2) The dentist prescribes, administers, dispenses, or distributes the controlled substance in the  
31 course of his professional practice of dentistry, and for no other reason;

32 (3) A bona fide dentist-patient relationship exists; and

33 (4) The dentist possesses, has under his control, prescribes, administers, dispenses, or distributes the  
34 controlled substance in accord with all pertinent requirements of the federal and Missouri narcotic drug and  
35 controlled substances acts, including the keeping of records and inventories when required therein.

36 4. Long-acting or extended-release opioids shall not be used for the treatment of acute pain. If in the  
37 professional judgement of the dentist, a long-acting or extended-release opioid is necessary to treat the  
38 patient, the dentist shall document and explain in the patient's dental record the reason for the necessity for  
39 the long-acting or extended-release opioid.

40 5. Dentists shall avoid prescribing doses greater than fifty morphine milligram equivalent (MME)  
41 per day for treatment of acute pain. If in the professional judgement of the dentist, doses greater than fifty  
42 MME are necessary to treat the patient, the dentist shall document and explain in the patient's dental record  
43 the reason for the necessity for the dose greater than fifty MME. The relative potency of opioids is  
44 represented by a value assigned to individual opioids known as a morphine milligram equivalent (MME).  
45 The MME value represents how many milligrams of a particular opioid is equivalent to one milligram of  
46 morphine. The Missouri dental board shall maintain a MME conversion chart and instructions for calculating  
47 MME on its website to assist licensees with calculating MME.

48 338.010. 1. The "practice of pharmacy" means the interpretation, implementation, and evaluation of  
49 medical prescription orders, including any legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 353; receipt, transmission,  
50 or handling of such orders or facilitating the dispensing of such orders; the designing, initiating,  
51 implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined by the prescription order so long as  
52 the prescription order is specific to each patient for care by a pharmacist; the compounding, dispensing,  
53 labeling, and administration of drugs and devices pursuant to medical prescription orders and administration

1 of viral influenza, pneumonia, shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, and meningitis  
2 vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for persons at least seven years of age or the age  
3 recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, whichever is higher, or the administration  
4 of pneumonia, shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, meningitis, and viral influenza  
5 vaccines by written protocol authorized by a physician for a specific patient as authorized by rule; the  
6 participation in drug selection according to state law and participation in drug utilization reviews; the proper  
7 and safe storage of drugs and devices and the maintenance of proper records thereof; consultation with  
8 patients and other health care practitioners, and veterinarians and their clients about legend drugs, about the  
9 safe and effective use of drugs and devices; the prescribing and dispensing of any nicotine replacement  
10 therapy product under section 338.665; and the offering or performing of those acts, services, operations, or  
11 transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control of a pharmacy. No person shall  
12 engage in the practice of pharmacy unless he or she is licensed under the provisions of this chapter. This  
13 chapter shall not be construed to prohibit the use of auxiliary personnel under the direct supervision of a  
14 pharmacist from assisting the pharmacist in any of his or her duties. This assistance in no way is intended to  
15 relieve the pharmacist from his or her responsibilities for compliance with this chapter and he or she will be  
16 responsible for the actions of the auxiliary personnel acting in his or her assistance. This chapter shall also  
17 not be construed to prohibit or interfere with any legally registered practitioner of medicine, dentistry, or  
18 podiatry, or veterinary medicine only for use in animals, or the practice of optometry in accordance with and  
19 as provided in sections 195.070 and 336.220 in the compounding, administering, prescribing, or dispensing of  
20 his or her own prescriptions.

21 2. Any pharmacist who accepts a prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall have a  
22 written protocol from the physician who refers the patient for medication therapy services. The written  
23 protocol and the prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall come from the physician only, and  
24 shall not come from a nurse engaged in a collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.104, or from a  
25 physician assistant engaged in a ~~[supervision agreement]~~ collaborative practice arrangement under section  
26 334.735.

27 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent any person, firm or corporation from  
28 owning a pharmacy regulated by sections 338.210 to 338.315, provided that a licensed pharmacist is in  
29 charge of such pharmacy.

30 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to or interfere with the sale of nonprescription  
31 drugs and the ordinary household remedies and such drugs or medicines as are normally sold by those  
32 engaged in the sale of general merchandise.

