House Concurrent Resolution No. 94

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

3630H.01I

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

	WHEREAS, the Federal Reserve has fed a speculative bubble on Wall Street, much like
2	that of 2007; and
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4 5	WHEREAS , this speculative bubble is tied to more than two hundred fifty trillion dollars of derivatives officially on the books of the major Wall Street banks; and
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7 8	WHEREAS , this speculative bubble has soaked up all available credit and resulted in a weak performance of the United States economy; and
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10 11	WHEREAS , state budgets throughout the nation have reflected the constriction of revenue due to the collapse of production and high-paying jobs; and
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13 14 15	WHEREAS, a growing, productive economy will require a return to the policies that successfully guided the nation out of similar crises, including the creation of direct credit to industry, infrastructure investment, and science-driven innovations; and
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17 18	WHEREAS , a prudent course of action would be to restore the provisions of the Glass- Steagall Act that separate investment and commercial banking; and
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20 21	WHEREAS , as law for sixty-six years, the Glass-Steagall Act prevented banking crises like the one experienced in 2008; and
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23 24 25 26 27	WHEREAS, a policy of national banking and providing direct credit for industrial and infrastructure development was implemented under President George Washington and Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton, President John Quincy Adams, President Abraham Lincoln, and President Franklin D. Roosevelt; and
28 29 30	WHEREAS , the early infrastructure of the United States, from canals to rail systems, was built by national banks; and
31 32 33	WHEREAS, national banking policies orchestrated by Henry Carey under President Abraham Lincoln created industrial expansion, including the construction of modern rail and steel programs; and
34 35 36 37	WHEREAS , the Reconstruction Finance Corporation (RFC), a federal credit program approved in 1932, was modeled on the War Finance Corporation and on Alexander Hamilton's First National Bank; and
 38 39 40 41 	WHEREAS , Missouri recovered from the Great Depression during President Franklin D. Roosevelt's administration with the help of significant RFC projects; and
42 43 44	WHEREAS, a new national bank would be chartered with no less than one trillion dollars of capital, not taxpayer funds, to finance new projects; and
45 46 47	WHEREAS, this approach would put millions of unemployed or underemployed people, especially young people, back to work:
48 49 50	NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the House of Representatives of the One Hundredth General Assembly, Second Regular Session, the Senate concurring therein, hereby urge the United States Congress to reinstate the separation of

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51 commercial and investment banking functions previously in effect under the Glass-Steagall Act

52 and support efforts to return to national banking policies to repair our nation's infrastructure; and

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54 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of 55 Representatives be instructed to prepare a properly inscribed copy of this resolution for the 56 Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the President of the United States Senate, 57 and each member of the Missouri Congressional delegation.

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