The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Speaker Vescovo in the Chair.

Prayer by Reverend Monsignor Robert A. Kurwicki, Chaplain.

On the lips of him who has understanding wisdom is found. (Proverbs 10:13)

O God of endless love, whose strength sustains us in our labor and whose spirit supports us in our leisure, grant us the consciousness of Your presence as we face this full day, that our work may not be a burden but a delight, our votes not be troubled by fear but filled with faith, and our thoughts not be disturbed by words of others but made better by positive bipartisan cooperation on this national day of prayer.

Give us the faith that never falters, the hope that never fails, the love which never falls by the way as we live through these busy final days. May our concern for our state help us to lift the fallen, strengthen the weak, and sustain the weary that we may hasten the dawn of a new day for our citizens and for all who call our Missouri home and protect us from flooding and storms.

And the House says, “Amen!”

The Pledge of Allegiance to the flag was recited.

The Journal of the sixty-fourth day was approved as printed.

MOTION

Representative Plocher moved that Rule 98 be suspended.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>AYES: 133</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adams</td>
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<td>Atchison</td>
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<td>Barnes</td>
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<td>Bland Manlove</td>
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<td>Brown 70</td>
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<td>Cook</td>
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<td>Dinkins</td>
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<td>Fitzwater</td>
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<td>Gregory 96</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS - INFORMAL

HCS SB 845, relating to financial information provided to county officials, was taken up by Representative McGaugh.

Representative McGaugh offered House Amendment No. 1.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 845, Page 1, In the Title, Lines 3-4, by deleting the words "financial information provided to county officials" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "county economic activity"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McGaugh, House Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

Representative McGaugh offered House Amendment No. 2.
620.2020. 1. The department shall respond to a written request, by or on behalf of a qualified company or qualified military project, for a proposed benefit award under the provisions of this program within five business days of receipt of such request. The department shall respond to a written request, by or on behalf of a qualified manufacturing company, for a proposed benefit award under the provisions of this program within fifteen business days of receipt of such request. Such response shall contain either a proposal of benefits for the qualified company or qualified military project, or a written response refusing to provide such a proposal and stating the reasons for such refusal. A qualified company or qualified military project that intends to seek benefits under the program shall submit to the department a notice of intent. The department shall respond within thirty days to a notice of intent with an approval or a rejection, provided that the department may withhold approval or provide a contingent approval until it is satisfied that proper documentation of eligibility has been provided. The department shall certify or reject the qualifying company’s plan outlined in their notice of intent as satisfying good faith efforts made to employ, at a minimum, commensurate with the percentage of minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported in the previous decennial census, the following: racial minorities, contractors who are racial minorities, and contractors that, in turn, employ at a minimum racial minorities commensurate with the percentage of minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported in the previous decennial census. Failure to respond on behalf of the department shall result in the notice of intent being deemed approved. A qualified company receiving approval for program benefits may receive additional benefits for subsequent new jobs at the same facility after the full initial project period if the applicable minimum job requirements are met. There shall be no limit on the number of project periods a qualified company may participate in the program, and a qualified company may elect to file a notice of intent to begin a new project period concurrent with an existing project period if the applicable minimum job requirements are achieved, the qualified company provides the department with the required annual reporting, and the qualified company is in compliance with this program and any other state programs in which the qualified company is currently or has previously participated. However, the qualified company shall not receive any further program benefits under the original approval for any new jobs created after the date of the new notice of intent, and any jobs created before the new notice of intent shall not be included as new jobs for purposes of the benefit calculation for the new approval. When a qualified company has filed and received approval of a notice of intent and subsequently files another notice of intent, the department shall apply the definition of project facility under subdivision (24) of section 620.2005 to the new notice of intent as well as all previously approved notices of intent and shall determine the application of the definitions of new job, new payroll, project facility base employment, and project facility base payroll accordingly.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the benefits available to the qualified company under any other state programs for which the company is eligible and which utilize withholding tax from the new or retained jobs of the company shall first be credited to the other state program before the withholding retention level applicable under this program will begin to accrue. If any qualified company also participates in a job training program utilizing withholding tax, the company shall retain no withholding tax under this program, but the department shall issue a refundable tax credit for the full amount of benefit allowed under this program. The calendar year annual maximum amount of tax credits which may be issued to a qualifying company that also participates in a job training program shall be increased by an amount equivalent to the withholding tax retained by that company under a jobs training program.

3. A qualified company or qualified military project receiving benefits under this program shall provide an annual report of the number of jobs, along with minority jobs created or retained, and such other information as may be required by the department to document the basis for program benefits available no later than ninety days prior to the end of the qualified company's or industrial development authority's tax year immediately following the tax year for which the benefits provided under the program are attributed. In such annual report, if the average wage is below the applicable percentage of the county average wage, the qualified company or qualified military project has not maintained the employee insurance as required, if the department after a review determines the qualifying company fails to satisfy other aspects of their notice of intent, including failure to make good faith efforts to employ, at a minimum, commensurate with the percentage of minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported in the previous decennial census, the following: racial minorities, contractors who are racial minorities, and contractors...
that, in turn, employ at a minimum racial minorities commensurate with the percentage of minority populations in the state of Missouri, as reported in the previous decennial census, or if the number of jobs is below the number required, the qualified company or qualified military project shall not receive tax credits or retain the withholding tax for the balance of the project period. If a statewide state of emergency exists for more than sixteen months, a qualified company or industrial development authority shall be entitled to a one-time suspension of program deadlines equal to the number of months such statewide state of emergency existed with any partial month rounded to the next whole month. During such suspension, the qualified company or industrial development authority shall not be entitled to retain any withholding tax as calculated under subdivision (38) of section 620.2005 nor shall it earn any awarded tax credit or receive any tax credit under the program for the suspension period. The suspension period shall run consecutively and be available to a qualified company or industrial development authority that, during the statewide state of emergency, submitted a notice of intent that was approved or that was in year one or a subsequent year of benefits under a program agreement with the department. The suspension period that runs consecutively and may be available to a qualified company or industrial development authority as provided in this subsection may apply retroactively. Any qualified company or industrial development authority requesting a suspension pursuant to this subsection shall submit notice to the department on its provided form identifying the requested start and end dates of the suspension, not to exceed the maximum number of months available under this subsection. Such notice shall be submitted to the department not later than the end of the twelfth month following the termination of the statewide state of emergency. No suspension period shall start later than the date on which the statewide state of emergency was terminated. The department and the qualified company or the industrial development authority shall enter into a program agreement or shall amend an existing program agreement, as applicable, stating the deadlines following the suspension period and updating the applicable wage requirements. Failure to timely file the annual report required under this section [shall] may result in the forfeiture of tax credits attributable to the year for which the reporting was required and a recapture of withholding taxes retained by the qualified company or qualified military project during such year.

4. The department may withhold the approval of any benefits under this program until it is satisfied that proper documentation has been provided, and shall reduce the benefits to reflect any reduction in full-time employees or payroll. Upon approval by the department, the qualified company may begin the retention of the withholding taxes when it reaches the required number of jobs and the average wage meets or exceeds the applicable percentage of county average wage. Tax credits, if any, may be issued upon satisfaction by the department that the qualified company has exceeded the applicable percentage of county average wage and the required number of jobs; provided that, tax credits awarded under subsection 7 of section 620.2010 may be issued following the qualified company's acceptance of the department's proposal and pursuant to the requirements set forth in the written agreement between the department and the qualified company under subsection 4 of section 620.2010.

5. Any qualified company or qualified military project approved for benefits under this program shall provide to the department, upon request, any and all information and records reasonably required to monitor compliance with program requirements. This program shall be considered a business recruitment tax credit under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of section 135.800, and any qualified company or qualified military project approved for benefits under this program shall be subject to the provisions of sections 135.800 to 135.830.

6. Any taxpayer who is awarded benefits under this program who knowingly hires individuals who are not allowed to work legally in the United States shall immediately forfeit such benefits and shall repay the state an amount equal to any state tax credits already redeemed and any withholding taxes already retained.

7. (1) The maximum amount of tax credits that may be authorized under this program for any fiscal year shall be limited as follows, less the number of any tax credits previously obligated for that fiscal year under any of the tax credit programs referenced in subsection 14 of this section:

(a) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2013, but ending on or before June 30, 2014, no more than one hundred six million dollars in tax credits may be authorized;
(b) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014, but ending on or before June 30, 2015, no more than one hundred eleven million dollars in tax credits may be authorized;
(c) For the fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2015, but ending on or before June 30, 2020, no more than one hundred sixteen million dollars in tax credits may be authorized for each fiscal year; and
(d) For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2020, no more than one hundred six million dollars in tax credits may be authorized for each fiscal year. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to tax credits issued to qualified companies under a notice of intent filed prior to July 1, 2020.
(2) For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2020, in addition to the amount of tax credits that may be authorized under paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, an additional ten million dollars in tax credits may be authorized for each fiscal year for the purpose of the completion of infrastructure projects directly connected with the creation or retention of jobs under the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 and an additional ten million dollars in tax credits may be authorized for each fiscal year for a qualified manufacturing company based on a manufacturing capital investment as set forth in section 620.10.

8. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the maximum total amount of withholding tax that may be authorized for retention for the creation of new jobs under the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 by qualified companies with a project facility base employment of at least fifty shall not exceed seventy-five million dollars for each fiscal year. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to withholding tax authorized for retention for the creation of new jobs by qualified companies with a project facility base employment of less than fifty.

9. For tax credits for the creation of new jobs under section 620.2010, the department shall allocate the annual tax credits based on the date of the approval, reserving such tax credits based on the department's best estimate of new jobs and new payroll of the project, and any other applicable factors in determining the amount of benefits available to a qualified company or qualified military project under this program; provided that, the department may reserve up to twenty-one and one-half percent of the maximum annual amount of tax credits that may be authorized under subsection 7 of this section for awards under subsection 7 of section 620.10. However, the annual issuance of tax credits shall be subject to annual verification of actual payroll by the department or, for qualified military projects, annual verification of average salary for the jobs directly created by the qualified military project. Any authorization of tax credits shall expire if, within two years from the date of commencement of operations, or approval if applicable, the qualified company has failed to meet the applicable minimum job requirements. The qualified company may retain authorized amounts from the withholding tax under the project once the applicable minimum job requirements have been met for the duration of the project period. No benefits shall be provided under this program until the qualified company or qualified military project meets the applicable minimum new job requirements or, for benefits awarded under subsection 7 of section 620.10, until the qualified company has satisfied the requirements set forth in the written agreement between the department and the qualified company under subsection 4 of section 620.10. In the event the qualified company or qualified military project does not meet the applicable minimum new job requirements, the qualified company or qualified military project may submit a new notice of intent or the department may provide a new approval for a new project of the qualified company or qualified military project at the project facility or other facilities.

10. Tax credits provided under this program may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, and may not be carried forward, but shall be claimed within one year of the close of the taxable year for which they were issued. Tax credits provided under this program may be transferred, sold, or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the department that names the transferee, the amount of tax credit transferred, and the value received for the credit, as well as any other information reasonably requested by the department. For a qualified company with flow-through tax treatment to its members, partners, or shareholders, the tax credit shall be allowed to members, partners, or shareholders in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the qualified company's tax period.

11. Prior to the issuance of tax credits or the qualified company beginning to retain withholding taxes, the department shall verify through the department of revenue and any other applicable state department that the tax credit applicant does not owe any delinquent income, sales, or use tax or interest or penalties on such taxes, or any delinquent fees or assessments levied by any state department and through the department of commerce and insurance that the applicant does not owe any delinquent insurance taxes or other fees. Such delinquency shall not affect the approval, except that any tax credits issued shall be first applied to the delinquency and any amount issued shall be reduced by the applicant's tax delinquency. If the department of revenue, the department of commerce and insurance, or any other state department concludes that a taxpayer is delinquent after June fifteenth but before July first of any year and the application of tax credits to such delinquency causes a tax deficiency on behalf of the taxpayer to arise, then the taxpayer shall be granted thirty days to satisfy the deficiency in which interest, penalties, and additions to tax shall be tolled. After applying all available credits toward a tax delinquency, the administering agency shall notify the appropriate department and that department shall update the amount of outstanding delinquent tax owed by the applicant. If any credits remain after satisfying all insurance, income, sales, and use tax delinquencies, the remaining credits shall be issued to the applicant, subject to the restrictions of other provisions of law.

12. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the qualified company to the extent that the amount of tax credits allowed under this program exceeds the amount of the qualified company's tax liability under chapter 143 or 148.
13. An employee of a qualified company shall receive full credit for the amount of tax withheld as provided in section 143.211.

14. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning August 28, 2013, no new benefits shall be authorized for any project that had not received from the department a proposal or approval for such benefits prior to August 28, 2013, under the development tax credit program created under sections 32.100 to 32.125, the rebuilding communities tax credit program created under section 135.535, the enhanced enterprise zone tax credit program created under sections 135.950 to 135.973, and the Missouri quality jobs program created under sections 620.1875 to 620.1890. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or impair the ability of any administering agency to authorize or issue benefits for any project that had received an approval or a proposal from the department under any of the programs referenced in this subsection prior to August 28, 2013, or the ability of any taxpayer to redeem any such tax credits or to retain any withholding tax under an approval issued prior to that date. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the ability of any governing authority to provide any local abatement or designate a new zone under the enhanced enterprise zone program created by sections 135.950 to 135.963. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no qualified company that is awarded benefits under this program shall:

(1) Simultaneously receive benefits under the programs referenced in this subsection at the same capital investment; or
(2) Receive benefits under the provisions of section 620.1910 for the same jobs.

15. If any provision of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of these sections which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end, the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 are hereby declared severable.

16. By no later than January 1, 2014, and the first day of each calendar quarter thereafter, the department shall present a quarterly report to the general assembly detailing the benefits authorized under this program during the immediately preceding calendar quarter to the extent such information may be disclosed under state and federal law. The report shall include, at a minimum:

(1) A list of all approved and disapproved applicants for each tax credit;
(2) A list of the aggregate amount of new or retained jobs that are directly attributable to the tax credits authorized;
(3) A statement of the aggregate amount of new capital investment directly attributable to the tax credits authorized;
(4) Documentation of the estimated net state fiscal benefit for each authorized project and, to the extent available, the actual benefit realized upon completion of such project or activity; and
(5) The department's response time for each request for a proposed benefit award under this program.

17. The department may adopt such rules, statements of policy, procedures, forms, and guidelines as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void.

18. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:

(1) The provisions of the program authorized under sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 shall be reauthorized as of August 28, 2018, and shall expire on August 28, 2030; and
(2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of sections 620.2000 to 620.2020; and
(3) Sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under sections 620.2000 to 620.2020 is sunset."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative McGaugh, House Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

Representative Basye offered House Amendment No. 3.
AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 845, Page 4, Section 50.820, Line 29, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"57.317. 1. (1) Except in a noncharter county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants, the county sheriff in any county of the first or second classification shall receive an annual salary equal to eighty percent of the compensation of an associate circuit judge of the county.

(2) The county sheriff in any county of the third or fourth classification shall receive an annual salary computed as the following percentages of the compensation of an associate circuit judge of the county. If there is an increase in salary of less than ten thousand dollars, the increase shall take effect on January 1, 2022. If there is an increase of ten thousand dollars or more, the increase shall be paid over a period of five years in twenty percent increments per year. The assessed valuation factor shall be the amount thereof as shown for the year next preceding the computation. The provisions of this section shall not permit or require a reduction in the amount of compensation being paid for the office of sheriff from the prior year.

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<th>Assessed Valuation</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<td>$18,000,000 to 99,999,999</td>
<td>45%</td>
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<tr>
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<td>450,000,000 to 899,999,999</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>900,000,000 and over</td>
<td>65%</td>
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2. Two thousand dollars of the salary authorized in this section shall be payable to the sheriff only if the sheriff has completed at least twenty hours of classroom instruction each calendar year relating to the operations of the sheriff’s office when approved by a professional association of the county sheriffs of Missouri unless exempted from the training by the professional association. The professional association approving the program shall provide a certificate of completion to each sheriff who completes the training program and shall send a list of certified sheriffs to the treasurer of each county. Expenses incurred for attending the training session may be reimbursed to the county sheriff in the same manner as other expenses as may be appropriated for that purpose.

3. The county sheriff in any county other than a charter county shall not receive an annual compensation less than the compensation described under this section.; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Basye, House Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

On motion of Representative McEachan, HCS SB 845, as amended, was adopted.

On motion of Representative McEachan, HCS SB 845, as amended, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 145

Adams  Aldridge  Anderson  Andrews  Appelbaum
Atchison  Aune  Baker  Bangert  Baringer
Barnes  Basye  Billington  Black 137  Bland Manlove
Boggs  Bosley  Bromley  Brown 16  Brown 27
Brown 70  Buchheit-Courtway  Burger  Burnett  Burton
Busick  Butz  Chipman  Christofanelli  Clemens
Coleman 32  Coleman 97  Collins  Cook  Copeland
Cups  Davidson  Davis  Deaton  Derges
Dinkins  Dogan  Doll  Eggleston  Ellebracht
Fitzwater  Fogle  Francis  Gray  Gregory 51
Speaker Vescovo declared the bill passed.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Fiscal Review, Chairman Fitzwater reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred HCS SB 718, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass by the following vote:

Ayes (4): Baringer, Fitzwater, Fogle and Richey
Noes (3): Chipman, Eggleston and Walsh (50)
Absent (0)

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS - INFORMAL

HCS SS#2 SCS SB 745, relating to public utilities, was taken up by Representative O'Donnell.

On motion of Representative O'Donnell, the title of HCS SS#2 SCS SB 745 was agreed to.
Representative Taylor (139) assumed the Chair.

Representative O'Donnell offered **House Amendment No. 1.**

*House Amendment No. 1*

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 745, Page 46, Section 393.1656, Line 35, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"393.1715. 1. An electrical corporation may petition the commission for a determination of the ratemaking principles and treatment, as proposed by the electrical corporation, that will apply to the reflection in base rates of the electrical corporation's capital and noncapital costs associated with the proposed retirement of one or more of the electrical corporation's generating facilities. Without limiting the foregoing, such principles and treatment may also establish the retirement date and useful life parameters used to set depreciation rates for such facilities. Except as provided for in subsection 4 of this section, the ratemaking principles and treatment approved by the commission under this section for such facilities shall apply to the determination of the revenue requirement in each of the electrical corporation's post-determination general rate proceedings until such time as such facility is fully depreciated on the electrical corporation's books.

2. If the commission fails to issue a determination within two hundred fifteen days that a petition for determination of ratemaking principles and treatment is filed, the ratemaking principles and treatment proposed by the petitioning electrical corporation shall be deemed to have been approved by the commission.

3. Subject to the provisions of subsection 4 of this section, ratemaking principles and treatment approved by the commission, or deemed to have been approved under subsection 2 of this section, shall be binding for ratemaking purposes.

4. 1. An electrical corporation with ratemaking principles and treatment approved by the commission, or deemed to have been approved under subsection 2 of this section, shall monitor the major factors and circumstances relating to the facility to which such principles and treatment apply. Such factors and circumstances include, but are not limited to:
   (a) Terrorist activity or an act of God;
   (b) A significant change in federal or state tax laws;
   (c) A significant change in federal utility laws or regulations or a significant change in generally accepted accounting principles;
   (d) An unexpected, extended outage or shutdown of a major generating unit, other than any major generating unit shut down due to an extended outage at the time of the approval of the ratemaking principles and treatment;
   (e) A significant change in the cost or reliability of power generation technologies;
   (f) A significant change in fuel prices and wholesale electric market conditions;
   (g) A significant change in the cost or effectiveness of emission control technologies;
   (h) A significant change in the price of emission allowances;
   (i) A significant change in the electrical corporation's load forecast;
   (j) A significant change in capital market conditions;
   (k) A significant change in the scope or effective dates of environmental regulations; or
   (l) A significant change in federal or state environmental laws.

2. If the electrical corporation determines that one or more major factor or circumstance has changed in a manner that warrants a change in the approved ratemaking principles and treatment, then it shall file a notice in the docket in which the approved ratemaking principles and treatment were established within forty-five days of any such determination. In its notification, the electrical corporation shall:
   (a) Explain and specify the changes it contends are appropriate to the ratemaking principles and treatment and the reasons for the proposed changes;
   (b) Provide a description of the alternatives that it evaluated and the process that it went through in developing its proposed changes; and
   (c) Provide detailed workpapers that support the evaluation and the process whereby proposed changes were developed."
(3) If a party has concerns regarding the proposed changes, that party shall file a notice of its concerns within thirty days of the electrical corporation's filing. If the parties agree on a resolution of the concerns, the agreement shall be submitted to the commission for approval. If the parties do not reach agreement on changes to the ratemaking principles and treatment within ninety days of the date the electrical corporation filed its notice, whether the previously approved ratemaking and treatment will be changed shall be determined by the commission. If a party to the docket in which the approved ratemaking principles and treatment were approved believes that one or more major factor or circumstance has changed in a manner that warrants a change in the approved ratemaking principles and treatment and if the electrical corporation does not agree the principles and treatment should be changed, such party shall file a notice in the docket in which the approved ratemaking principles and treatment were established within forty-five days of any such determination. In its notification, such party shall:

(a) Explain and specify the changes it contends are appropriate to the ratemaking principles and treatment and the reasons for the proposed changes;
(b) Provide a description of the alternatives that it evaluated and the process that it went through in developing its proposed changes; and
(c) Provide detailed workpapers that support the evaluation and the process whereby proposed changes were developed.

(4) If a party, including the electrical corporation, has concerns regarding the proposed changes, that party shall file a notice of its concerns within thirty days of the other party's filing. If the parties do not reach agreement on changes to the ratemaking principles and treatment within ninety days of the date the notice was filed, whether the previously approved ratemaking and treatment will be changed shall be determined by the commission.

5. A determination of ratemaking principles and treatment under this section does not preclude an electrical corporation from also petitioning the commission under either or both of sections 393.1700 and 393.1705, provided that any costs to which such ratemaking principles and treatment would have applied in the electrical corporation's general rate proceedings which become funded by securitized utility tariff bond proceeds from a securitized utility tariff bond issued under section 393.1700 shall not thereafter be reflected in the electrical corporation's base rates.

