House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senar Page 11, Section 574.204, Line 9, by inserting a	te Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 403, after all of said section and line the following:
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	ense of driving while intoxicated if he or she operates
a vehicle while in an intoxicated condition.	. 1.
2. The offense of driving while intoxica	ted is:
(1) A class B misdemeanor;	
(2) A class A misdemeanor if:	
(a) The defendant is a prior offender; or	
(b) A person less than seventeen years of(3) A class E felony if:	or age is present in the venicle;
(a) The defendant is a persistent offender	or or
(b) While driving while intovicated the	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
physical injury to another person;	detendant acts with eliminal negligence to cause
(4) A class D felony if:	
(a) The defendant is an aggravated offer	nder:
	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
physical injury to a law enforcement officer or e	
1 0 0	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
serious physical injury to another person;	
(5) A class C felony if:	
(a) The defendant is a chronic offender;	
(b) While driving while intoxicated, the	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause
serious physical injury to a law enforcement off	• • ·
	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause the
death of another person;	
(6) A class B felony if:	
(a) The defendant is a habitual offender	
	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause the
death of a law enforcement officer or emergency	, 1
	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause the
an individual that results from the defendant's ve	ele operated by the defendant, including the death of
301.010, or the highway's right-of-way;	enicle leaving a nighway, as defined in section
	defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause the
death of two or more persons; or	actendant dets with eliminal negligence to eduse the
aram of the of more persons, of	
A charge	Б.
Action Taken	Date

(e) While driving while intoxicated, the defendant acts with criminal negligence to cause the death of any person while he or she has a blood alcohol content of at least eighteen-hundredths of one percent by weight of alcohol in such person's blood;

- (7) A class A felony if the defendant has previously been found guilty of an offense under paragraphs (a) to (e) of subdivision (6) of this subsection and is found guilty of a subsequent violation of such paragraphs.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, a person found guilty of the offense of driving while intoxicated as a first offense shall not be granted a suspended imposition of sentence:
 - (1) Unless such person shall be placed on probation for a minimum of two years; or
- (2) In a circuit where a DWI court or docket created under section 478.007 or other court-ordered treatment program is available, and where the offense was committed with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood, unless the individual participates and successfully completes a program under such DWI court or docket or other court-ordered treatment program.
- 4. If a person is found guilty of a second or subsequent offense of driving while intoxicated, the court may order the person to submit to a period of continuous alcohol monitoring or verifiable breath alcohol testing performed a minimum of four times per day as a condition of probation. If a person is found guilty of a second or subsequent offense of driving while intoxicated within a four-year time period, the court shall order such person to undergo a risk and needs assessment as defined in section 478.001 to determine if the person will benefit from a community-based substance use disorder treatment program as defined in section 478.001. Upon considering the result of the risk and needs assessment, the court may refer the person to a community-based substance use disorder program that offers one or more forms of medications that are approved for the treatment of alcohol or drug dependence by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 5. If a person is not granted a suspended imposition of sentence for the reasons described in subsection 3 of this section:
- (1) If the individual operated the vehicle with fifteen-hundredths to twenty-hundredths of one percent by weight of alcohol in such person's blood, the required term of imprisonment shall be not less than forty-eight hours;
- (2) If the individual operated the vehicle with greater than twenty-hundredths of one percent by weight of alcohol in such person's blood, the required term of imprisonment shall be not less than five days.
 - 6. A person found guilty of the offense of driving while intoxicated:
- (1) As a prior offender, persistent offender, aggravated offender, chronic offender, or habitual offender shall not be granted a suspended imposition of sentence or be sentenced to pay a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment, section 557.011 to the contrary notwithstanding;
- (2) As a prior offender shall not be granted parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of ten days imprisonment:
- (a) Unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least thirty days of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a recognized program for community service; or
- (b) The offender participates in and successfully completes a program established under section 478.007 or other court-ordered treatment program, if available, and as part of either program, the offender performs at least thirty days of community service under the supervision of the court:
- (3) As a persistent offender shall not be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of thirty days imprisonment:
 - (a) Unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least sixty

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days of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a recognized program for community service; or

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- (b) The offender participates in and successfully completes a program established under section 478.007 or other court-ordered treatment program, if available, and as part of either program, the offender performs at least sixty days of community service under the supervision of the court;
- (4) As an aggravated offender shall not be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of sixty days imprisonment;
- (5) As a chronic or habitual offender shall not be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of two years imprisonment; and
- (6) Any probation or parole granted under this subsection may include a period of continuous alcohol monitoring or verifiable breath alcohol testing performed a minimum of four times per day."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.