33 5. No health carrier as defined in chapter 376 shall require any physician with which they contract to  
34 enter into a written protocol with a pharmacist for medication therapeutic services.

35 6. This section shall not be construed to allow a pharmacist to diagnose or independently prescribe  
36 pharmaceuticals.

37 7. The state board of registration for the healing arts, under section 334.125, and the state board of  
38 pharmacy, under section 338.140, shall jointly promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for  
39 prescription orders for medication therapy services and administration of viral influenza vaccines. Such rules  
40 shall require protocols to include provisions allowing for timely communication between the pharmacist and  
41 the referring physician, and any other patient protection provisions deemed appropriate by both boards. In  
42 order to take effect, such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each board. Neither  
43 board shall separately promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication  
44 therapy services and administration of viral influenza vaccines. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is  
45 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective  
46 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section  
47 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general  
48 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are  
49 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted  
50 after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

51 8. The state board of pharmacy may grant a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority to a  
52 licensed pharmacist who submits proof of successful completion of a board-approved course of academic  
53 clinical study beyond a bachelor of science in pharmacy, including but not limited to clinical assessment

1 skills, from a nationally accredited college or university, or a certification of equivalence issued by a  
2 nationally recognized professional organization and approved by the board of pharmacy.

3 9. Any pharmacist who has received a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority may  
4 engage in the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined  
5 by a prescription order from a physician that is specific to each patient for care by a pharmacist.

6 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a pharmacist to make a therapeutic  
7 substitution of a pharmaceutical prescribed by a physician unless authorized by the written protocol or the  
8 physician's prescription order.

9 11. "Veterinarian", "doctor of veterinary medicine", "practitioner of veterinary medicine", "DVM",  
10 "VMD", "BVSe", "BVMS", "BSe (Vet Science)", "VMB", "MRCVS", or an equivalent title means a person  
11 who has received a doctor's degree in veterinary medicine from an accredited school of veterinary medicine  
12 or holds an Educational Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates (EDFVG) certificate issued by the  
13 American Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA).

14 12. In addition to other requirements established by the joint promulgation of rules by the board of  
15 pharmacy and the state board of registration for the healing arts:

16 (1) A pharmacist shall administer vaccines by protocol in accordance with treatment guidelines  
17 established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC);

18 (2) A pharmacist who is administering a vaccine shall request a patient to remain in the pharmacy a  
19 safe amount of time after administering the vaccine to observe any adverse reactions. Such pharmacist shall  
20 have adopted emergency treatment protocols;

21 (3) In addition to other requirements by the board, a pharmacist shall receive additional training as  
22 required by the board and evidenced by receiving a certificate from the board upon completion, and shall  
23 display the certification in his or her pharmacy where vaccines are delivered.

24 13. A pharmacist shall inform the patient that the administration of the vaccine will be entered into  
25 the ShowMeVax system, as administered by the department of health and senior services. The patient shall  
26 attest to the inclusion of such information in the system by signing a form provided by the pharmacist. If the  
27 patient indicates that he or she does not want such information entered into the ShowMeVax system, the  
28 pharmacist shall provide a written report within fourteen days of administration of a vaccine to the patient's  
29 primary health care provider, if provided by the patient, containing:

30 (1) The identity of the patient;

31 (2) The identity of the vaccine or vaccines administered;

32 (3) The route of administration;

33 (4) The anatomic site of the administration;

34 (5) The dose administered; and

35 (6) The date of administration.

36 338.015. 1. The provisions of sections 338.010 to 338.015 shall not be construed to inhibit the  
37 patient's freedom of choice to obtain prescription services from any licensed pharmacist. However, nothing  
38 in sections 338.010 to 338.315 abrogates the patient's ability to waive freedom of choice under any contract  
39 with regard to payment or coverage of prescription expense.

40 2. All pharmacists may provide pharmaceutical consultation and advice to persons concerning the  
41 safe and therapeutic use of their prescription drugs.

42 3. All patients shall have the right to receive a written prescription from their prescriber to take to the  
43 facility of their choice or to have an electronic prescription transmitted to the facility of their choice.

44 338.055. 1. The board may refuse to issue any certificate of registration or authority, permit or  
45 license required pursuant to this chapter for one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this  
46 section or if the designated pharmacist-in-charge, manager-in-charge, or any officer, owner, manager, or  
47 controlling shareholder of the applicant has committed any act or practice in subsection 2 of this section. The  
48 board shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of his or  
49 her right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621.