6. If determined by the commission to be just, reasonable, and necessary for the provision of safe and adequate service, the electrical corporation [may] shall be permitted to retain coal-fired generating assets in rate base and recover prudently incurred costs associated with operating the coal-fired assets that remain in service to provide greater certainty that generating capacity will be available to provide essential service to customers, including during extreme weather events, and the commission shall not disallow any portion of such cost recovery on the basis that such coal-fired generating assets operate, including at a low capacity factor, or that are offline and providing capacity only during normal operating conditions, in order to remain in service to customers for reliability during events such as extreme weather.

7. The commission may promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of sections 393.1700 to 393.1715. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void."

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative O'Donnell, House Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

Representative Rone offered House Amendment No. 2.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 745, Pages 48-51, Section 610.021, Lines 1-127, by deleting all of said section and lines from the bill; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.
Representative O'Donnell raised a point of order that **House Amendment No. 2** was not properly drafted.

Speaker Vescovo resumed the Chair.

The Chair ruled the point of order not well taken.

Representative Taylor (139) resumed the Chair.

**House Amendment No. 2** was withdrawn.

Representative Lovasco offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

**House Amendment No. 3**

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 745, Page 47, Section 442.404, Line 40, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"(4) No political subdivision shall require a resident non-corporate owner of a detached, single-family residence to obtain any business license, certification, or professional registration as a condition of applying for or utilizing a building permit for any part of the installation, replacement, or maintenance of solar panels provided all work is performed by the owner or other current resident. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any structure being rented, leased, sub-leased or otherwise occupied outside of the owner’s principal residence. Nothing in this subsection shall be otherwise construed to prohibit the enforcement of any applicable building codes or relevant inspections as otherwise required by ordinance or law."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 51, Section 610.021, Line 127, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"Section 1. No political subdivision of this state shall adopt or enforce an ordinance, resolution, regulation, code, or policy that requires or has the effect of requiring the connection of a private single-family residence to public water or sewer services if that residence is already served by an existing private well or septic system unless such existing installation was installed in violation of applicable ordinances at the time of installation. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the enforcement of applicable health or environmental regulations of the state of Missouri."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Speaker Vescovo resumed the Chair.

**House Amendment No. 3** was withdrawn.

Representative Eggleston offered **House Amendment No. 4**.

**House Amendment No. 4**

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 745, Pages 20-21, Section 144.030, Lines 390-399, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
"(46) All purchases by a company of solar photovoltaic energy systems, components used to construct a solar photovoltaic energy system, and all purchases of materials and supplies used directly to construct or make improvements to such systems, provided that such systems:

(a) Are sold or leased to an end user; or
(b) Are used to produce, collect and transmit electricity for resale or retail."); and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Eggleston, House Amendment No. 4 was adopted.

Representative Roden offered House Amendment No. 5.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 745, Page 21, Section 144.030, Line 411, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

"247.200. 1. The district shall have the right to lay its mains in public highways, roads, streets and alleys included in the district, but the same shall be done under reasonable rules and regulations of governmental bodies having jurisdiction of such public places. This shall apply to maintenance and repair jobs. In the construction of ditches, laying of mains, filling of ditches after mains are laid, connection of service pipes and repairing of lines, due regard must be taken of the rights of the public in its use of thoroughfares and the equal rights of other utilities thereto.

2. No district located in any county with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred thirty thousand inhabitants shall require a secondary deposit from commercial property owners. For the purposes of this subsection, a commercial property is a property that is zoned for commercial use by the zoning authority that has jurisdiction over the property.

3. If a water meter has been removed from a property or if services to a property have been discontinued in any county with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred thirty thousand inhabitants, no future charges shall be made to the customer for service to that property. Any charges made after service is discontinued or the water meter is removed shall be credited to the customer and applied toward any future charges to such customer by the district.

247.285. 1. No metropolitan water supply district in any county with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred thirty thousand inhabitants shall require a secondary deposit from commercial property owners. For the purposes of this subsection, a commercial property is a property that is zoned for commercial use by the zoning authority that has jurisdiction over the property.

2. If a water meter has been removed from a property or if services to a property have been discontinued in any county with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred thirty thousand inhabitants, no future charges shall be made to the customer for service to that property. Any charges made after service is discontinued or the water meter is removed shall be credited to the customer and applied toward any future charges to such customer by the metropolitan water supply district."); and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

House Amendment No. 5 was withdrawn.

Representative Clemens offered House Amendment No. 6.

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 745, Page 51, Section 610.021, Line 127, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:
"Section 1. An elevated water tower with the capacity to hold greater than five hundred thousand gallons shall maintain a setback distance of two and one-half times the height of the tower from the neighboring property lines and one and one-half times the height of the tower from the right-of-way of the nearest public road. If local zoning regulations exist, the stricter regulation shall apply."

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Plocher moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 093

Andrews  Atchison  Baker  Billington  Black 7
Boggs  Bromley  Brown 16  Buchheit-Courtway  Burger
Busick  Chipman  Christofanelli  Coleman 32  Coleman 97
Cook  Copeland  Cupps  Davis  Deaton
Derges  Dinkins  Eggleston  Fitzwater  Francis
Gregory 51  Grier  Griffith  Haden  Haffner
Haley  Hardwick  Henderson  Houx  Hovis
Hudson  Hurlbert  Kalberloh  Kelley 127  Kelly 141
Knight  Lewis 6  Lovasco  Mayhew  McGaugh
McGill  Morse  Murphy  O'Donnell  Owen
Patterson  Perkins  Pietzman  Pike  Plocher
Pollitt 52  Pollock 123  Porter  Pouce  Railsback
Reedy  Riggs  Riley  Roberts  Roden
Rone  Sander  Sassmann  Schnelting  Schwadron
Setz  Sharpe 4  Shaul  Shields  Simmons
Smith 155  Smith 163  Stacy  Stephens 128  Tate
Taylor 139  Taylor 48  Thomas  Thompson  Toalson Reisch
Trent  Van Schoiack  Veit  Walsh 50  West
Wiemann  Wright  Mr. Speaker

NOES: 046

Adams  Aldridge  Anderson  Appelbaum  Aune
Bangert  Baringer  Barnes  Bosley  Brown 27
Brown 70  Burnett  Burton  Butz  Clemens
Collins  Doll  Ellebracht  Fogle  Gray
Gunby  Ingle  Johnson  Kidd  Lewis 25
Mackey  McCrery  Merideth  Mosley  Nurrenbern
Person  Phifer  Proudie  Quade  Rogers
Sauls  Sharp 36  Smith 45  Smith 67  Stevens 46
Terry  Turnbaugh  Unsicker  Walsh Moore 93  Weber
Young

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 017

Bailey  Basye  Black 137  Bland Manlove  Davidson
DeGroot  Dogan  Evans  Falkner  Fishe
Gregory 96  Hicks  McDaniel  Price  IV  Rich
Schroer  Windham

VACANCIES: 007
Representative Clemens moved that **House Amendment No. 6** be adopted.

Which motion was defeated.

Representative Plocher moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

**AYES: 093**

Andrews  Atchison  Baker  Basye  Billington  Black 137  Black 7  Bromley  Brown 16  Buchheit-Courtway  Burger  Busick  Chipman  Christofanelli  Coleman 97  Cook  Copeland  Cups  Davidson  Davis  Deaton  Derges  Dinkins  Dogan  Eggleston  Fitzwater  Francis  Gregory 51  Gregory 96  Grier  Griffith  Haden  Haffner  Haley  Hardwick  Henderson  Houx  Hovis  Hudson  Hurlbert  Kalberloh  Kelley 127  Kelly 141  Knight  Lewis 6  Lovasco  Mayhew  McDaniel  McGaugh  McGirl  Morse  Murphy  O'Donnell  Owen  Patterson  Perkins  Pike  Plocher  Pollitt 52  Porter  Pouche  Railback  Reedy  Riggs  Riley  Roberts  Roden  Rone  Sander  Schnelting  Schroer  Schwadron  Seitz  Sharpe 4  Shawl  Shields  Simmons  Smith 155  Stacy  Tate  Taylor 139  Taylor 48  Thomas  Thompson  Toalson Reisch  Trent  Van Schoiack  Veit  Walsh 50  West  Wiemann  Mr. Speaker

**NOES: 041**


**PRESENT: 000**

**ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 022**


**VACANCIES: 007**

On motion of Representative O'Donnell, **HCS SS#2 SCS SB 745, as amended**, was adopted.
On motion of Representative O'Donnell, **HCS SS#2 SCS SB 745, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

**AYES: 099**

Aldridge  Anderson  Andrews  Atchison  Baker
Black 137  Black 7  Boggs  Bosley  Bromley
Brown 16  Buchheit-Courtway  Burger  Busick  Chipman
Christofanelli  Coleman 32  Coleman 97  Collins  Cook
Copeland  Cupps  Davidson  Davis  Deaton
Derges  Dinkins  Dogan  Eggleston  Fitzwater
Francis  Gregory 51  Gregory 96  Griffith  Haden
Haffner  Haley  Hardwick  Henderson  Houx
Hovis  Hudson  Hurlbert  Kalberloh  Kelley 127
Kelly 141  Kidd  Knight  Lewis 6  Lovasco
Mayhew  McGaugh  McGirl  Morse  Murphy
O'Donnell  Owen  Patterson  Perkins  Pike
Plocher  Pollitt 52  Porter  Pouche  Proudie
Railsback  Redy  Riggs  Riley  Roberts
Roden  Sander  Sassmann  Schnelting  Schroer
Schwadron  Seitz  Sharpe 4  Shaul  Shields
Simmons  Smith 155  Smith 163  Smith 67  Stacy
Stephens 128  Tate  Taylor 48  Thomas  Thompson
Toalson Reisch  Trent  Van Schoiack  Veit  Walsh 50
West  Wiemann  Wright  Mr. Speaker

**NOES: 041**

Adams  Appelbaum  Aune  Bangert  Baringer
Basye  Bland Manlove  Brown 27  Brown 70  Burnett
Burton  Butz  Clemens  Doll  Fogle
Gray  Gunby  Ingle  Johnson  Lewis 25
Mackey  McCreery  McDaniel  Merideth  Mosley
Nurrenbern  Phifer  Quade  Rogers  Rone
Sauls  Sharp 36  Smith 45  Stevens 46  Taylor 139
Terry  Turnbaugh  Unsicker  Walsh Moore 93  Weber
Young

**PRESENT: 001**

Person

**ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 015**

Bailey  Barnes  Billington  DeGroot  Ellebracht
Evans  Falkner  Fishel  Grier  Hicks
Pietzman  Pollock 123  Price IV  Richey  Windham

**VACANCIES: 007**

Speaker Vescovo declared the bill passed.
PERFECTION OF HOUSE BILLS - INFORMAL


On motion of Representative Plocher, the House recessed until 2:00 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The hour of recess having expired, the House was called to order by Speaker Vescovo.

Representative Plocher suggested the absence of a quorum.

The following roll call indicated a quorum present:

AYES: 046

Anderson  Atchison  Basye  Billington  Brown 16
Brown 27  Burton  Busick  Coleman 97  Cook
Copeland  Cupps  Davis  Derges  Doll
Gregory 51  Haden  Haffner  Haley  Johnson
Kalberloh  Kelly 141  Lewis 6  Lovasco  Mayhew
McGirl  Morse  Owen  Pollock 123  Price IV
Railsback  Reedy  Riggs  Roberts  Rone
Sander  Sassmann  Seitz  Sharp 36  Sharpe 4
Smith 155  Thompson  Toalson Reisch  Van Schoiack  Veit
Walsh 50

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 076

Aldridge  Andrews  Appelbaum  Aune  Baker
Baringer  Barnes  Black 137  Boggs  Bosley
Bromley  Brown 70  Buchheit-Courtway  Burger  Burnett
Butz  Collins  Dinkins  Eggleston  Ellebracht
Falkner  Fishel  Fitzwater  Fogle  Francis
Gregory 96  Grier  Griffith  Gunby  Houx
Hovis  Hudson  Hurlbert  Ingle  Kelley 127
Knight  Lewis 25  Mackey  McCreery  McGaugh
Mosley  Murphy  Nurrenbern  Perkins  Person
Phifer  Pike  Plocher  Pollin 52  Porter
Pouche  Proudie  Riley  Roden  Schnelting
MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed SS SCS HCS HB 1606 entitled:

An act to repeal sections 50.327, 50.800, 50.810, 50.815, 50.820, 55.160, 58.095, 58.200, 140.170, 140.190, 304.022, and 473.742, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to county officials, with penalty provisions.

With Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Amendment No. 3, Senate Amendment No. 3 as amended, Senate Amendment No. 4, Senate Amendment No. 5, Senate Amendment No. 6, Senate Amendment No. 7, Senate Amendment No. 8, Senate Amendment No. 9, Senate Amendment No. 10, Senate Amendment No. 11, Senate Amendment No. 12, Senate Amendment No. 13, Senate Amendment No. 14, Senate Amendment No. 17, Senate Amendment No. 18, Senate Amendment No. 19, Senate Amendment No. 21, and Senate Amendment No. 23.

Senate Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 1, Section Title, Lines 5-6, by striking "county officials" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "political subdivisions"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"137.115.  1.  All other laws to the contrary notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in all counties of this state including the City of St. Louis shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of this section and section 137.078, the assessor shall annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and one-third percent of its true value in money as of January first of each calendar year. Beginning January 1, 2023, in any county with more than four hundred thousand but fewer than five hundred thousand inhabitants, all personal property in such county shall be annually assessed at a percent of its true value in money as of January first of each calendar year as follows:
A political subdivision shall annually reduce the percentage of true value in money at which personal property is assessed pursuant to this subsection such that the amount by which the revenue generated by taxes levied on such personal property is substantially equal to one hundred percent of the growth in revenue generated by real property assessment growth. Annual reductions shall be made pursuant to this subdivision until December 31, 2073. Thereafter, the percentage of true value in money at which personal property is assessed shall be equal to the percentage in effect on December 31, 2073.

2. The assessor shall annually assess all real property, including any new construction and improvements to real property, and possessory interests in real property at the percent of its true value in money set in subsection 6 of this section. The true value in money of any possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), where such real property is on or lies within the ultimate airport boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in money of any such possessory interest in real property, less the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than the political subdivision, towards any new construction or improvements on such real property completed after January 1, 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real property in the following manner:

new assessed values shall be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same assessed values shall apply in the following even-numbered year, except for new construction and property improvements which shall be valued as though they had been completed as of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year. The assessor may call at the office, place of doing business, or residence of each person required by this chapter to list property, and require the person to make a correct statement of all taxable tangible personal property owned by the person or under his or her care, charge or management, taxable in the county. On or before January first of each even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing body and the state tax commission for their respective approval or modification. The county governing body shall approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by February first. If the county governing body fails to forward the plan or its alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered approved by the county governing body. The state tax commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax commission and the assessor and the governing body of the county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in order to receive state cost-share funds outlined in section 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the administrative hearing commission, by May first, to decide all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance plan. Upon agreement of the parties, the matter may be stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. The final decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) real property within any county with a charter form of government, or within a city not within a county, is made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program, the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county, unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a presumption that the assessment was made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program. Such evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

1. The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques; and
2. The purchase prices from sales of at least three comparable properties and the address or location thereof. As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means that:

(a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the property valuation; and
(b) Such properties are not more than one mile from the site of the disputed property, except where no similar properties exist within one mile of the disputed property, the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant characteristics.

3. Assessors in each county of this state and the City of St. Louis may send personal property assessment forms through the mail.

4. The following items of personal property shall each constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal property and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes of taxation at the following percentages of their true value in money:

   (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;
   (2) Livestock, twelve percent;
   (3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;
   (4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five years old and which are used solely for noncommercial purposes and are operated less than two hundred hours per year or aircraft that are home built from a kit, five percent;
   (5) Poultry, twelve percent; and
   (6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of introducing new product lines or used for making improvements to existing products by any company which is located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified by any standard industrial classification number cited in subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.

5. The person listing the property shall enter a true and correct statement of the property, in a printed blank prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be delivered to the assessor.

6. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:

   (a) For real property in subclass (1), nineteen percent;
   (b) For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent; and
   (c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two percent.

   (2) A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or, if not located within a county, then the assessor of such city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real property if the use or purpose of such real property is changed after such property is assessed under the provisions of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage of the tax year that such property was classified in each subclassification.

7. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, which are actually used as dwelling units shall be assessed at the same percentage of true value as residential real property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes shall be the same as for residential real property. If the county collector cannot identify or find the manufactured home when attempting to attach the manufactured home for payment of taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the county collector may request the county commission to have the manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such request shall be granted within thirty days after the request is made; however, the removal from the tax books does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the manufactured home owner shall be considered personal property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner may be considered real property.

8. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015 and assessed as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel.

9. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the personal property tax statement of the manufactured home owner unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015, in which case the amount of tax due and owing on the assessment of the manufactured home as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real property tax statement of the real estate owner.
[10] 10. The assessor of each county and each city not within a county shall use the trade-in value published in the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers' Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor publication, as the recommended guide of information for determining the true value of motor vehicles described in such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that is greater than the average trade-in value in determining the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor may use a value other than average without performing a physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such publication, the assessor shall use such information or publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle.

[11] 11. Before the assessor may increase the assessed valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real property by more than fifteen percent since the last assessment, excluding increases due to new construction or improvements, the assessor shall conduct a physical inspection of such property.

[12] 12. If a physical inspection is required, pursuant to subsection [11] 11 of this section, the assessor shall notify the property owner of that fact in writing and shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical inspection is required, the property owner may request that an interior inspection be performed during the physical inspection. The owner shall have no less than thirty days to notify the assessor of a request for an interior physical inspection.

[13] 13. A physical inspection, as required by subsection [10] 10 of this section, shall include, but not be limited to, an on-site personal observation and review of all exterior portions of the land and any buildings and improvements to which the inspector has or may reasonably and lawfully gain external access, and shall include an observation and review of the interior of any buildings or improvements on the property upon the timely request of the owner pursuant to subsection [11] 11 of this section. Mere observation of the property via a drive-by inspection or the like shall not be considered sufficient to constitute a physical inspection as required by this section.

[14] 14. A county or city collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or issuer for its service. A county or city collector may accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment of any tax or license and charge the person making such payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment.

[15] 15. Any county or city not within a county in this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of such county, opt out of the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any year. No county or city not within a county shall exercise this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision contained within two or more counties where at least one of such counties has opted out and at least one of such counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a county or a county that has opted out under the provisions of this subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year.

[16] 16. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection [15] 15 of this section may levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal property only if such city bills and collects its own property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling.
17. Any portion of real property that is available as reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for
minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that has not been bonded and permitted under
chapter 444 shall be assessed based upon how the real property is currently being used. Any information provided
to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision responsible for the administration of
tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make available all books, records, and information requested,
except such books, records, and information as are by law declared confidential in nature, including individually
identifiable information regarding a specific taxpayer or taxpayer's mine property. For purposes of this subsection,
"mine property" shall mean all real property that is in use or readily available as a reserve for strip, surface, or coal
mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for current or future use or sale to others that has been bonded and
permitted under chapter 444."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No.
1606, Page 1, Section Title, Lines 5-6, by striking "county officials" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
"local government"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"137.115. 1. All other laws to the contrary notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in all
 counties of this state including the City of St. Louis shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal
 property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of this
 section and section 137.078, the assessor shall annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and one-third
 percent of its true value in money as of January first of each calendar year. The assessor shall annually assess all
 real property, including any new construction and improvements to real property, and possessory interests in real
 property at the percent of its true value in money set in subsection 5 of this section. The true value in money of any
 possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), where such real property is on or lies within the ultimate airport
 boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a
 FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in money
 of any such possessory interest in real property, less the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than the
 political subdivision, towards any new construction or improvements on such real property completed after January 1,
 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such costs
 were incurred or whether such costs were considered in any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real
 property in the following manner: new assessed values shall be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered
 year and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same assessed values shall apply in the following even-
 numbered year, except for new construction and property improvements which shall be valued as though they had
 been completed as of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year, provided that no real residential property
 shall be assessed at a value that exceeds the previous assessed value for such property, exclusive of new
 construction and improvements, by more than the percentage increase in the consumer price index or ten
 percent, whichever is greater. The assessor may call at the office, place of doing business, or residence of each
 person required by this chapter to list property, and require the person to make a correct statement of all taxable
 tangible personal property owned by the person or under his or her care, charge or management, taxable in the county.
 On or before January first of each even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a two-year assessment
 maintenance plan to the county governing body and the state tax commission for their respective approval or
 modification. The county governing body shall approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan to the
 state tax commission by February first. If the county governing body fails to forward the plan or its alternative to the
 plan to the state tax commission by February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered approved by the county
 governing body. If the state tax commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax commission and the assessor
 and the governing body of the county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in order to receive state cost-
 share funds outlined in section 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the administrative hearing
 commission, by May first, to decide all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance plan. Upon
 agreement of the parties, the matter may be stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or arbitration upon terms
agree to by the parties. The final decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) real property within any county with a charter form of government, or within a city not within a county, is made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program, the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county, unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a presumption that the assessment was made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program. Such evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

1. The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques; and
2. The purchase prices from sales of at least three comparable properties and the address or location thereof. As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means that:
   a. Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the property valuation; and
   b. Such properties are not more than one mile from the site of the disputed property, except where no similar properties exist within one mile of the disputed property, the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant characteristics.

2. Assessors in each county of this state and the City of St. Louis may send personal property assessment forms through the mail.

3. The following items of personal property shall each constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal property and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes of taxation at the following percentages of their true value in money:
   1. Grain and other agricultural crops in an unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;
   2. Livestock, twelve percent;
   3. Farm machinery, twelve percent;
   4. Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five years old and which are used solely for noncommercial purposes and are operated less than two hundred hours per year or aircraft that are home built from a kit, five percent;
   5. Poultry, twelve percent; and
   6. Tools and equipment used for pollution control and tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of introducing new product lines or used for making improvements to existing products by any company which is located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified by any standard industrial classification number cited in subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.

4. The person listing the property shall enter a true and correct statement of the property, in a printed blank prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be delivered to the assessor.

5. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:

   a. For real property in subclass (1), nineteen percent;
   b. For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent; and
   c. For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two percent.

   (2) A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or, if not located within a county, then the assessor of such city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real property if the use or purpose of such real property is changed after such property is assessed under the provisions of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage of the tax year that such property was classified in each subclassification.

6. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, which are actually used as dwelling units shall be assessed at the same percentage of true value as residential real property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes shall be the same as for residential real property. If the county collector cannot identify or find the manufactured home when attempting to attach the manufactured home for payment of taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the county collector may request the county commission to have the manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such request shall be granted within thirty days after the request is made; however, the removal from the tax books does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the manufactured home owner shall be considered personal property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner may be considered real property.
7. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in section 442.015 and assessed as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel.

8. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the personal property tax statement of the manufactured home owner unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in section 137.750, in which case the amount of tax due and owing on the assessment of the manufactured home as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real property tax statement of the real estate owner.

9. The assessor of each county and each city not within a county shall use the trade-in value published in the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers' Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor publication, as the recommended guide of information for determining the true value of motor vehicles described in such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that is greater than the average trade-in value in determining the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor may use a value other than average without performing a physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such publication, the assessor shall use such information or publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle.

10. Before the assessor may increase the assessed valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real property by more than fifteen percent since the last assessment, excluding increases due to new construction or improvements, the assessor shall conduct a physical inspection of such property.

11. If a physical inspection is required, pursuant to subsection 10 of this section, the assessor shall notify the property owner of that fact in writing and shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical inspection is required, the property owner may request that an interior inspection be performed during the physical inspection. The owner shall have no less than thirty days to notify the assessor of a request for an interior physical inspection.

12. A physical inspection, as required by subsection 10 of this section, shall include, but not be limited to, an on-site personal observation and review of all exterior portions of the land and any buildings and improvements to which the inspector has or may reasonably and lawfully gain external access, and shall include an observation and review of the interior of any buildings or improvements on the property upon the timely request of the owner pursuant to subsection 11 of this section. Mere observation of the property via a drive-by inspection or the like shall not be considered sufficient to constitute a physical inspection as required by this section.

13. A county or city collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or issuer for its service. A county or city collector may accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment of any tax or license and charge the person making such payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment.

14. Any county or city not within a county in this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of such county, opt out of the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any year. No county or city not within a county shall exercise this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision contained within two or more counties where at least one of such counties has opted out and at least one of such counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a county or a county that has opted out under the provisions of this subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year.
15. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection 14 of this section may levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal property only if such city bills and collects its own property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling.

16. Any portion of real property that is available as reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that has not been bonded and permitted under chapter 444 shall be assessed based upon how the real property is currently being used. Any information provided to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision responsible for the administration of tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make available all books, records, and information requested, except such books, records, and information as are by law declared confidential in nature, including individually identifiable information regarding a specific taxpayer or taxpayer's mine property. For purposes of this subsection, "mine property" shall mean all real property that is in use or readily available as a reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for current or future use or sale to others that has been bonded and permitted under chapter 444.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 1
to
Senate Amendment No. 3

AMEND Senate Amendment No. 3 to Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 1, Section, Lines 3-5, by striking all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"115.062. No election authority shall take or accept funding, grants, or gifts of any kind from any source other than from the governing body of a political subdivision, the state of Missouri, or the federal government."; and

Senate Amendment No. 3

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"115.062. No election authority shall take or accept funding from any source other than from the governing body of a political subdivision or the federal government."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 4

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"105.145. 1. The following definitions shall be applied to the terms used in this section:
   (1) "Governing body", the board, body, or persons in which the powers of a political subdivision as a body corporate, or otherwise, are vested;
   (2) "Political subdivision", any agency or unit of this state, except counties and school districts, which now is, or hereafter shall be, authorized to levy taxes or empowered to cause taxes to be levied.
   2. The governing body of each political subdivision in the state shall cause to be prepared an annual report of the financial transactions of the political subdivision in such summary form as the state auditor shall prescribe by rule, except that the annual report of political subdivisions whose cash receipts for the reporting period are ten thousand dollars or less shall only be required to contain the cash balance at the beginning of the reporting period, a summary of cash receipts, a summary of cash disbursements and the cash balance at the end of the reporting period.
3. Within such time following the end of the fiscal year as the state auditor shall prescribe by rule, the governing body of each political subdivision shall cause a copy of the annual financial report to be remitted to the state auditor.

4. The state auditor shall immediately on receipt of each financial report acknowledge the receipt of the report.

5. In any fiscal year no member of the governing body of any political subdivision of the state shall receive any compensation or payment of expenses after the end of the time within which the financial statement of the political subdivision is required to be filed with the state auditor and until such time as the notice from the state auditor of the filing of the annual financial report for the fiscal year has been received.

6. The state auditor shall prepare sample forms for financial reports and shall mail the same to the political subdivisions of the state. Failure of the auditor to supply such forms shall not in any way excuse any person from the performance of any duty imposed by this section.

7. All reports or financial statements hereinafore mentioned shall be considered to be public records.

8. The provisions of this section apply to the board of directors of every transportation development district organized under sections 238.200 to 238.275.

9. Any political subdivision that fails to timely submit a copy of the annual financial statement to the state auditor shall be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars per day.

10. The state auditor shall report any violation of subsection 9 of this section to the department of revenue. Upon notification from the state auditor's office that a political subdivision failed to timely submit a copy of the annual financial statement, the department of revenue shall notify such political subdivision by certified mail that the statement has not been received. Such notice shall clearly set forth the following:

   (1) The name of the political subdivision;
   (2) That the political subdivision shall be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars per day if the political subdivision does not submit a copy of the annual financial statement to the state auditor's office within thirty days from the postmarked date stamped on the certified mail envelope;
   (3) That the fine will be enforced and collected as provided under subsection 11 of this section; and
   (4) That the fine will begin accruing on the thirty-first day from the postmarked date stamped on the certified mail envelope and will continue to accrue until the state auditor's office receives a copy of the financial statement.

11. In the event a copy of the annual financial statement is received within such thirty-day period, no fine shall accrue or be imposed. The state auditor shall report receipt of the financial statement to the department of revenue within ten business days. Failure of the political subdivision to submit the required annual financial statement within such thirty-day period shall cause the fine to be collected as provided under subsection 11 of this section.

12. The department of revenue may collect the fine authorized under the provisions of subsection 9 of this section by offsetting any sales or use tax distributions due to the political subdivision. The director of revenue shall retain two percent for the cost of such collection. The remaining revenues collected from such violations shall be distributed annually to the schools of the county in the same manner that proceeds for all penalties, forfeitures, and fines collected for any breach of the penal laws of the state are distributed.

13. If a failure to timely submit the annual financial statement is the result of fraud or other illegal conduct by an employee or officer of the political subdivision, the political subdivision shall not be subject to a fine authorized under this section if the statement is filed within thirty days of the discovery of the fraud or illegal conduct. If a fine is assessed and paid prior to the filing of the statement, the department of revenue shall refund the fine upon notification from the political subdivision.

14. If a political subdivision has an outstanding balance for fines or penalties at the time it files its first annual financial statement after January 1, 2023, the director of revenue shall make a one-time downward adjustment to such outstanding balance in an amount that reduces the outstanding balance by no less than ninety percent.

15. The director of revenue shall have the authority to make a one-time downward adjustment to any outstanding penalty imposed under this section on a political subdivision if the director determines the fine is uncollectable. The director of revenue may prescribe rules and regulations necessary to carry out the
provisions of this subsection. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2022, shall be invalid and void.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 5

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"137.103. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
(1) "Eligible credit amount", the difference between an eligible taxpayer's real property tax liability on such taxpayer's homestead for a given tax year, minus the real property tax liability on such homestead in the year that the eligible taxpayer turned sixty-five years of age;
(2) "Eligible taxpayer", a Missouri resident who:
(a) Is at least sixty-five years of age;
(b) Is an owner of record of a homestead or has a legal or equitable interest in such property as evidenced by a written instrument; and
(c) Is liable for the payment of real property taxes on such homestead;
(3) "Homestead", real property actually occupied by an eligible taxpayer as a primary residence.
2. Pursuant to article X, section 6(a) of the Missouri Constitution, any taxing jurisdiction authorized to impose a property tax may grant a property tax credit to eligible taxpayers residing in such taxing jurisdiction, provided that such taxing jurisdiction authorizes such credit.
3. In addition to the requirements to receive an exemption pursuant to this section, a taxing jurisdiction may also require that a taxpayer meet certain income requirements.
4. A taxing jurisdiction granting an exemption pursuant to this section shall apply such exemption when calculating the eligible taxpayer's property tax liability for the tax year. The amount of the credit shall be noted on the statement of tax due sent to the eligible taxpayer by the county collector.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 6

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 16, Section 304.022, Line 34, by inserting after "county" the following:

"or municipal".

Senate Amendment No. 7

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"182.020. 1. If, from returns of the submission of the question, the majority of all the votes cast are in favor of establishing a county library district and for the tax for a free county library, the county governing body shall enter of record a brief recital of the returns and that there has been established "______ county library district", and thereafter such "______ county library district", shall be considered established; and the tax specified in the notice, subject to the provisions of this section, shall be levied and collected, from year to year.
2. At least once in every month the county collector in each county of the first and second classes, including such counties having a charter form of government, shall pay over to the treasurer of the county library district all moneys received and collected by him to which the district is entitled and take duplicate receipts from the treasurer, one of which he shall file with the secretary of the county library district and the other he shall file in his settlement with the
county governing body. The county collector in the counties of the third and fourth classes shall pay over to the county treasurer at least once in every month all moneys received and collected by him which are due the county library district and shall take duplicate receipts therefor, one of which he shall file in his settlement with the county governing body. The county treasurer in such counties shall pay over to the treasurer of the county library district, at least once in every month, all moneys so received by him to which the district is entitled. Upon payment he shall take duplicate receipts from the treasurer of the county library district, one of which he shall file with the secretary of the county library district, and the other he shall file in his settlement with the county governing body.

3. The tax may be reconsidered whenever the voters of any county library district shall so determine by a majority vote on such questions after petition, order, and notice of the election and of the purpose thereof, first having been made, filed, and given, as in the case of establishing such county library district. At least five years must elapse after the county library district has been established and a tax therefor has been levied before a question to reconsider the tax may be submitted under this subsection.

4. Whenever the county library board of trustees finds it appropriate, it may order an election on the question of increasing the tax established pursuant to subsection 2 of section 182.010 or increased pursuant to subsection 5 of section 182.010. The county commission in any county with more than one hundred thousand but fewer than one hundred twenty thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than nine thousand but fewer than eleven thousand inhabitants may overrule and reject a county library board of trustees’ decision to order an election on the question of increasing taxes. Notice of the election shall be published in the same manner as is notice of an election to establish a county library district under section 182.010. The notice and order shall each recite the amount of the proposed increase. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the _____ per hundred dollars assessed valuation tax for the county library be increased to _____ per hundred dollars assessed valuation?

If a majority of votes cast on the question are in favor of the increase, then the increased tax shall be levied and collected in the same manner as the tax was at its previous lower rate.

5. As used in sections 182.010 to 182.120, the words "county commission" or "county governing body" shall be construed to mean the proper commission or official in any county operating under a special charter.

182.050. For the purpose of carrying into effect sections 182.010 to 182.120, in case a county library district is established and a free county library authorized as provided in section 182.010, within sixty days after the establishment of the county library district, there shall be created a county library board of trustees, of five members, who shall be residents of the library district, none of whom shall be elected county officials. The members shall be appointed by the county commission for terms of four years each, except that as to the members of the first board, two shall be appointed for one year, and one each shall be appointed for two years, three years, and four years, respectively, from the first day of July following their appointment; and annually thereafter before the first day of July the county commission shall appoint successors. Vacancies in the board occasioned by removals, resignations or otherwise shall be reported to the county commission and shall be filled in like manner as original appointments; except that if the vacancy is in an unexpired term, the appointment shall be made for only the unexpired portion of that term. No member of the board shall receive compensation as such. No person shall be employed by the board of library trustees or by the librarian who is related within the third degree by blood or by marriage to any trustee of the board. The county commission in any county with more than one hundred thousand but fewer than one hundred twenty thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than nine thousand but fewer than eleven thousand inhabitants may remove any member for conduct prejudicial to the good order and effective operation of the library, or for other good cause, stated in writing and after a public hearing.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 8

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 1, Section Title, Lines 5-6, by striking "county officials" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"political subdivisions"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:
*67.457. 1. To establish a neighborhood improvement district, the governing body of any city or county shall comply with either of the procedures described in subsection 2 or 3 of this section.

2. The governing body of any city or county proposing to create a neighborhood improvement district may by resolution submit the question of creating such district to all qualified voters residing within such district at a general or special election called for that purpose. Such resolution shall set forth the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, and the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full. The governing body of the city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when the question of creating such district has been approved by the vote of the percentage of electors within such district voting thereon that is equal to the percentage of voter approval required for the issuance of general obligation bonds of such city or county under Article VI, Section 26 of the constitution of this state. The notice of election containing the question of creating a neighborhood improvement district shall contain the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full. The notice of election shall be filed with the city clerk or county clerk. A proper petition for the creation of a neighborhood improvement district shall set forth the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, and the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full. The notice of election containing the question of creating a neighborhood improvement district shall contain the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, and the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full.

Shall ______ (name of city or county) be authorized to create a neighborhood improvement district proposed for the ______ (project name for the proposed improvement) and incur indebtedness and issue general obligation bonds to pay for all or part of the cost of public improvements within such district, the cost of all indebtedness so incurred to be assessed by the governing body of the ______ (city or county) on the real property benefitted by such improvements for a period of ______ years, and, if included in the resolution, an assessment in each year thereafter with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement?

3. As an alternative to the procedure described in subsection 2 of this section, the governing body of a city or county may create a neighborhood improvement district when a proper petition has been signed by the owners of record of at least two-thirds by area of all real property located within such proposed district. Each owner of record of real property located in the proposed district is allowed one signature. Any person, corporation, or limited liability partnership owning more than one parcel of land located in such proposed district shall be allowed only one signature on such petition. The petition, in order to become effective, shall be filed with the city clerk or county clerk. A proper petition for the creation of a neighborhood improvement district shall set forth the project name for the proposed improvement, the general nature of the proposed improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the proposed neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year during the term of the bonds issued for the original improvement and after such bonds are paid in full, a notice that the names of the signers may not be withdrawn later than seven days after the petition is filed with the city clerk or county clerk, and a notice that the final cost of such improvement assessed against real property within the district and the amount of general obligation bonds issued therefor shall not exceed the estimated cost of such improvement, as stated in such petition, by more than twenty-five percent, and that the annual assessment for maintenance costs of the improvements shall not exceed the estimated annual maintenance cost, as stated in such notice, by more than twenty-five percent. The ballot upon which the question of creating a neighborhood improvement district is submitted to the qualified voters residing within the proposed district shall contain a question in substantially the following form:

Shall ______ (name of city or county) be authorized to create a neighborhood improvement district proposed for the ______ (project name for the proposed improvement) and incur indebtedness and issue general obligation bonds to pay for all or part of the cost of public improvements within such district, the cost of all indebtedness so incurred to be assessed by the governing body of the ______ (city or county) on the real property benefitted by such improvements for a period of ______ years, and, if included in the resolution, an assessment in each year thereafter with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement?

4. Upon receiving the requisite voter approval at an election or upon the filing of a proper petition with the city clerk or county clerk, the governing body may by resolution or ordinance determine the advisability of the improvement and may order that the district be established and that preliminary plans and specifications for the improvement be made. Such resolution or ordinance shall state and make findings as to the project name for the proposed improvement, the nature of the improvement, the estimated cost of such improvement, the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district to be assessed, the proposed method or methods of assessment of real property within the district, including any provision for the annual assessment of maintenance costs of the improvement in each year after the bonds issued for the original improvement are paid in full, and shall also state
that the final cost of such improvement assessed against the real property within the neighborhood improvement
district and the amount of general obligation bonds issued therefor shall not, without a new election or petition,
exceed the estimated cost of such improvement by more than twenty-five percent.

5. The boundaries of the proposed district shall be described by metes and bounds, streets or other
sufficiently specific description. The area of the neighborhood improvement district finally determined by the
governing body of the city or county to be assessed may be less than, but shall not exceed, the total area comprising
such district.

6. In any neighborhood improvement district organized prior to August 28, 1994, an assessment may be
levied and collected after the original period approved for assessment of property within the district has expired,
with the proceeds thereof used solely for maintenance of the improvement, if the residents of the neighborhood
improvement district either vote to assess real property within the district for the maintenance costs in the manner
prescribed in subsection 2 of this section or if the owners of two-thirds of the area of all real property located within
the district sign a petition for such purpose in the same manner as prescribed in subsection 3 of this section.

7. Prior to any assessment hereafter being levied against any real property within any neighborhood
improvement district, and prior to any lien enforceable under either chapter 140 or 141 being imposed after August
28, 2013, against any real property within a neighborhood improvement district, the clerk of the governing body
establishing the neighborhood improvement district shall cause to be recorded with the recorder of deeds for the
county in which any portion of the neighborhood improvement district is located a document conforming to the
provisions of sections 59.310 and 59.313, and which shall contain at least the following information:

(1) Each and all owners of record of real property located within the neighborhood improvement district
at the time of recording, who shall be identified in the document as grantors and indexed by the recorder, as required
under and pursuant to section 59.440;

(2) The governing body establishing the neighborhood improvement district and the title of any official or
agency responsible for collecting or enforcing any assessments, who shall be identified in the document as grantees
and so indexed by the recorder, as required under and pursuant to section 59.440;

(3) The legal description of the property within the neighborhood improvement district which may either
be the metes and bounds description authorized in subsection 5 of this section or the legal description of each lot or
parcel within the neighborhood improvement district; and

(4) The identifying number of the resolution or ordinance creating the neighborhood improvement
district, or a copy of such resolution or ordinance.

8. (1) The governing body of the city or county establishing a neighborhood improvement district
shall, as soon as is practicable, submit the following information to the state auditor and the department of
revenue:

(a) A description of the boundaries of such district as well as the average assessment made against
real property located in such district;

(b) Any amendments made to the boundaries of a district; and

(c) The date on which a neighborhood improvement district is dissolved.

(2) The governing body of the city or county establishing a neighborhood improvement district on
or after August 28, 2022, shall not order any assessment to be made on any real property located within a
district until such governing body has submitted the information required by paragraph (a) of subdivision (1)
of this subsection.

67.461. 1. After the governing body has made the findings specified in section 67.457 and plans and
specifications for the proposed improvements have been prepared, the governing body shall by ordinance or
resolution order assessments to be made against each parcel of real property deemed to be benefitted by an
improvement based on the revised estimated cost of the improvement or, if available, the final cost thereof, and shall
order a proposed assessment roll to be prepared.

2. The plans and specifications for the improvement and the proposed assessment roll shall be filed with the
city clerk or county clerk, as applicable, and shall be open for public inspection. Such clerk shall thereupon, at the
direction of the governing body, publish notice that the governing body will conduct a hearing to consider the proposed
improvement and proposed assessments. Such notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation at least
once not more than twenty days and not less than ten days before the hearing and shall state the project name for the
improvement, the date, time and place of such hearing, the general nature of the improvement, the revised estimated
cost or, if available, the final cost of the improvement, the boundaries of the neighborhood improvement district to be
assessed, and that written or oral objections will be considered at the hearing. Such notice shall also be sent to the
Missouri department of revenue, which shall publish such notice on its website. At the same time, the clerk shall mail to the owners of record of the real property made liable to pay the assessments, at their last known post office address, a notice of the hearing and a statement of the cost proposed to be assessed against the real property so owned and assessed. The failure of any owner to receive such notice shall not invalidate the proceedings.

67.1421. 1. Upon receipt of a proper petition filed with its municipal clerk, the governing body of the municipality in which the proposed district is located shall hold a public hearing in accordance with section 67.1431 and may adopt an ordinance to establish the proposed district.

2. A petition is proper if, based on the tax records of the county clerk, or the collector of revenue if the district is located in a city not within a county, as of the time of filing the petition with the municipal clerk, it meets the following requirements:

   (1) It has been signed by property owners collectively owning more than fifty percent by assessed value of the real property within the boundaries of the proposed district; and

   (2) It has been signed by more than fifty percent per capita of all owners of real property within the boundaries of the proposed district; and

   (3) It contains the following information:

      (a) The legal description of the proposed district, including a map illustrating the district boundaries;

      (b) The name of the proposed district;

      (c) A notice that the signatures of the signers may not be withdrawn later than seven days after the petition is filed with the municipal clerk;

      (d) A five-year plan stating a description of the purposes of the proposed district, the services it will provide, each improvement it will make from the list of allowable improvements under section 67.1461, an estimate of the costs of these services and improvements to be incurred, the anticipated sources of funds to pay the costs, and the anticipated term of the sources of funds to pay the costs;

      (e) A statement as to whether the district will be a political subdivision or a not-for-profit corporation and if it is to be a not-for-profit corporation, the name of the not-for-profit corporation;

      (f) If the district is to be a political subdivision, a statement as to whether the district will be governed by a board elected by the district or whether the board will be appointed by the municipality, and, if the board is to be elected by the district, the names and terms of the initial board may be stated;

      (g) If the district is to be a political subdivision, the number of directors to serve on the board;

      (h) The total assessed value of all real property within the proposed district;

      (i) A statement as to whether the petitioners are seeking a determination that the proposed district, or any legally described portion thereof, is a blighted area;

      (j) The proposed length of time for the existence of the district, which in the case of districts established after August 28, 2021, shall not exceed twenty-seven years from the adoption of the ordinance establishing the district unless the municipality extends the length of time under section 67.1481;

      (k) The maximum rates of real property taxes, and, business license taxes in the county seat of a county of the first classification without a charter form of government containing a population of at least two hundred thousand, that may be submitted to the qualified voters for approval;

      (l) The maximum rates of special assessments and respective methods of assessment that may be proposed by petition;

      (m) The limitations, if any, on the borrowing capacity of the district;

      (n) The limitations, if any, on the revenue generation of the district;

      (o) Other limitations, if any, on the powers of the district;

      (p) A request that the district be established; and

      (q) Any other items the petitioners deem appropriate;

   (4) The signature block for each real property owner signing the petition shall be in substantially the following form and contain the following information:

   Name of owner: 

   Owner's telephone number and mailing address: 

   If signer is different from owner:

   Name of signer: 

   State basis of legal authority to sign: 

   Signer's telephone number and mailing address: 

   If the owner is an individual, state if owner is single or married: 

   If owner is not an individual, state what type of entity: 

Map and parcel number and assessed value of each tract of real property within the proposed
district owned: ______

By executing this petition, the undersigned represents and warrants that he or she is authorized
to execute this petition on behalf of the property owner named immediately above

__________________  __________________
Signature of person   Date
signing for owner

STATE OF MISSOURI   )
)  ss.
COUNTY OF ______  )

Before me personally appeared ______, to me personally known to be the individual described
in and who executed the foregoing instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this ______ day of _____ (month), ______ (year).