50 2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing commission as  
51 provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license  
52 required by this chapter or any person who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her certificate of  
53 registration or authority, permit or license for any one or any combination of the following causes:

1 (1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, or alcoholic beverage to an extent  
2 that such use impairs a person's ability to perform the work of any profession licensed or regulated by this  
3 chapter;

4 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo  
5 contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any state or of the United States, for any offense  
6 reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated under this  
7 chapter, for any offense an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any  
8 offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;

9 (3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any certificate of registration or  
10 authority, permit or license issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination  
11 given or required pursuant to this chapter;

12 (4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other compensation by fraud,  
13 deception or misrepresentation;

14 (5) Incompetence, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty in the  
15 performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter;

16 (6) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter, or of  
17 any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter;

18 (7) Impersonation of any person holding a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license or  
19 allowing any person to use his or her certificate of registration or authority, permit, license, or diploma from  
20 any school;

21 (8) Denial of licensure to an applicant or disciplinary action against an applicant or the holder of a  
22 license or other right to practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state, territory,  
23 federal agency, or country whether or not voluntarily agreed to by the licensee or applicant, including, but not  
24 limited to, surrender of the license upon grounds for which denial or discipline is authorized in this state;

25 (9) A person is finally adjudged incapacitated by a court of competent jurisdiction;

26 (10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any profession licensed or  
27 regulated by this chapter who is not registered and currently eligible to practice under this chapter;

28 (11) Issuance of a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license based upon a material  
29 mistake of fact;

30 (12) Failure to display a valid certificate or license if so required by this chapter or any rule  
31 promulgated hereunder;

32 (13) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;

33 (14) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which is false, misleading or deceptive to the general  
34 public or persons to whom the advertisement or solicitation is primarily directed;

35 (15) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state, any other state or the federal  
36 government;

37 (16) The intentional act of substituting or otherwise changing the content, formula or brand of any  
38 drug prescribed by written, electronic, or oral prescription without prior written or oral approval from the  
39 prescriber for the respective change in each prescription; provided, however, that nothing contained herein  
40 shall prohibit a pharmacist from substituting or changing the brand of any drug as provided under section  
41 338.056, and any such substituting or changing of the brand of any drug as provided for in section 338.056  
42 shall not be deemed unprofessional or dishonorable conduct unless a violation of section 338.056 occurs;

43 (17) Personal use or consumption of any controlled substance unless it is prescribed, dispensed, or  
44 administered by a health care provider who is authorized by law to do so.

45 3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the  
46 provisions of chapter 621. Upon a finding by the administrative hearing commission that the grounds,  
47 provided in subsection 2 of this section, for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in  
48 combination, censure or place the person named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions  
49 as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed five years, or may suspend, for a period not to  
50 exceed three years, or revoke the license, certificate, or permit. The board may impose additional discipline  
51 on a licensee, registrant, or permittee found to have violated any disciplinary terms previously imposed under  
52 this section or by agreement. The additional discipline may include, singly or in combination, censure,  
53 placing the licensee, registrant, or permittee named in the complaint on additional probation on such terms

1 and conditions as the board deems appropriate, which additional probation shall not exceed five years, or  
2 suspension for a period not to exceed three years, or revocation of the license, certificate, or permit.

3 4. If the board concludes that a licensee or registrant has committed an act or is engaging in a course  
4 of conduct which would be grounds for disciplinary action which constitutes a clear and present danger to the  
5 public health and safety, the board may file a complaint before the administrative hearing commission  
6 requesting an expedited hearing and specifying the activities which give rise to the danger and the nature of  
7 the proposed restriction or suspension of the licensee's or registrant's license. Within fifteen days after  
8 service of the complaint on the licensee or registrant, the administrative hearing commission shall conduct a  
9 preliminary hearing to determine whether the alleged activities of the licensee or registrant appear to  
10 constitute a clear and present danger to the public health and safety which justify that the licensee's or  
11 registrant's license or registration be immediately restricted or suspended. The burden of proving that the  
12 actions of a licensee or registrant constitute a clear and present danger to the public health and safety shall be  
13 upon the state board of pharmacy. The administrative hearing commission shall issue its decision  
14 immediately after the hearing and shall either grant to the board the authority to suspend or restrict the license  
15 or dismiss the action.