______________________________
Notary Public
My Commission Expires: ______; and

(5) Alternatively, the governing body of any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand
inhabitants and located in more than one county may file a petition to initiate the process to establish a district in the
portion of the city located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer
than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants containing the information required in subdivision (3) of this
subsection; provided that the only funding methods for the services and improvements will be a real property tax.

3. Upon receipt of a petition the municipal clerk shall, within a reasonable time not to exceed ninety
days after receipt of the petition, review and determine whether the petition substantially complies with the
requirements of subsection 2 of this section. In the event the municipal clerk receives a petition which does not meet
the requirements of subsection 2 of this section, the municipal clerk shall, within a reasonable time, return the
petition to the submitting party by hand delivery, first class mail, postage prepaid or other efficient means of return
and shall specify which requirements have not been met.

4. After the close of the public hearing required pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, the governing
body of the municipality may adopt an ordinance approving the petition and establishing a district as set forth in the
petition and may determine, if requested in the petition, whether the district, or any legally described portion thereof,
constitutes a blighted area. If the petition was filed by the governing body of a municipality pursuant to
subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, after the close of the public hearing required pursuant to subsection 1
of this section, the petition may be approved by the governing body and an election shall be called pursuant to
section 67.1422.

5. Amendments to a petition may be made which do not change the proposed boundaries of the
proposed district if an amended petition meeting the requirements of subsection 2 of this section is filed with the
municipal clerk at the following times and the following requirements have been met:

(1) At any time prior to the close of the public hearing required pursuant to subsection 1 of this section;
provided that, notice of the contents of the amended petition is given at the public hearing;

(2) At any time after the public hearing and prior to the adoption of an ordinance establishing the
proposed district; provided that, notice of the amendments to the petition is given by publishing the notice in a
newspaper of general circulation within the municipality and by sending the notice via registered certified United
States mail with a return receipt attached to the address of record of each owner of record of real property within the
boundaries of the proposed district per the tax records of the county clerk, or the collector of revenue if the district is
located in a city not within a county. Such notice shall be published and mailed not less than ten days prior to the
adoption of the ordinance establishing the district. Such notice shall also be sent to the Missouri department of
revenue, which shall publish such notice on its website;

(3) At any time after the adoption of any ordinance establishing the district a public hearing on the
amended petition is held and notice of the public hearing is given in the manner provided in section 67.1431 and the
governing body of the municipality in which the district is located adopts an ordinance approving the amended
petition after the public hearing is held.

6. Upon the creation of a district, the municipal clerk shall report in writing the creation of such district
to the Missouri department of economic development and the state auditor.
7. (1) The governing body of the municipality or county establishing a district or the governing body of such district shall, as soon as is practicable, submit the following information to the state auditor and the department of revenue:
   (a) A description of the boundaries of such district as well as the rate of property tax or sales tax levied in such district;
   (b) Any amendments made to the boundaries of a district or the tax rates levied in such district; and
   (c) The date on which the district is to expire unless sooner terminated.
   (2) The governing body of a community improvement district established on or after August 28, 2022, shall not order any assessment to be made on any real property located within a district and shall not levy any property or sales tax until the information required by paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection has been submitted.

67.1431. 1. Within a reasonable time, not to exceed forty-five days, after the receipt of the verified petition from the municipal clerk, the governing body shall hold or cause to be held a public hearing on the establishment of the proposed district and shall give notice of the public hearing in the manner provided in subsection 3 of this section. All reasonable protests, objections and endorsements shall be heard at the public hearing.

2. The public hearing may be continued to another date without further notice other than a motion to be entered on the minutes fixing the date, time and place of the continuance of the public hearing, as well as providing such information to the Missouri department of revenue, which shall publish such information on its website.

3. Notice of the public hearing shall be given by publication and mailing. Notice by publication shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality once a week for two consecutive weeks prior to the week of the public hearing, as well as by notice provided to the Missouri department of revenue, which shall publish such information on its website. Notice by mail shall be given not less than fifteen days prior to the public hearing by sending the notice via registered or certified United States mail with a return receipt attached to the address of record of each owner of record of real property within the boundaries of the proposed district. The published and mailed notices shall include the following:
   (1) The date, time and place of the public hearing;
   (2) A statement that a petition for the establishment of a district has been filed with the municipal clerk;
   (3) The boundaries of the proposed district by street location, or other readily identifiable means if no street location exists; and a map illustrating the proposed boundaries;
   (4) A statement that a copy of the petition is available for review at the office of the municipal clerk during regular business hours; and
   (5) A statement that all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the public hearing.

67.1471. 1. The fiscal year for the district shall be the same as the fiscal year of the municipality.

2. No earlier than one hundred eighty days and no later than ninety days prior to the first day of each fiscal year, the board shall submit to the Missouri department of revenue, the state auditor, and the governing body of the city a proposed annual budget, setting forth expected expenditures, revenues, and rates of assessments and taxes, if any, for such fiscal year. The governing body may review and comment to the board on this proposed budget, but if such comments are given, the governing body of the municipality shall provide such written comments to the board no later than sixty days prior to the first day of the relevant fiscal year; such comments shall not constitute requirements but shall only be recommendations.

3. The board shall hold an annual meeting and adopt an annual budget no later than thirty days prior to the first day of each fiscal year.

4. Within one hundred twenty days after the end of each fiscal year, the district shall submit a report to the municipal clerk, the Missouri department of revenue, the state auditor, and the Missouri department of economic development. The report shall state the services provided, revenues collected, and expenditures made by the district during such fiscal year; state the dates the district adopted its annual budget, submitted its proposed annual budget to the municipality, and submitted its annual report to the municipal clerk; and include copies of written resolutions approved by the board during the fiscal year. The municipal clerk shall retain this report as part of the official records of the municipality and shall also cause this report to be spread upon the records of the governing body.

5. The state auditor may audit a district in the same manner as the auditor may audit any agency of the state.

99.825. 1. Prior to the adoption of an ordinance proposing the designation of a redevelopment area, or approving a redevelopment plan or redevelopment project, the commission shall fix a time and place for a public hearing as required in subsection 4 of section 99.820 and notify each taxing district located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the proposed redevelopment area, plan or project. At the public hearing any interested person or affected taxing district may file with the commission written objections to, or comments on, and may be heard orally in respect to, any issues embodied in the notice. The commission shall hear and consider all protests, objections,
lists on the tax rolls within the preceding three years as the owners of such property. If, after concluding the hearing required under this section, the commission makes a recommendation under section 99.820 in opposition to a proposed redevelopment plan, redevelopment project, or designation of a redevelopment area, or any amendments thereto, a municipality desiring to approve such project, plan, designation, or amendments shall do so only upon a two-thirds majority vote of the governing body of such municipality. For plans, projects, designations, or amendments approved by a municipality over the recommendation in opposition by the commission formed under subsection 3 of section 99.820, the economic activity taxes and payments in lieu of taxes generated by such plan, project, designation, or amendment shall be restricted to paying only those redevelopment project costs contained in subparagraphs b. and c. of paragraph (c) of subdivision (16) of section 99.805 per redevelopment project.

3. Tax incremental financing projects within an economic development area shall apply to and fund only the following infrastructure projects: highways, roads, streets, bridges, sewers, traffic control systems and devices, water distribution and supply systems, curbing, sidewalks and any other similar public improvements, but in no case shall it include buildings.

4. (1) The governing body of the municipality establishing a redevelopment area shall, as soon as is practicable, submit the following information to the state auditor and the department of revenue:

   a. A description of the boundaries of such redevelopment area;
   b. Any amendments made to the boundaries of a redevelopment area;
   c. The estimated redevelopment project costs and the estimated date of completion of all redevelopment projects; and
   d. The date on which the redevelopment area is dissolved.

   (2) The governing body of the municipality establishing a redevelopment area on or after August 28, 2022, shall not deposit any payments in lieu of taxes or any other taxes into the special allocation fund until such governing body has submitted the information required by paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection.

6. Notice of the public hearing required by section 99.820 shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the proposed redevelopment. Notice by mailing shall be given by depositing such notice in the United States mail by certified mail addressed to the person or persons in whose name the general taxes for the last preceding year were paid on each lot, block, tract, or parcel of land lying within the redevelopment project or redevelopment area which is to be subjected to the payment or payments in lieu of taxes and economic activity taxes pursuant to section 99.845. Such notice shall be mailed not less than ten days prior to the date set for the public hearing. In the event taxes for the last preceding year were not paid, the notice shall also be sent to the persons last listed on the tax rolls within the preceding three years as the owners of such property.
2. The notices issued pursuant to this section shall include the following:
   (1) The time and place of the public hearing;
   (2) The general boundaries of the proposed redevelopment area or redevelopment project by street location, where possible;
   (3) A statement that all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the public hearing;
   (4) A description of the proposed redevelopment plan or redevelopment project and a location and time where the entire plan or project proposal may be reviewed by any interested party;
   (5) Such other matters as the commission may deem appropriate.

3. Not less than forty-five days prior to the date set for the public hearing, the commission shall give notice by mail as provided in subsection 1 of this section to all taxing districts from which taxable property is included in the redevelopment area, redevelopment project or redevelopment plan, and in addition to the other requirements pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, the notice shall include an invitation to each taxing district to submit comments to the commission concerning the subject matter of the hearing prior to the date of the hearing.

4. A copy of any and all hearing notices required by section 99.825 shall be submitted by the commission to the director of the department of economic development and to the Missouri department of revenue, which shall publish such notice on its website. Such submission of the copy of the hearing notice shall comply with the prior notice requirements pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

99.865. 1. No later than November fifteenth of each year, the governing body of the municipality, or its designee, shall prepare a report concerning the status of each redevelopment plan and redevelopment project existing as of December thirty-first of the preceding year, and shall submit a copy of such report to the director of the department of revenue. The report shall include the following:
   (1) The amount and source of revenue in the special allocation fund;
   (2) The amount and purpose of expenditures from the special allocation fund;
   (3) The amount of any pledge of revenues, including principal and interest on any outstanding bonded indebtedness;
   (4) The original assessed value of the redevelopment project;
   (5) The assessed valuation added to the redevelopment project;
   (6) Payments made in lieu of taxes received and expended;
   (7) The economic activity taxes generated within the redevelopment area in the calendar year prior to the approval of the redevelopment plan, to include a separate entry for the state sales tax revenue base for the redevelopment area or the state income tax withheld by employers on behalf of existing employees in the redevelopment area prior to the redevelopment plan;
   (8) The economic activity taxes generated within the redevelopment area after the approval of the redevelopment plan, to include a separate entry for the increase in state sales tax revenues for the redevelopment area or the increase in state income tax withheld by employers on behalf of new employees who fill new jobs created in the redevelopment area;
   (9) Reports on contracts made incident to the implementation and furtherance of a redevelopment plan or project;
   (10) A copy of any redevelopment plan, which shall include the required findings and cost-benefit analysis pursuant to subdivisions (1) to (6) of section 99.810;
   (11) The cost of any property acquired, disposed of, rehabilitated, reconstructed, repaired or remodeled;
   (12) The number of parcels acquired by or through initiation of eminent domain proceedings; and
   (13) Any additional information the municipality deems necessary.

2. Data contained in the report mandated pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall be made available to the commissioner of administration, who shall publish such reports on the Missouri accountability portal pursuant to section 37.850. Any information regarding amounts disbursed to municipalities pursuant to the provisions of section 99.845 shall be deemed a public record, as defined in section 610.010. An annual statement showing the payments made in lieu of taxes received and expended in that year, the status of the redevelopment plan and projects therein, amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness and any additional information the municipality deems necessary shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality.

3. Five years after the establishment of a redevelopment plan and every five years thereafter the governing body shall hold a public hearing regarding those redevelopment plans and projects created pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865. The purpose of the hearing shall be to determine if the redevelopment project is making satisfactory progress under the proposed time schedule contained within the approved plans for completion of such projects. Notice of such public hearing shall be given in a newspaper of general circulation in the area served by
the commission once each week for four weeks immediately prior to the hearing, and shall also be sent to the Missouri department of revenue, which shall publish such notice on its website.

4. The director of the department of revenue shall submit a report to the state auditor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and the president pro tem of the senate no later than February first of each year. The report shall contain a summary of all information received by the director pursuant to subsection 1 of this section.

5. For the purpose of coordinating all tax increment financing projects using new state revenues, the director of the department of economic development may promulgate rules and regulations to ensure compliance with this section. Such rules and regulations may include methods for enumerating all of the municipalities which have established commissions pursuant to section 99.820. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 99.800 to 99.865 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to June 27, 1997, is of no force and effect and repealed; however, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to June 27, 1997, if such rule complied with the provisions of chapter 536. The provisions of this section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 including the ability to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the purported grant of rulemaking authority and any rule so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall be invalid and void.

6. The department of economic development shall provide information and technical assistance, as requested by any municipality, on the requirements of sections 99.800 to 99.865. Such information and technical assistance shall be provided in the form of a manual, written in an easy-to-follow manner, and through consultations with departmental staff.

7. The department of revenue shall provide notice of any failure to comply with the reporting requirements provided in subsection 1 of this section to the applicable municipality, specifying any required corrections, by certified mail addressed to the municipality’s chief elected officer. If such municipality does not satisfy the reporting requirements for which it previously did not comply, as specified in the notice from the department of revenue, within sixty days of the receipt of the notice, the municipality shall be prohibited from adopting any new tax increment finance plan for a period of five years from the date of the department of revenue's notice. All reports filed pursuant to subsection 1 of this section or in response to a notice from the department of revenue pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed accepted by the department of revenue unless the department of revenue provides the applicable municipality with a written objection thereto, specifying any required corrections, by certified mail addressed to the chief elected officer of the municipality within sixty days of the municipality's submission of such report.

8. Based upon the information provided in the reports required under the provisions of this section, the state auditor shall make available for public inspection on the auditor's website a searchable electronic database of such municipal tax increment finance reports. All information contained within such database shall be maintained for a period of no less than ten years from initial posting.; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"238.212. 1. If the petition was filed by registered voters or by a governing body, the circuit clerk in whose office the petition was filed shall give notice to the public by causing one or more newspapers of general circulation serving the counties or portions thereof contained in the proposed district to publish once a week for four consecutive weeks a notice substantially in the following form:

NOTICE OF PETITION
TO SUBMIT TO A POPULAR VOTE THE CREATION AND FUNDING OF A TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

Notice is hereby given to all persons residing or owning property in (here specifically describe the proposed district boundaries), within the state of Missouri, that a petition has been filed asking that upon voter approval, a transportation development district by the name of "____ Transportation Development District" be formed for the purpose of developing the following transportation project: (here summarize the proposed transportation project or projects). The petition also requests voter approval of the following method(s) of funding the district, which (may) (shall not) increase the total taxes imposed within the proposed district: (describe the proposed funding methods). A copy of this petition is on file and available at the office of the clerk of the circuit court of ________ County, located at ________, Missouri. You are notified to
join in or file your own petition supporting or answer opposing the creation of the transportation development district and requesting a declaratory judgment, as required by law, no later than the _____ day of ________, 20______. You may show cause, if any there be, why such petition is defective or proposed transportation development district or its funding method, as set forth in the petition, is illegal or unconstitutional and should not be submitted for voter approval at a general, primary or special election as directed by this court.

__________________
Clerk of the Circuit Court of _________ County

2. The circuit court may also order a public hearing on the question of the creation and funding of the proposed district, if it deems such appropriate, under such terms and conditions as it deems appropriate. The circuit court shall order at least one public hearing on the creation and funding of the proposed district, if the petition for creating such district was filed by the owners of record of all real property within the proposed district. If a public hearing is ordered, notice of the time, date and place of the hearing shall also be given in the notice specified in subsection 1 of this section.

3. The notice required by this section shall also be sent to the Missouri department of revenue, which shall publish and maintain such notice on its website.

238.222. 1. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive powers.
2. Within thirty days after the election of the initial directors or the selection of the initial directors pursuant to subsection 3 of section 238.220, the board shall meet. The time and place of the first meeting of the board shall be designated by the court that heard the petition upon the court's own initiative or upon the petition of any interested person. At its first meeting and after each election of new board members or the selection of the initial directors pursuant to subsection 3 of section 238.220, the board shall elect a chairman from its members.

3. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, treasurer and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.

4. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent fiscal years of the district, shall adopt a corporate seal, and shall notify the state auditor as required in subsection 7 of this section.
5. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any board resolution.
6. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and may be reimbursed for his actual expenditures in the performance of his duties on behalf of the district.
7. Any district which has been previously organized and for which formation was approved prior to August 28, 2016, shall notify the state auditor's office in writing of the date it was organized and provide contact information for the current board of directors by December 31, 2016. Any district organized and formed after August 28, 2016, shall be required to notify the state auditor's office in writing of the date it was organized and provide contact information for the current board of directors within thirty days of the date of the first meeting of the board under the provisions of subsection 2 of this section.

8. (1) The governing body of the local transportation authority establishing a district or the governing body of such district shall, as soon as is practicable, submit the following information to the state auditor and the department of revenue:

(a) A description of the boundaries of such district as well as the average assessment made against real property located in such district, the rate of property tax levied in such district, or rate of sales tax levied in such district, as applicable;
(b) Any amendments made to the boundaries of a district or the tax rates levied in such district; and
(c) The date on which the district is to expire unless sooner terminated.

(2) The governing body of a district established on or after August 28, 2022, shall not collect any property or sales taxes until the information required by paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection has been submitted."
; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 9

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 8, Section 55.160, Line 50, by inserting after all of said line the following:

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"57.317.  1.  (1)  Except in a noncharter county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants, the county sheriff in any county of the first or second classification shall receive an annual salary equal to eighty percent of the compensation of an associate circuit judge of the county.

(2)  The county sheriff in any county of the third or fourth classification shall receive an annual salary computed as the following percentages of the compensation of an associate circuit judge of the county.  If there is an increase in salary of less than ten thousand dollars, the increase shall take effect on January 1, 2022.  If there is an increase of ten thousand dollars or more, the increase shall be paid over a period of five years in twenty percent increments per year.  The assessed valuation factor shall be the amount thereof as shown for the year next preceding the computation.  The provisions of this section shall not permit or require a reduction in the amount of compensation being paid for the office of sheriff from the prior year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessed Valuation</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$18,000,000 to 99,999,999</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100,000,000 to 249,999,999</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250,000,000 to 449,999,999</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450,000,000 to 899,999,999</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>900,000,000 and over</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.  Two thousand dollars of the salary authorized in this section shall be payable to the sheriff only if the sheriff has completed at least twenty hours of classroom instruction each calendar year relating to the operations of the sheriff’s office when approved by a professional association of the county sheriffs of Missouri unless exempted from the training by the professional association.  The professional association approving the program shall provide a certificate of completion to each sheriff who completes the training program and shall send a list of certified sheriffs to the treasurer of each county.  Expenses incurred for attending the training session may be reimbursed to the county sheriff in the same manner as other expenses as may be appropriated for that purpose.

3.  The county sheriff in any county other than a charter county shall not receive an annual compensation less than the compensation described under this section.”; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 10

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 22, Section 473.742, Line 113, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section 1.  1.  The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, convey, remise, release, and forever quitclaim all interest of the state of Missouri in property located in the City of Kirksville, Adair County, Missouri, to the Kirksville R-III School District.  The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

   All of Block thirty nine (39) of the Original Town (Now City) of Kirksville, Missouri.

   2.  The commissioner of administration shall set the terms and conditions for the conveyance as the commissioner deems reasonable.  Such terms and conditions may include, but not be limited to, the number of appraisals required and the time, place, and terms of the conveyance.

   3.  The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

Section 2.  1.  The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, convey, remise, release, and forever quitclaim all interest of the state of Missouri in property located in the City of Kirksville, Adair County, Missouri to Truman State University.  The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

   Part of the Northwest Fourth (NW 1/4) of the Northeast Quarter (NE 1/4) Section 16 Township 62 Range 15 Adair County, Missouri, beginning at a point Six Hundred Twenty-nine and One-half (629 1/2) feet South and Twenty (20) feet East of the Northwest (NW) Corner of said Forty acre tract, and running thence East Two Hundred Twenty-five (225) feet, thence South One Hundred Feet (100), thence West Two Hundred Twenty-five (225) feet, thence North One Hundred (100) feet to place of beginning; Also part of the Northwest Fourth (NW 1/4) of the Northeast Quarter (NE 1/4) Section 16 Township 62 Range 15 Adair County, Missouri, beginning Six Hundred Twenty-nine and One-half (629 1/2) feet
Section 3. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, convey, remise, release, and forever quitclaim all interest of the state of Missouri in property located in the City of Rolla, Phelps County, Missouri, to Edgewood Investments. The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

A fractional part of Lot 119 of the Railroad Addition in Rolla, Missouri, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the Northwest Corner of said Lot 119; thence South 0°43' West, 30.00 feet to the South line of Gale Drive; thence North 88°53' East, 311.92 feet along said South street line; thence South 0°52' West, 325.00 feet; thence North 88°53' East, 109.10 feet to the true point of beginning of the tract hereinafter described: Thence North 88°53' East, 10.00 feet to the northwest corner of a parcel described in Phelps County Deed Records at Document No. 2017-4361; thence South 0°52' West, 241.19 feet along the West line of said Document No. 2017-4361 parcel to its southwest corner; thence South 89°07' West, 10.00 feet; thence North 0°52' East, 241.19 feet to the true point of beginning. Description derived from survey recorded in Phelps County Surveyor's records in Book "I" at Page S-6038, dated August 30th, A.D. 1982, made by Elgin & Associates, Engineers & Surveyors, Rolla, Missouri.

2. The commissioner of administration shall set the terms and conditions for the conveyance as the commissioner deems reasonable. Such terms and conditions may include, but not be limited to, the number of appraisals required and the time, place, and terms of the conveyance.

3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

Section 4. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, convey, remise, release, and forever quitclaim all interest of the state of Missouri in property located in the City of St. Louis, Missouri. The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

Legal Description from Quit Claim Deed between the Land Reutilization Authority, City of St. Louis and the State of Missouri. Dated 10-3-1996

PARCEL NO. 1:
The Southern part of Lot 1 of HUTCHINSON'S THIRD ADDITION and in Block 3558 of the City of St. Louis, fronting 53 feet 5-1/2 inches on the East line of Newstead Avenue, by a depth Eastwardly of 202 feet 11-1/4 inches along the North line of Carrie Avenue to the West line of Lot 2 and having a width along the West line of said Lot 2 of 50 feet. Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4443 N. Newstead Avenue and also known as parcel 3558-00-01100.

PARCEL NO. 2:
Lot 11 in Block 1 of HUTCHINSON'S ADDITION and in Block 3559 of the City of St. Louis, fronting 50 feet on the Northwest line of Pope Avenue, by a depth Northwest of 155 feet to the Southeast line of Lot 16 of said block and addition. Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4521 Pope Avenue and also known as parcel 3559-00-02600.

PARCEL NO. 3:
The Northern 1/2 of Lot 12 in Block 1 of HUTCHINSON'S ADDITION and in Block 3559 of the City of St. Louis, fronting 25 feet on the West line of Pope Avenue, by a depth Westwardly of 155 feet to the dividing line of said block. (Pope Avenue is now treated as running North and South). The Southern half of Lot No. 12, partly in Block No. 1 of HUTCHINSON'S SUBDIVISION of the SHREVE TRACT, and partly in HUTCHINSON'S THIRD SUBDIVISION and in Block No. 3559 of the City of St. Louis, fronting 25 feet on the West line of Pope Avenue, by a depth Westwardly of 155 feet to the West line of said Lot. (Pope Avenue is now treated as running North and South). Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4515-17 Pope Avenue and also known as parcel 3559-00-02710.
PARCEL NO. 4:
The Northern 1/2 of Lot No. 13, partly in Block No. 1 of HUTCHINSON'S ADDITION and partly in HUTCHINSON'S THIRD SUBDIVISION and in Block No. 3559 of the City of St. Louis, fronting 25 feet on the West line of Pope Avenue, by a depth Westwardly between parallel lines of 155 feet to the dividing line of said Block. (Pope Avenue is now treated as running North and South). Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4511 Pope Avenue and also known as parcel 3559-00-02900.

PARCEL NO. 5:
The Southern 1/2 of Lot No. 13 in Block No. 1 of HUTCHINSON'S SUBDIVISION and in Block No. 3559 of the City of St. Louis, having a front of 25 feet on the West line of Pope Avenue, by a depth Westwardly of 155 feet to the dividing line of said Block. Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4509 Pope Avenue and also known as parcel 3559-00-03000.

PARCEL NO. 6:
Lot No. 14 in Block No. 3559 of the City of St. Louis, lying partly in HUTCHINSON'S THIRD SUBDIVISION and partly in Block No. 1 of HUTCHINSON'S ADDITION, fronting 93 feet 1-3/4. inches on the North line of Pope Avenue, by a depth Northwardly of 165 feet 81/2 inches on the West line and 155 feet on the East line to the North line of said lot, on which there is a width of 30 feet 2-1.2 inches; bounded West by Newstead Avenue. Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4501-03 Pope Avenue and also known as parcel 3559-00-03100.

PARCEL NO. 7:
Lots No. 15 and 16 in HUTCHINSON'S ADDITION and in Block 3559 of the City of St. Louis, beginning in the East line of Newstead Avenue at the Southwest corner of said Lot 15, thence North along the East line of Newstead Avenue 165 feet 8-1/2 inches to Carrie Avenue, thence Northeast along Carrie Avenue 117 feet 3-1/2 inches to the Northeast corner of said Lot 16, thence Southeast 155 feet to the Southeast corner of said Lot 16, thence Southwest 180 feet 2-12 inches to the point of beginning. Together with all improvements thereon, if any, known as and numbered 4431 No. Newstead Avenue and also known as parcel 3559-00-03200.

Legal Description from Quit Claim Deed between the Health and Educational Facilities Authority and the State of Missouri. Dated 9-16-1993.

PARCEL 1:
Lots numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 9 of HUTCHINSON'S 3RD SUBDIVISION in the Shreve Tract and in BLOCK 4417 of the City of St. Louis, being more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the North line of Carter Avenue and the West line of Newstead Avenue; thence Northwardly along the West line of Newstead Avenue 190 feet to an angle in said street; thence Northwardly still following said West line of Newstead Avenue 209 feet 10-3/4 inches to the corner of Lot 8; thence Southwardly along the line between Lots 8 and 9, a distance of 180 feet 6-1/2 inch to the North line of Lot 3; thence Westwardly along the north line of Lots 3, 4 and 5, a distance of 500 feet to a point in the East line of Taylor Avenue; thence Southwardly along the East line of Taylor Avenue 369 feet 4-1/2 inches to the North line of Carter Avenue; thence Eastwardly along the North line of Carter Avenue 801 feet 2-1/2 inches to the West line of Newstead Avenue and the place of beginning.

PARCEL 2:
Lots 7 and 8 of HUTCHINSON'S 3RD SUBDIVISION in the Shreve Tract and in BLOCK 4417 of the City of St. Louis, together fronting 225 feet 1-1/2 inches on the West line of Newstead Avenue, by a depth Westwardly on the North line of Lot 7 of 283 feet 4-1/2 inches and on the South line of Lot 8 a distance of 180 feet 1/2 inch; bounded North by Lot 6 and South by Lot 9 and on the West by Lots 3 and 4 of said subdivision.

PARCEL 3:
Part of Lot 6 of HUTCHINSON'S 3RD SUBDIVISION in the Shreve Tract and in BLOCK 4417 of the City of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the East line of an alley, 181 feet South of the South line of Newstead Avenue; thence Southwardly along the East line of said alley, 183 feet 9 inches to the south line of Lot 6; thence Eastwardly along the South line of said Lot, 157 feet 6 inches to the West line of Lot 7; thence Northwardly along the West line of Lot 7 183 feet 9 inches to a point 99 feet 7-1/2 inches South of the South line of Newstead Avenue; thence Westwardly 157 feet 6 inches to the East line of said alley and the point of beginning.
2. The commissioner of administration shall set the terms and conditions for the conveyance as the commissioner deems reasonable. Such terms and conditions may include, but not be limited to, the number of appraisals required and the time, place, and terms of the conveyance.

3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

Section 5. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, convey, remise, release, and forever quitclaim all interest of the state of Missouri in property located in St. Louis County, Missouri. The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

A tract of land located in U.S. Survey 3341, Township 44 North, Ranges 6 and 7 East of the 5th P.M., more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the Northeast Corner of St. Bernadette Subdivision, St. Louis County, Missouri; thence North 70°52′40″ West, 213.38 feet along the centerline of Sherman Avenue to its intersection with the centerline of Worth Road (aka Gregg Road), also being the southernmost corner of Parcel A as described in St. Louis County Deed Records at Book 8412, Page 545; thence North 19°06′20″ East, 110.00 feet along said centerline of Worth Road (aka Gregg Road) and along the easterly line of said Parcel A to its easternmost corner, the true point of beginning of the hereinafter described tract: Thence North 70°53′10″ West, 250.12 feet along the northerly line of said Parcel A to its northernmost corner, also being a point on the centerline of Randolph Street; thence North 19°02′30″ East, 182.89 feet along said centerline of Randolph Street to its projected intersection with the centerline of Randolph Place; thence North 10°48′20″ East, 267.03 feet along said centerline to the true point of beginning. Above described tract contains 1.54 acre, more or less, per plat of survey J-576, revised June 20, 2018, by Archer-Elgin Surveying and Engineering, LLC.

2. The commissioner of administration shall set the terms and conditions for the conveyance as the commissioner deems reasonable. Such terms and conditions may include, but not be limited to, the number of appraisals required and the time, place, and terms of the conveyance.

3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 11

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 1, Section Title, Lines 5-6, by striking the words “county officials” and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"political subdivisions"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"164.450. 1. Any school district located in whole or in part in any county with more than four hundred thousand but fewer than five hundred thousand inhabitants that receives voter approval for the issuance of bonds under this chapter shall maintain a detailed accounting of each and every expenditure by the school district for the moneys generated by such issuance. Any such school district shall be required to maintain a budget for each project approved by the school district using moneys from the issuance of bonds. Such budget shall detail the exact cost of the project and the source of all moneys used to fund the project. All information required under this subsection regarding expenditures and budgets shall be maintained and updated on the website of the school district and shall be publicly available.

2. Continuation of any project undertaken by a school district as described under subsection 1 of this section shall be halted immediately upon exceeding the budgeted amount of moneys to complete such project by more than ten percent. The continuation of any such project described under this subsection shall not occur until such time as the school district receives voter approval under this chapter for the issuance of further bonded indebtedness specifically for such project.

3. Any taxpayer residing within a school district that violates the provisions of this section may seek, and a court shall order, injunctive relief against such school district in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this section."; and
Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 12

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"144.051. Beginning June 1, 2026, and ending July 31, 2026, in addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to the provisions of section 144.030, there is hereby exempted from the provisions of and the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and section 238.235, all charges for admissions, as defined in section 144.010, to any of the matches of the 2026 FIFA World Cup soccer tournament which are held in any county with more than seven hundred thousand but fewer than eight hundred thousand inhabitants."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 13

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"260.295. No building code adopted by a political subdivision shall prohibit the use of refrigerants that are approved for use under the provisions of 42 U.S.C. Section 7671k or the regulations promulgated thereunder, provided any related equipment is installed in accordance with the provisions of 42 U.S.C. Section 7671k or the regulations promulgated thereunder. Any provision of a building code that violates this section shall be null and void."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 14

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 15, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"144.064. 1. No sales tax levied under this chapter on any firearms or ammunition shall be levied at a rate that is higher than the sales tax levied under this chapter or any other excise tax levied on any sporting goods or equipment or any hunting equipment.

2. Beginning August 28, 2022, in addition to all other exemptions granted pursuant to this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable pursuant to this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all sales of firearms and ammunition made in this state."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 17

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 15, Section 140.190, Line 55, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the
tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:

(1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration [law] act, sections [291.220] 281.210 to 281.310, which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

(2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

(3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;

(4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a usable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. For the purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (5) of this subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010, the term "product" includes telecommunications services and the term "manufacturing" shall include the production, or production and transmission, of telecommunications services. The preceding sentence does not make a substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify that the term "manufacturing" has included and continues to include the production and transmission of "telecommunications services", as enacted in this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection, as well as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010. The preceding two sentences reaffirm legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection in Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's interpretation of those exemptions in IBM Corporation v. Director of Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the extent inconsistent with this section and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;

(5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption. The construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed;
(6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;

(7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive wildlife;

(8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general public;

(9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for public commercial display;

(10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;

(11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;

(12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;

(13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;

(14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;

(15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;

(16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

(17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing goods or services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such revenue-sharing agreement;

(18) All sales of insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act (42 U.S.C. Section 1395y, as amended), and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, and
drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner licensed to prescribe;

(19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;

(20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;

(21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;

(22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:

(a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
(b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and
(c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

(23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:

(a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

(b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
(c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupents of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;

(24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;

(25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;

(26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

(27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;

(28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

(29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;

(30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;

(31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection;

(32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;

(33) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;

(34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

(35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 to 273.357;

(36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:
such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased
(39)  All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by
(40)  All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the
site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;
(37)  All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the property under a
lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact
agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;
(38)  Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or
operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or
by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and
may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri.  For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral
site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;
(39)  All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by
such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased
to a professional sports team;
(40)  All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the
modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;
(41)  Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range or similar places of
business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of
business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for redistribution to patrons at the
conclusion of a shooting event;
(42)  All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any watercraft, as defined in section
306.010;
(43)  Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person who is not a resident of this state
or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state and such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not
remain in this state more than ten business days subsequent to the last to occur of:
(a)  The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is
not incorporated in this state; or
(b)  The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407 for any
maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or installations that are completed
contemporaneously with the transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a
corporation that is not incorporated in this state;
(44)  Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such
motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business to haul property on the public highways of the
state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the
materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or
manufacture of such vehicles.  For purposes of this subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have
the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;
(45)  All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether the tax is imposed on a provider
of internet access or a buyer of internet access.  For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:
(a)  "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely because of an internet service
provider's use of the public right-of-way.  The term shall not include costs that the governmental authority would
have incurred if the internet service provider did not make such use of the public right-of-way.  Direct costs shall
be determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles;
(b)  "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, that
comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or
any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;
(c)  "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the internet to access content, information,
or other services without regard to whether the service is referred to as telecommunications, communications,
transmission, or similar services, and without regard to whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation by
the Federal Communications Commission as a common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq.  For purposes
of this subdivision, internet access also includes:  the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, including
telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, to the extent the communications services are purchased,
used, or sold to provide the service described in this subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content,
information, or other services offered over the internet; services that are incidental to the provision of a service
described in this subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home page, electronic
mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video
clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a home page electronic mail and instant messaging, including voice-
capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage
capacity that are provided independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this subdivision,
internet access does not include voice, audio, and video programming or other products and services, except services
described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which
there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately stated or aggregated with the charge for services
described in this paragraph or this subdivision;
(d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the purpose of
generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or
benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to
collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax
imposed on a buyer by such a governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee
imposed or authorized under [section] sections 67.1830 [as 67.2689] to 67.1846; Section 622 or 653 of the
Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other fee related to
obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq.,
except to the extent that:
   a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other
governmental authority from providing the specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or
   b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the service revenue,
and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the governmental authority associated with the
provision of that right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.

Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due on goods or services that were
subject to tax on January 1, 2016;
(46) All sales of diapers. For the purposes of this subdivision, "diapers" means absorbent garments
worn by infants or toddlers who are not toilet-trained or by individuals who are incapable of controlling their
bladder or bowel movements;
(47) All sales of feminine hygiene products. For the purposes of this subdivision, "feminine hygiene
products" shall mean tampons, pads, liners, and cups.
3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, between a person and
this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is
not required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or
fulfillment center in this state that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void
unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For purposes of
this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same controlled group of
corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any
other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a
corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code, as amended."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 22, Section 473.742, Line 113, by inserting after all of said line the
following:

"Section 1. No public employee, as that term is defined in section 105.500, shall be required by any
political subdivision to receive a vaccination against COVID-19 as a condition of commencing or continuing
employment. As used in this section, the term "political subdivision" shall not include any facility that meets
the definition of hospital in section 197.020, any long term care facility licensed under chapter 198, any entity
that meets the definition of facility in section 199.170, any facility certified by the Centers for Medicare and
Medicaid Services (CMS), any state department or agency, or employees thereof, that are part of an onsite
survey team performing federal oversight of certified providers and suppliers for CMS, or any entity or
individual licensed under sections 190.001 to 190.245."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.
AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"59.310.  1. The county recorder of deeds may refuse any document presented for recording that does not meet the following requirements:
   (1) The document shall consist of one or more individual pages printed only on one side and not permanently bound nor in a continuous form. The document shall not have any attachment stapled or otherwise affixed to any page except as necessary to comply with statutory requirements, provided that a document may be stapled together for presentation for recording; a label that is firmly attached with a bar code or return address may be accepted for recording;
   (2) The size of print or type shall not be smaller than eight-point type and shall be in black or dark ink. Should any document presented for recording contain type smaller than eight-point type, such document shall be accompanied by an exact typewritten copy not smaller than eight-point type to be recorded contemporaneously as additional pages of the document;
   (3) The document must be of sufficient legibility to produce a clear and legible reproduction thereof. Should any document not be of sufficient legibility to produce a clear and legible reproduction, such document shall be accompanied by an exact typewritten copy not smaller than eight-point type to be recorded contemporaneously as additional pages of the document;
   (4) The document shall be on white paper or light-colored paper of not less than twenty-pound weight without watermarks or other visible inclusions, except for plats and surveys, which may be on materials such as Mylar or velum. All text within the document shall be of sufficient color and clarity to ensure that when the text is reproduced from record, it shall be readable;
   (5) All signatures on a document shall be in black or dark ink, such that such signatures shall be of sufficient color and clarity to ensure that when the text is reproduced from record, it shall be readable, and shall have the corresponding name typed, printed or stamped underneath said signature. The typing or printing of any name or the applying of an embossed or inked stamp shall not cover or otherwise materially interfere with any part of the document except where provided for by law;
   (6) The documents shall have a top margin of at least three inches of vertical space from left to right, to be reserved for the recorder of deeds' certification and use. All other margins on the document shall be a minimum of three-fourths of one inch on all sides. Nonessential information such as form numbers, page numbers or customer notations may be placed in the margin. A document may be recorded if a minor portion of a seal or incidental writing extends beyond the margins. The recorder of deeds will not incur any liability for not showing any seal or information that extends beyond the margins of the permanent archival record.
   2. Every document containing any of the items listed in this subsection that is presented for recording, except plats and surveys, shall have such information on the first page below the three-inch horizontal margin:
      (1) The title of the document;
      (2) The date of the document;
      (3) All grantors' names and marital status;
      (4) All grantees' names;
      (5) Any statutory addresses;
      (6) The legal description of the property; and
      (7) Reference book and pages for statutory requirements, if applicable.
   If there is not sufficient room on the first page for all of the information required by this subsection, the page reference within the document where the information is set out shall be stated on the first page.
   3. From January 1, 2002, documents which do not meet the requirements set forth in this section may be recorded for an additional fee of twenty-five dollars, which shall be deposited in the recorders' fund established pursuant to subsection 1 of section 59.319.
   4. Documents which are exempt from format requirements and which the recorder of deeds may record include the following:
      (1) Documents which were signed prior to January 1, 2002;
      (2) Military separation papers;
      (3) Documents executed outside the United States;
      (4) Certified copies of documents, including birth and death certificates;
      (5) Any document where one of the original parties is deceased or otherwise incapacitated; and
      (6) Judgments or other documents formatted to meet court requirements.
5. Any document rejected by a recorder of deeds shall be returned to the preparer or presenter accompanied by an explanation of the reason it could not be recorded.

6. Recorders of deeds shall be allowed fees for their services as follows:
   (1) For recording every deed or instrument: five dollars for the first page and three dollars for each page thereafter except for plats and surveys;
   (2) For copying or reproducing any recorded instrument, except surveys and plats: a fee not to exceed two dollars for the first page and one dollar for each page thereafter;
   (3) For every certificate and seal, except when recording an instrument: one dollar;
   (4) For recording a plat or survey of a subdivision, outlets or condominiums: twenty-five dollars for each sheet of drawings or calculations based on a size not to exceed twenty-four inches in width by eighteen inches in height. For recording a survey of one or more tracts: five dollars for each sheet of drawings or calculations based on a size not to exceed twenty-four inches in width by eighteen inches in height. Any plat or survey larger than eighteen inches by twenty-four inches shall be counted as an additional sheet for each additional eighteen inches by twenty-four inches, or fraction thereof, plus five dollars per page of other material;
   (5) For copying a plat or survey of one or more tracts: a fee not to exceed five dollars for each sheet of drawings and calculations not larger than twenty-four inches in width and eighteen inches in height and one dollar for each page of other material;
   (6) For a document which releases or assigns more than one item: five dollars for each item beyond one released or assigned in addition to any other charges which may apply;
   (7) For every certified copy of a marriage license or application for a marriage license: two dollars;
   (8) For duplicate copies of the records in a medium other than paper, the recorder of deeds shall set a reasonable fee not to exceed the costs associated with document search and duplication; and
   (9) For all other use of equipment, personnel services and office facilities, the recorder of deeds may set a reasonable fee.

92.720. 1. If any of the lands or town lots contained in the back tax book or list of delinquent lands or lots remain unredeemed on the first day of January, the collector may file suit in the circuit court against such lands or lots to enforce the lien of the state and city as herein provided in sections 92.700 to 92.920.

2. The collector shall note opposite such tract in the back tax book the fact that suit has been commenced.

3. The collector shall compile lists of all state, city, school and other tax bills collectible by him which are delinquent according to his records and he shall assign a serial number to each parcel of real estate in each list and if suit has been filed in the circuit court of the city on any delinquent tax bill included in any list, the collector shall give the court docket number of each suit.

4. The sheriff may appoint the collector and the collector's deputies as deputy sheriffs, and when so appointed they may serve all process in matters pertaining to sections 92.700 to 92.920 with like effect as the sheriff himself might do.

5. No action for recovery of taxes against real estate shall be commenced, had or maintained, unless action therefor shall be commenced within five years after delinquency.

6. For any improved parcel identified by a city operating under sections 92.700 to 92.920 as being vacant, the collector shall, within no more than two years after delinquency, file suit in the circuit court against such lands or lots to enforce the lien of the state and the city as provided in sections 92.700 to 92.920.

Failure of the collector to bring suit within the time frame prescribed herein shall not constitute a defense or bar an action for the collection of taxes as otherwise provided by this section.

92.740. 1. A suit for the foreclosure of the tax liens herein provided for shall be instituted by filing in the appropriate office of the circuit clerk and with the land reutilization authority a petition, which petition shall contain a caption, a copy of the list prepared by the collector, and a prayer. Such petition without further allegation shall be deemed to be sufficient.