16 5. If the administrative hearing commission grants temporary authority to the board to restrict or  
17 suspend the licensee's or registrant's license, such temporary authority of the board shall become final  
18 authority if there is no request by the licensee or registrant for a full hearing within thirty days of the  
19 preliminary hearing. The administrative hearing commission shall, if requested by the licensee or registrant  
20 named in the complaint, set a date to hold a full hearing under the provisions of chapter 621 regarding the  
21 activities alleged in the initial complaint filed by the board.

22 6. If the administrative hearing commission dismisses the action filed by the board pursuant to  
23 subsection 4 of this section, such dismissal shall not bar the board from initiating a subsequent action on the  
24 same grounds.

25 338.056. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, the pharmacist filling prescription  
26 orders for drug products prescribed by trade or brand name may select another drug product with the same  
27 active chemical ingredients of the same strength, quantity and dosage form, and of the same generic drug or  
28 interchangeable biological product type, as determined by the United States Adopted Names and accepted by  
29 the Federal Food and Drug Administration. Selection pursuant to this section is within the discretion of the  
30 pharmacist, except as provided in subsection 2 of this section. The pharmacist who selects the drug or  
31 interchangeable biological product to be dispensed pursuant to this section shall assume the same  
32 responsibility for selecting the dispensed drug or biological product as would be incurred in filling a  
33 prescription for a drug or interchangeable biological product prescribed by generic or interchangeable  
34 biologic name. The pharmacist shall not select a drug or interchangeable biological product pursuant to this  
35 section unless the product selected costs the patient less than the prescribed product.

36 2. A pharmacist who receives a prescription for a brand name drug or biological product may select  
37 a less expensive generically equivalent or interchangeable biological product unless:

38 (1) The patient requests a brand name drug or biological product; or

39 (2) The prescribing practitioner indicates that substitution is prohibited or displays "brand medically  
40 necessary", "dispense as written", "do not substitute", "DAW", or words of similar import on the prescription.

41 3. No prescription shall be valid without the signature of the prescriber, except an electronic  
42 prescription.

43 4. If an oral prescription is involved, the practitioner or the practitioner's agent, communicating the  
44 instructions to the pharmacist, shall instruct the pharmacist as to whether or not a therapeutically equivalent  
45 generic drug or interchangeable biological product may be substituted. The pharmacist shall note the  
46 instructions on the file copy of the prescription.

47 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, a pharmacist may  
48 fill a prescription for a brand name drug by substituting a generically equivalent drug or interchangeable  
49 biological product when substitution is allowed in accordance with the laws of the state where the prescribing  
50 practitioner is located.

51 6. Violations of this section are infractions.

52 338.095. 1. The terms "prescription" and "prescription drug order" are hereby defined as a  
53 lawful order for medications or devices issued and signed by an authorized prescriber within the

1 scope of his professional practice which is to be dispensed or administered by a pharmacist or  
2 dispensed or administered pursuant to section 334.104 to and for the ultimate user. The terms  
3 "prescription" and "drug order" do not include an order for medication requiring a prescription to be  
4 dispensed, which is provided for the immediate administration to the ultimate user or recipient.

5 2. The term "telephone prescription" is defined as an order for medications or devices  
6 transmitted to a pharmacist by telephone or similar electronic medium by an authorized prescriber  
7 or his authorized agent acting in the course of his professional practice which is to be dispensed or  
8 administered by a pharmacist or dispensed or administered pursuant to section 334.104 to and for  
9 the ultimate user. A telephone prescription shall be promptly reduced to written or electronic  
10 medium by the pharmacist and shall comply with all laws governing prescriptions and record  
11 keeping.

12 3. A licensed pharmacist may lawfully provide prescription or medical information to a  
13 licensed health care provider or his agent who is legally qualified to administer medications and  
14 treatments and who is involved in the treatment of the patient. The information may be derived by  
15 direct contact with the prescriber or through a written protocol approved by the prescriber. Such  
16 information shall authorize the provider to administer appropriate medications and treatments.

17 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of other licensed health  
18 care providers to prescribe, administer, or dispense medications and treatments within the scope of  
19 their professional practice.

20 5. It shall be an unauthorized practice of pharmacy and hence unlawful for any person other  
21 than a board licensee or registrant, the patient, or the patient's authorized representative to accept a  
22 prescription presented to be dispensed unless that person is located on a premises licensed by the  
23 board as a pharmacy.

24 338.140. 1. The board of pharmacy shall have a common seal, and shall have power to adopt such  
25 rules and bylaws not inconsistent with law as may be necessary for the regulation of its proceedings and for  
26 the discharge of the duties imposed pursuant to sections 338.010 to 338.198, and shall have power to employ  
27 an attorney to conduct prosecutions or to assist in the conduct of prosecutions pursuant to sections 338.010 to  
28 338.198.

29 2. The board shall keep a record of its proceedings.

30 3. The board of pharmacy shall make annually to the governor and, upon written request, to persons  
31 licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter a written report of its proceedings.

32 4. The board of pharmacy shall appoint an advisory committee composed of six members, one of  
33 whom shall be a representative of pharmacy but who shall not be a member of the pharmacy board, three of  
34 whom shall be representatives of wholesale drug distributors as defined in section 338.330, one of whom  
35 shall be a representative of drug manufacturers, and one of whom shall be a licensed veterinarian  
36 recommended to the board of pharmacy by the board of veterinary medicine. The committee shall review  
37 and make recommendations to the board on the merit of all rules and regulations dealing with pharmacy  
38 distributors, wholesale drug distributors, drug manufacturers, and veterinary legend drugs which are proposed  
39 by the board.

40 5. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

41 6. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the board may issue letters of  
42 reprimand, censure or warning to any holder of a license or registration required pursuant to this chapter for  
43 any violations that could result in disciplinary action as defined in section 338.055. Alternatively, at the  
44 discretion of the board, the board may enter into a voluntary compliance agreement with a licensee, permit  
45 holder, or registrant to ensure or promote compliance with this chapter and the rules of the board, in lieu of  
46 board discipline. The agreement shall be a public record. The time limitation identified in section 324.043  
47 for commencing a disciplinary proceeding shall be tolled while an agreement authorized by this section is in  
48 effect.

49 338.143. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

50 (1) "Remote medication dispensing", dispensing or assisting in the dispensing of medication outside  
51 of a licensed pharmacy;

1           (2) "Technology assisted verification", the verification of medication or prescription information  
2 using a combination of scanning technology and visual confirmation by a pharmacist.

3           2. The board of pharmacy may approve, modify, and establish requirements for pharmacy pilot or  
4 demonstration research projects related to technology assisted verification or remote medication dispensing  
5 that are designed to enhance patient care or safety, improve patient outcomes, or expand access to pharmacy  
6 services.

7           3. To be approved, pilot or research projects shall be within the scope of the practice of pharmacy as  
8 defined by chapter 338, be under the supervision of a Missouri licensed pharmacist, and comply with  
9 applicable compliance and reporting as established by the board by rule, including any staff training or  
10 education requirements. Board approval shall be limited to a period of up to eighteen months, provided the  
11 board grant an additional six month extension if deemed necessary or appropriate to gather or complete  
12 research data or if deemed in the best interests of the patient. The board may rescind approval of a pilot  
13 project at any time if deemed necessary or appropriate in the interest of patient safety.

14           4. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on August 28, 2023. The board shall provide a final  
15 report on approved projects and related data or findings to the general assembly on or before December 31,  
16 2022. The name, location, approval dates, general description of and responsible pharmacist for an approved  
17 pilot or research project shall be deemed an open record.

18           338.665. 1. For the purposes of this chapter, "nicotine replacement therapy product" means any drug  
19 or product, regardless of whether it is available over-the-counter, that delivers small doses of nicotine to a  
20 person and that is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the sole purpose of aiding in  
21 tobacco cessation or smoking cessation.

22           2. The board of pharmacy and the board of healing arts shall jointly promulgate rules governing a  
23 pharmacist's authority to prescribe and dispense nicotine replacement therapy products. Neither board shall  
24 separately promulgate rules governing a pharmacist's authority to prescribe and dispense nicotine  
25 replacement therapy products under this subsection.

26           3. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require third party payment for services described in  
27 this section.

28           4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the  
29 authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the  
30 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable,  
31 and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the  
32 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of  
33 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid and void."; and  
34

35 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.