2. The caption shall be in the following form:

   In the Circuit Court of ______ Missouri,
   In the Matter of
   Foreclosure of Liens for Delinquent Land Taxes
   By Action in Rem.
   Collector of Revenue of ______, Missouri, Plaintiff
   -vs-
   Parcels of Land Encumbered with Delinquent Tax Liens, Defendants
3. The petition shall conclude with a prayer that all tax liens upon such real estate be foreclosed; that the court determine the amounts and priorities of all tax bills, together with interest, penalties, costs, and attorney's fees; that the court order such real estate to be sold by the sheriff at public sale as provided by sections 92.700 to 92.920 and that thereafter a report of such sale be made by the sheriff to the court for further proceedings under the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920.

4. The petition when so filed shall have the same force and effect with respect to each parcel of real estate therein described as a separate suit instituted to foreclose the tax lien or liens against any one of said parcels of real estate.

5. For each petition filed, the collector shall make available to the public a list detailing each parcel included in the suit.

92.750. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 of this section, any person having any right, title, or interest in, or lien upon, any parcel of real estate described in such petition may redeem such parcel of real estate by paying to the collector all of the sums mentioned therein, including principal, interest, penalties, attorney's fees and costs then due, at any time prior to the time of the foreclosure sale of such real estate by the sheriff.

2. In the event of failure to redeem prior to the time of the foreclosure sale by the sheriff, such person shall be barred and forever foreclosed of all his right, title and interest in and to the parcels of real estate described in such petition.

3. Upon redemption, as permitted by this section, the person redeeming shall be entitled to a certificate of redemption from the collector describing the property in the same manner as it is described in such petition, and the collector shall thereupon note on his records the word "redeemed" and the date of such payment opposite the description of such parcel of real estate.

4. For any improved nonhomestead parcel, any person having any right, title, or interest in, or lien upon, any parcel of real estate described in the petition may redeem such parcel of real estate at any time prior to the time of the foreclosure sale of such real estate by the sheriff by paying to the collector all of the sums due as of the date of redemption mentioned therein, including principal, interest, penalties, attorney's fees, and costs then due including, but not limited to, all debts owed to the city, exclusive of any debts owed to any statutorily created sewer district, that are known to the collector and that may be collected pursuant to section 67.451, such as amounts for water, forestry, nuisance abatement, special tax bills, and vacant building assessments.

92.760. 1. The collector shall also cause to be prepared and mailed in an envelope with postage prepaid, within thirty days after the filing of such petition, a brief notice of the filing of the suit, to the persons named in the petition as being the owners having an interest in the parcel, according to the records of the assessor, or otherwise known to the collector, for the respective parcels of real estate described in the petition. The notices shall be sent to the addresses of such persons upon the records of the assessor most likely to apprise the parties of the proceedings as provided, and in the event that any name or address does not appear on the records of the assessor, with respect to any parcel of real estate, the collector shall state in an affidavit, giving the serial number of each parcel of real estate affected. Such affidavit shall be filed in the suit with the circuit clerk not later than sixty days after the date of the first publication of the notice of foreclosure. The failure of the collector to mail the notice as provided in this section shall invalidate any proceedings brought pursuant to the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920. The failure of the collector to file the affidavit as provided in this section shall not affect the validity of any proceedings brought pursuant to the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920.

2. Such notice shall be substantially as follows:

To the person to whom this notice is addressed:

According to the available records in the assessor's office, you have a legal interest in one or more parcels of real estate described in a certain petition bearing cause No. ______ (fill in number of case) filed in the Circuit Court of ______, Missouri, at ______ (fill in city), on ______, 20______, wherein a foreclosure of the lien of various delinquent tax bills is sought and a court order asked for the purpose of selling such real estate at a public sale for payment of all delinquent tax bills, together with interest, penalties, attorney's fees and costs. Publication of notice of such foreclosure was commenced on the ______ day of ______, 20______, in ______ (here insert name of city), Missouri.
THE COLLECTOR OF THE CITY OF _____ (Insert name of city) HAS FILED A LAWSUIT AGAINST YOUR PROPERTY. THE LAWSUIT SAYS THAT YOU ARE BEHIND ON YOUR PROPERTY TAXES. YOU COULD LOSE YOUR PROPERTY IF YOU DON'T DO ANYTHING ABOUT THIS.

YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH THE COLLECTOR TO BRING YOUR TAXES UP TO DATE. YOU MAY CONTACT THE COLLECTOR BY CALLING _____ (Insert telephone number of collector). IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND THIS NOTICE, OR YOU DO NOT KNOW WHAT TO DO, YOU MAY CALL THIS OFFICE FOR FURTHER EXPLANATION OR SEE A LAWYER RIGHT AWAY.

Unless all delinquent taxes be paid upon the parcels of real estate described in such petition and such real estate redeemed prior to the time of the foreclosure sale of such real estate by the sheriff, the owner or any person claiming any right, title or interest in or to, or lien upon, any such parcels of real estate shall be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title and interest and equity of redemption in and to such parcels of real estate; except that any such persons shall have the right to file an answer in said suit on or before the ______ day of ______, 20______, in the office of the Circuit Clerk and a copy thereof to the Collector, setting forth in detail the nature and amount of the interest and any defense or objection to the foreclosure. Dated ______

__________________

Collector of Revenue
______, Missouri
(Name of City)
Address _____

92.765. Affidavits of publication of notice of foreclosure, and of posting, mailing, or other acts required by the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920 shall be filed in the office of the circuit clerk prior to the trial, and when so filed shall constitute part of the evidentiary documents in the foreclosure suit. Such affidavits shall be prima facie evidence of the performance of acts therein described, and may be so used in the trial of the suit, unless challenged by verified answer duly filed in the suit. The collector shall file with the court an affidavit of compliance with notice requirements of sections 92.700 to 92.920 prior to any sheriff's sale. The affidavit shall include the identities of all parties to whom notice was attempted and by what means. In the case of mailed notice returned undeliverable, the collector's affidavit shall certify that additional notice was attempted and by what means. The expense of complying with this section shall be taxed and collected as other costs in the suit.

92.770. 1. The collector may employ such attorneys as he deems necessary to collect such taxes and to prosecute suits for taxes.

2. Such attorneys shall receive as total compensation a sum, not to exceed six percent of the amount of taxes actually collected and paid into the treasury, and an additional sum not to exceed two dollars for each suit filed when publication is not necessary and not to exceed five dollars where publication is necessary, as may be agreed upon in writing and approved by the collector, before such services are rendered.

3. The attorney's fees shall be taxed as costs in the suit and collected as other costs.

92.775. 1. Upon the trial of the cause upon the question of foreclosure, the tax bill shall be prima facie proof that the tax described in the tax bill has been validly assessed at the time indicated by the tax bill and that the tax is unpaid. Any person alleging any jurisdictional defect or invalidity in the tax bill or in the sale thereof must particularly specify in his answer the defect or basis of invalidity, and must, upon trial, affirmatively establish such defense.

2. After the court has first determined the validity of the tax liens of all tax bills affecting parcels of real estate described in the petition, the priorities of the respective tax bills and the amounts due thereon, including principal, interest, penalties, attorney's fees, and costs, the court shall thereupon enter judgment of foreclosure of such liens and fix the time and place of the foreclosure sale. The petition shall be dismissed as to any parcel of real estate redeemed prior to the time fixed for the sheriff's foreclosure sale as provided in sections 92.700 to 92.920. If the parcel of real estate auctioned off at sheriff's foreclosure sale is sold for a sum sufficient to fully pay the
principal amount of all tax bills included in the judgment, together with interest, penalties, attorney's fees and costs, and for no more, and such sale is confirmed by the court, then all other proceedings as to such parcels of real estate shall be finally dismissed as to all parties and interests other than tax bill owners or holders; provided, however, that any parties seeking relief other than an interest in or lien upon the real estate may continue with said suit to a final adjudication of such other issues; provided, further, an appeal may be had as to any claim attacking the validity of the tax bill or bills or the priorities as to payment of proceeds of foreclosure sale. If the parcel of real estate auctioned off at sheriff's foreclosure sale is sold for a sum greater than the total amount necessary to pay the principal amount of all tax bills included in the judgment, together with interest, penalties, attorney's fees and costs, and such sale is confirmed by the court, and no appeal is taken by any person claiming any right, title or interest in or to or lien upon said parcel of real estate or by any person or taxing authority owning or holding or claiming any right, title or interest in or to any tax bills within the time fixed by law for the filing of notice of appeal, the court shall thereupon order the sheriff to make distribution to the owners or holders of the respective tax bills included in the judgment of the amounts found to be due and in the order of priorities. Thereafter all proceedings in the suit shall be ordered by the court to be dismissed as to such persons or taxing authorities owning, holding or claiming any right, title or interest in any such tax bill or bills so paid, and the case shall proceed as to any parties claiming any right, title, or interest in or lien upon the parcel of real estate affected by such tax bill or bills as to their respective claims to such surplus funds then remaining in the hands of the sheriff. The receipt of such surplus funds shall constitute a bar to any claim of right, title, or interest in, or lien upon, said parcel of real estate, by the fund recipient.

3. Whenever an answer is filed to the petition, as herein provided, a severance of the action as to all parcels of real estate affected by such answer shall be granted, and the issues raised by the petition and such answer shall be tried separate and apart from the other issues in the suit, but the granting of such severance shall not delay the trial or other disposition of any other issue in the case. A separate appeal may be taken from any other issue in the case. A separate appeal may be taken from any action of the court affecting any right, title or interest in or to, or lien upon, such real estate, other than issues of law and fact affecting the amount or validity of the lien of tax bills, but the proceeding to foreclose the lien of any tax bills shall not be stayed by such appeal. The trial shall be conducted by the court without the aid of a jury and the suit shall be in equity. This action shall take precedence over and shall be triable before any other action in equity affecting the title to such real estate, upon motion of any interested party.

92.810. 1. After the judgment of foreclosure has been entered, or, after a motion for a new trial has been overruled, or, if an appeal be taken from such judgment and the judgment has been affirmed, after the sheriff shall have been notified by any party to the suit that such judgment has been affirmed on appeal and that the mandate of the appellate court is on file with the circuit clerk, there shall be a waiting period of six months before any advertisement of sheriff's sale shall be published.

2. If any such parcel of real estate be not redeemed, or if no written contract providing for redemption be made within six months after the date of the judgment of foreclosure, if no motion for rehearing be filed, and, if filed, within six months after such motion may have been overruled, or, if an appeal be taken from such judgment and the judgment be affirmed, within six months after the sheriff shall have been notified by any party to the suit that such judgment has been affirmed on appeal and that the mandate of the appellate court is on file with the circuit clerk, the sheriff shall, after giving the notices required by subsection 4 or 5 of this section, commence to advertise the real estate described in the judgment and shall fix the date of sale within thirty days after the date of the first publication of the notice of sheriff's sale as herein provided, and shall at such sale proceed to sell the real estate.

3. No later than one hundred twenty days prior to the sheriff's sale, the collector shall send notice of the sale to the lienholders and interested parties, as disclosed upon the title abstract or report of the real estate for which tax bills thereon are delinquent. The notice shall provide the date, time, and place of the sale. The notice shall also state that the parcel may be redeemed prior to the sale as specified in section 92.750 or by entering into an agreement with the collector to pay the taxes included in the foreclosure suit under section 92.740. The notice required by this subsection shall be mailed in an envelope with postage prepaid. The cost of the mailing and notice as required by this subsection shall be included as costs in the case.
No later than twenty four days prior to the sheriff’s sale, the sheriff shall send notice of the sale to the following parties having interest in the parcel as disclosed upon the records of the assessor, or otherwise known to the collector, of the real estate for which tax bills thereon are delinquent: [the property owner], an interested party may avoid the sale by redeeming such parcel of real estate prior to the sale as specified in section 92.750 or, if applicable, by entering into an agreement with the collector to pay the taxes included in the foreclosure suit under section 92.740. The notice required by this subsection shall be mailed in an envelope with postage prepaid. The cost of mailing and notice as required by this subsection shall be included as costs at the sale of the real estate in the case.

No later than twenty four days prior to the sheriff’s sale, the sheriff shall enter upon the parcel subject to foreclosure of these tax liens and post a written informational notice in a conspicuous location, attached to a structure, and intended to be visible by the nearest public right-of-way. This notice shall describe the property; shall advise that it is the subject of delinquent land tax collection proceedings brought pursuant to sections 92.700 to 92.920 and that it may be sold for the payment of delinquent taxes at a sale to be held at a certain time, date, and place; and shall contain the serial number and the phone number and address of the collector, as well as a statement of the prohibition against removal unless the parcel has been redeemed. The notice shall be not less than eight inches by ten inches and shall be laminated or otherwise sufficiently weatherproof to withstand normal exposure to rain, snow, and other conditions. The sheriff shall document, by time-stamped photograph, compliance with this section, make said documentation generally available upon request, and provide verification by affidavit of compliance with this section. The cost of notice as required by this subsection shall be included as costs in the case.

In addition to the other notice requirements of this section, no later than twenty four days prior to the sheriff’s sale, the sheriff shall attempt in-person notice that shall describe the property; that shall advise that it is the subject of delinquent land tax collection proceedings brought pursuant to sections 92.700 to 92.920 and that it may be sold for the payment of delinquent taxes at a sale to be held at a certain time, date, and place; and that shall contain the serial number and phone number and address of the collector. In-person notice may be provided to any person found at the property. The sheriff shall note the date and time of attempted notice and the name, description, or other identifying information regarding the person to whom notice was attempted. The sheriff shall document compliance with this section, make said documentation generally available upon request, and provide verification by affidavit of compliance with this section. The cost of notice as required by this subsection shall be included as costs in the case.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary, any residential property which has not been redeemed by the end of the waiting period required by this section which has been determined to be of substandard quality or condition under the standards established by the residential renovation loan commission pursuant to sections 67.970 to 67.983 may, upon the request of the residential renovation loan commission, be transferred to the residential renovation loan commission for the purpose of renovation of the property. Any such property transferred pursuant to this subsection shall be renovated and sold by the residential renovation loan commission in the manner prescribed in sections 67.970 to 67.983. The residential renovation loan commission shall reimburse the land utilization authority for all expenses directly incurred in relation to such property under sections 92.700 to 92.920 prior to the transfer.

During such waiting period and at any time prior to the time of foreclosure sale by the sheriff, any interested party may redeem any parcel of real estate as provided by sections 92.700 to 92.920; except that during such time and at any time prior to the time of foreclosure sale by the sheriff, the collector shall enter into a written redemption contract with the owner of any real estate occupied as a homestead and who has not previously defaulted upon any such written redemption contract, provided that in no instance shall such installments exceed twelve in number or extend more than twenty-four months next after any agreement for such installment payments shall have been entered into; provided further, that upon good cause being shown by the owner of any parcel of real estate occupied as a homestead, or in the case of improved real estate with a total assessed valuation of not more than five thousand dollars, owned by an individual, the income from such property being a major factor in the total income of such individual, or by anyone on his behalf, the court may, in its discretion, fix the time and terms of payment in such contract to permit all of such installments to be paid within not longer than forty-eight months after any order or agreement as to installment payments shall have been made. The collector shall not enter into a redemption contract with respect to any improved parcel not occupied as a homestead.
2. So long as such installments be paid according to the terms of the contract, the six months' waiting period shall be extended, but if any installment be not paid when due, the extension of the waiting period shall be ended and the real estate shall immediately be advertised for sale or included in the next notice of sheriff's foreclosure sale. Notice shall also be sent to the redemption contract [payee] payer as specified in subsection [3] 4 of section 92.810.

3. On an annual basis, the collector shall make publicly available the number of parcels under redemption contract under this section.

92.817. 1. The court shall stay the sale of any parcel to be sold under execution of a tax foreclosure judgment obtained under this chapter, which is the subject of an action filed under sections 447.620 to 447.640, provided that the party that has brought such an action has, upon an order of the court, paid into the circuit court the principal amount of all land taxes then due and owing under the tax foreclosure judgment, exclusive of penalties and interest, prior to the date of any proposed sale under execution.

2. Upon the granting by the court of temporary possession of any property under section 447.632, upon order, the circuit court shall direct payment to the collector of all principal land taxes theretofore paid to the circuit court. In addition, in any order granting a final judgment or deed under section 447.625 or 447.640, the court shall also order the permanent extinguishment of penalties and interest arising from actions to collect delinquent land taxes due on the parcel against the grantee of said deed, and all successors in interest; excepting however, any defendant in such action.

3. If an owner of the parcel moves the court for restoration of possession under section 447.638, the owner shall pay into the circuit court all land tax amounts currently due and owing on the property, including all statutory penalties, interest, attorney's fees, and court costs retroactive to the date of accrual. Upon an order granting the restoration of possession to an owner under section 447.638, the court shall order that the funds paid to the court under subsection 2 of this section be returned to the payer, and that the funds paid to the court under this subsection be paid out to the collector.

4. If the party that brought the action under sections 447.620 to 447.640 dismisses its action prior to gaining temporary possession of the property, it shall recover any amounts paid into the circuit court prior to that date for principal land taxes.

92.825. 1. The sale shall be conducted, the sheriff's return thereof made, and the sheriff's deed pursuant to the sale executed, all as provided in the case of sales of real estate taken under execution except as otherwise provided in sections 92.700 to 92.920, and provided that such sale need not occur during the term of court or while the court is in session.

2. Such sale shall convey the whole interest of every person having or claiming any right, title or interest in or lien upon such real estate, whether such person has answered or not, subject to rights-of-way thereon of public utilities upon which tax has been otherwise paid, and subject only to the tax lien thereon, if any, of the United States of America.

3. The collector shall advance from current tax collections the sums necessary to pay for the publication of all advertisements required by the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920 and shall be allowed credit therefor in his accounts with the taxing authorities on a pro rata basis. He shall give credit in such accounts for all such advances recovered by him. Such expenses of publication shall be apportioned pro rata among and taxed as costs against the respective parcels of real estate described in the judgment; provided, however, that none of the costs herein enumerated, including the costs of publication, shall constitute any lien upon the real estate after such sale.

4. No person shall be eligible to bid at the time of the sheriff's sale unless such person has, no later than ten days before the sale date, demonstrated to the satisfaction of the collector or sheriff that the person is not the owner of any parcel of real estate in the city that is subject to delinquent property taxes, unpaid special tax bills, or vacant building fees. A prospective bidder shall be prohibited from participating in the delinquent land tax sale if he or she has previously bid at a sheriff's sale and failed to pay bid amounts, confirm the sale, or sign a sheriff's deed. The collector or sheriff may require prospective bidders to submit an affidavit attesting to the requirements of this section and is expressly authorized to permanently preclude any prospective bidder from participating in the sale for failure to comply with this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any taxing authority or land reutilization authority shall be eligible to bid at any sale conducted under this section without making such a demonstration.

The purchaser at a sale conducted by the sheriff shall pay cash immediately at the end of bidding of each parcel on the day of the sale in an amount including all taxes then due and owing, which may be in an amount in excess of or less than the judgment amount, and other costs, exclusive of any amounts for debts owed to any statutorily created sewer district [as otherwise provided by law].
92.835. 1. The title to any real estate which shall vest in the land reutilization authority under the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920 shall be held by the land reutilization authority of the city in trust for the tax bill owners and taxing authorities having an interest in any tax liens which were foreclosed, as their interests may appear in the judgment of foreclosure.

2. The title to any real estate which shall vest in any purchaser, upon confirmation of such sale by the court, shall be an absolute estate in fee simple, subject to rights-of-way thereon of public utilities on which tax has been otherwise paid, and subject to any tax lien thereon of the United States of America, if any, and all persons, including the state of Missouri, any taxing authority or tax district as defined herein, judgment creditors, lienholders, minors, incapacitated and disabled persons, and nonresidents who may have had any right, title, interest, claim, or equity of redemption in or to, or lien upon, such lands shall be barred and forever foreclosed of all such right, title, interest, claim, lien or equity of redemption, and the court shall order immediate possession of such real estate be given to such purchaser, provided, however, that such title shall also be subject to the liens of any tax bills which may have attached to such parcel of real estate prior to the time of the filing of the petition affecting such parcel of real estate not then delinquent, or which may have attached after the filing of the petition and prior to sheriff's sale and not included in any answer to such petition, but. If such parcel of real estate is sold to the land reutilization authority the title thereto shall be free of any [such] liens to the extent of the interest of any taxing authority in such real estate; provided further, that such title shall not be subject to the lien of special tax bills [which has attached to the parcel of real estate prior to January 1, 1972, but the lien of such special tax bills shall attach to the proceeds of the sheriff's sale or to the proceeds of the ultimate sale of such parcel by the land reutilization authority].

92.840. 1. Within six months after the sheriff sells any parcel of real estate, the court shall, upon its own motion or upon motion of any interested party, set the cause down for hearing to confirm or set aside the foreclosure sale of the real estate, even though such parcels are not all of the parcels of real estate described in the notice of sheriff's foreclosure sale. Notice of the hearing shall be sent by any interested party, or the court, moving to confirm the foreclosure sale, to each person who [received] was sent notice of sale as specified in [subsection 3] subsections 4 and 5 of section 92.810 and to any other necessary parties as required by prevailing notions of due process. At the time of such hearing, the sheriff shall make report of the sale, and the court shall hear evidence of the value of the property offered on behalf of any interested party to the suit, and shall immediately determine whether an adequate consideration has been paid for each such parcel. Any parcel deemed to have been purchased by the land reutilization authority pursuant to section 92.830 shall not require any inquiry as to value. The court's judgment shall include a specific finding that adequate notice was provided to all necessary parties pursuant to prevailing notions of due process and sections 92.700 to 92.920, reciting the notice efforts of the collector, sheriff, and tax sale purchaser. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to preclude a successful tax sale purchaser from asserting a claim to quiet title to the bid upon parcel pursuant to section 527.150.

2. For this purpose, the court shall have power to summon any city official or any private person to testify as to the reasonable value of the property, and if the court finds that adequate consideration has been paid, he shall confirm the sale and order the sheriff to issue a deed with restriction as provided herein to the purchaser subject to the application of an occupancy permit for all parcels as provided in subsection [5] 7 of this section. If the court finds that the consideration paid is inadequate, the purchaser may increase his bid to such amount as the court may deem to be adequate, whereupon the court may confirm the sale. If, however, the purchaser declines to increase his bid and make such additional payment, then the sale shall be disapproved, the lien of the judgment continued, and such parcel of real estate shall be again advertised and offered for sale by the sheriff to the highest bidder at public auction for cash at any subsequent sheriff's foreclosure sale.

3. If the sale is confirmed, the court shall order the proceeds of the sale applied in the following order:

1. To the payment of the costs of the publication of the notice of foreclosure and of the sheriff's foreclosure sale;

2. To the payment of all of the collector and sheriff's costs including appraiser's fee and attorney's fees;

3. To the payment of all tax bills adjudged to be due in the order of their priority, including principal, interest and penalties thereon. If, after such payment, there is any sum remaining of the proceeds of the sheriff's foreclosure sale, the court shall thereupon try and determine the other issues in the suit in accordance with section 92.775. If any answering parties have specially appealed as provided in section 92.845, the court shall retain the custody of such funds pending disposition of such appeal, and upon disposition of such appeal shall make such distribution. If there are not sufficient proceeds of the sale to pay all claims in any class described, the court shall order the same to be paid pro rata in accordance with the priorities.
4. If there are any funds remaining of the proceeds after the sheriff's sale and after the distribution of such funds as set out in this section and no person entitled to any such funds, whether or not a party to the suit, shall, within two years after such sale, appear and claim the funds, they shall be distributed ten percent to the affordable housing trust fund or equivalent of such city operating under sections 92.700 to 92.920 for purposes that promote the reduction and prevention of vacant properties, with the remainder to be distributed to the appropriate taxing authorities.

5. Any city operating under the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920, by ordinance, may elect to allocate a portion of its share of the proceeds of the sheriff's sale towards a fund for the purpose of defending against claims challenging the sufficiency of notice provisions under this section.

6. For the purpose of this section, the term "occupancy permit" shall mean the certificate of inspection or occupancy permit for residential or commercial structures as provided for in the revised municipal code of any city not within a county, which now has or may hereafter have a population in excess of three hundred thousand inhabitants.

[6] 7. If there is a building or structure on the parcel, the purchaser shall apply for an occupancy permit from the city or appropriate governmental agency within ten days after the confirmation hearing. Any purchaser who is a public corporation acting in a governmental capacity shall not be required to acquire the occupancy permit. When a parcel, acquired at a sheriff sale, containing a building is sold from a public corporation acting in a governmental capacity, the subsequent purchaser shall be required to apply for the occupancy permit. Failure to apply for such occupancy permit within ten days after confirmation shall result in the sale and confirmation being immediately set aside by the motion of any interested party and that parcel shall again be advertised and offered for sale by the sheriff to the highest bidder at public auction for cash at any subsequent sheriff foreclosure sale.

[2] 8. The sheriff shall include a deed restriction in the sheriff's deed, issued after confirmation and after the application of an occupancy permit for any parcel containing a building or structure. The deed restriction shall state that the purchasers at the sheriff's sale who had the property confirmed and who applied for an occupancy permit shall obtain an occupancy permit for the building or structure from the appropriate governmental agency prior to any subsequent transfer or sale of this property. This deed restriction shall not exist as a lien against such real estate [while the purchasers hold same in the amount of five thousand dollars]. The purchasers of the property at the sheriff sale who had the property confirmed and applied for the occupancy permit shall agree that in the event of their failure to obtain an occupancy permit prior to any subsequent transfer of the property, they shall pay to the sheriff the sum of five thousand dollars as fixed, liquidated and ascertained damages without proof of loss or damages. These damages shall not constitute a lien on property, and the sheriff shall have the discretionary power to file a lawsuit against such purchaser for collection of these liquidated damages. These liquidated damages shall be distributed on a prorated basis to the appropriate taxing authority after the sheriff deducts all costs, expenses and attorney's fees for such lawsuits. The sheriff may employ attorneys as he deems necessary to collect liquidated damages.

9. If any sale is not confirmed within six months after the sale, any set-aside of the sale may, at the discretion of the court or collector, include a penalty of twenty-five percent of the bid amount over and above the opening bid amount, and such penalty shall be directed to the affordable housing trust fund or the equivalent, if any, of a city operating under sections 92.700 to 92.920.

10. Any interested party, other than the sheriff's sale purchaser, who moves the court to set aside a sheriff's sale after the issuance of a sheriff's deed made under the provisions of sections 92.700 to 92.920 shall be required to pay into the court the redemption amount otherwise necessary under section 92.750 prior to the court hearing any such motion to set aside. The court may hear any motion to confirm brought under the terms of this section if the redemption amount is not paid by the interested party moving the court to set aside the sale.

92.852. Any sheriff's deed given pursuant to the municipal land reutilization law shall be subject to a recording fee for the costs of recording the deed that shall be assessed and collected from the purchaser of the property at the same time the proceeds from the sale are collected. All such deeds shall be recorded at the office of the recorder of deeds within two months after the sheriff's deed is given. If no proceeding to set aside the confirmation judgment is before the court, the court shall confirm the sale.

92.855. Each sheriff's deed given pursuant to the provisions of the municipal land reutilization law shall be prima facie evidence that the suit and all proceedings therein and all proceedings prior thereto from and including assessment of the lands affected thereby and all notices required by law were regular and in accordance with all provisions of the law relating thereto. [After two years from the date of the recording of such sheriff's deed, the presumption shall be conclusive, unless at the time that this section takes effect the two-year period since the recording of such sheriff's deed has expired, or less than six months of such period of two years remains unexpired, in which latter case the presumption shall become conclusive six months after September 28, 1971.] No suit to set aside or to attack the validity of any such sheriff's deed shall be commenced or maintained unless the suit is filed prior to the time that the presumption becomes conclusive, as aforesaid."

"
Further amend said bill, Page 18, Section 304.022, Line 110, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"442.130. 1. All deeds or other conveyances of lands, or of any estate or interest therein, shall be subscribed by the party granting the same, or by his lawful agent, and shall be acknowledged or proved and certified in the manner herein prescribed.

2. All written instruments conveying real estate or any interest in real estate shall state whether any natural person acting as grantors, mortgagors, or other parties executing the instrument are married or unmarried."

and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 19

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 1, Section Title, Lines 5-6, by striking "county officials" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"political subdivisions"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"67.2300. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Department", any department authorized to allocate funds raised by the state or federal funds received by the state for housing or homelessness;

(2) "State funds", any funds raised by the state and federal funds received by the state for housing or homelessness, but shall not include any federal funds not able to be used for housing programs pursuant to this section due to federal statutory or regulatory restrictions.

2. State funds for the homeless shall be used for the following:

(1) For parking areas, each area shall provide:

(a) Access to potable water and electric outlets; and

(b) Access to bathrooms sufficient to serve all of the parking areas;

(2) For camping facilities, individuals experiencing homelessness may camp and store personal property at such facilities, which shall be subject to the following:

(a) Individuals shall only camp and store personal property at such facilities in the areas designated to each individual by the agency providing the camping facilities; and

(b) Facilities shall provide a mental health and substance use evaluation as designated by a state or local agency and individuals may complete such evaluation;

(3) For individual shelters, which shall be subject to the following:

(a) Be suitable to house between one and three individuals;

(b) Provide basic sleeping accommodations and access to electricity;

(c) Provide adequate access to showers and bathroom facilities; and

(d) Be limited to occupation by each individual for a period of not more than two years;

(4) For congregate shelters housing more than four homeless individuals in one space, state funds shall be available only to the extent the shelter monitors and provides programs to improve the employment, income, and prevention of return to homelessness of individuals leaving those shelters. The department shall provide performance payments of up to ten percent for such programs that meet guidelines as established by the department.

Individuals utilizing such facilities pursuant to this subsection shall be entered into a homelessness management information system maintained by the local continuum of care.

3. A private campground owner or an employee or officer of a private campground operating such facility pursuant to this section shall be subject to the provisions of section 537.328.

4. (1) State funds otherwise used for the construction of permanent housing for the homeless shall be used to assist such individuals with substance use, mental health treatment, and other services, including short-term housing. The department shall provide up to twenty-five percent of the base allocation of such funds as performance payments to political subdivisions or not-for-profit organizations providing such services as rewards for meeting predetermined goals on reductions of:
(a) Days unhoused;
(b) Days in jail or prison; and
(c) Days hospitalized, with the weights of such days to be determined by the department.
(2) Political subdivisions and not-for-profit organizations may use state grants otherwise used for permanent housing to conduct surveys to identify individuals with the greatest number of days unhoused, in jail or prison, or hospitalized but these expenses shall not exceed ten percent of the total grant amount.

5. No person shall be permitted to use state-owned lands for unauthorized sleeping, camping, or the construction of long-term shelters. Any violation of this subsection shall be a class C misdemeanor; however, for the first offense such individual shall be given a warning, and no citation shall be issued unless that individual refuses to move to any offered services or shelter.

6. (1) A political subdivision shall not adopt or enforce any policy under which the political subdivision prohibits or discourages the enforcement of any order or ordinance prohibiting public camping, sleeping, or obstructions of sidewalks.
(2) In compliance with subsection 5 of this section, a political subdivision shall not prohibit or discourage a peace officer or prosecuting attorney who is employed by or otherwise under the direction or control of the political subdivision from enforcing any order or ordinance prohibiting public camping, sleeping, or obstructions of sidewalks.
(3) The provisions of this section shall not prohibit a policy of any political subdivision that encourages diversion programs or offering of services in lieu of a citation or arrest.
(4) The attorney general shall have the power to bring a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction against any political subdivision to enjoin the political subdivision from violating the provisions of this subsection.
(5) The attorney general may recover reasonable expenses incurred in any civil action brought under this section, including court costs, reasonable attorney's fees, investigative costs, witness fees, and deposition costs.

7. Any political subdivision with a higher per-capita rate of homelessness than the state average, as determined by the most recent United States census numbers for the overall population and the most recent federal Department of Housing and Urban Development homelessness point-in-time continuum of care, as defined by 24 C.F.R. 578.5(a), in which the political subdivision is located, shall, within one year of the passage of this act, receive no further state funding by the department until the department determines:
(1) The political subdivision has a per-capita rate of unsheltered homeless individuals at or below the state average; or
(2) The political subdivision is in compliance with subsection 6 of this act.

8. The department authorized to allocate funds pursuant to this section may promulgate all rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after January 1, 2023, shall be invalid and void.

9. The provisions of this section, including references to the disbursement of state grants and funds, shall not apply to shelters for victims of domestic violence as defined in section 455.200."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 26, Section 50.810, Line 65, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section B. The enactment of section 67.2300 of this act shall become effective on January 1, 2023."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 21

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 22, Section 473.742, Line 113, by inserting after all of said line the following:
"523.061. After the filing of the commissioners' report pursuant to section 523.040, the circuit judge presiding over the condemnation proceeding shall apply the provisions of section 523.039 and shall determine whether a homestead taking has occurred and shall determine whether heritage value is payable and shall increase the commissioners' award to provide for the additional compensation due where a homestead taking occurs or where heritage value applies, in accordance with the just compensation provisions of section 523.039. If a jury trial of exceptions occurs under section 523.060 and the circuit judge presiding over the condemnation proceeding has determined that a homestead taking has occurred or heritage value is payable, the circuit judge presiding over the condemnation proceeding shall apply the provisions of section 523.039 and shall determine whether a homestead taking has occurred and shall determine whether heritage value is payable and shall increase the jury verdict to provide for the additional compensation due where a homestead taking occurs or where heritage value applies, in accordance with the just compensation provisions of section 523.039. Notwithstanding any other provision of law in sections 523.001 to 523.286 to the contrary, a circuit judge who determines that heritage value is payable as provided in this section shall not increase the commissioners' award or jury verdict to provide for the additional compensation due where heritage value applies if the plaintiff is a city, town, or village that is incorporated in accordance with the laws of this state and the plaintiff moves for exclusion of the heritage value and shows after an evidentiary hearing by a preponderance of the evidence that the property taken has been:

1. Abandoned;
2. Declared a nuisance and been ordered to be vacated;
3. Demolished or repaired after notice and hearing; or
4. Materially and negatively contributed to a blighted area as that term is defined in section 99.805.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 23

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1606, Page 11, Section 58.200, Line 17, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"70.631. 1. Each political subdivision may, by majority vote of its governing body, elect to cover emergency telecommunicators, jailors, and emergency medical service personnel as public safety personnel members of the system. The clerk or secretary of the political subdivision shall certify an election concerning the coverage of emergency telecommunicators, jailors, and emergency medical service personnel as public safety personnel members of the system to the board within ten days after such vote. The date in which the political subdivision's election becomes effective shall be the first day of the calendar month specified by such governing body, the first day of the calendar month next following receipt by the board of the certification of the election, or the effective date of the political subdivision's becoming an employer, whichever is the latest date. Such election shall not be changed after the effective date. If the election is made, the coverage provisions shall be applicable to all past and future employment with the employer by present and future employees. If a political subdivision makes no election under this section, no emergency telecommunicator, jailor, or emergency medical service personnel of the political subdivision shall be considered public safety personnel for purposes determining a minimum service retirement age as defined in section 70.600.

2. If an employer elects to cover emergency telecommunicators, jailors, and emergency medical service personnel as public safety personnel members of the system, the employer's contributions shall be correspondingly changed effective the same date as the effective date of the political subdivision's election.

3. The limitation on increases in an employer's contributions provided by subsection 6 of section 70.730 shall not apply to any contribution increase resulting from an employer making an election under the provisions of this section.

4. The provisions of this section shall only apply to counties of the third classification and any county of the first classification with more than seventy thousand but fewer than eighty-three thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than thirteen thousand five hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand inhabitants as the county seat, and any political subdivisions located, in whole or in part, within such counties.")}; and
Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate conferees be allowed to exceed the differences specific to the sunset on tax credits in SS SCS HCS HB 1720, as amended, and further, that the House conferees be allowed to exceed the differences to clarify provisions for the specialty crops contained in Sections 348.491 and 348.493 to clarify provisions.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate grants the House further conference on SS HB 2149, as amended.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in SS SCS SBs 775, 751 & 640 with HCS, as amended, and requests the House to recede from its position and failing to so grant the Senate a conference thereon.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted HCS SCS SB 886, as amended, and has taken up and passed HCS SCS SB 886, as amended.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed SS SCS HCS HB 2168 entitled:

An act to repeal sections 288.132, 303.025, 303.041, 319.129, 375.159, 376.380, and 379.011, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirteen new sections relating to insurance, with penalty provisions and an effective date for certain sections.

With Senate Amendment No. 2.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2168, Page 79, Section 376.380, Line 1233, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"376.1800.  1.  As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
   (1) "Medical retainer agreement", a contract between a [physician] provider and an individual patient or such individual patient's legal representative in which the [physician] provider agrees to provide certain health care services described in the agreement to the individual patient for an agreed-upon fee and period of time;
   (2) ["Physician"] "Provider", a chiropractor licensed under chapter 331, a dentist licensed under chapter 332, or a physician licensed under chapter 334.  [Physician] Provider includes an individual [physician] provider or a group of [physicians] providers.
   2.  A medical retainer agreement is not insurance and is not subject to this chapter.  Entering into a medical retainer agreement is not the business of insurance and is not subject to this chapter.
   3.  A [physician] provider or agent of a [physician] provider is not required to obtain a certificate of authority or license under this section to market, sell, or offer to sell a medical retainer agreement.
   4.  To be considered a medical retainer agreement for the purposes of this section, the agreement shall meet all of the following requirements:
      (1) Be in writing;"
(2) Be signed by the [physician provider] or agent of the [physician provider] and the individual patient or such individual patient's legal representative;
(3) Allow either party to terminate the agreement on written notice to the other party;
(4) Describe the specific health care services that are included in the agreement;
(5) Specify the fee for the agreement;
(6) Specify the period of time under the agreement; and
(7) Prominently state in writing that the agreement is not health insurance.

5. (1) For any patient who enters into a medical retainer agreement under this section and who has established a health savings account (HSA) in compliance with 26 U.S.C. Section 223, or who has a flexible spending arrangement (FSA) or health reimbursement arrangement (HRA), fees under the patient's medical retainer agreement may be paid from such health savings account or reimbursed through such flexible spending arrangement or health reimbursement arrangement, subject to any federal or state laws regarding qualified expenditures from a health savings account, or reimbursement through a flexible spending arrangement or a health reimbursement arrangement.
(2) The employer of any patient described in subdivision (1) of this subsection may:
(a) Make contributions to such patient's health savings account, flexible spending arrangement, or health reimbursement arrangement to cover all or any portion of the agreed-upon fees under the patient's medical retainer agreement, subject to any federal or state restrictions on contributions made by an employer to a health savings account, or reimbursement through a flexible spending arrangement, or health reimbursement arrangement; or
(b) Pay the agreed-upon fees directly to the [physician provider] under the medical retainer agreement.

6. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting, limiting, or otherwise restricting a [physician provider] in a collaborative practice arrangement from entering into a medical retainer agreement under this section.

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed SS HCS HB 2005 entitled:

An act to repeal sections 523.010, 523.039, 523.040, and 523.256, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to eminent domain for certain utilities.

With Senate Amendment No. 2.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 2005, Page 5, Section 523.025, Line 4, by inserting after "easement" the following:

"in this state"; and

Further amend Line 7, by inserting after "needed" the following:

"in this state"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 6, Section 523.039, Line 37, by inserting after "393.110," the following:

"for the purposes of constructing electric plant subject to a certificate of convenience and necessity under subsection 1 of section 393.170"; and

Further amend Line 39 by inserting after "court." the following:

"The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to applications filed pursuant to section 393.170 prior to August 28, 2022."; and
Further amend said bill, Page 8, Section 523.040, Line 64, by inserting after "property," the following:

"for purposes of constructing electric plant subject to a certificate of convenience and necessity under subsection 1 of section 393.170"; and

Further amend Line 68 by inserting after "situated." the following:

"The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to applications filed pursuant to section 393.170 prior to August 28, 2022."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 9, Section 523.256, Lines 19-28, by striking all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"hundred forty-five kilovolts or greater, but not for condemnation of such property by an electrical corporation operating under a cooperative business plan as described in section 393.110, for the purposes of constructing electric plant subject to a certificate of convenience and necessity under subsection 1 of section 393.170, the total compensation package offered was no lower than the amount reflected in an appraisal performed by a state-licensed or state-certified appraiser for the condemning authority multiplied by one hundred fifty percent. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to applications filed pursuant to section 393.170 prior to August 28, 2022;".

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the President Pro Tem has appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like committee from the House on SS HB 2149, as amended.

Senators: Eslinger, Riddle, Brown, Schupp, Beck

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed SB 987 entitled:

An act to repeal sections 313.800 and 313.805, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to excursion gambling boat facilities.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Read the first time.

REFERRAL OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Bills were referred to the Committee indicated:

SS SCS HCS HB 1606, as amended - Fiscal Review
SS HCS HB 2005, as amended - Fiscal Review
SS SCS HCS HB 2168, as amended - Fiscal Review

RE-APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

The Speaker re-appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like committee from the Senate on the following bill:

SS HB 2149, as amended: Representatives Shields, Evans, Black (137), Doll, and Lewis (25)
THIRD READING OF SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

SCR 31, relating to approval of the Missouri Water Resources Plan, was taken up by Representative Francis.

On motion of Representative Francis, the title of SCR 31 was agreed to.

On motion of Representative Francis, SCR 31 was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

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<th>AYES: 107</th>
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<td>Taylor 139</td>
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<td>Mr. Speaker</td>
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PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 018

| Bailey    | Black 7  | Coleman 32 | Deaton  | DeGroot |
| Ellebracht | Evans    | Gregory 96 | Hardwick | Hovis   |
| Patterson | Price IV | Roden      | Rogers  | Rone    |
| Smith 155 | West     | Windham    |         |         |

VACANCIES: 007
Speaker Vescovo declared the bill passed.

Representative Eggleston assumed the Chair.

RECESS

On motion of Representative Plocher, the House recessed until 3:15 p.m.

The hour of recess having expired, the House was called to order by Representative Eggleston.

Representative Kelly (141) suggested the absence of a quorum.

The following roll call indicated a quorum present:

AYES: 033

Anderson  Atchison  Basye  Billington  Brown 16
Brown 27  Busick  Cook  Davidson  Davis
Deaton  Haden  Haffner  Johnson  Kelly 141
Lewis 6  Lovasco  Mayhew  McGirl  Morse
Pollock 123  Railsback  Richey  Riggs  Rogers
Sander  Seitz  Sharpe 4  Shields  Taylor 139
Van Schoiack  Veit  Walsh 50

NOES: 001

Gregory 51

PRESENT: 089

Appelbaum  Aune  Baker  Bangert  Baringer
Black 137  Boggs  Bosley  Bromley  Brown 70
Buchheit-Courtway  Burger  Burnett  Burton  Butz
Chipman  Coleman 97  Collins  Copeland  Derges
Dinkins  Dogan  Doll  Eggleston  Ellebracht
Falkner  Fitzwater  Fogle  Francis  Gray
Gregory 96  Griffith  Gunby  Haley  Henderson
Houx  Hovis  Hudson  Hurlbert  Ingle
Kalberloh  Kelley 127  Kidd  Lewis 25  McCreery
McDaniel  McGaugh  Merideth  Mosley  Murphy
Nurrenbern  O'Donnell  Owen  Perkins  Person
Phifer  Pike  Pollitt 52  Porter  Pouche
Proudie  Reddy  Riley  Roberts  Roden
Rone  Sauls  Schnelting  Schwadron  Sharp 36
Shaull  Smith 45  Smith 67  Stacy  Stephens 128
Tate  Taylor 48  Terry  Thomas  Thompson
Toalson Reisch  Turnbaugh  Unsicker  Walsh Moore 93  Weber
Wiemann  Wright  Young  Mr. Speaker

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 033

Adams  Aldridge  Andrews  Bailey  Barnes
Black 7  Bland Manlove  Christofanelli  Clemens  Coleman 32
Cupps  DeGroot  Evans  Fishel  Grier
COMMITTEE REPORTS

Committee on Fiscal Review, Chairman Fitzwater reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred SS SCS HCS HB 1606, as amended, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass by the following vote:

Ayes (4): Baringer, Fitzwater, Fogle and Richey
Noes (3): Chipman, Eggleston and Walsh (50)
Absent (0)

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred SS HCS HB 2005, as amended, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass by the following vote:

Ayes (5): Chipman, Eggleston, Fitzwater, Richey and Walsh (50)
Noes (2): Baringer and Fogle
Absent (0)

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred SS SCS HCS HB 2168, as amended, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass by the following vote:

Ayes (6): Baringer, Chipman, Eggleston, Fitzwater, Fogle and Richey
Noes (1): Walsh (50)
Absent (0)

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the President Pro Tem has appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like committee from the House on HCS SB 820, as amended.

Senators: Burlison, Bean, Schatz, Schupp, Beck

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in HCS#2 SB 710, as amended, and requests the House to recede from its position and failing to do so grant the Senate a conference thereon.
Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted HCS SS#2 SCS SB 745, as amended, and has taken up and passed HCS SS#2 SCS SB 745, as amended.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in HCS SB 845, as amended, and requests the House to recede from its position and failing to do so grant the Senate a conference thereon.

**BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES**

HCS SS SCS SBs 775, 751 & 640, as amended, relating to judicial proceedings, was taken up by Representative Kelly (141).

Representative Kelly (141) moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on HCS SS SCS SBs 775, 751 & 640, as amended, and grant the Senate a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

**HOUSE BILLS WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS**

SS SCS HCS HB 1606, as amended, relating to political subdivisions, was taken up by Representative McGaugh.

Representative McGaugh moved that the House refuse to adopt SS SCS HCS HB 1606, as amended, and request the Senate to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the House a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

SS SCS HCS HB 2168, as amended, relating to insurance, was taken up by Representative Porter.

Representative Porter moved that the House refuse to adopt SS SCS HCS HB 2168, as amended, and request the Senate to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the House a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

**BILLS IN CONFERENCE**

SS SCS HCS HB 1720, as amended, relating to agricultural economic opportunities, was taken up by Representative Pollitt (52).

Representative Pollitt (52) moved that the House conferees be allowed to exceed the differences on SS SCS HCS HB 1720, as amended, in Section 348.491 and Section 348.493.

Which motion was adopted.

Speaker Vescovo resumed the Chair.
APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

The Speaker appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like committee from the Senate on the following bill:

**HCS SS SCS SBs 775, 751 & 640, as amended:** Representatives Kelly (141), Fitzwater, Dinkins, Young, and Sharp (36)

**BILLS IN CONFERENCE**

**HCS SS SCS SBs 681 & 662, as amended**, relating to elementary and secondary education, was taken up by Representative Basye.

Representative Basye moved that the House conferees be allowed to exceed the differences on **HCS SS SCS SBs 681 & 662, as amended**, in Section 160.077.

Representative Taylor (139) resumed the Chair.

Representative Basye again moved that the House conferees be allowed to exceed the differences on **HCS SS SCS SBs 681 & 662, as amended**, in Section 160.077.

Which motion was adopted.

**COMMITTEE REPORTS**

**Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources**, Chairman Pietzman reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Conservation and Natural Resources, to which was referred **SB 984**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(25)(c) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (14): Bangert, Basye, Brown (70), Dinkins, Haden, Haley, Knight, Lewis (25), Mayhew, Pietzman, Sassmann, Taylor (48), Turnbaugh and Walsh Moore (93)

Noes (1): Burton

Absent (6): Chipman, Cupps, Grier, McDaniel, Pollock (123) and Rone

**Committee on Judiciary**, Chairman Evans reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred **SS SCS SB 683**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(28)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (10): Anderson, Black (137), Davis, Ellebracht, Evans, Reedy, Riley, Sauls, Schroer and Veit

Noes (0)

Absent (1): Mackey
Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred SS#2 SCS SB 968, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(28)(b) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (10): Anderson, Black (137), Davis, Ellebracht, Evans, Reedy, Riley, Sauls, Schroer and Veit

Noes (0)

Absent (1): Mackey

**Special Committee on Urban Issues**, Chairman Proudie reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Special Committee on Urban Issues, to which was referred SS SB 798, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass with House Committee Substitute**, and pursuant to Rule 24(28)(a) be referred to the Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight by the following vote:

Ayes (6): Aldridge, Anderson, Hardwick, Hovis, Proudie and Veit

Noes (0)

Absent (3): Cupps, Falkner and Sharp (36)

**Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight**, Chairman Eggleston reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight, to which was referred HCS HB 2909, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass** by the following vote:

Ayes (8): Cupps, Dogan, Eggleston, Fitzwater, Gregory (51), Hudson, McGaugh and Patterson

Noes (4): Gregory (96), Ingle, Mackey and Smith (45)

Absent (2): Bosley and McDaniel

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight, to which was referred SJR 39, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass** by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Cupps, Dogan, Eggleston, Fitzwater, Gregory (51), Gregory (96), Hudson, McGaugh and Patterson

Noes (3): Ingle, Mackey and Smith (45)

Absent (2): Bosley and McDaniel

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight, to which was referred SB 652, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass** by the following vote:

Ayes (9): Dogan, Fitzwater, Gregory (51), Hudson, Ingle, Mackey, McGaugh, Patterson and Smith (45)

Noes (3): Cupps, Eggleston and Gregory (96)

Absent (2): Bosley and McDaniel
Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight, to which was referred HCS SS SB 690, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass by the following vote:

Ayes (8): Bosley, Dogan, Fitzwater, Gregory (51), Ingle, McGaugh, Patterson and Smith (45)

Noes (3): Cupps, Eggleston and Hudson

Absent (3): Gregory (96), Mackey and McDaniel

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Administrative Oversight, to which was referred HCS SCS SB 799, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass by the following vote:

Ayes (8): Cupps, Dogan, Eggleston, Fitzwater, Gregory (51), Hudson, McGaugh and Patterson

Noes (3): Bosley, Ingle and Smith (45)

Absent (3): Gregory (96), Mackey and McDaniel

Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight, Chairman Christofanelli reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules - Legislative Oversight, to which was returned HJR 110, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass with House Committee Substitute No. 2 by the following vote:

Ayes (4): Basye, Christofanelli, Haffner and Hicks

Noes (2): Aune and Rogers

Absent (5): Bailey, Chipman, Kelly (141), Proudie and Richey

REFERRAL OF SENATE BILLS

SB 652  -  Fiscal Review
HCS SS SB 690  -  Fiscal Review
HCS SCS SB 799  -  Fiscal Review

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 2
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 2149

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 2149, with Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Amendment No. 3, Senate Amendment No. 3, as amended, and Senate Amendment No. 5, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:
1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 2149, as amended;

2. That the House recede from its position on House Bill No. 2149;

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute No. 2 for Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 2149, be Third Read and Finally Passed.

FOR THE HOUSE: 
/s/ Representative Brenda Shields  
/s/ Representative John Black  
/s/ Representative David Evans  
/s/ Representative Jo Doll  
/s/ Representative Patty Lewis  

FOR THE SENATE: 
/s/ Senator Karla Eslinger  
/s/ Senator Jeanie Riddle  
/s/ Senator Justin Brown  
/s/ Senator Doug Beck  
/s/ Senator Jill Schupp  

REFERRAL OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORTS

The following Conference Committee Report was referred to the Committee indicated:

CCR#2 SS HB 2149, as amended - Fiscal Review

RECESS

On motion of Representative Plocher, the House recessed until such time as CCR SS SCS HCS HB 1720, as amended, CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3002 through CCR SCS HCS HB 3013, and CCR SCS HCS HB 3015 are distributed or 9:00 p.m., whichever is earlier, and then stand adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Friday, May 6, 2022.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 1720

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1720, with Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 3, Senate Amendment No. 4, Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Amendment No. 5, Senate Amendment No. 5, as amended, and Senate Amendment No. 7 begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:
1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1720, as amended;

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1720;

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1720, be Third Read and Finally Passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:     FOR THE SENATE:
/s/ Representative Pollitt (52)    /s/ Senator Bean
  Representative Chipman        /s/ Senator Bernskoetter
/s/ Representative Rone        /s/ Senator Hoskins
/s/ Representative Brown (70)  /s/ Senator Razer
/s/ Representative McCreery     /s/ Senator Washington

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3002

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3002, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3002.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3002.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3002, be truly agreed to and finally passed.
FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
    Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Rusty Black  /s/ Senator Karla Eslinger
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Ingrid Burnett  /s/ Senator Barbara Washington

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3003

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3003, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3003.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3003.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3003, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Rusty Black  /s/ Senator Tony Luetkemeyer
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Kevin Windham  /s/ Senator Karla May

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3004
The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3004, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3004.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3004.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3004, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Don Mayhew  /s/ Senator Mike Cierpiot
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Rasheen Aldridge  /s/ Senator Brian Williams

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3005

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3005, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3005.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3005.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3005, be truly agreed to and finally passed.
CONFEREE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3006

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3006, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3006.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3006.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3006, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:                              FOR THE SENATE:
/s/ Representative Cody Smith                 /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton                 /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Brad Hudson                 /s/ Senator Denny Hoskins
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth              /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Ashley Bland Manlove        /s/ Senator Brian Williams

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3007
The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3007, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3007.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3007.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3007, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Scott Cupps  /s/ Senator Mike Cierpiot
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  /s/ Senator Karla May
/s/ Representative LaKeySha Bosley  /s/ Senator Brian Williams

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3008

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3008, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3008.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3008.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3008, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith   /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton   /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Don Mayhew   /s/ Senator Justin Brown
Representative Peter Merideth   /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
Representative Rasheen Aldridge   Senator Karla May

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 3009

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3009, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3009.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3009.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3009, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith   /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton   /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Don Mayhew   /s/ Senator Denny Hoskins
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth   /s/ Senator Karla May
/s/ Representative Rasheen Aldridge   /s/ Senator Barbara Washington
CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3010

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3010, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3010.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3010.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3010, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE: FOR THE SENATE:
/s/ Representative Cody Smith /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Doug Richey /s/ Senator Sandy Crawford
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Betsy Fogle /s/ Senator Barbara Washington

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3011
The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3011, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3011.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3011.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3011, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Doug Richey  /s/ Senator Sandy Crawford
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  Senator Barbara Washington
/s/ Representative Sarah Unsicker  /s/ Senator Karla May

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3012

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3012, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3012.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3012.
3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3012, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Brad Hudson  /s/ Senator Tony Luetkemeyer
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Maggie Nurrenbern  /s/ Senator Barbara Washington

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3013

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3013, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3013.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3013.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3013, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:    FOR THE SENATE:

/s/ Representative Cody Smith  /s/ Senator Dan Hegeman
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  /s/ Senator Lincoln Hough
/s/ Representative Brad Hudson  /s/ Senator Karla Eslinger
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  /s/ Senator Lauren Arthur
/s/ Representative Ashley Bland Manlove  /s/ Senator Barbara Washington
CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 3015

The Conference Committee appointed on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3015, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

1. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3015.

2. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3015.

3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 3015, be truly agreed to and finally passed.

FOR THE HOUSE:
/s/ Representative Cody Smith  
/s/ Representative Dirk Deaton  
/s/ Representative Rusty Black  
/s/ Representative Peter Merideth  
/s/ Representative Ingrid Burnett

FOR THE SENATE:
/s/ Senator Dan Hegeman  
/s/ Senator Lincoln Hough  
/s/ Senator Sandy Crawford  
/s/ Senator Lauren Arthur  
/s/ Senator Brian Williams

REFERRAL OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORTS

The following Conference Committee Report was referred to the Committee indicated:

CCR SS SCS HCS HB 1720, as amended - Fiscal Review

The following member's presence was noted: Windham.

ADJOURNMENT

Pursuant to the motion of Representative Plocher, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Friday, May 6, 2022.
COMMITTEE HEARINGS

FISCAL REVIEW
Friday, May 6, 2022, 8:45 AM, House Hearing Room 4.
Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.
Pending bill referral.

RULES - ADMINISTRATIVE OVERSIGHT
Friday, May 6, 2022, 8:52 AM, House Hearing Room 4.
Executive session will be held: HCS SS SCS SB 724, SCR 24, SCR 27, SCR 35
Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.
CORRECTED

RULES - LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT
Friday, May 6, 2022, 11:30 AM or upon adjournment (whichever is later), House Hearing Room 4.
Executive session will be held: SS SCR 36, HCS SS#2 SB 997
Executive session may be held on any matter referred to the committee.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OVERSIGHT
Friday, May 6, 2022, 12:00 PM or upon adjournment (whichever is later), House Hearing Room 7.
Executive session will be held: SS#2 SB 761

HOUSE CALENDAR

SIXTY-SIXTH DAY, FRIDAY, MAY 6, 2022

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR PERFECTION

HCS HJR 82 & 106 - Black (137)
HCS HJR 88 - McGirl
HJR 80 - Coleman (32)
HCS HJR 134 - Taylor (139)
HJR 137 - Eggleston
HJR 128 - O'Donnell
HJR 107 - Dinkins
HJR 125 - Christofanelli
HCS HJR 123 - Kidd
HCS#2 HJR 110 - Christofanelli

HOUSE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

HCS HBs 1593 & 1959 - Walsh (50)
HCS HB 2704 - Hicks
HCS HB 1546 - Richey
HB 1581 - Mayhew
HCS HB 1678 - Toalson Reisch
HCS HB 1997 - Haden
HB 2003 - Pouche
HB 2845 - Riley
HB 1616 - Van Schoiack
HCS HB 1833 - Basye
HB 2009 - Pollock (123)
HB 2474 - Hicks
HB 1762 - Sander
HB 1864 - Thomas
HCS HB 1875 - Haffner
HB 2095 - Kelly (141)
HB 2123 - Taylor (139)
HB 2169 - Trent
HCS HB 2246 - Copeland
HB 2515 - Perkins
HCS HB 1854 - Schroer
HCS HB 1747 - Basye
HB 2050 - Schroer
HB 1455 - Billington
HCS HB 1464 - Schnelting
HB 1478 - Dinkins
HCS HB 1716 - Riley
HCS HBs 1904 & 1575 - Murphy
HB 2085 - Cook
HB 2156 - Perkins
HCS HB 2208 - Christofanelli
HCS HB 2499 - Eggleston
HB 2590 - Evans
HB 1480 - Dinkins
HB 1563 - Griffith
HCS HB 1641 - Coleman (32)
HB 1721 - Shields
HCS HB 1905 - Shaul
HCS HBs 1904 & 2483 - Copeland
HB 2056 - Evans
HB 2164 - Buchheit-Courtway
HB 2165 - Buchheit-Courtway
HCS HB 2220 - Falkner
HB 2255 - Bailey
HB 2327 - Riggs
HB 2359 - Basye
HCS HB 2450 - Reedy
HB 1471 - Pike
HCS HB 1556 - Gregory (96)
HCS HB 1613 - Lovasco
HCS HB 1670 - Seitz
HCS HB 1918 - Hovis
HCS HB 2011 - Smith (155)
HCS HB 2052 - Riggs
HCS HB 2138 - Kelley (127)
HB 2290 - Andrews
HCS HB 2369 - Hurlbert
HCS HB 2389 - Cook
HB 2544 - Patterson
HB 2589 - Evans
HB 2615 - Coleman (32)
HB 2674 - Tate
HCS HB 2810 - Seitz
HCS HB 1553 - Hudson
HCS HB 1753 - Basye
HB 1960 - Murphy
HCS HB 2008 - Schwadron
HB 2487 - West
HCS HB 2605 - Gregory (51)
HB 2781 - Evans
HB 2798 - Reedy
HCS HB 2913 - Plocher
HCS HB 2564 - Riggs
HCS HB 2583 - Riggs
HB 2611 - Richey
HB 1547 - Veit
HCS HB 1550 - Veit
HB 1585 - Murphy
HCS HB 1595 - Hudson
HB 1601 - Chipman
HCS HB 1614 - Lovasco
HB 2209 - Hurlbert
HB 1680 - Sharp (36)
HB 1736 - Roberts
HCS HB 1740 - Dogan
HB 1804 - Veit
HCS#2 HB 1992 - Coleman (97)
HCS HB 2013 - Kelly (141)
HCS HB 2118 - Taylor (139)
HCS HB 2142 - Mayhew
HB 2145 - Murphy
HB 2172 - Francis
HB 2174 - Mayhew
HB 2293 - Knight
HCS HB 2363 - McGirl
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HB 2371 - Smith (155)
HB 2391 - Buchheit-Courtway
HCS HB 2434 - Grier
HCS HB 2453 - McDaniel
HCS HB 2543 - O’Donnell
HB 2568 - Perkins
HB 2576 - Bromley
HB 2603 - Patterson
HCS HB 1974 - Murphy
HCS HB 2758 - Evans
HB 2782 - Young
HCS HB 1608 - Wiemann
HCS HB 1712 - Pollock (123)
HB 1741 - Dogan
HCS HB 1770 - Lewis (6)
HB 1956 - Richey
HB 1994 - Richey
HB 2397 - Aldridge
HCS HB 2510 - Simmons
HCS HB 2614 - DeGroot
HB 2731 - Shields
HB 2820 - Stephens (128)
HCS HB 2616 - Coleman (32)
HCS HB 1749 - Basye
HCS HB 1903 - Christofanelli
HCS HB 2093 - Wiemann
HB 2356 - McDaniel
HB 2010 - Smith (155)
HCS HB 2306 - Christofanelli
HCS HB 1619, as amended, with HA 2, pending - Van Schoiack
HCS HB 1695 - Gregory (51)
HB 1715 - Riley
HCS HB 1876 - Haffner
HB 1687 - Hardwick
HB 2308 - Atchison
HB 1627 - Morse
HB 1628 - Morse
HB 1652 - Bromley
HB 1672 - Taylor (48)
HB 1475 - Schroer
HB 1624 - Schroer
HB 1451 - Billington
HB 1594 - Walsh (50)
HB 1490 - Porter
HB 1579 - Mayhew
HB 1717 - Riley
HCS HB 1722 - Shields
HB 1863 - Thomas
HB 1881 - Black (7)
HCS HB 1908 - Shaul
HCS HB 1998 - Davidson
HB 2129 - Railsback
HCS HB 2206 - Trent
HB 2219 - O'Donnell
HCS HB 2447 - Hardwick
HCS HB 2652 - Haffner
HCS HB 2909 - Shaul

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING

HCR 57 - Chipman
HCR 71 - Riggs
HCR 58 - Copeland
HCR 72 - Francis

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING - INFORMAL

HJR 132 - Kidd
HJR 133 - Davidson

HOUSE BILLS FOR THIRD READING - INFORMAL

HCS HB 2452 - Cook

SENATE BILLS FOR SECOND READING

SB 987

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING

SS#2 SJR 38 - Brown (16)
SJR 46 - Coleman (32)
SS SJR 33 - Christofanelli

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

HCS SS SCS SB 783, (Fiscal Review 5/2/22) - Wiemann
SB 652, (Fiscal Review 5/5/22) - Patterson
HCS SS SB 690, (Fiscal Review 5/5/22), E.C. - Christofanelli
HCS SCS SB 799, (Fiscal Review 5/5/22) - Richey
SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING - INFORMAL

SS SB 678, E.C. - Brown (16)
HCS SS SCS SB 834 - DeGroot
HCS SCS SB 908, E.C. - Baker
HCS SCS SB 982, E.C. - Shields
HCS SB 718 - Shields

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING

SCR 33 - Gregory (51)
SCR 25 - Trent

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR THIRD READING - INFORMAL

SCR 34 - Deaton

HOUSE BILLS WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

SS HB 2162 - Deaton
SS SCS HCS HB 1552 - Richey
SS HB 1667, (Fiscal Review 4/25/22) - Christofanelli
SS SCS HCS HB 2627, as amended - Sharp (36)
SS HCS HB 2005, as amended - Haffner

BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES

SS#2 HCS HB 2117, as amended (request Senate recede/grant conference), E.C. - Shaul
HCS#2 SB 710, as amended (request House recede/grant conference), E.C. - Baker
HCS SB 845, as amended (request House recede/grant conference) - McGaugh
SS SCS HCS HB 1606, as amended (request Senate recede/grant conference) - McGaugh
SS SCS HCS HB 2168, as amended (request Senate recede/grant conference) - Porter

BILLS IN CONFERENCE

CCR SS SCS HCS HB 1720, as amended (exceeded differences), (Fiscal Review 5/5/22), E.C. - Pollitt (52)
CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3002 - Smith (163)
CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3003 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3004 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3005 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3006 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3007 - Smith (163)
CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3008 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3009 - Smith (163)
CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3010 - Smith (163)
CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3011 - Smith (163)
CCR SS SCS HCS HB 3012 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3013 - Smith (163)
CCR SCS HCS HB 3015 - Smith (163)
HCS SS SCS SBs 681 & 662, as amended (House exceeded differences), E.C. - Basye
HCS SB 820, as amended (Senate exceeded differences) - Haffner
CCR#2 SS HB 2149, as amended (Fiscal Review 5/5/22), E.C. - Shields
HCS SS SCS SBs 775, 751 & 640, as amended - Kelly (141)

ACTIONS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE IV, SECTION 27

HCS HB 1 - Smith (163)
CCS SS SCS HCS HB 2 - Smith (163)
CCS SS SCS HCS HB 3 - Smith (163)
CCS SS SCS HCS HB 4 - Smith (163)
CCS SCS HCS HB 5 - Smith (163)
CCS SCS HCS HB 6 - Smith (163)
CCS SCS HCS HB 7 - Smith (163)
CCS SCS HCS HB 8 - Smith (163)
CCS SCS HCS HB 9 - Smith (163)
CCS SS SCS HCS HB 10 - Smith (163)
CCS SS SCS HCS HB 11 - Smith (163)
CCS SCS HCS HB 12 - Smith (163)
SCS HCS HB 13 - Smith (163)
HCS HB 17 - Smith (163)
SCS HCS HB 18 - Smith (163)
SS SCS HCS HB 19 - Smith (163)
SS SCS HCS HB 3014 - Smith (163)
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